Bellabeat Case study draft1

Prepare and Preprocess Phase

Meta data

Fitbit data dictionary

Import libraries

```
library(tidyverse)
library(caret)
library(skimr)
library(janitor)
library(lubridate) # working with dates
library(RColorBrewer) # color palette
library(ggcorrplot) # Visualization of a correlation matrix using ggplot2

# display.brewer.all(colorblindFriendly = TRUE)
```

Load datasets

```
# Clean environment
rm(list = ls())
daily_activity <-
  read_csv("dailyActivity_merged.csv",
    trim_ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
  )
daily_sleep <- read_csv("sleepDay_merged.csv",</pre>
 trim_ws = TRUE,
  show_col_types = FALSE
hourly_calories <-
  read_csv("hourlyCalories_merged.csv",
    trim_ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
  )
hourly_intensities <-
  read_csv("hourlyIntensities_merged.csv",
```

```
trim_ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
hourly steps <-
  read_csv("hourlySteps_merged.csv",
   trim ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
  )
minute_sleep <-
  read_csv("minuteSleep_merged.csv",
    trim_ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
  )
weight_logs <-
  read_csv("weightLogInfo_merged.csv",
    trim_ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
  )
seconds heartrate <-
  read_csv("heartrate_seconds_merged.csv",
    trim_ws = TRUE,
    show_col_types = FALSE
# Remove trailing spaces (trim_ws = TRUE)
```

Clean data sets

Clean the daily_activity data set

```
# Check daily_activity data set before cleaning
glimpse(daily_activity)
## Rows: 940
## Columns: 15
## $ Id
                           <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 150396036~
                           <chr> "4/12/2016", "4/13/2016", "4/14/2016", "4/15/~
## $ ActivityDate
## $ TotalSteps
                           <dbl> 13162, 10735, 10460, 9762, 12669, 9705, 13019~
## $ TotalDistance
                           <dbl> 8.50, 6.97, 6.74, 6.28, 8.16, 6.48, 8.59, 9.8~
## $ TrackerDistance
                           <dbl> 8.50, 6.97, 6.74, 6.28, 8.16, 6.48, 8.59, 9.8~
<dbl> 1.88, 1.57, 2.44, 2.14, 2.71, 3.19, 3.25, 3.5~
## $ VeryActiveDistance
## $ ModeratelyActiveDistance <dbl> 0.55, 0.69, 0.40, 1.26, 0.41, 0.78, 0.64, 1.3~
                           <dbl> 6.06, 4.71, 3.91, 2.83, 5.04, 2.51, 4.71, 5.0~
## $ LightActiveDistance
## $ SedentaryActiveDistance
                          ## $ VeryActiveMinutes
                           <dbl> 25, 21, 30, 29, 36, 38, 42, 50, 28, 19, 66, 4~
## $ FairlyActiveMinutes
                           <dbl> 13, 19, 11, 34, 10, 20, 16, 31, 12, 8, 27, 21~
                           <dbl> 328, 217, 181, 209, 221, 164, 233, 264, 205, ~
## $ LightlyActiveMinutes
## $ SedentaryMinutes
                           <dbl> 728, 776, 1218, 726, 773, 539, 1149, 775, 818~
## $ Calories
                           <dbl> 1985, 1797, 1776, 1745, 1863, 1728, 1921, 203~
```

```
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat(
 "\n",
 "Missing values:",
 sum(is.na(daily_activity)),
 "Duplicate values:",
 sum(duplicated(daily_activity)),
 "\n",
 "Unique Ids:",
 n_distinct(daily_activity$Id)
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
## Unique Ids: 33
Let us clean: - Change column names to lower case because R is case sensitive - Change "Id" from double to
a character because the number represents a category - Change "ActivityDate" from char to date
# Clean daily_activity data set
daily_activity <-
 # Clean column names
 clean_names(daily_activity) %>%
 # Correct column types
 mutate(id = as.character(id)) %>% # from double to chr
 mutate(activity_date = as.Date(activity_date,
                               format = "%m/%d/%Y")) %>% # from chr to date
 # Remove duplicate rows
 distinct()
# Check daily_activity data set after cleaning
glimpse(daily_activity)
## Rows: 940
## Columns: 15
                              <chr> "1503960366", "1503960366", "1503960366", "~
## $ id
## $ activity date
                              <date> 2016-04-12, 2016-04-13, 2016-04-14, 2016-0~
## $ total_steps
                              <dbl> 13162, 10735, 10460, 9762, 12669, 9705, 130~
## $ total distance
                              <dbl> 8.50, 6.97, 6.74, 6.28, 8.16, 6.48, 8.59, 9~
## $ tracker_distance
                              <dbl> 8.50, 6.97, 6.74, 6.28, 8.16, 6.48, 8.59, 9~
## $ very active distance
                              <dbl> 1.88, 1.57, 2.44, 2.14, 2.71, 3.19, 3.25, 3~
## $ moderately_active_distance <dbl> 0.55, 0.69, 0.40, 1.26, 0.41, 0.78, 0.64, 1~
                              <dbl> 6.06, 4.71, 3.91, 2.83, 5.04, 2.51, 4.71, 5~
## $ light_active_distance
<dbl> 25, 21, 30, 29, 36, 38, 42, 50, 28, 19, 66,~
## $ very_active_minutes
                              <dbl> 13, 19, 11, 34, 10, 20, 16, 31, 12, 8, 27, ~
## $ fairly_active_minutes
                              <dbl> 328, 217, 181, 209, 221, 164, 233, 264, 205~
## $ lightly_active_minutes
## $ sedentary_minutes
                              <dbl> 728, 776, 1218, 726, 773, 539, 1149, 775, 8~
## $ calories
                              <dbl> 1985, 1797, 1776, 1745, 1863, 1728, 1921, 2~
# Check missing values and duplicates after cleaning
cat("\n",
```

```
"Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(daily_activity)),
    "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(daily activity)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
# Let us print summary statistic to have a better idea of the data set
daily_activity %>%
  summary()
##
         id
                       activity_date
                                             total_steps
                                                            total_distance
   Length:940
                       Min.
                              :2016-04-12
                                                                   : 0.000
                                            Min.
                                                 :
                                                        0
                                                            Min.
                       1st Qu.:2016-04-19
                                            1st Qu.: 3790
                                                            1st Qu.: 2.620
##
   Class : character
##
   Mode :character
                       Median :2016-04-26
                                            Median: 7406
                                                            Median : 5.245
##
                       Mean
                              :2016-04-26
                                                                   : 5.490
                                            Mean
                                                   : 7638
                                                            Mean
##
                       3rd Qu.:2016-05-04
                                            3rd Qu.:10727
                                                            3rd Qu.: 7.713
##
                       Max.
                              :2016-05-12
                                            Max.
                                                   :36019
                                                            Max.
                                                                   :28.030
##
   tracker_distance logged_activities_distance very_active_distance
##
   Min.
         : 0.000
                    Min.
                            :0.0000
                                                Min.
                                                      : 0.000
##
   1st Qu.: 2.620
                     1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                1st Qu.: 0.000
  Median : 5.245
                     Median :0.0000
                                                Median : 0.210
##
##
   Mean
          : 5.475
                     Mean
                            :0.1082
                                                Mean
                                                       : 1.503
##
   3rd Qu.: 7.710
                     3rd Qu.:0.0000
                                                3rd Qu.: 2.053
## Max.
          :28.030
                     Max.
                            :4.9421
                                                Max.
                                                       :21.920
##
   moderately_active_distance light_active_distance sedentary_active_distance
##
  Min.
          :0.0000
                               Min. : 0.000
                                                            :0.000000
                                                     Min.
##
   1st Qu.:0.0000
                               1st Qu.: 1.945
                                                     1st Qu.:0.000000
## Median :0.2400
                               Median : 3.365
                                                     Median :0.000000
##
   Mean
          :0.5675
                               Mean : 3.341
                                                     Mean
                                                            :0.001606
   3rd Qu.:0.8000
                               3rd Qu.: 4.782
                                                     3rd Qu.:0.000000
##
##
  Max.
           :6.4800
                               Max.
                                      :10.710
                                                            :0.110000
   very_active_minutes fairly_active_minutes lightly_active_minutes
##
##
   Min.
         : 0.00
                       Min.
                              : 0.00
                                              Min.
                                                    : 0.0
##
                        1st Qu.: 0.00
  1st Qu.: 0.00
                                              1st Qu.:127.0
  Median: 4.00
                        Median: 6.00
                                              Median :199.0
          : 21.16
                              : 13.56
                                                     :192.8
## Mean
                        Mean
                                              Mean
## 3rd Qu.: 32.00
                        3rd Qu.: 19.00
                                              3rd Qu.:264.0
## Max.
          :210.00
                        Max.
                               :143.00
                                              Max.
                                                     :518.0
## sedentary_minutes
                         calories
## Min.
          :
              0.0
                     Min.
                           : 0
##
  1st Qu.: 729.8
                      1st Qu.:1828
## Median :1057.5
                     Median:2134
                             :2304
## Mean
          : 991.2
                     Mean
##
   3rd Qu.:1229.5
                      3rd Qu.:2793
                             :4900
  Max.
           :1440.0
                     Max.
```

This summary helps us explore quickly each attribute. We notice that some attributes have minimum value of zero (total_step, total_distance, calories). Let us explore this observation.

```
# Check where total_steps is zero
filter(daily_activity, total_steps == 0)
```

```
## # A tibble: 77 x 15
##
                  activity~1 total~2 total~3 track~4 logge~5 very_~6 moder~7 light~8
      id
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
##
                                <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
    1 1503960366 2016-05-12
                                    0
                                             0
##
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                       Λ
##
    2 1844505072 2016-04-24
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
    3 1844505072 2016-04-25
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
##
    4 1844505072 2016-04-26
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                                        0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
    5 1844505072 2016-05-02
                                             0
##
                                    0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
    6 1844505072 2016-05-07
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     Ω
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               Λ
                                                                                        0
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     Λ
                                                              0
                                                                      Λ
                                                                               Λ
                                                                                        0
##
    7 1844505072 2016-05-08
    8 1844505072 2016-05-09
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                                        0
    9 1844505072 2016-05-10
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
## 10 1844505072 2016-05-11
                                    0
                                             0
                                                              0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
## # ... with 67 more rows, 6 more variables: sedentary_active_distance <dbl>,
       very_active_minutes <dbl>, fairly_active_minutes <dbl>,
## #
       lightly_active_minutes <dbl>, sedentary_minutes <dbl>, calories <dbl>, and
## #
       abbreviated variable names 1: activity_date, 2: total_steps,
       3: total distance, 4: tracker distance, 5: logged activities distance,
       6: very_active_distance, 7: moderately_active_distance,
## #
       8: light active distance
We found 77 observations where total_steps is zero. We should delete these observations so that they do not
affect our the mean and median. If total_step is zero that means that the person did not wear the Fitbit.
# Check where calories is zero
filter(daily_activity, calories == 0)
## # A tibble: 4 x 15
##
                 activity_~1 total~2 total~3 track~4 logge~5 very_~6 moder~7 light~8
     id
##
     <chr>
                                <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
## 1 1503960366 2016-05-12
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
## 2 6290855005 2016-05-10
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                       0
## 3 8253242879 2016-04-30
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
## 4 8583815059 2016-05-12
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
## # ... with 6 more variables: sedentary_active_distance <dbl>,
       very_active_minutes <dbl>, fairly_active_minutes <dbl>,
## #
       lightly active minutes <dbl>, sedentary minutes <dbl>, calories <dbl>, and
       abbreviated variable names 1: activity_date, 2: total_steps,
## #
       3: total_distance, 4: tracker_distance, 5: logged_activities_distance,
       6: very_active_distance, 7: moderately_active_distance,
## #
       8: light active distance
# Check where total_distance is zero
filter(daily_activity, total_distance == 0)
## # A tibble: 78 x 15
##
      id
                  activity~1 total~2 total~3 track~4 logge~5 very_~6 moder~7 light~8
##
                                         <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
      <chr>
                  <date>
                                <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
    1 1503960366 2016-05-12
                                    0
                                             0
                                                     0
##
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                       0
                                                     0
    2 1844505072 2016-04-24
                                    0
                                             0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
                                             0
##
    3 1844505072 2016-04-25
                                    0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                                                                                        0
```

