

IBM Blockchain Hands-On Blockchain Explored

Lab Two – VM – Exercises



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Overview

This lab will start to show the operational aspects of the Car Leasing demo using the command line interfaces of Hyperledger Fabric.

Introduction

Pre-requisites:

- 4 cores
- 4GB RAM
- VMWare V10+
- The lab virtual machine

The virtual machine is based on Linux Ubuntu 14.04 and contains Hyperledger Fabric V0.6, Golang, Git, Vagrant, Visual Studio Code with the “Encode Decode” extension and Firefox.

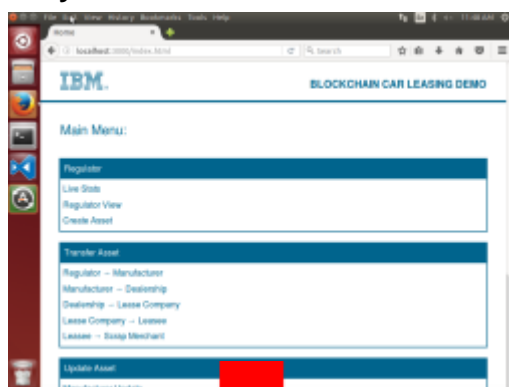
A network needs to be visible to the virtual machine (even if the network is just to the host environment). If you do not see the up/down arrows in the status bar at the top of the screen, or if you receive errors about no network being available, please tell the lab leader. The virtual machine might need to be reconfigured in NAT mode.

There are no additional files or software that is proprietary to the lab in the virtual machine. This means that the lab may be run on a machine without the without a lab virtual machine if Hyperledger Fabric and the other pre-requisites have been installed.

It is recommended that students have previously completed the Blockchain Explained lab.

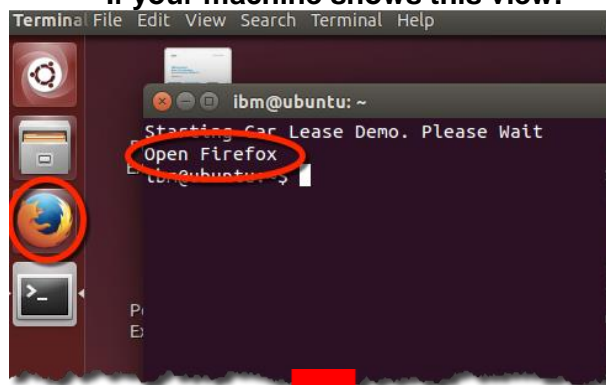
Where to start this guide

If your machine shows this view:



Go to Section 1.

If your machine shows this view:



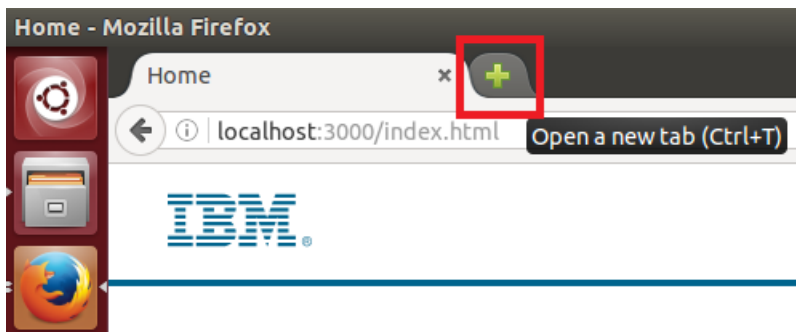
Go to Appendix A.
Then back to Section1

Section 1. Administering the blockchain using REST

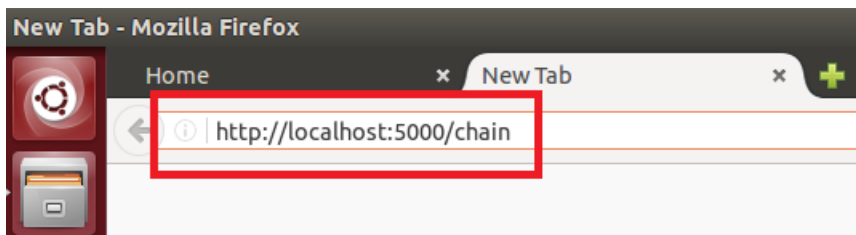
This section will show you how to view the number of blocks that make up the blockchain, which is called the “block height” and show you how to inspect the contents of a block on the chain.

1.1. Viewing the length of the chain

__4. To see the length of the chain, open up a new “tab” in the Firefox browser by clicking on the green ‘+’ symbol:

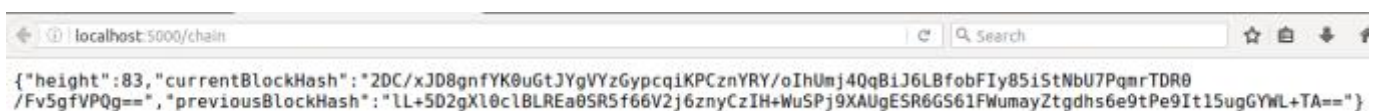


__5. Enter the address into the address box `http://localhost:5000/chain` and press enter:



__6. Review the returned data structure.

You will see a screen similar to the one below. On this screen, you will see several pieces of information: “height”, “currentBlockHash” and “previousBlockhash” in a JSON formatted message. The “height” contains “block height” or the number of blocks on the chain. The height you see will depend on the length of your chain and may differ from the number shown below (83). Factors such as number of cars transferred and type of scenario run (Simple or Full) will determine how many blocks are on your chain.