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

4

0

0

4 1844505072 2016-04-26

5 1844505072 2016-04-27

6 1844505072 2016-05-02

7 1844505072 2016-05-07

8 1844505072 2016-05-08

```
## 9 1844505072 2016-05-09
                                   0
                                                                                    0
## 10 1844505072 2016-05-10
                                   0
                                           0
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                    0
                                                                                    0
                                                                            0
## # ... with 68 more rows, 6 more variables: sedentary_active_distance <dbl>,
       very_active_minutes <dbl>, fairly_active_minutes <dbl>,
## #
       lightly_active_minutes <dbl>, sedentary_minutes <dbl>, calories <dbl>, and
## #
       abbreviated variable names 1: activity date, 2: total steps,
       3: total_distance, 4: tracker_distance, 5: logged_activities_distance,
       6: very_active_distance, 7: moderately_active_distance,
## #
## #
       8: light_active_distance
From our inspection above, we can see that we just need to delete the entries where total steps is zero and
will take take care of the rest.
daily_activity_clean <-
  filter(daily_activity,
         total_steps != 0,
         total_distance != 0,
         calories != 0)
daily_activity_clean
## # A tibble: 862 x 15
##
                 activity~1 total~2 total~3 track~4 logge~5 very_~6 moder~7 light~8
##
                                       <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                <dbl>
      <chr>
                 <date>
                               <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
   1 1503960366 2016-04-12
##
                               13162
                                        8.5
                                                8.5
                                                           0
                                                                 1.88
                                                                        0.550
                                                                                 6.06
## 2 1503960366 2016-04-13
                               10735
                                        6.97
                                                6.97
                                                            0
                                                                 1.57
                                                                        0.690
                                                                                 4.71
## 3 1503960366 2016-04-14
                               10460
                                        6.74
                                                6.74
                                                           0
                                                                 2.44
                                                                        0.400
                                                                                 3.91
## 4 1503960366 2016-04-15
                               9762
                                        6.28
                                                6.28
                                                           0
                                                                 2.14
                                                                        1.26
                                                                                 2.83
## 5 1503960366 2016-04-16
                               12669
                                        8.16
                                                8.16
                                                           0
                                                                 2.71
                                                                        0.410
                                                                                 5.04
                                                                                 2.51
## 6 1503960366 2016-04-17
                               9705
                                        6.48
                                                6.48
                                                           0
                                                                 3.19
                                                                        0.780
## 7 1503960366 2016-04-18
                               13019
                                        8.59
                                                8.59
                                                           0
                                                                 3.25
                                                                        0.640
                                                                                 4.71
## 8 1503960366 2016-04-19
                               15506
                                        9.88
                                                9.88
                                                            0
                                                                 3.53
                                                                        1.32
                                                                                 5.03
## 9 1503960366 2016-04-20
                               10544
                                        6.68
                                                6.68
                                                            0
                                                                 1.96
                                                                                 4.24
                                                                        0.480
## 10 1503960366 2016-04-21
                                9819
                                        6.34
                                                6.34
                                                            0
                                                                 1.34
                                                                        0.350
                                                                                 4.65
## # ... with 852 more rows, 6 more variables: sedentary_active_distance <dbl>,
       very_active_minutes <dbl>, fairly_active_minutes <dbl>,
       lightly_active_minutes <dbl>, sedentary_minutes <dbl>, calories <dbl>, and
## #
## #
       abbreviated variable names 1: activity_date, 2: total_steps,
## #
       3: total_distance, 4: tracker_distance, 5: logged_activities_distance,
       6: very_active_distance, 7: moderately_active_distance,
       8: light active distance
names(daily_activity)
   [1] "id"
##
                                      "activity_date"
##
    [3] "total steps"
                                      "total distance"
##
  [5] "tracker_distance"
                                      "logged_activities_distance"
  [7] "very_active_distance"
                                      "moderately_active_distance"
                                      "sedentary_active_distance"
## [9] "light_active_distance"
## [11] "very_active_minutes"
                                      "fairly_active_minutes"
## [13] "lightly_active_minutes"
                                      "sedentary_minutes"
## [15] "calories"
# Check the attributes again
```

Before deleting the entries

cat("Before deleting the entries\n\n")

```
select(daily_activity,total_steps,total_distance,calories) %>%
 summary()
                                     calories
##
    total_steps
                  total_distance
## Min. : 0
                  Min. : 0.000
                                  Min. : 0
## 1st Qu.: 3790
                  1st Qu.: 2.620
                                  1st Qu.:1828
## Median : 7406
                  Median : 5.245
                                  Median:2134
## Mean : 7638
                  Mean : 5.490
                                  Mean
                                       :2304
## 3rd Qu.:10727
                  3rd Qu.: 7.713
                                  3rd Qu.:2793
## Max.
          :36019
                  Max.
                        :28.030
                                  Max.
                                       :4900
cat("\n\n",
   "\t\t vs",
   "\n\n")
##
##
##
##
            VS
cat("After deleting the entries\n\n")
## After deleting the entries
select(daily_activity_clean, total_steps, total_distance, calories) %>%
 summary()
##
    total steps
                  total distance
                                     calories
                                       : 52
## Min. : 8
                  Min. : 0.010
                                  Min.
## 1st Qu.: 4927
                  1st Qu.: 3.373
                                  1st Qu.:1857
## Median : 8054
                  Median : 5.590
                                  Median:2220
## Mean : 8329
                  Mean : 5.986
                                  Mean
                                        :2362
                                  3rd Qu.:2832
## 3rd Qu.:11096
                  3rd Qu.: 7.905
## Max.
          :36019
                  Max.
                         :28.030
                                  Max.
                                         :4900
We can see that the observation we removed affected our mean and median.
Clean the daily_sleep data set
# Check daily_sleep data set before cleaning
glimpse(daily_sleep)
## Rows: 413
## Columns: 5
                      <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 150~
## $ Id
                      <chr> "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM", "4/13/2016 12:00:00 AM", "~
## $ SleepDay
## $ TotalMinutesAsleep <dbl> 327, 384, 412, 340, 700, 304, 360, 325, 361, 430, 2~
                      <dbl> 346, 407, 442, 367, 712, 320, 377, 364, 384, 449, 3~
## $ TotalTimeInBed
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat("\n",
   "Missing values:",
   sum(is.na(daily_sleep)),
```

"\n",

"Duplicate values:",

sum(duplicated(daily_sleep)),

```
"\n",
"Unique Ids:",
n_distinct(daily_sleep$Id)
```

Missing values: 0 ## Duplicate values: 3 ## Unique Ids: 24

Let us clean:

- Change column names to lower case because R is case sensitive
- Change "Id" from double to a character because the number represents a category
- Change "SleepDay" from char to date. Since the time component of this column is the same for each observation"12:00:00 AM", we can remove it. This will helps us merged this data set with daily_activity later
- Delete duplicates (3 observations are duplicates)

```
# Clean daily_sleep data set
daily_sleep_clean <-
  # Clean column names
  clean_names(daily_sleep) %>%
  # Correct column types
  mutate(id = as.character(id)) %>% # from double to chr
  mutate(sleep_day = as.Date(sleep_day,
                              format = \frac{m}{d} /\frac{d}{Y}) \frac{d}{Y} # from chr to date
  # Remove duplicate rows
  distinct()
# Check clean daily_sleep data set
glimpse(daily_sleep_clean)
## Rows: 410
## Columns: 5
## $ id
                           <chr> "1503960366", "1503960366", "1503960366", "150396~
                           <date> 2016-04-12, 2016-04-13, 2016-04-15, 2016-04-16, ~
## $ sleep_day
## $ total_sleep_records <dbl> 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 \
## $ total_minutes_asleep <dbl> 327, 384, 412, 340, 700, 304, 360, 325, 361, 430,~
                           <dbl> 346, 407, 442, 367, 712, 320, 377, 364, 384, 449,~
## $ total_time_in_bed
# Check missing values and duplicates after cleaning
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(daily_sleep_clean)),
    "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(daily_sleep_clean)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
```

Clean the hourly data sets (hourly_calories, hourly_intensities, and hourly_steps)

```
# Check hourly_calories data set before cleaning
glimpse(hourly_calories)
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 3
                  <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 150396036~
## $ Id
## $ ActivityHour <chr> "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM", "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM", "4/12/20~
## $ Calories
                 <dbl> 81, 61, 59, 47, 48, 48, 48, 47, 68, 141, 99, 76, 73, 66, ~
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(hourly_calories)),
    "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(hourly_calories)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
# Check hourly_intensities data set before cleaning
glimpse(hourly_intensities)
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 4
## $ Td
                      <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 15039
                     <chr> "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM", "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM", "4/1~
## $ ActivityHour
## $ TotalIntensity <dbl> 20, 8, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 13, 30, 29, 12, 11, 6, 36, 5~
## $ AverageIntensity <dbl> 0.333333, 0.133333, 0.116667, 0.000000, 0.000000, 0.0~
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(hourly_intensities)),
   "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(hourly_intensities)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
# Check hourly_steps data set before cleaning
glimpse(hourly_steps)
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 3
## $ Id
                  <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 150396036~
## $ ActivityHour <chr> "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM", "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM", "4/12/20~
## $ StepTotal
                 <dbl> 373, 160, 151, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 250, 1864, 676, 360, 253, 2~
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
```

```
sum(is.na(hourly_steps)),
    "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(hourly_steps)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
Join hourly data sets to create a hourly_actitvity data set
These data sets shared the same Id and Activity hour, let us join them into a new data set (hourly activity)
before we clean them.
# Join the hourly data sets (hourly calories, hourly intensities, and hourly steps)
hourly_activity <-
  inner_join(hourly_calories,
             hourly_intensities,
             by = c("Id", "ActivityHour"))
hourly activity <-
  inner_join(hourly_activity, hourly_steps, by = c("Id", "ActivityHour"))
# Check hourly_activity data set before cleaning
glimpse(hourly_activity)
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 6
## $ Id
                      <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 15039~
## $ ActivityHour
                      <chr> "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM", "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM", "4/1~
## $ Calories
                      <dbl> 81, 61, 59, 47, 48, 48, 48, 47, 68, 141, 99, 76, 73, ~
## $ TotalIntensity <dbl> 20, 8, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 13, 30, 29, 12, 11, 6, 36, 5~
## $ AverageIntensity <dbl> 0.333333, 0.133333, 0.116667, 0.000000, 0.000000, 0.0~
## $ StepTotal
                      <dbl> 373, 160, 151, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 250, 1864, 676, 360, 25~
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(hourly_activity)),
    "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(hourly_activity)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
Let us clean:
  • Change column names to lower case because R is case sensitive
```

- Change "Id" from double to a character because the number represents a category
- Change "ActivityHour" from char to datetime

Note: The default timezone is UTC.

```
# Clean hourly_activity data set
```

```
hourly_activity_clean <-
  # Clean column names
  clean names(hourly activity) %>%
  # Correct column types
  mutate(id = as.character(id)) %>% # from double to chr
  mutate(activity_hour = as_datetime(activity_hour,
                                     format = "%m/%d/%Y %I:%M:%S %p")) %>% # from chr to datetime
  # Remove duplicate rows
  distinct()
# Check clean daily_activity data set
glimpse(hourly_activity_clean)
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 6
                       <chr> "1503960366", "1503960366", "1503960366", "150396036~
## $ id
                       <dttm> 2016-04-12 00:00:00, 2016-04-12 01:00:00, 2016-04-1~
## $ activity_hour
## $ calories
                       <dbl> 81, 61, 59, 47, 48, 48, 48, 47, 68, 141, 99, 76, 73,~
## $ total_intensity <dbl> 20, 8, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 13, 30, 29, 12, 11, 6, 36, ~
## $ average_intensity <dbl> 0.333333, 0.133333, 0.116667, 0.000000, 0.000000, 0.~
## $ step total
                       <dbl> 373, 160, 151, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 250, 1864, 676, 360, 2~
# Check missing values and duplicates after cleaning
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(hourly_activity_clean)),
    "\n"
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(hourly_activity_clean)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
# as_datetime() converts with default timezone = "UTC"
Clean the minute sleep data set
# Check minute_sleep data set before cleaning
glimpse(minute_sleep)
## Rows: 188,521
```

```
"\n",
  "Unique Ids:",
  n_distinct(minute_sleep$Id))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 543
## Unique Ids: 24
Let us clean:
  • Change column names to lower case because R is case sensitive
  • Change "Id" from double to a character because the number represents a category
  • Change "date" from char to datetime
  • Change "value" from double to factor. Value indicates the sleep state: 1 = asleep, 2 = restless, 3 =
    awake. See: Fitbit data dictionary
  • Remove duplicate values: 543
# Clean minute_sleep data set
minute_sleep_clean <-
  # Clean column names
  clean_names(minute_sleep) %>%
  # Correct column types
  mutate(value = as.factor(value)) %>% # from double to chr
  mutate(id = as.character(id)) %>% # from double to chr
  mutate(date = as datetime(date,
                             format = "%m/%d/%Y %I:%M:%S %p")) %>% # From chr to datetime
  # Remove duplicate rows
  distinct()
# Check clean daily_activity data set
glimpse(minute_sleep_clean)
## Rows: 187,978
## Columns: 4
            <chr> "1503960366", "1503960366", "1503960366", "1503960366", "150396~
## $ id
## $ date <dttm> 2016-04-12 02:47:30, 2016-04-12 02:48:30, 2016-04-12 02:49:30,~
## $ value <fct> 3, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ log_id <dbl> 11380564589, 11380564589, 11380564589, 11380564589, 11380564589~
# Check missing values and duplicates after cleaning
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
    sum(is.na(minute_sleep_clean)),
    "\n",
    "Duplicate values:",
    sum(duplicated(minute_sleep_clean)))
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
```

Clean the seconds_heartrate data set

 $cat("\n",$

```
# Check seconds heartrate set before cleaning
glimpse(seconds_heartrate)
## Rows: 2,483,658
## Columns: 3
           <dbl> 2022484408, 2022484408, 2022484408, 2022484408, 2022484408, 2022~
## $ Id
## $ Time <chr> "4/12/2016 7:21:00 AM", "4/12/2016 7:21:05 AM", "4/12/2016 7:21:~
## $ Value <dbl> 97, 102, 105, 103, 101, 95, 91, 93, 94, 93, 92, 89, 83, 61, 60, ~
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat(
  "\n".
  "Missing values:", sum(is.na(seconds_heartrate)),
  "Duplicate values:", sum(duplicated(seconds_heartrate))
)
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
Let us clean:
  • Change column names to lower case because R is case sensitive
  • Change "Id" from double to a character because the number represents a category
  • Change "Time" from char to datetime and rename it date time
  • Rename "Value" to heart rate Fitbit data dictionary
# Clean seconds_heartrate data set
seconds_heartrate_clean <-</pre>
  # Clean column names
  clean_names(seconds_heartrate) %>%
  # Correct column types
  mutate(id = as.character(id)) %>% # from double to chr
  mutate(time = as datetime(time,
                             format = "%m/%d/%Y %I:%M:%S %p")) %>% # from chr to datetime
  # Rename columns
  rename(date_time = time,
         heart_rate = value) %>%
  # Remove duplicate rows
  distinct()
# Check clean daily_activity data set
glimpse(seconds_heartrate_clean)
## Rows: 2,483,658
## Columns: 3
                <chr> "2022484408", "2022484408", "2022484408", "2022484408", "20~
## $ id
## $ date time <dttm> 2016-04-12 07:21:00, 2016-04-12 07:21:05, 2016-04-12 07:21~
## $ heart_rate <dbl> 97, 102, 105, 103, 101, 95, 91, 93, 94, 93, 92, 89, 83, 61,~
# Check missing values and duplicates after cleaning
```

```
"Missing values:",
sum(is.na(seconds_heartrate_clean)),
"\n",
"Duplicate values:",
sum(duplicated(seconds_heartrate_clean)))

##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
## as_datetime() converts with default timezone = "UTC"
```

Clean the weight_logs data set

```
# Check weight_logs set before cleaning
glimpse(weight_logs)
## Rows: 67
## Columns: 8
## $ Id
                                                               <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1927972279, 2873212765, 2873212~
## $ Date
                                                               <chr> "5/2/2016 11:59:59 PM", "5/3/2016 11:59:59 PM", "4/13/2~
                                                               <dbl> 52.6, 52.6, 133.5, 56.7, 57.3, 72.4, 72.3, 69.7, 70.3, ~
## $ WeightKg
                                                               <dbl> 115.9631, 115.9631, 294.3171, 125.0021, 126.3249, 159.6~
## $ WeightPounds
## $ Fat
                                                               ## $ BMI
                                                               <dbl> 22.65, 22.65, 47.54, 21.45, 21.69, 27.45, 27.38, 27.25,~
## $ IsManualReport <1gl> TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRU
                                                               <dbl> 1.462234e+12, 1.462320e+12, 1.460510e+12, 1.461283e+12,~
## $ LogId
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat("\n",
             "Missing values:",
            sum(is.na(weight_logs)),
             "\n",
            "Duplicate values:",
            sum(duplicated(weight_logs)))
##
## Missing values: 65
        Duplicate values: 0
```

Let us clean: - Change column names to lower case because R is case sensitive - Change "Id" from double to a character because the number represents a category - Change "Date" from char to date time and rename it date_time - Change NA to 0 in the column "fat"

```
# Remove duplicate rows
 distinct()
# Change NA to O in the column "fat"
weight_logs_clean$fat[is.na(weight_logs$fat)] <- 0</pre>
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `fat`.
# Check clean daily_activity data set
glimpse(weight_logs_clean)
## Rows: 67
## Columns: 8
## $ id
                     <chr> "1503960366", "1503960366", "1927972279", "2873212765~
## $ date_time
                     <dttm> 2016-05-02 23:59:59, 2016-05-03 23:59:59, 2016-04-13~
## $ weight_kg
                     <dbl> 52.6, 52.6, 133.5, 56.7, 57.3, 72.4, 72.3, 69.7, 70.3~
                     <dbl> 115.9631, 115.9631, 294.3171, 125.0021, 126.3249, 159~
## $ weight_pounds
## $ fat
                     ## $ bmi
                     <dbl> 22.65, 22.65, 47.54, 21.45, 21.69, 27.45, 27.38, 27.2~
## $ is_manual_report <1g1> TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE~
                     <dbl> 1.462234e+12, 1.462320e+12, 1.460510e+12, 1.461283e+1~
## $ log_id
# Check missing values and duplicates after cleaning
cat("\n",
    "Missing values:",
   sum(is.na(weight_logs_clean)),
   "\n",
   "Duplicate values:",
   sum(duplicated(weight_logs_clean)))
##
## Missing values: 65
## Duplicate values: 0
```

Export clean data sets

```
# write.csv(minute_sleep_clean,
            "minute sleep clean.csv",
#
            row.names = FALSE)
# write.csv(seconds_heartrate_clean,
            "seconds_heartrate_clean.csv",
#
            row.names = FALSE)
# write.csv(weight_logs_clean ,
#
            "weight_logs_clean .csv",
            row.names = FALSE)
```

Analyze Phase

Exploratory Data Analysis

EDA for daily_activity_clean

```
str(daily_activity_clean)
## tibble [862 x 15] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                              : chr [1:862] "1503960366" "1503960366" "1503960366" "1503960366" ...
## $ activity_date
                              : Date[1:862], format: "2016-04-12" "2016-04-13" ...
## $ total steps
                              : num [1:862] 13162 10735 10460 9762 12669 ...
## $ total_distance
                               : num [1:862] 8.5 6.97 6.74 6.28 8.16 ...
## $ tracker distance
                               : num [1:862] 8.5 6.97 6.74 6.28 8.16 ...
## $ logged_activities_distance: num [1:862] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ very_active_distance
                           : num [1:862] 1.88 1.57 2.44 2.14 2.71 ...
## $ moderately_active_distance: num [1:862] 0.55 0.69 0.4 1.26 0.41 ...
## $ light_active_distance : num [1:862] 6.06 4.71 3.91 2.83 5.04 ...
## $ sedentary_active_distance : num [1:862] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
\#\# $ very_active_minutes : num [1:862] 25 21 30 29 36 38 42 50 28 19 ...
## $ fairly_active_minutes
                              : num [1:862] 13 19 11 34 10 20 16 31 12 8 ...
## $ lightly_active_minutes : num [1:862] 328 217 181 209 221 164 233 264 205 211 ...
## $ sedentary_minutes
                             : num [1:862] 728 776 1218 726 773 ...
## $ calories
                               : num [1:862] 1985 1797 1776 1745 1863 ...
```

Univariate analysis for daily_activity_clean

Numerical variables

[9] "very_active_minutes"

[11] "lightly_active_minutes"

```
# Subset numeric columns
num_df <- select_if(daily_activity_clean, is.numeric)</pre>
# Identify numeric columns
colnames(num_df)
## [1] "total steps"
                                      "total distance"
## [3] "tracker_distance"
                                      "logged_activities_distance"
## [5] "very_active_distance"
                                      "moderately active distance"
## [7] "light_active_distance"
```

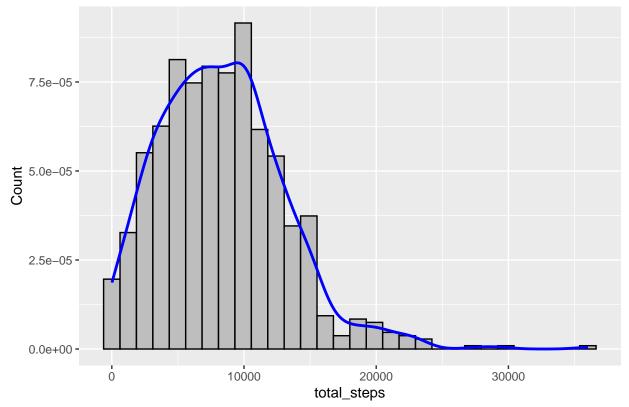
"sedentary_active_distance"

"fairly_active_minutes"

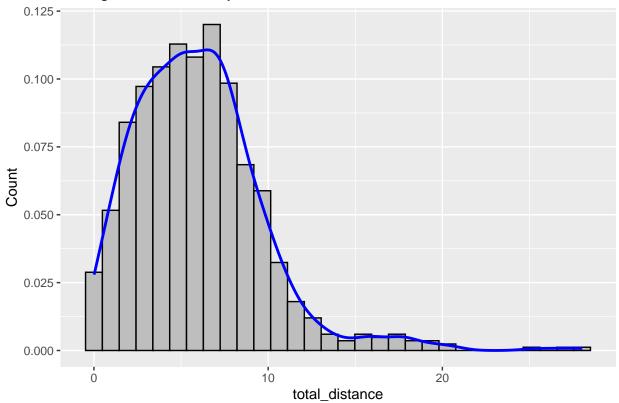
"sedentary_minutes"

[13] "calories" # plotting all numerical variables col_names <- colnames(num_df)</pre> for (i in col_names) { suppressWarnings(print(ggplot(num_df, aes(num_df[[i]])) + geom_histogram(bins = 30, color = "black", fill = "gray", aes(y = ..density..)geom_density(color = "blue", size = 1) + xlab(i) + ylab("Count") + ggtitle(paste("Histogram and Density Plot of", i)))) }

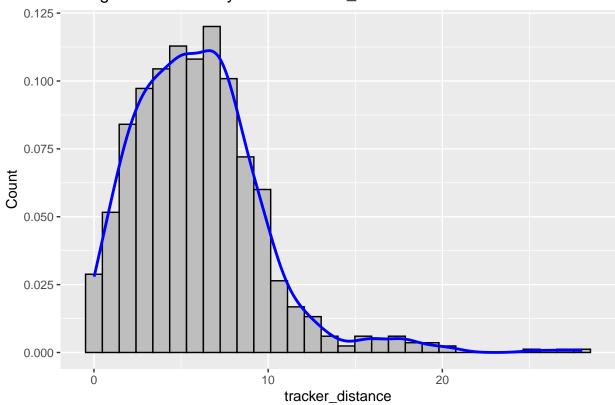
Histogram and Density Plot of total_steps



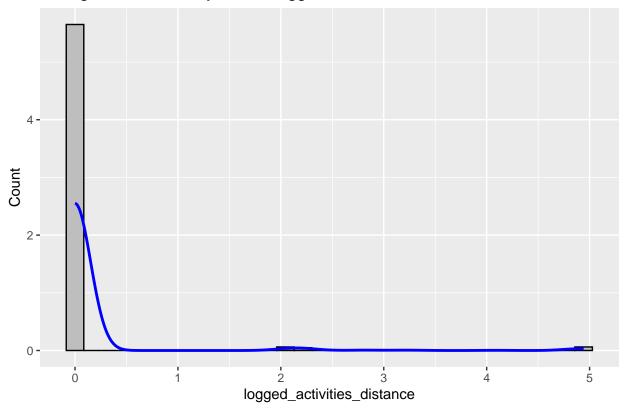
Histogram and Density Plot of total_distance



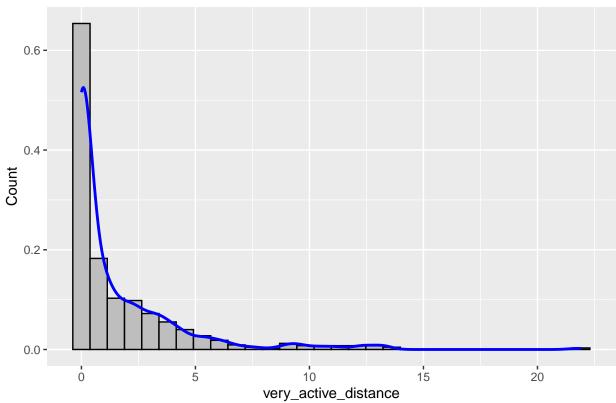
Histogram and Density Plot of tracker_distance



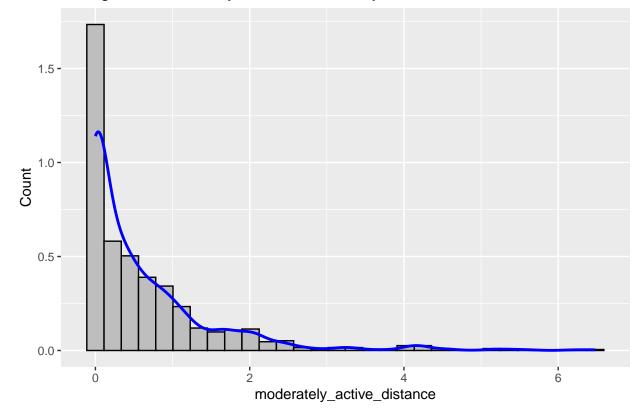
Histogram and Density Plot of logged_activities_distance



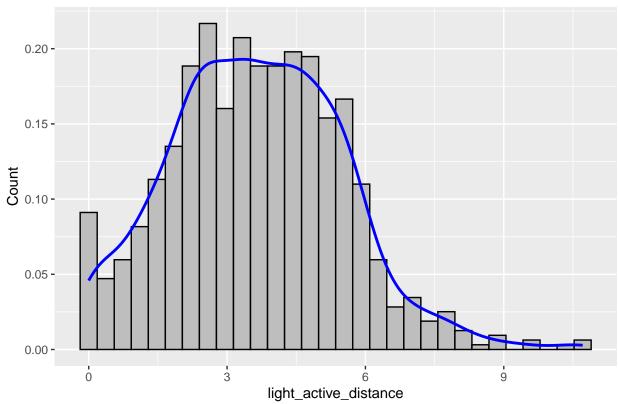
Histogram and Density Plot of very_active_distance