The “currentBlockHash” and the “previousBlockHash” fields contain the hashes for the most recently added blocks. You can compare these values to the ones shown for the most recent (largest numbered) block in the live stats view as shown below. Note that because blocks are numbered from zero (0) the latest block is one less than the block height. If you look at the screenshot of the Car Leasing demo’s blockchain explored view (below), you can see that for block 82, the hashes match the current and previous ones shown above.



Blocks start at ‘Block 0’ so the latest block number will be *height* – 1. In this example the last block added is ‘Block 82’, so the height is 83

Block Hash:
2DC/xJD8gnfYK0uGtJYgVYzGypcqiKPCznYRY/olhUmj
4QqBiJ6LBfobFly85iStNbU7PqmrTDR0/Fv5gfVPQg==

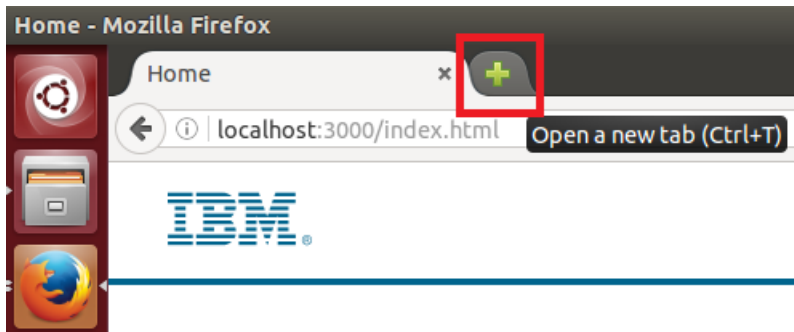
Previous Block Hash:
IL+5D2gXI0clBLREa0SR5f66V2j6znyCzIH+WuSPj9XA
UgESR6GS61FWumayZtdhs6e9tPe9lt15ugGYWL+TA
==

Added to Chain:
18 Oct 2016 15:46:30

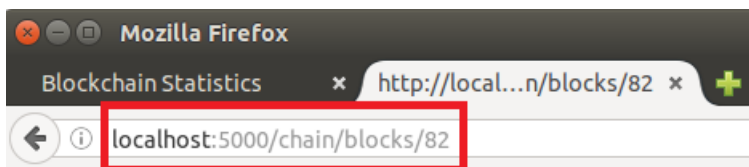
Transactions:
7d60ffd9-703d-4a05-9207-1f45e699c81f

1.2. Viewing the contents of a block

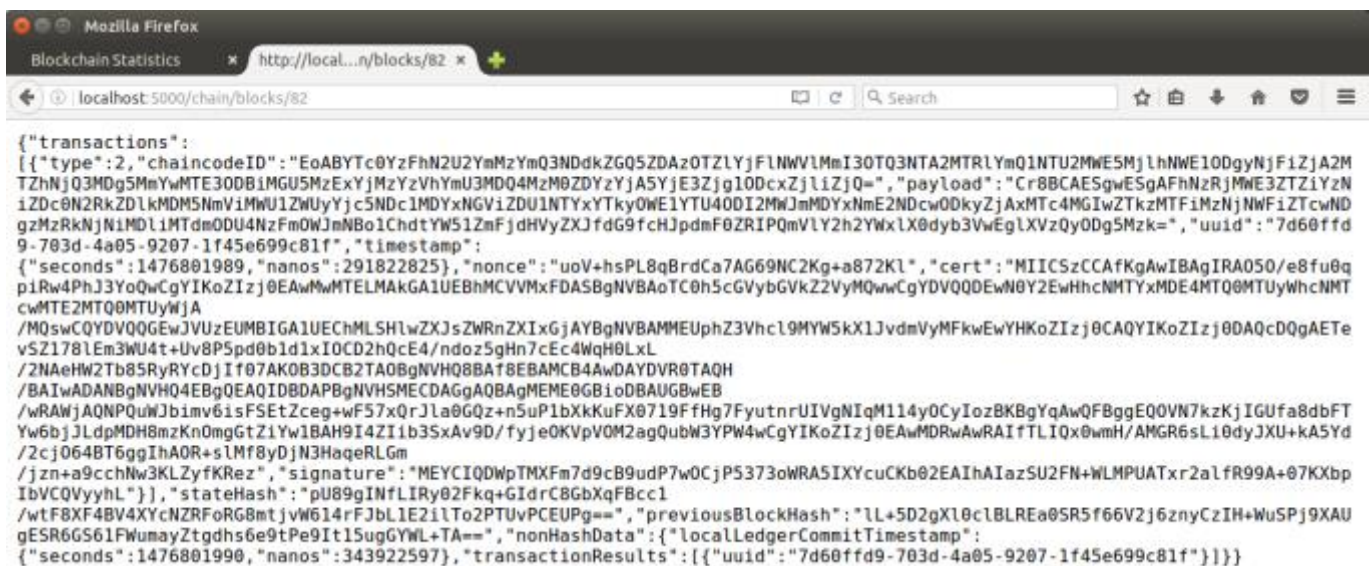
__7. To view the contents of a block open up a new “tab” in the Firefox browser by clicking on the green ‘+’ symbol:



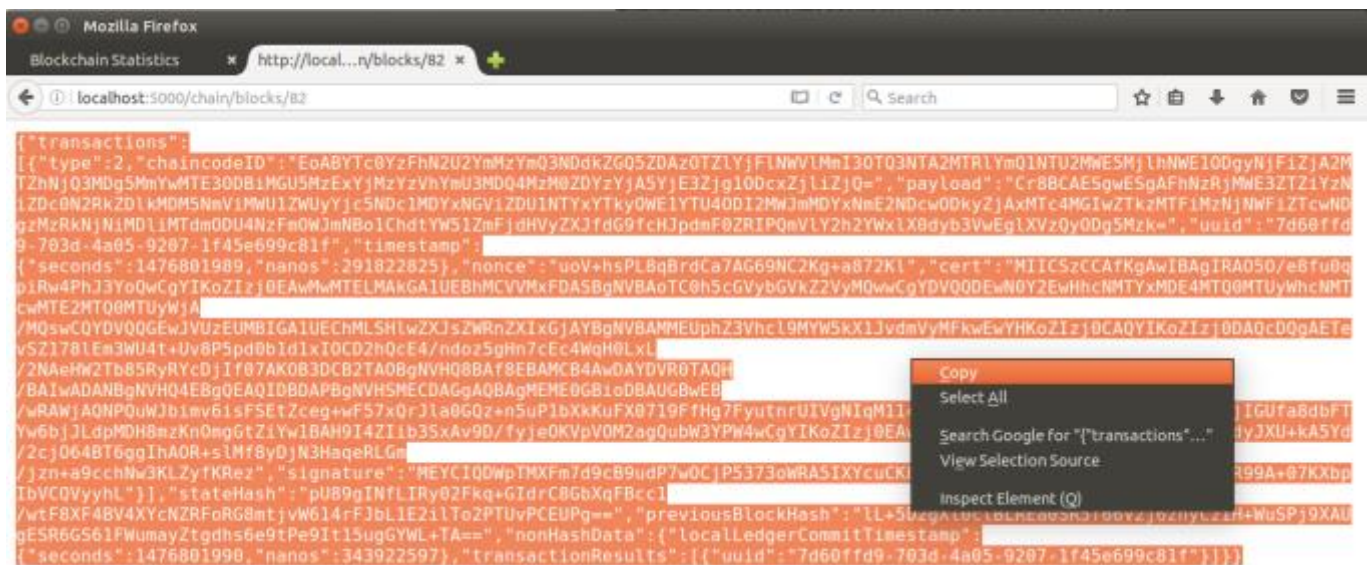
__8. Enter the address `http://localhost:5000/chain/blocks/82` and press enter. Note that '82' is the number of the block and can be changed to any other block whose contents you want to see. However, if you have followed lab one first, using block 82 will allow your screen to match the ones below more clearly.



__9. You will see a screen similar to the one below. As there is a lot of detail, we will format the information in the next step to make it easier to read.



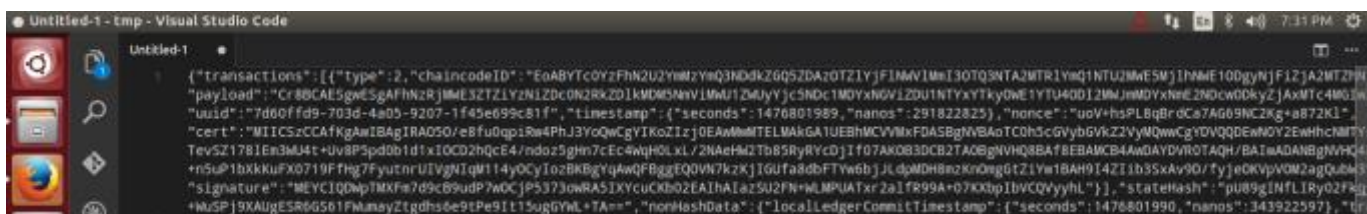
__10. Move the mouse over the text, right-click and choose "Select All". Then right-click again and choose "Copy":