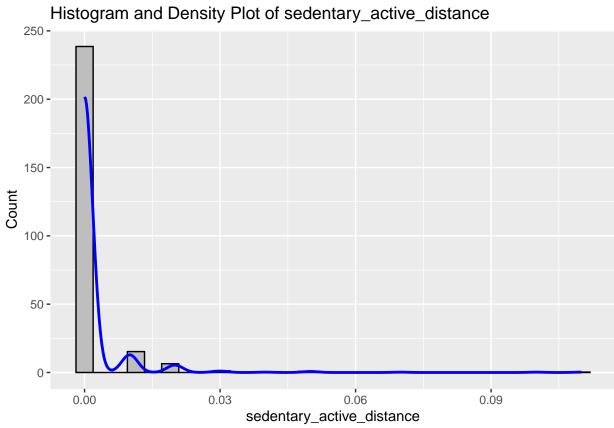


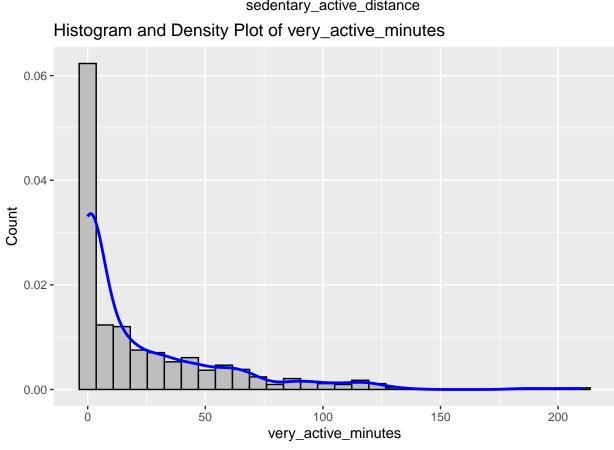
Histogram and Density Plot of moderately_active_distance

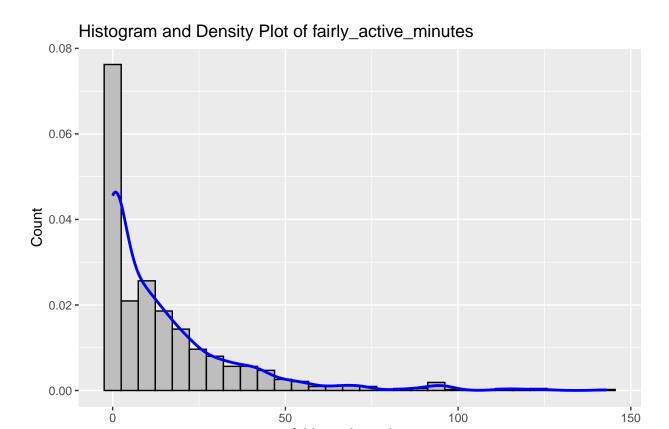


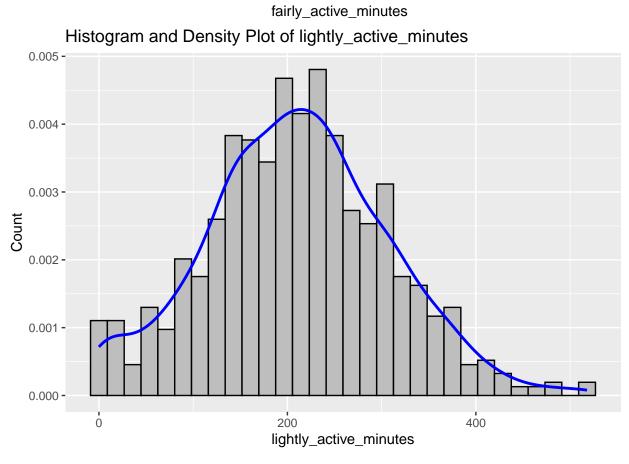
Histogram and Density Plot of light_active_distance



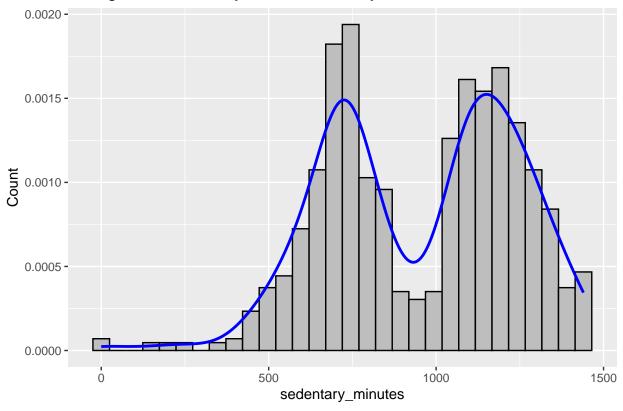




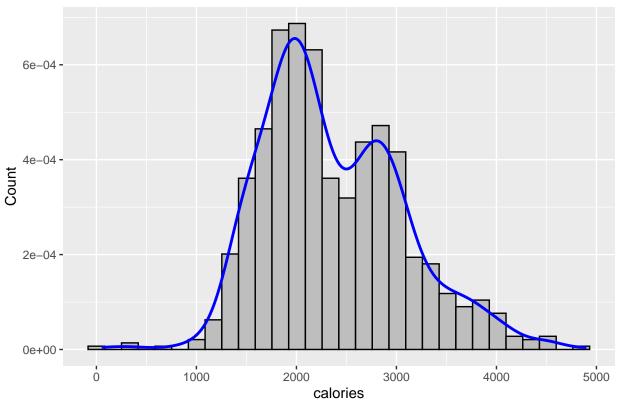




Histogram and Density Plot of sedentary_minutes



Histogram and Density Plot of calories



Observations:

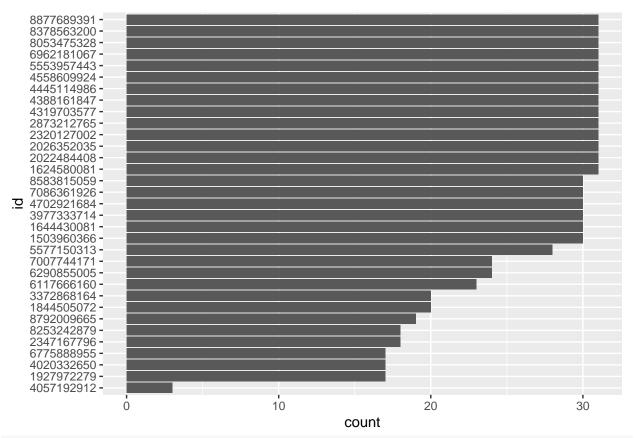
- Many variables show a right-skewed distribution: a larger number of data values are located on the left side of the curve
- The variables total_steps, total_distance, tracker_distance have a similar distribution. We can explore their correlations later
- Since the distributions are not normal. The median is a better indicator of central tendency for the numerical variables in these data set
- The variable logged_activities_distance and sedentary_active_distance might not provide useful information since most of the data points are zero. It seems that the users are not logging the distance frequently
- The following variables seem related. We will explore them further in the bivariate analysis section:

sedentary_minutes; sedentary_active_distance lightly_active_minutes; light_active_distance fairly_active_minutes; moderately_active_distance very_active_minutes; very_active_distance

• The variables calories and sedentary_minutes exhibit a multimodal distribution, indicating the presence of subpopulations within the data. In this dataset, gender could be a potential variable that would result in a bimodal distribution when examining histograms of calories and sedentary minutes. Unfortunately, the gender of the users is not provided, limiting our ability to confirm this hypothesis.

Categorical variables

```
# Subset numeric columns
select_if(daily_activity_clean, negate(is.numeric))
## # A tibble: 862 x 2
##
      id
                 activity_date
##
      <chr>
                 <date>
##
   1 1503960366 2016-04-12
   2 1503960366 2016-04-13
##
   3 1503960366 2016-04-14
   4 1503960366 2016-04-15
   5 1503960366 2016-04-16
##
##
   6 1503960366 2016-04-17
##
  7 1503960366 2016-04-18
  8 1503960366 2016-04-19
## 9 1503960366 2016-04-20
## 10 1503960366 2016-04-21
## # ... with 852 more rows
# Check counts by id
ggplot(data=daily_activity_clean) +
  geom bar(mapping = aes (x= reorder(id, id,length)))+
  xlab("id") +
  coord_flip()
```



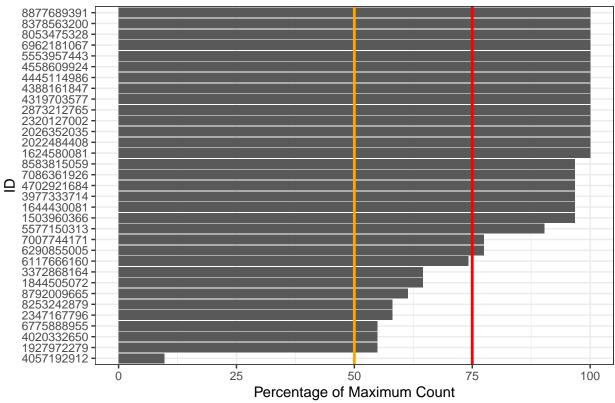
#https://stackoverflow.com/a/9231857/15333580

#reorder(id, id, length) takes the id variable, uses itself to determine the order, and uses the length

```
count_max_ratio <- daily_activity_clean %>%
  count(id) %>%
  rename(id = "id", count = "n") %>%
  mutate(percent_of_max = count / max(count) * 100) %>%
  arrange(desc(percent_of_max))
```

```
# Create bar graph with percentage of entries compared to maximum
ggplot(count_max_ratio, aes(x = reorder(id, percent_of_max), y = percent_of_max)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
    xlab("ID") +
    ylab("Percentage of Maximum Count") +
    ggtitle("Count by ID and Percentage of Maximum Count") +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept=50, color="orange", linewidth=1)+
    geom_hline(yintercept=75, color="red", linewidth=1)+
    coord_flip()
```

Count by ID and Percentage of Maximum Count



```
# percent_of_max > 75%
percent_of_max_top_75 <- filter(count_max_ratio, percent_of_max >=75)
percent_of_max_top_75
## # A tibble: 23 x 3
##
      id
                 count percent_of_max
##
      <chr>
                  <int>
                                 <dbl>
##
   1 1624580081
                     31
                                   100
##
    2 2022484408
                     31
                                   100
   3 2026352035
                    31
                                   100
##
  4 2320127002
                                   100
## 5 2873212765
                    31
                                   100
##
    6 4319703577
                     31
                                   100
                     31
                                   100
##
  7 4388161847
   8 4445114986
                     31
                                   100
                                   100
## 9 4558609924
                     31
## 10 5553957443
                                   100
## # ... with 13 more rows
# percent_of_max < 75</pre>
percent_of_max_under_75 <- filter(count_max_ratio, percent_of_max < 75)</pre>
percent_of_max_under_75
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
```

count percent_of_max

<int>

<dbl>

##

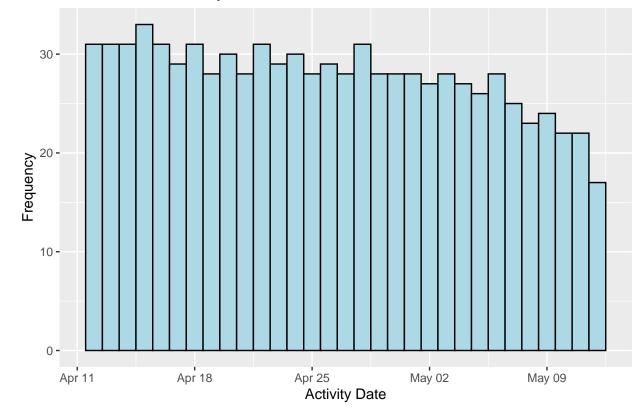
##

id

<chr>

```
74.2
##
    1 6117666160
                    23
##
    2 1844505072
                    20
                                 64.5
                                 64.5
##
    3 3372868164
                    20
    4 8792009665
                                 61.3
                    19
##
##
    5 2347167796
                    18
                                 58.1
    6 8253242879
                    18
                                 58.1
##
    7 1927972279
                    17
                                 54.8
##
                                 54.8
##
    8 4020332650
                    17
##
    9 6775888955
                     17
                                 54.8
## 10 4057192912
                                  9.68
                      3
daily_activity_clean$activity_date %>% summary()
                      1st Qu.
                                    Median
                                                    Mean
                                                               3rd Qu.
                                                                               Max.
## "2016-04-12" "2016-04-18" "2016-04-26" "2016-04-26" "2016-05-03" "2016-05-12"
ggplot(data=daily\_activity\_clean , aes(x = activity\_date)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, color = "black", fill = "lightblue") +
  labs(x = "Activity Date", y = "Frequency", title = "Distribution of Activity Date")
```

Distribution of Activity Date

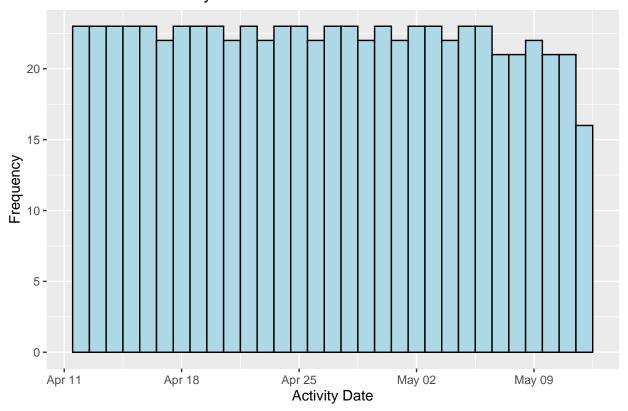


Observations:

• It appears that there is missing activity data towards the end of the available period, specifically in the beginning of May

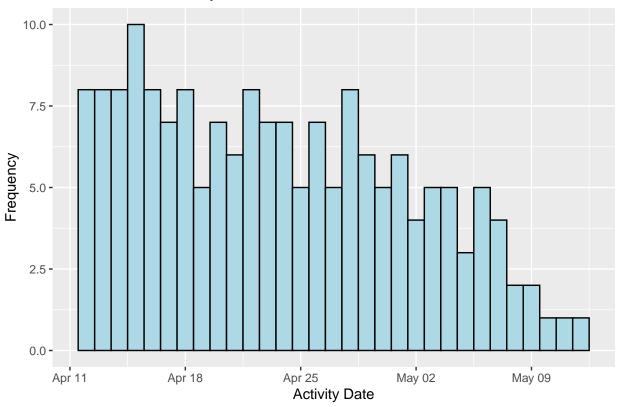
```
# Investigate if the missing activity data coincides with the absence of entries for certain user IDs.
ggplot(data=subset(daily_activity_clean, id %in% percent_of_max_top_75$id), aes(x = activity_date)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, color = "black", fill = "lightblue") +
```

Distribution of Activity Date For IDs with Above 75% of Entries



ggplot(data=subset(daily_activity_clean, id %in% percent_of_max_under_75\$id), aes(x = activity_date)) +
 geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, color = "black", fill = "lightblue") +
 labs(x = "Activity Date", y = "Frequency", title = "Distribution of Activity Date For IDs with under")

Distribution of Activity Date For IDs with under 75% of Entries

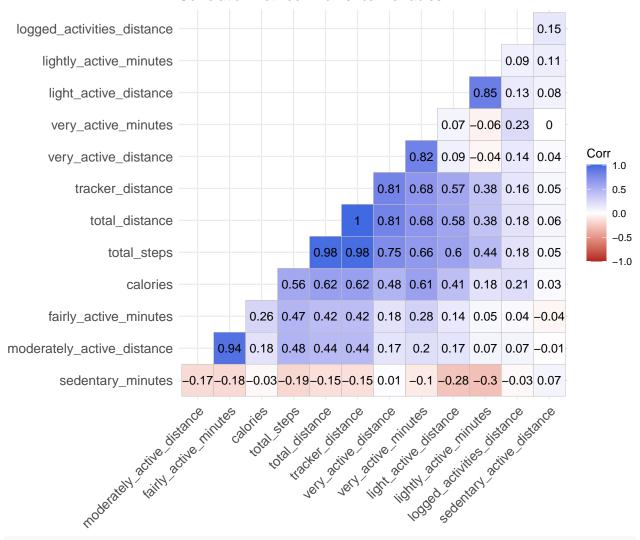


• Users with more than 75% of data consistently report activity dates, while those with less than 75% of data show a decline in reporting starting from the end of April. The decline in Activity Date seems to be primarily due to a lack of data reporting from some users during that period.

Bivariate analysis

Correlation between numerical variables





#https://rdrr.io/github/microresearcher/MicroVis/man/ggcorrplot.html

sedentary_minutes; sedentary_active_distance lightly_active_minutes; light_active_distance fairly_active_minutes; moderately_active_distance very_active_minutes; very_active_distance

```
# Compute correlation matrix
corr_matrix <- corr

# Set the threshold for correlation
threshold <- 0.60

# Find pairs of highly correlated variables
high_cor_pairs <- which(abs(corr_matrix) > threshold & lower.tri(corr_matrix, diag = FALSE), arr.ind = '
# Extract the variable names and correlation coefficients for the correlated pairs
variable_names <- colnames(corr_matrix)
cor_values <- as.vector(corr_matrix[high_cor_pairs])

# Create a data frame to store the correlated pairs and their correlation coefficients
cor_data <- data.frame(</pre>
```

```
Variable1 = variable_names[high_cor_pairs[, 1]],
Variable2 = variable_names[high_cor_pairs[, 2]],
Correlation = cor_values
)

# Sort the correlated pairs by correlation coefficient in descending order
sorted_cor_data <- cor_data[order(-cor_data$Correlation),]

# Remove the index
row.names(sorted_cor_data) <- NULL

# Display the sorted correlated variable pairs in the dataframe
print(sorted_cor_data)</pre>
```

```
##
                   Variable1
                                                Variable2 Correlation
## 1
            tracker distance
                                          total distance
                                                            0.9993982
## 2
              total_distance
                                             total_steps
                                                            0.9826464
            tracker_distance
## 3
                                             total_steps
                                                            0.9819287
## 4
       fairly_active_minutes moderately_active_distance
                                                            0.9448137
## 5
      lightly_active_minutes
                                   light_active_distance
                                                            0.8463101
## 6
         very_active_minutes
                                    very_active_distance
                                                            0.8215184
## 7
        very_active_distance
                                          total_distance
                                                            0.8088356
## 8
        very_active_distance
                                        tracker_distance
                                                            0.8087337
## 9
        very_active_distance
                                             total_steps
                                                            0.7544861
                                          total_distance
## 10
         very_active_minutes
                                                            0.6755673
## 11
         very_active_minutes
                                        tracker distance
                                                            0.6751272
## 12
         very active minutes
                                             total steps
                                                            0.6639646
## 13
                                        tracker_distance
                    calories
                                                            0.6246510
## 14
                    calories
                                          total distance
                                                            0.6242380
## 15
                                     very_active_minutes
                                                            0.6122349
                    calories
## 16
       light_active_distance
                                             total_steps
                                                            0.6048838
```

- Total_distance, tracker_distance, and total steps are highly correlated, so we will retain only total distance and total steps as they provide similar information.
- The following minute and distance types are correlated. Which indicates that they report different aspects of the same activity, this is time or distance:

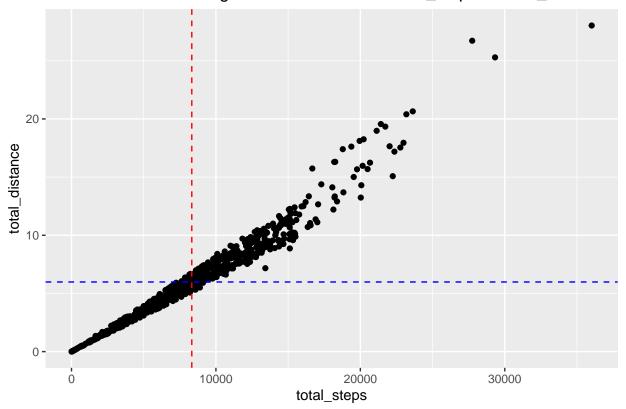
```
lightly_active_minutes and light_active_distance (corr = 0.85)
fairly_active_minutes and moderately_active_distance (corr = 0.94)
very_active_minutes and very_active_distance (corr = 0.82)
```

- There is a moderately high correlation between the time spent during very active periods and the total number of steps/total distance:
 - The correlation between very_active_minutes and total_distance is 0.68
 - The correlation between very_active_minutes and total_steps is 0.66
- There is a moderate correlation of 0.61 between the total duration of very active minutes and the estimated daily calories consumed.
- There is a moderate correlation of 0.62 between the total distance covered and the estimated daily calories consumed.
- There is a moderate correlation coefficient of 0.60 between the distance covered during light activity (light_active_distance) and the total number of steps taken (total_steps).

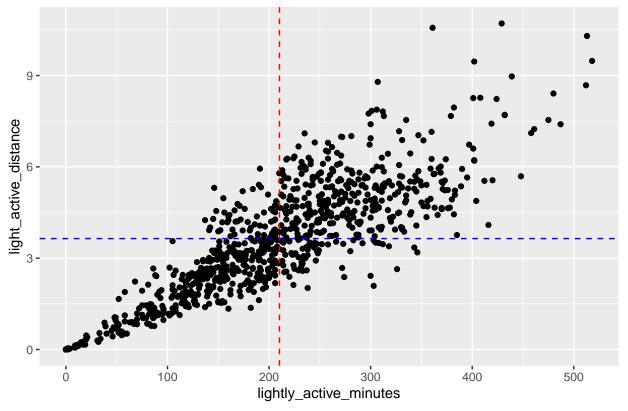
```
# List of correlated variable pairs
correlated pairs <- list(c("total steps", "total distance"),</pre>
                         c("lightly_active_minutes", "light_active_distance"),
                         c("fairly_active_minutes", "moderately_active_distance"),
                         c("very_active_minutes", "very_active_distance"),
                         c("very_active_minutes", "total_distance"),
                         c("very_active_minutes", "total_steps"),
                         c("very_active_minutes", "calories"),
                         c("total_distance", "calories"),
                         c("light_active_distance", "total_steps"))
# Loop over each pair and create scatter plot
for (pair in correlated_pairs) {
 var1 <- pair[1]</pre>
 var2 <- pair[2]</pre>
  # Calculate averages
  avg_var1 <- mean(daily_activity_clean[[var1]], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
  avg_var2 <- mean(daily_activity_clean[[var2]], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
  # Create scatter plot using ggplot2 with aes()
 print(ggplot(data = daily_activity_clean, aes(x = !!sym(var1), y = !!sym(var2))) +
    geom point() +
    geom_vline(xintercept = avg_var1, linetype = "dashed", color = "red") +
    geom_hline(yintercept = avg_var2, linetype = "dashed", color = "blue") +
    xlab(var1) + ylab(var2) +
    ggtitle(paste("Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of", var1, "vs", var2)))
```

Scatterplots of selected highly correlated variables pairs (>0.60)

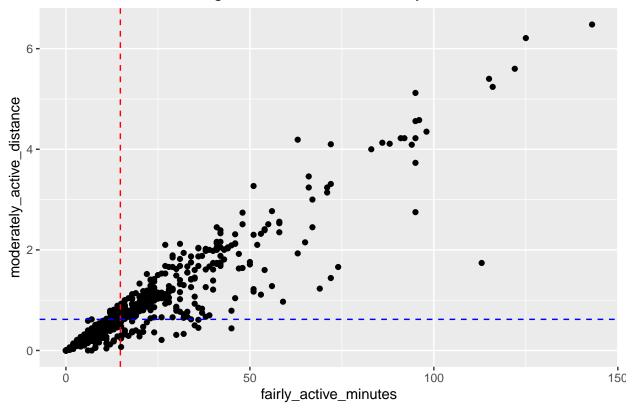
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of total_steps vs total_distance



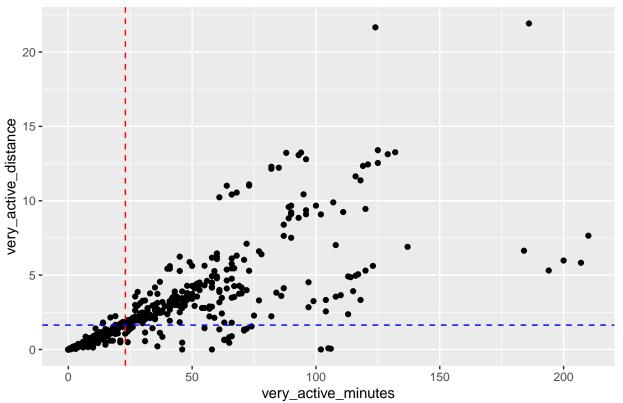
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of lightly_active_minutes vs light_



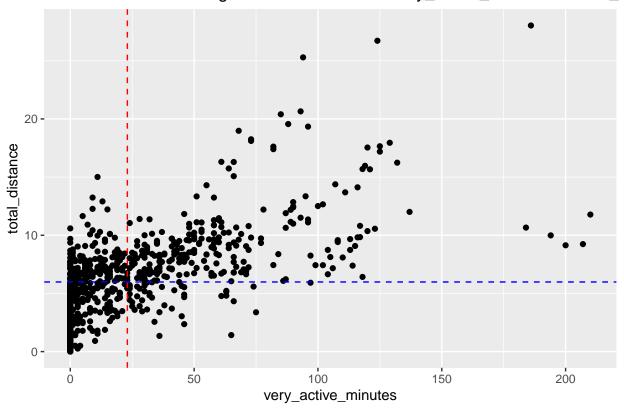
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of fairly_active_minutes vs moderate



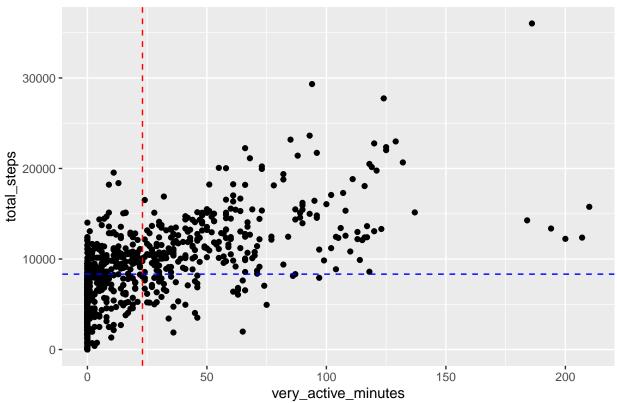
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of very_active_minutes vs very_ɛ



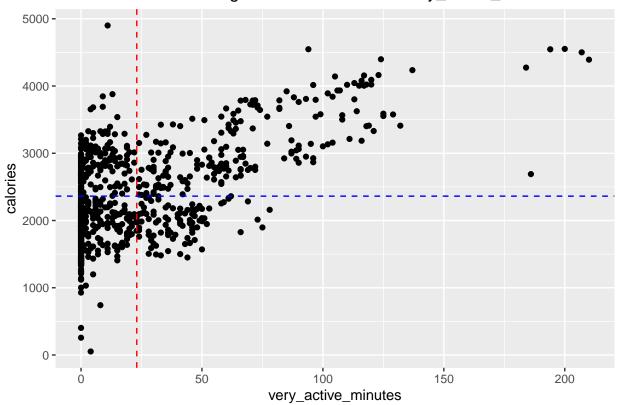
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of very_active_minutes vs total_c