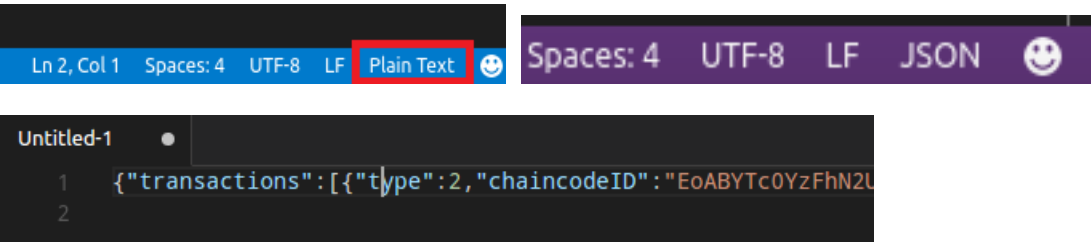
__11. Open “Visual Studio Code” by clicking on its blue icon on the toolbar:



__12. Choose **File > New File** from the menu or press “**Ctrl+N**” to create a new file. Once the empty file opens press “**Ctrl+V**” to paste the text copied above into the new file window.



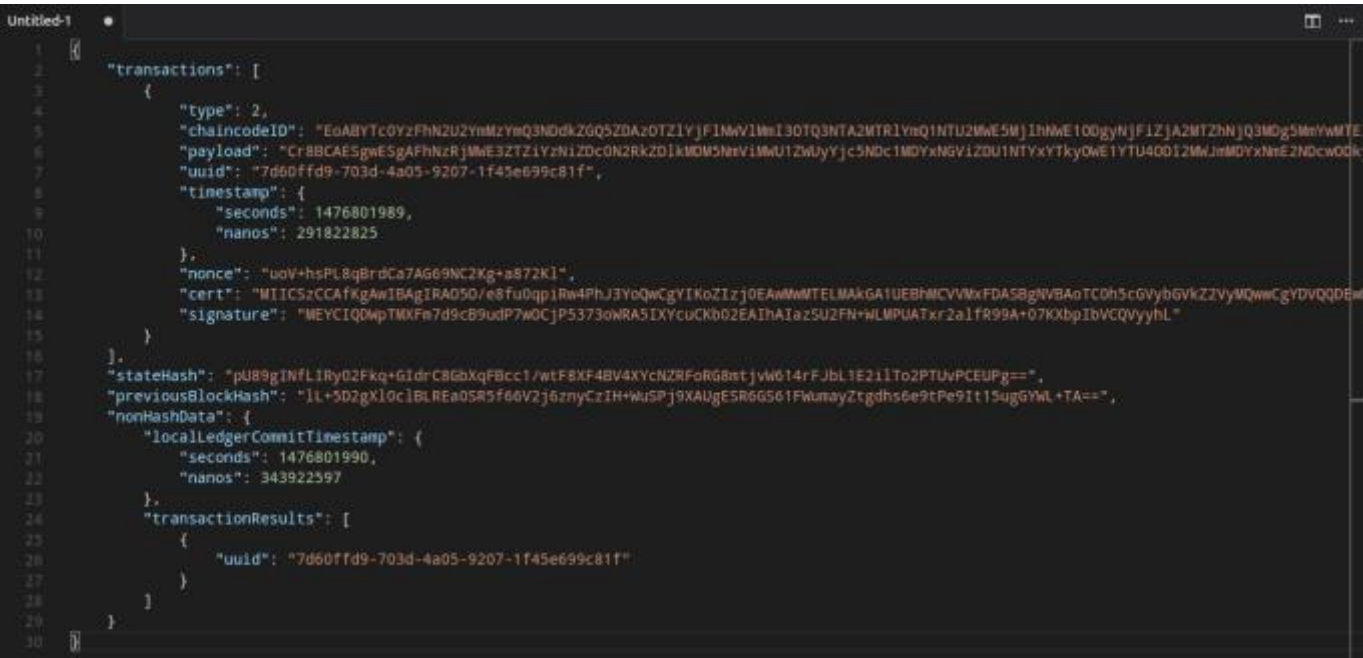
__13. In the bottom right of the editor window, click the text that says “Plain Text” and from the list that appears choose (or type) “JSON” to set the editor format to show JSON data.



You will see the text is now colour coded, but is not properly formatted yet.

__14. Right-click and choose **“Format Document”**.

The text will now look similar to the screen shot below. You can also choose **View > Toggle Word Wrap** to wrap the text onto the screen.



__15. Now you can see the data formatted properly; the most interesting parts are described below:

transactions	An array of transactions stored in the block.
	This shows the possible values:
type	<div><div>0. Undefined</div><div>1. Deployment</div><div>2. Invoke</div><div>3. Query</div></div>

chaincodeID	ID of the chaincode that was invoked or deployed.
payload	Input parameters to the chaincode.
uuid	Unique identifier of this transaction.
timestamp	Time at which the block or transaction order was proposed.
cert	Certificate of the participant submitting the transaction.
signature	Signature of the participant submitting the transaction.
stateHash	Hash of the world state changes.
previousBlockHash	Hash of the previous block in the chain.
nonHashData	Data stored with the block, but not included in the block's hash. This allows data to be different per peer or discarded without affecting the blockchain.
localLedgerCommitTimestamp	Time the block was added to the ledger on the local peer.
nonce	Used for security to prevent replay attacks

Looking at the data you can see that much of it is not easily understood, because the data is also encoded using “base64” encoding. To see a little more of the contents we will decode the value of the “payload” field.

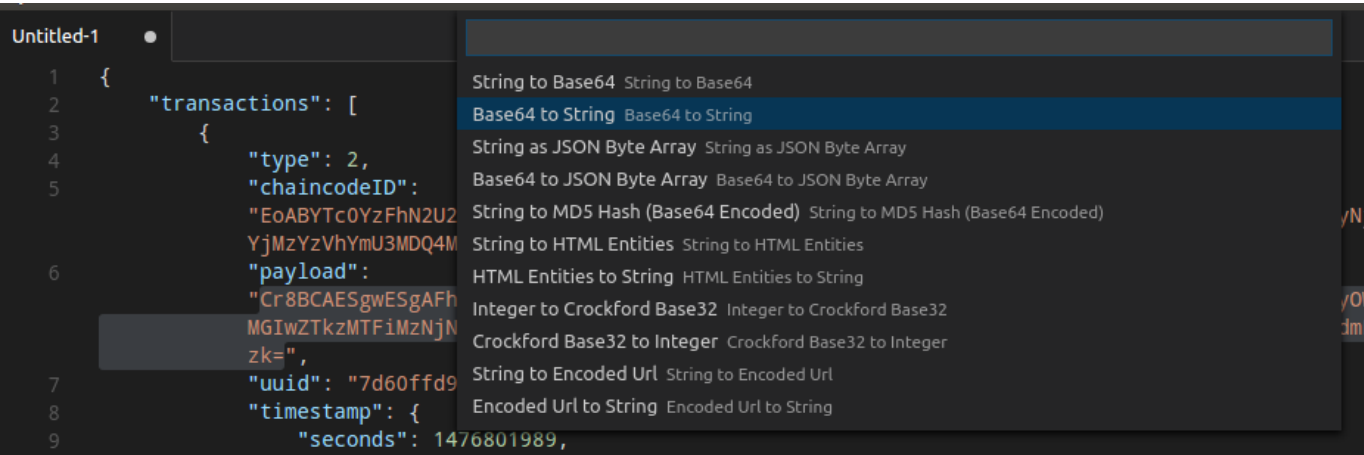
__16. First select all the data in the payload field within the quotes, but do not select the quotes themselves.

```
"payload":
"Cr8BCAESgwESgAFhNzRjMmE3ZTZiYzNiZDc0NzRkZDlkMDM5NmV1MwU1ZmUyYjc5NDc1MDYxNGVlZDU1NTYxYTkyOWE1YTU4ODI2MmJmMDYxNmE2NDcwODkyZjAxMTc4
MGIwZTkzMmU1MzNjNmF1ZTcwNDgzMzRkNjNiMD11MTdmODU4NzFmOWJmNmE1ChdTYS1ZmFjdHVyZXJfd69fcHJpdwF0ZRIpQmVlY2h2YXwx1X0dyb3VwEg1XVzQyO0g5M
zk="
```

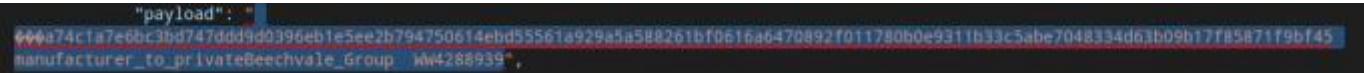
The lab's virtual machine has the “Encode Decode” plugin pre-installed into Visual Studio Code, which the next few steps require. If you are running this lab in a different environment, you need to install a similar means of decoding base64-encoded content.

__17. Now press “**Ctrl+Shift+P**” and the command palette will appear, or View > Command Palette

__18. Type “**Convert Selection**” into the appearing field



__19. From the conversion menu select the second option '**Base64 to String**' and the selected data will be decoded:



Although not all the data is fully readable (because it is actually encoded in another format), enough is readable to be able to understand the content. The first long number is the (base64 decoded) chaincodeID, and you will also be able to read the name of the chaincode function that was invoked along with any string parameters passed to it. In this example for block 82, the function was “manufacturer_to_private” and the parameters were “Beechvale_Group” and “WW4288939”. This is a transaction from a manufacturer to transfer vehicle ID WW4288939 to the “Beechvale Group” as shown in the regulator view:

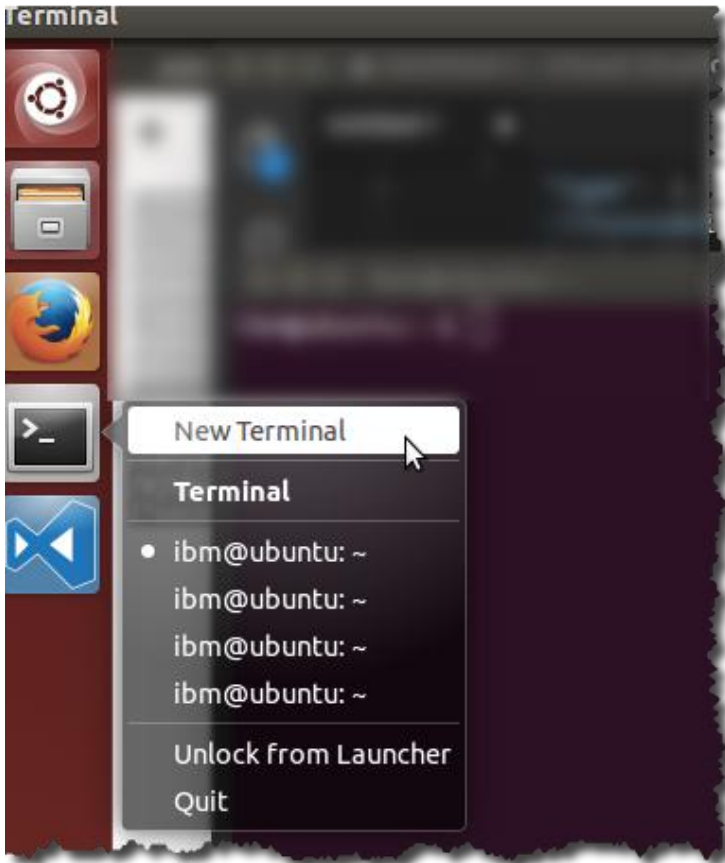


__20. If you want to delve a little deeper you can even base64 decode the “cert” part of the block and in the data you will be able to see the certificate holder is “Jaguar_Land_Rover” who initiated the transaction as shown above.

Section 2. Administering the blockchain using the Terminal

In this section we will see how to start and stop the peer.

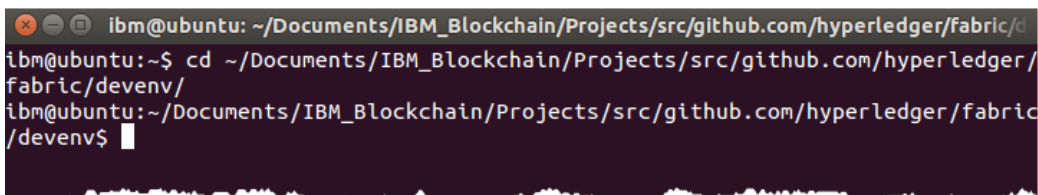
__21. Open a new Terminal window by right clicking the Terminal application on the left hand side of the window and selecting '**New Terminal**'. (**ctrl+alt+t**)



__22. Change the directory by typing

```
cd ~/Documents/IBM_Blockchain/Projects/src/github.com/hyperledger/fabric/devenv
```

Tip: Use the tab button to autocomplete folder names.



__23. Type

```
vagrant ssh
```

24. Wait for vagrant to load.

Vagrant is a virtual OS *inside* the lab virtual machine that is used to compile and run the Hyperledger Fabric. Having a nested virtualisation environment helps ensure consistency in the runtime environment, allowing you to see similar compilation and runtime results whether you are developing on MacOS, Windows, Linux or whatever. The Vagrant VM is also based on Ubuntu Linux.

```
ibm@ubuntu:~/Documents/IBM_Blockchain/Projects/src/github.com/hyperledger/fabric
/devenv$ vagrant ssh
Welcome to Ubuntu 14.04.4 LTS (GNU/Linux 3.13.0-86-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com/

System information as of Fri Nov  4 11:21:30 UTC 2016

System load:  0.79           Processes:           93
Usage of /:   11.6% of 38.75GB Users logged in:          0
Memory usage: 2%            IP address for eth0:  10.0.2.15
Swap usage:   0%            IP address for docker0: 172.17.0.1

Graph this data and manage this system at:
https://landscape.canonical.com/

New release '16.04.1 LTS' available.
Run 'do-release-upgrade' to upgrade to it.

Last login: Fri Oct 14 14:16:21 2016 from 10.0.2.2
vagrant@hyperledger-devenv:v0.0.10-3e0e80a:~$
```

25. We will now look at the 'peer' command which allows you to administer a validating peer (the location of which is defined in a configuration file: core.yaml). The command is run inside the vagrant virtual machine.

26. In the Vagrant environment, type

```
peer
```

This will show you the command syntax for the peer command.

```
Usage:
peer [command]

Available Commands:
node      node specific commands.
network   network specific commands.
chaincode chaincode specific commands.
help      Help about any command

Flags:
-h, --help[=false]: help for peer
--logging-level="": Default logging level and overrides, see core.yaml for
full syntax
--test.coverprofile="coverage.cov": Done

Use "peer [command] --help" for more information about a command.

12:57:14.251 [main] main -> INFO 003 Exiting....
vagrant@hyperledger-devenv:v0.0.10-3e0e80a:~$
```

This syntax shows that there are several variants of the peer command depending on which areas of the validating peers you wish to control.