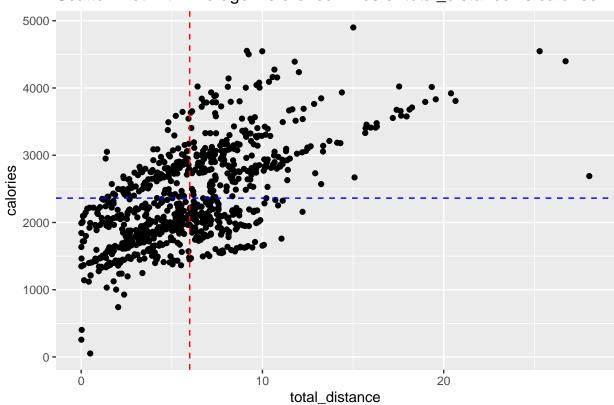
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of very_active_minutes vs tota



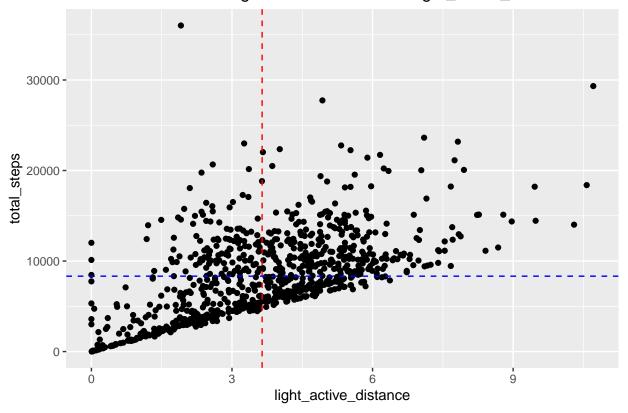
Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of very_active_minutes vs calo



Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of total_distance vs calories



Scatter Plot with Average Reference Lines of light_active_distance vs total



User Behavior for daily activity dataset

```
# Create a boxplot for total_steps
boxplot(daily_activity_clean$total_steps,
        main = "Boxplot of Total Steps",
        ylab = "Total Steps")
# Calculate the median and standard deviation
median_value <- median(daily_activity_clean$total_steps)</pre>
std_dev <- round(sd(daily_activity_clean$total_steps),2)</pre>
# Identify outliers
outliers <- boxplot.stats(daily_activity_clean$total_steps)$out</pre>
# Count the number of outliers
num_outliers <- length(outliers)</pre>
# Create the legend label with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend_label <- paste("Median:", median_value,</pre>
                       "\nStandard Deviation:", std_dev,
                       "\nOutliers:", num_outliers)
# Add the legend with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend("topright", legend = legend_label, pch = "", col = "black", bty = "n", cex = 0.85)
```

Total steps: Total number of steps taken.

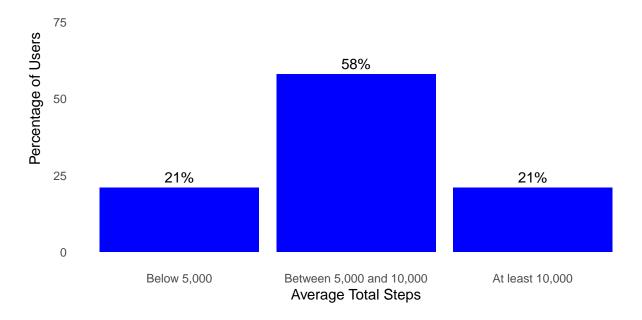
Boxplot of Total Steps

```
0
                                                               Median: 8053.5
         30000
                                                               Standard Deviation: 4739.25
                                                    00
                                                               Outliers: 15
   Total Steps
         10000 20000
         0
# Steps averages by IDs
steps_df <- daily_activity_clean %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(average_steps = mean(total_steps), median_steps = median(total_steps), n = n())
steps_df
## # A tibble: 33 x 4
##
      id
                 average_steps median_steps
##
      <chr>
                          <dbl>
                                        <dbl> <int>
                         12521.
##
   1 1503960366
                                      12438
                                                 30
##
   2 1624580081
                          5744.
                                       4026
                                                 31
##
   3 1644430081
                          7283.
                                       6684.
                                                 30
##
   4 1844505072
                          3999.
                                       4036.
                                                 20
##
   5 1927972279
                          1671.
                                       1675
                                                 17
   6 2022484408
                         11371.
                                      11548
                                                 31
##
##
    7 2026352035
                          5567.
                                       5528
                                                 31
##
   8 2320127002
                          4717.
                                       5057
                                                 31
  9 2347167796
                          9520.
                                       9781
                                                 18
## 10 2873212765
                          7556.
                                       7762
                                                 31
## # ... with 23 more rows
# Calculate percentages for the average column
at_least_10k_avg <- sum(steps_df$average_steps >= 10000) / nrow(steps_df) * 100
between_5K_10K_avg <- sum(steps_df$average_steps >= 5000 & steps_df$average_steps < 10000) / nrow(steps
below_5k_avg <- sum(steps_df$average_steps < 5000) / nrow(steps_df) * 100
# Calculate percentages for the median column
at_least_10k_med <- sum(steps_df$median_steps >= 10000) / nrow(steps_df) * 100
between_5K_10K_med <- sum(steps_df$median_steps >= 5000 & steps_df$median_steps < 10000) / nrow(steps_d
below_5k_med <- sum(steps_df$median_steps < 5000) / nrow(steps_df) * 100
# Create a data frame for the steps categories
percentage_steps_df<- data.frame(</pre>
 Category = c("Below 5,000", "Between 5,000 and 10,000", "At least 10,000"),
```

```
Percentage_Average = round(c(below_5k_avg, between_5K_10K_avg, at_least_10k_avg)),
  Percentage Median = round(c(below_5k_med, between_5K_10K_med, at_least_10k_med)))
percentage_steps_df
##
                     Category Percentage_Average Percentage_Median
## 1
                  Below 5,000
                                              21
## 2 Between 5,000 and 10,000
                                              58
                                                                52
                                              21
              At least 10,000
                                                                27
# Convert Category to a factor with custom factor levels
percentage_steps_df$Category <- factor(percentage_steps_df$Category, levels = c("Below 5,000", "Between
# Create a bar plot using ggplot
ggplot(percentage_steps_df, aes(x = Category, y = Percentage_Average)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "blue") +
  labs(x = "Average Total Steps", y = "Percentage of Users", title = "58% of Users Average 5,000-10,000
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(Percentage_Average, "%")), vjust = -0.5, color = "black") +
  ylim(0, 100) + theme_minimal() + theme(panel.grid = element_blank())
```

58% of Users Average 5,000–10,000 Step Daily Only 21% Achieve the 10,000–Step Goal

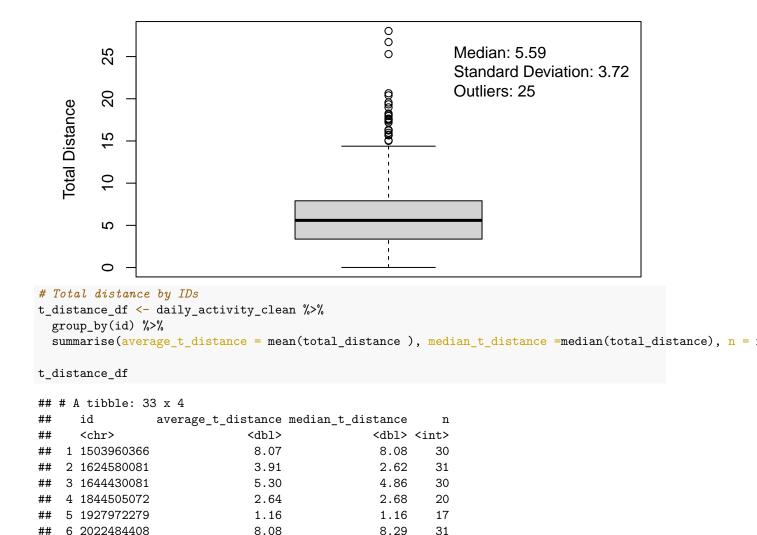
100



Total Distance: Total kilometers tracked.

7 2026352035

Boxplot of Total Distance



3.45

31

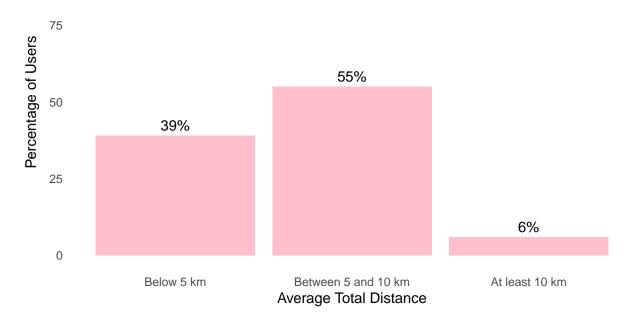
3.45

```
## 8 2320127002
                               3.19
                                                 3.41
                                                          31
## 9 2347167796
                               6.36
                                                 6.54
                                                          18
## 10 2873212765
                               5.10
                                                 5.24
                                                          31
## # ... with 23 more rows
# Calculate percentages for the average column
at_least_10_avg<- sum(t_distance_df$average_t_distance>= 10) / nrow(t_distance_df) * 100
between_5_10_avg <- sum(t_distance_df$average_t_distance >= 5 & t_distance_df$average_t_distance < 10)
below_5_avg <- sum(t_distance_df$average_t_distance < 5) / nrow(t_distance_df) * 100
# Create a data frame for the distance categories
percentage_t_distance_df<- data.frame(</pre>
  Category = c("Below 5 km", "Between 5 and 10 km", "At least 10 km"),
  Percentage Average = round(c(below_5_avg, between_5_10_avg , at_least_10_avg)))
percentage_t_distance_df
                Category Percentage_Average
## 1
              Below 5 km
## 2 Between 5 and 10 km
                                         55
         At least 10 km
                                          6
# Convert Category to a factor with custom factor levels
percentage_t_distance_df$Category <- factor(percentage_t_distance_df$Category, levels = c("Below 5 km",</pre>
# Create a bar plot using ggplot
ggplot(percentage_t_distance_df, aes(x = Category, y = Percentage_Average)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "pink") +
  labs(x = "Average Total Distance", y = "Percentage of Users", title = "55% of Users Average 5-10 Kilon
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(Percentage_Average, "%")), vjust = -0.5, color = "black") +
 ylim(0, 100) + theme_minimal() +theme(panel.grid = element_blank())
```

55% of Users Average 5–10 Kilometers Daily

10,000 steps is approximately equal to covering 5 miles (or 8 kilometers)

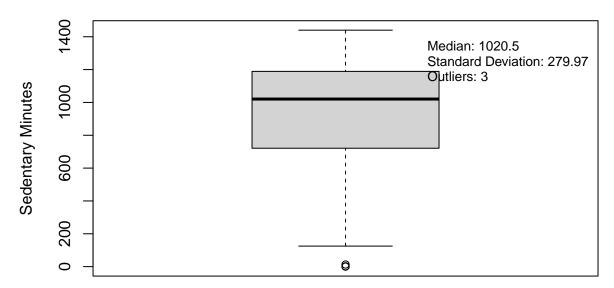
100



```
# Create a boxplot for sedentary_minutes
boxplot(daily_activity_clean$sedentary_minutes,
        main = "Boxplot of Sedentary Minutes",
        ylab = "Sedentary Minutes")
# Calculate the median and standard deviation
median value <- median(daily activity clean$sedentary minutes)</pre>
std_dev <- sd(daily_activity_clean$sedentary_minutes)</pre>
# Identify outliers
outliers <- boxplot.stats(daily_activity_clean$sedentary_minutes)$out</pre>
# Count the number of outliers
num_outliers <- length(outliers)</pre>
# Create the legend label with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend_label <- paste("Median:", round(median_value, 2),</pre>
                       "\nStandard Deviation:", round(std_dev, 2),
                       "\nOutliers:", num_outliers)
# Add the legend with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend("topright", legend = legend_label, pch = "", col = "black", bty = "n", cex = 0.80)
```

Sedentary Minutes: Total minutes spent in sedentary activity.

Boxplot of Sedentary Minutes



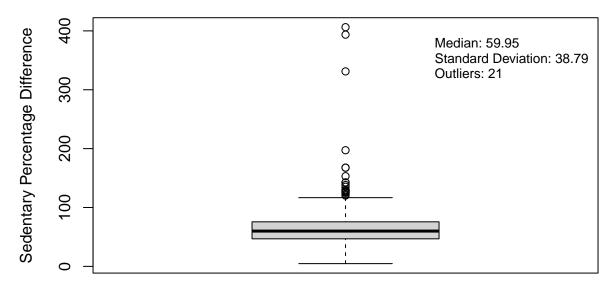
• These are high values for sedentary minutes. For instance, 1020 minutes is equivalent to 17 hours, and 1400 minutes is equivalent to 24 hours. After performing a quick search, it seems that the Fitbit uses 1400 as default for sedentary minutes when the device is not worn and it includes the sleeping time. SedentaryMinutes is total minutes spent in sedentary activity according to the data dictionary. See meta data section. Therefore, we need to substract the times sleeping to obtain an more accurate estimate of daily sedentary minutes.

Sleep time is not considered sedentary time, so it was removed to determine the waking day and to allow the proportion of the day spent sedentary to be calculated

```
# Check sedentary_minutes stats
daily_activity_clean$sedentary_minutes %>% summary()
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
##
             721.2 1020.5
                             955.2 1189.0
       0.0
                                            1440.0
outliers
## [1] 2 13 0
# Count entries where sedentary minutes equal 1440
count_1440 <- sum(daily_activity_clean$sedentary_minutes == 1440)</pre>
# Output the count
count_1440
## [1] 7
# Remove rows with sedentary minutes equal to the default value (1440) and outliers
daily_activity_clean <- filter(daily_activity_clean, !(sedentary_minutes %in% c(0, 2, 13, 1440)))
# Rename the column
daily_sleep_clean <- rename(daily_sleep_clean, activity_date = sleep_day)</pre>
# Join the datasets
joined_activity_sleep <- inner_join(daily_activity_clean, daily_sleep_clean, by = c("id", "activity_dat
```

```
# Check missing values and duplicates
cat(
 "\n",
  "Missing values:",
  sum(is.na(joined_activity_sleep )),
  "Duplicate values:",
  sum(duplicated(joined activity sleep )),
  "Unique Ids:",
 n_distinct(joined_activity_sleep $id)
##
## Missing values: 0
## Duplicate values: 0
## Unique Ids: 24
# Create a derived column for sedentary minutes that does not include sleep time
joined_activity_sleep <- joined_activity_sleep %>%
 mutate(
   sedentary_min_awake = sedentary_minutes - total_minutes_asleep,
   sedentary_hours_awake = sedentary_min_awake / 60,
   sedentary_percentage_diff = (sedentary_minutes - sedentary_min_awake) / sedentary_minutes * 100
 )
# Let us check the percentage difference of sedentary minutes and the new column "sedentary min awake
# Create a boxplot for sedentary_percentage_diff
boxplot(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_percentage_diff,
        main = "Boxplot of Sedentary Percentage Difference",
        ylab = "Sedentary Percentage Difference")
# Calculate the median and standard deviation
median_value <- median(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_percentage_diff)</pre>
std_dev <- sd(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_percentage_diff)</pre>
# Identify outliers
outliers <- boxplot.stats(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_percentage_diff)$out
# Count the number of outliers
num_outliers <- length(outliers)</pre>
# Create the legend label with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend_label <- paste("Median:", round(median_value, 2),</pre>
                      "\nStandard Deviation:", round(std dev, 2),
                      "\nOutliers:", num_outliers)
# Add the legend with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend("topright", legend = legend_label, pch = "", col = "black", bty = "n", cex = 0.80)
```

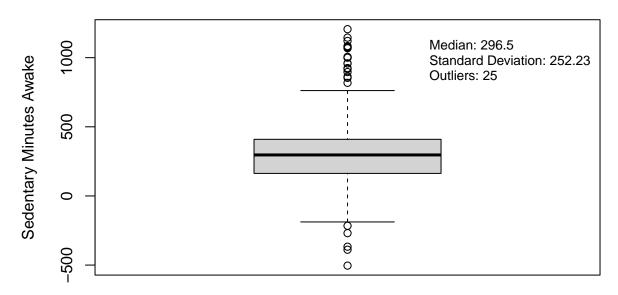
Boxplot of Sedentary Percentage Difference



• The sedentary percentage difference has a median value of 59.95%, indicating a significant distinction between sedentary_minutes and sedentary_min_awake. This suggest that the original column "sedentary_minutes" included the time asleep.

```
# Create a boxplot for sedentary_min_awake
boxplot(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_min_awake,
        main = "Boxplot of Sedentary Minutes Awake",
        vlab = "Sedentary Minutes Awake")
# Calculate the median and standard deviation
median_value <- median(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_min_awake)</pre>
std_dev <- sd(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_min_awake)</pre>
# Identify outliers
outliers <- boxplot.stats(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_min_awake)$out
# Count the number of outliers
num_outliers <- length(outliers)</pre>
# Create the legend label with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend_label <- paste("Median:", round(median_value, 2),</pre>
                      "\nStandard Deviation:", round(std_dev, 2),
                       "\nOutliers:", num_outliers)
# Add the legend with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend("topright", legend = legend_label, pch = "", col = "black", bty = "n", cex = 0.80)
```

Boxplot of Sedentary Minutes Awake



• Observation: There appears to be an inconsistency in the data. The sedentary_minutes value is smaller than the total_minutes_asleep value, which is unexpected.

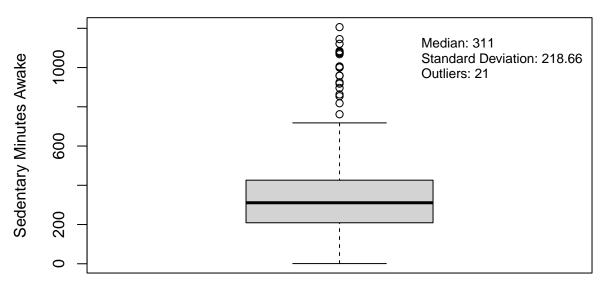
```
# Count the number of cases where sedentary_minutes is smaller than total_minutes_asleep
count <- sum(joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_minutes < joined_activity_sleep$total_minutes_asleep)</pre>
# Print the count
count
## [1] 42
# Subset the dataset
subset_data <- joined_activity_sleep[joined_activity_sleep$sedentary_minutes < joined_activity_sleep$to
# View the subsetted data
subset_data
## # A tibble: 42 x 21
##
                 activity~1 total~2 total~3 track~4 logge~5 very_~6 moder~7 light~8
##
                 <date>
                               <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl>
##
    1 1503960366 2016-04-17
                                9705
                                       6.48
                                                6.48
                                                            0
                                                               3.19
                                                                         0.780
                                                                                 2.51
##
    2 1503960366 2016-05-08
                               10060
                                       6.58
                                                6.58
                                                            0
                                                               3.53
                                                                         0.320
                                                                                 2.73
   3 1644430081 2016-05-02
                                                               0.0700
                                                                         0.310
##
                                3758
                                       2.73
                                                2.73
                                                            0
                                                                                 2.35
    4 1844505072 2016-04-15
                                3844
                                       2.54
                                                2.54
                                                            0
                                                               0
                                                                         0
                                                                                 2.54
   5 1844505072 2016-04-30
                                4014
                                       2.67
                                                2.67
                                                            0
                                                               0
                                                                         0
                                                                                 2.65
##
    6 1844505072 2016-05-01
                                2573
                                       1.70
                                                1.70
                                                            0
                                                               0
                                                                         0.260
                                                                                 1.45
##
   7 1927972279 2016-04-12
                                 678
                                       0.470
                                                0.470
                                                            0
                                                               0
                                                                         0
                                                                                 0.470
    8 2026352035 2016-04-23
                                       7.71
                                                7.71
                                                            0
                                                               0
                                                                                 7.71
                               12357
                                                                         0
    9 2026352035 2016-05-04
                                                            0
                                6564
                                       4.07
                                                4.07
                                                               0
                                                                         0
                                                                                 4.07
##
## 10 2026352035 2016-05-06
                                8198
                                       5.08
                                                5.08
                                                            0
                                                               0
                                                                                 5.08
  # ... with 32 more rows, 12 more variables: sedentary_active_distance <dbl>,
       very_active_minutes <dbl>, fairly_active_minutes <dbl>,
## #
       lightly_active_minutes <dbl>, sedentary_minutes <dbl>, calories <dbl>,
## #
       total_sleep_records <dbl>, total_minutes_asleep <dbl>,
## #
       total_time_in_bed <dbl>, sedentary_min_awake <dbl>,
```

sedentary_hours_awake <dbl>, sedentary_percentage_diff <dbl>, and

#

```
abbreviated variable names 1: activity_date, 2: total_steps, ...
# Check column names of the subsetted data
subset data %>%
select(sedentary_minutes, total_minutes_asleep, sedentary_min_awake, calories,id, activity_date, total_
## # A tibble: 42 x 9
##
      sedentary_~1 total~2 seden~3 calor~4 id
                                                  activity~5 total~6 total~7 very_~8
##
                     <dbl>
                             <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                                <dbl>
             <dbl>
                                     <dbl> <chr> <date>
                                                                       <dbl>
## 1
               539
                       700
                              -161
                                      1728 1503~ 2016-04-17
                                                                9705
                                                                       6.48
                                                                                   38
                                                               10060
               574
                       594
                               -20
                                      1740 1503~ 2016-05-08
                                                                       6.58
                                                                                   44
## 2
## 3
               682
                       796
                              -114
                                      2580 1644~ 2016-05-02
                                                                3758
                                                                       2.73
                                                                                   1
## 4
               527
                       644
                              -117
                                      1725 1844~ 2016-04-15
                                                                3844
                                                                       2.54
                                                                                   0
## 5
               218
                       722
                              -504
                                      1763 1844~ 2016-04-30
                                                                4014
                                                                       2.67
                                                                                   0
                       590
                                -5
                                      1541 1844~ 2016-05-01
                                                                2573
                                                                                   0
## 6
               585
                                                                       1.70
   7
               734
##
                       750
                               -16
                                      2220 1927~ 2016-04-12
                                                                 678
                                                                       0.470
                                                                                   0
## 8
                                                                                   0
               458
                       522
                               -64
                                      1916 2026~ 2016-04-23
                                                                       7.71
                                                               12357
## 9
               530
                       538
                                -8
                                      1658 2026~ 2016-05-04
                                                                6564
                                                                       4.07
                                                                                   0
## 10
               511
                       524
                               -13
                                      1736 2026~ 2016-05-06
                                                                8198
                                                                       5.08
                                                                                   0
## # ... with 32 more rows, and abbreviated variable names 1: sedentary_minutes,
       2: total_minutes_asleep, 3: sedentary_min_awake, 4: calories,
       5: activity_date, 6: total_steps, 7: total_distance, 8: very_active_minutes
dim(subset_data)
## [1] 42 21
dim(joined_activity_sleep)
## [1] 408 21
# Use anti_join() to return a new dataset that includes all rows from the first dataset except for the
clean_subset<- anti_join(joined_activity_sleep, subset_data)</pre>
## Joining with `by = join_by(id, activity_date, total_steps, total_distance,
## tracker_distance, logged_activities_distance, very_active_distance,
## moderately_active_distance, light_active_distance, sedentary_active_distance,
## very_active_minutes, fairly_active_minutes, lightly_active_minutes,
## sedentary_minutes, calories, total_sleep_records, total_minutes_asleep,
## total_time_in_bed, sedentary_min_awake, sedentary_hours_awake,
## sedentary_percentage_diff)`
dim(clean subset)
## [1] 366 21
# Create a boxplot for sedentary_min_awake
boxplot(clean subset$sedentary min awake,
        main = "Boxplot of Sedentary Minutes Awake",
        ylab = "Sedentary Minutes Awake")
# Calculate the median and standard deviation
median value <- median(clean subset$sedentary min awake)</pre>
std_dev <- sd(clean_subset$sedentary_min_awake)</pre>
# Identify outliers
outliers <- boxplot.stats(clean_subset$sedentary_min_awake)$out
```

Boxplot of Sedentary Minutes Awake



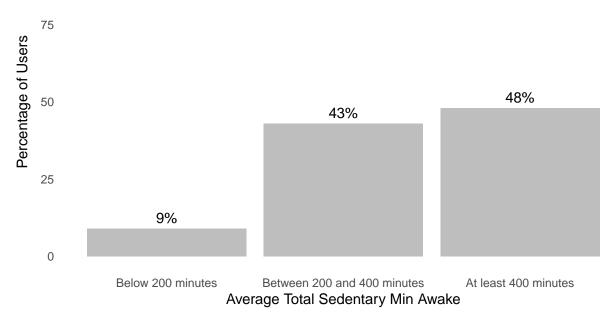
Observation: By eliminating negative values from "sedentary_min_awake," the resulting values now reflect a more realistic scenario.

```
## # A tibble: 23 x 4
##
                  average_sedentary_min_awake median_sedentary_min_awake
                                                                                 n
##
      <chr>
                                          <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl> <int>
##
   1 1503960366
                                           442.
                                                                        433
                                                                                23
    2 1644430081
                                           873.
                                                                        854
                                                                                 3
##
##
    3 1927972279
                                           704.
                                                                        675
                                                                                 4
                                                                                24
##
    4 2026352035
                                           181.
                                                                        158
##
   5 2320127002
                                          1068
                                                                       1068
                                                                                 1
                                                                        220
##
    6 2347167796
                                           245.
                                                                                13
    7 3977333714
                                           423.
                                                                        420
                                                                                28
##
                                           492.
                                                                        440.
                                                                                 8
##
    8 4020332650
  9 4319703577
                                           209.
                                                                        148
                                                                                23
## 10 4388161847
                                                                        294
                                           345
                                                                                23
```

```
## # ... with 13 more rows
dataset <- t_sedentary_df</pre>
column <- "average sedentary min awake"</pre>
new categories <- c("Below 200 minutes", "Between 200 and 400 minutes", "At least 400 minutes")
# Calculate percentages for the average column
below_200_avg <- sum(dataset[[column]] < 200) / nrow(dataset) * 100
between_200_400_avg <- sum(dataset[[column]] >= 200 & dataset[[column]] <= 400) / nrow(dataset) * 100
at_least_400_avg <- sum(dataset[[column]] >= 400) / nrow(dataset) * 100
# Create a data frame for the categories
percentage_sedentary_awake_df <- data.frame(</pre>
 Category = new_categories,
  Percentage_Average = round(c(below_200_avg, between_200_400_avg, at_least_400_avg))
# Convert Category to a factor with custom factor levels
percentage_sedentary_awake_df$Category <- factor(percentage_sedentary_awake_df$Category, levels = new_c</pre>
percentage_sedentary_awake_df
##
                        Category Percentage Average
               Below 200 minutes
## 1
## 2 Between 200 and 400 minutes
                                                  43
            At least 400 minutes
                                                  48
# Create a bar plot using applot
ggplot(percentage_sedentary_awake_df, aes(x = Category, y = Percentage_Average)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "gray") +
  labs(x = "Average Total Sedentary Min Awake", y = "Percentage of Users",
       title = "48% of Users Have an Average of at Least 400 Daily Sedentary Minutes While Awake",
       subtitle = "200 Minutes are 3 hours and 20 minutes; 400 min are 6 hours and 40 min") +
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(Percentage_Average, "%")), vjust = -0.5, color = "black") +
  ylim(0, 100) +
  theme minimal() +
  theme(panel.grid = element blank(), plot.title = element text(size = 12), plot.subtitle = element tex
```