27. Type

```
peer node
```

to see the commands that can be issued against the validating peer.

```
Usage:
  peer node [command]

Available Commands:
  start      Starts the node.
  status     Returns status of the node.
  stop       Stops the running node.

Flags:
  -h, --help[=false]: help for node

Global Flags:
  --logging-level="": Default logging level and overrides, see core.yaml for
  full syntax
  --test.coverprofile="coverage.cov": Done

Use "peer node [command] --help" for more information about a command.
```

28. Type

```
peer node status
```

to see the status of the node. It should return **"STARTED"**.

```
vagrant@hyperledger-devenv:v0.0.10-3e0e80a:~$ peer node status
2016/11/04 13:09:54 Load docker HostConfig: %v &{[] [] [] [] false map[] [] fa
lse [] [] [] [] host { 0} [] { map[] } false [] 0 0 0 false 0 0 0 0 []}
13:09:54.574 [crypto] main -> INFO 002 Log level recognized 'info', set to INFO
status:STARTED
13:09:54.751 [main] main -> INFO 003 Exiting.....
vagrant@hyperledger-devenv:v0.0.10-3e0e80a:~$
vagrant@hyperledger-devenv:v0.0.10-3e0e80a:~$
```

29. Type

```
peer node stop
```

to stop the node. Look for the word **"STOPPED"** to confirm that the peer has indeed stopped.

```
2016/11/04 13:13:15 Load docker HostConfig: %v &{[] [] [] [] false map[] [] fa
lse [] [] [] [] host { 0} [] { map[] } false [] 0 0 0 false 0 0 0 0 []}
13:13:15.118 [crypto] main -> INFO 002 Log level recognized 'info', set to INFO
13:13:15.150 [main] stop -> INFO 003 Stopping peer using grpc
2016/11/04 13:13:15 transport: http2Client.notifyError got notified that the cli
ent transport was broken EOF.
2016/11/04 13:13:16 grpc: ClientConn.resetTransport failed to create client tran
sport: connection error: desc = "transport: dial tcp 0.0.0.0:30303: getsockopt:
connection refused"; Reconnecting to "0.0.0.0:30303"
2016/11/04 13:13:16 grpc: ClientConn.transportMonitor exits due to: grpc: timed
out trying to connect
status:STOPPED
13:13:16.240 [main] main -> INFO 004 Exiting.....
vagrant@hyperledger-devenv:v0.0.10-3e0e80a:~$
```

__30. Type

```
peer node start
```

This will start the node again. Note that the command does not return control to the terminal window while the node is running.

In the next lab “Blockchain Unchained” we will look in more depth at the peer command for deploying, invoking and querying chaincode.

Congratulations on completing the lab “Blockchain Explored”!

Appendix A. Starting the Sample Application

This information was developed If you have already run the Blockchain Explained lab on the same machine as you are going to use for this lab, **please skip to section 2.**

The IBM Blockchain Asset Transfer Demo environment exists in a VMWare virtual machine. The operating system is Linux Ubuntu. The following section will guide you through what you need to do in order to access the Main demo page.

The VM should log you in automatically. If it doesn't or if the system locks later you can sign on to the Ubuntu system with the following credentials:

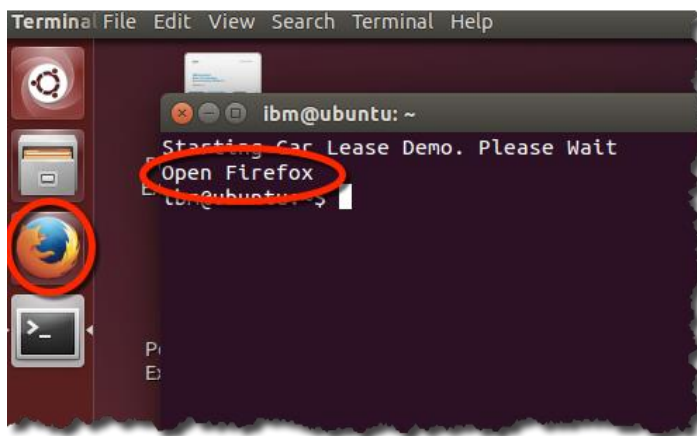
User: **IBM**

Password: **passw0rd**

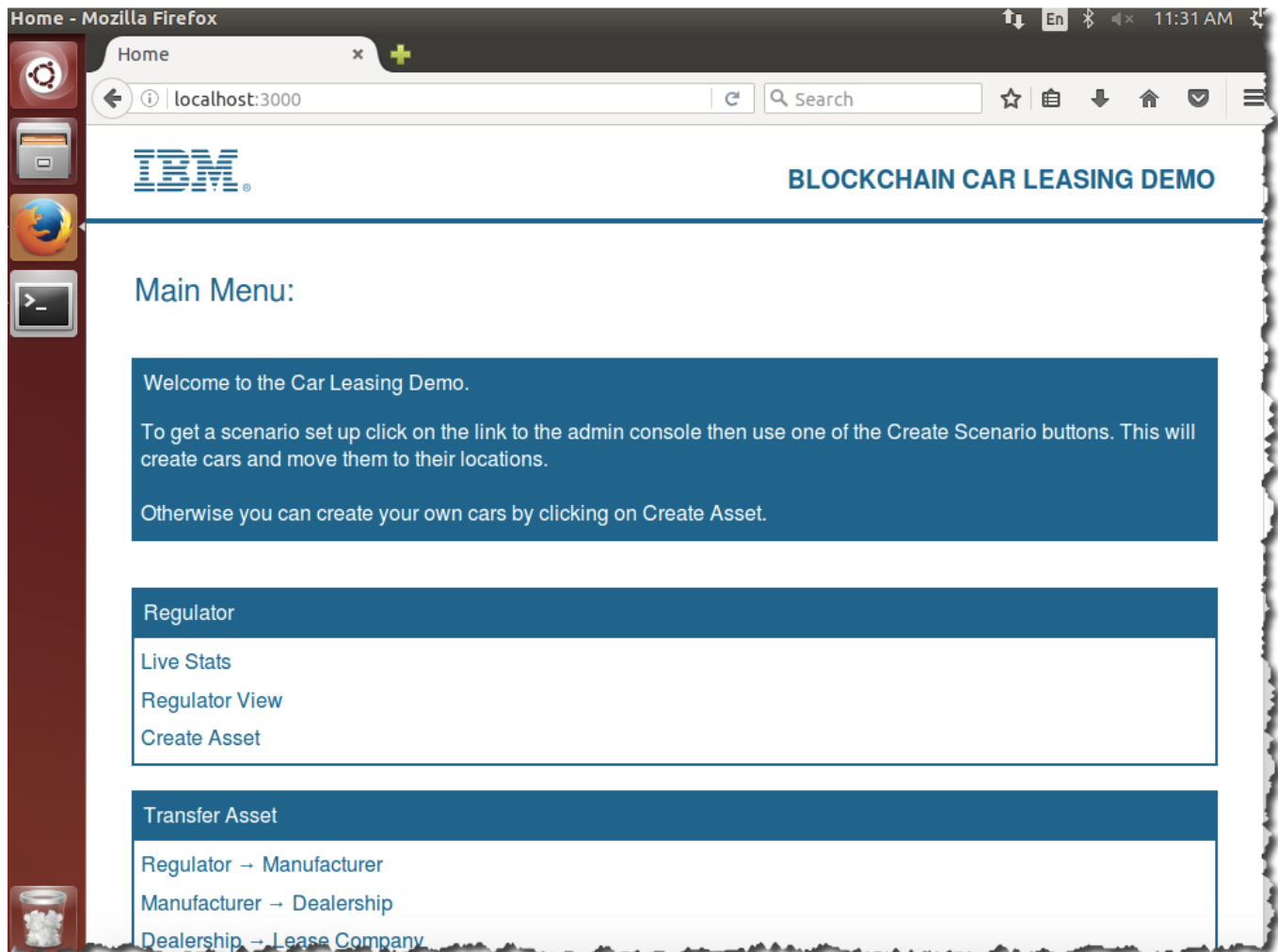
(to sign on just press enter after entering the password)

When the machine starts and user is logged, in you might see a window with "Starting Car Lease Demo" displayed. Before continuing, wait for the words "Open Firefox" to appear. Alternatively, the Firefox web browser might already be open at the Car Leasing demo main menu.

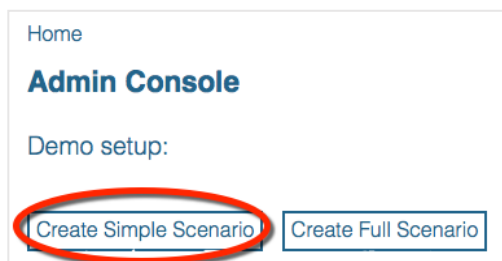
- ___1. If the web browser is not already open, wait for the initial setup to complete. Setup has completed when the words "Open Firefox" appear. At this point, click the Firefox icon on the left hand side of the screen.



You should now see the car leasing demo main menu.



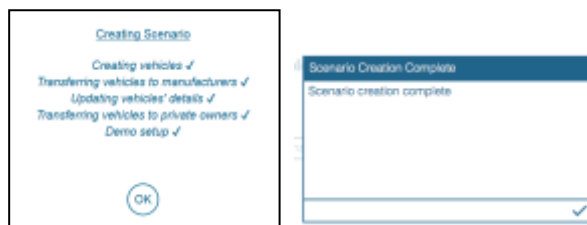
- __2. From the Car Leasing demo front page, click '**Admin Console**' and '**Create Simple Scenario**'.



This will preload the blockchain with a set of transactions. (The Full Scenario works fine too; the difference between the Simple Scenario and the Full Scenario is that in the Full Scenario more assets are initially loaded onto the blockchain; this takes a couple of minutes longer to initialize, however.)

Wait for the initialization to complete.

- ___3. Click '**OK**' to close the Creating Scenario log, and then dismiss the 'Scenario Creation complete' by clicking the check mark. Click 'Home' to return to the main menu.



- ___4. Go to Section 1 to run the Lab

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NOTES

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