48% of Users Have an Average of at Least 400 Daily Sedentary Minutes While Av 200 Minutes are 3 hours and 20 minutes; 400 min are 6 hours and 40 min



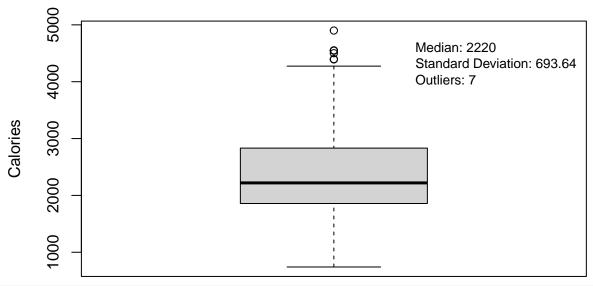


In a representative sample of U.S. adults, over two-thirds spent 6 + hours/day sitting, and more than half did not meet the recommended 150 min/week of physical activity. The study discovered that prolonged sitting for 6 + hours/day was associated with higher body fat percentages. While exceeding 150 min/week of physical activity was linked to lower body fat percentages, achieving recommended activity levels may not fully offset the increased body fat from prolonged sitting.

Jingwen Liao, Min Hu, Kellie Imm, Clifton J. Holmes, Jie Zhu, Chao Cao, Lin Yang. Association of daily sitting time and leisure-time physical activity with body fat among U.S. adults. Journal of Sport and Health Science, 2022. ISSN 2095-2546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jshs.2022.10.001. (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2095254622001016)

Calories: Total estimated energy expenditure (in kilocalories).

Boxplot of Calories



outliers

```
## [1] 4552 4392 4501 4546 4900 4547 4398
```

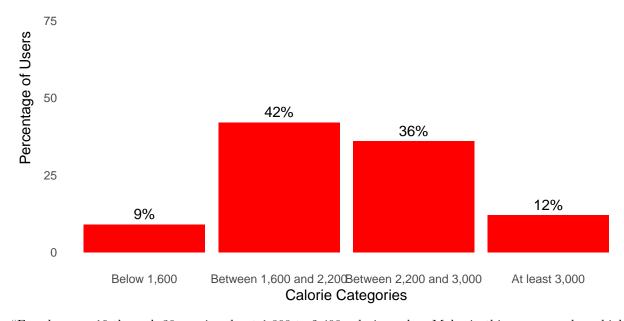
```
# Calories averages by IDs
calories_df <- daily_activity_clean %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(average_calories = mean(calories), median_calories = median(calories))
calories_df
```

```
## # A tibble: 33 x 3
##
                 average_calories median_calories
      id
##
      <chr>
                             <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
   1 1503960366
                             1877.
                                             1848
##
   2 1624580081
                             1483.
                                             1435
                                             2802.
##
   3 1644430081
                             2811.
##
   4 1844505072
                             1732.
                                             1752.
## 5 1927972279
                             2303.
                                             2324
  6 2022484408
                             2510.
                                             2529
  7 2026352035
                             1541.
                                             1521
##
## 8 2320127002
                             1724.
                                             1779
## 9 2347167796
                             2140.
                                             2095
## 10 2873212765
                             1917.
                                             1907
## # ... with 23 more rows
```

```
# Calculate percentages for the average column
below_1600_avg <- sum(calories_df$average_calories < 1600) / nrow(calories_df) * 100
between_1600_2200_avg <- sum(calories_df$average_calories >= 1600 & calories_df$average_calories < 2200
between_2200_3000_avg <- sum(calories_df$average_calories >= 2200 & calories_df$average_calories < 3000
at_least_3000_avg <- sum(calories_df$average_calories >= 3000) / nrow(calories_df) * 100
# Calculate percentages for the median column
below_1600_med <- sum(calories_df$median_calories < 1600) / nrow(calories_df) * 100
between_1600_2200_med <- sum(calories_df$median_calories >= 1600 & calories_df$median_calories < 2200)
between_2200_3000_med <- sum(calories_df$median_calories >= 2200 & calories_df$median_calories < 3000)
at_least_3000_med <- sum(calories_df$median_calories >= 3000) / nrow(calories_df) * 100
# Create a data frame for the calories categories
percentage_calories_df <- data.frame(</pre>
  Category = c("Below 1,600", "Between 1,600 and 2,200", "Between 2,200 and 3,000", "At least 3,000"),
  Percentage Average = round(c(below_1600_avg, between_1600_2200_avg, between_2200_3000_avg, at_least_3
  Percentage_Median = round(c(below_1600_med, between_1600_2200_med, between_2200_3000_med, at_least_30
# Convert Category to a factor with custom factor levels
percentage_calories_df$Category <- factor(percentage_calories_df$Category, levels = c("Below 1,600", "B</pre>
percentage_calories_df
##
                    Category Percentage_Average Percentage_Median
                 Below 1,600
## 2 Between 1,600 and 2,200
                                             42
                                                                36
## 3 Between 2,200 and 3,000
                                             36
                                                                36
              At least 3,000
                                             12
                                                                18
# Create a bar plot using ggplot
ggplot(percentage_calories_df, aes(x = Category, y = Percentage_Average)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "red") +
  labs(x = "Calorie Categories", y = "Percentage of Users",
       title = "42% of Users Have an Average Daily Calorie Expenditure Between 1,600 and 2,200.",
       subtitle = "Most females require 1,600 to 2,200 calories per day, as per the Dietary Guidelines
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(Percentage_Average, "%")), vjust = -0.5, color = "black") +
  ylim(0, 100) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        plot.title = element_text(size = 12),
        plot.subtitle = element text(size = 10))
```

42% of Users Have an Average Daily Calorie Expenditure Between 1,600 and 2,2 Most females require 1,600 to 2,200 calories per day, as per the Dietary Guidelines for Americans





"Females ages 19 through 30 require about 1,800 to 2,400 calories a day. Males in this age group have higher calorie needs of about 2,400 to 3,000 a day. Calorie needs for adults ages 31 through 59 are generally lower; most females require about 1,600 to 2,200 calories a day and males require about 2,200 to 3,000 calories a day."

U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2020-2025. 9th Edition. December 2020. Available at DietaryGuidelines.gov/

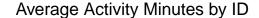
Intensity Minutes: Time spent in one of four intensity categories.

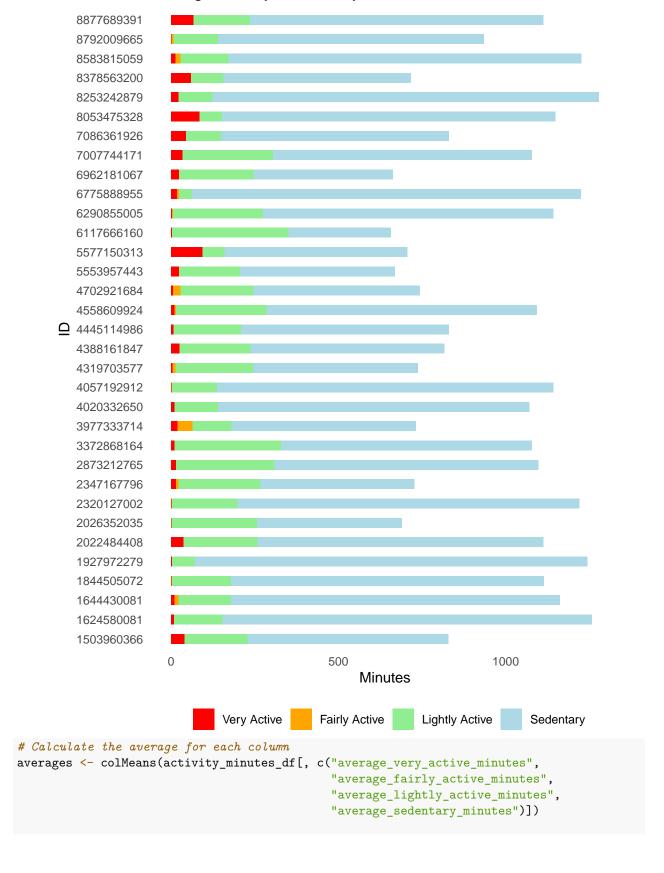
- $\bullet\,$ Very ActiveMinutes: Total minutes spent in very active activity
- FairlyActiveMinutes: Total minutes spent in moderate activity
- LightlyActiveMinutes: Total minutes spent in light activity
- SedentaryMinutes: Total minutes spent in sedentary activity

```
activity_minutes_df <- daily_activity_clean %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(
    average_very_active_minutes = mean(very_active_minutes),
    average_fairly_active_minutes = mean(fairly_active_minutes),
    average_lightly_active_minutes = mean(lightly_active_minutes),
    average_sedentary_minutes = mean(sedentary_minutes)
)
activity_minutes_df
```

A tibble: 33 x 5

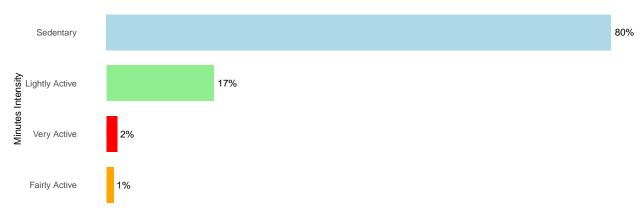
```
##
                 average_very_active_minutes average_fairly_activ~1 avera~2 avera~3
##
      <chr>
                                       <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
                                                                               <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                                828.
## 1 1503960366
                                     40
                                                              19.8
                                                                       227.
## 2 1624580081
                                      8.68
                                                               5.81
                                                                       153.
                                                                               1258.
   3 1644430081
                                      9.57
                                                              21.4
                                                                       178.
                                                                               1162.
## 4 1844505072
                                      0.2
                                                                       179.
                                                                               1115.
                                                               2
## 5 1927972279
                                      2.41
                                                              1.41
                                                                        70.4
                                                                               1244.
## 6 2022484408
                                     36.3
                                                              19.4
                                                                       257.
                                                                               1113.
##
   7 2026352035
                                      0.0968
                                                               0.258
                                                                       257.
                                                                                689.
## 8 2320127002
                                                                               1220.
                                      1.35
                                                               2.58
                                                                       198.
## 9 2347167796
                                     14.3
                                                              21.8
                                                                       267.
                                                                               727.
                                                                       308
                                                                               1097.
## 10 2873212765
                                     14.1
                                                               6.13
## # ... with 23 more rows, and abbreviated variable names
       1: average_fairly_active_minutes, 2: average_lightly_active_minutes,
       3: average_sedentary_minutes
# Define the custom order of legend items
custom_order <- c( "Very Active", "Fairly Active", "Lightly Active", "Sedentary")</pre>
# Create the stacked bar plot
ggplot(activity_minutes_df, aes(y = id)) +
  geom_bar(aes(x = average_sedentary_minutes, fill = "Sedentary"), stat = "identity", width = 0.5) +
  geom_bar(aes(x = average_lightly_active_minutes, fill = "Lightly Active"), stat = "identity", width =
  geom_bar(aes(x = average_fairly_active_minutes, fill = "Fairly Active"), stat = "identity", width = 0
  geom_bar(aes(x = average_very_active_minutes, fill = "Very Active"), stat = "identity", width = 0.5)
  xlab("Minutes") +
  ylab("ID") +
  ggtitle("Average Activity Minutes by ID") +
  scale_fill_manual(name = "", values = c("Very Active" = "red", "Fairly Active" = "orange", "Lightly A
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom", panel.grid = element_blank())
```





```
# Calculate the total average
total_average <- sum(averages)</pre>
# Calculate the proportions
proportions <- averages / total_average</pre>
# Create the new dataframe with modified row names
overall_average_df<- data.frame(Average = averages,</pre>
                     Percentage = proportions * 100)
# Modify the row names
row_names <- c("Very Active", "Fairly Active", "Lightly Active", "Sedentary")
row.names(overall_average_df) <- row_names</pre>
# Print the new dataframe
overall_average_df
##
                    Average Percentage
## Very Active
                   21.18923
                              1.744450
## Fairly Active
                   14.29851
                              1.177156
## Lightly Active 206.97366 17.039558
## Sedentary
                  972.20431 80.038837
ggplot(overall_average_df, aes(x = Percentage, y = reorder(row.names(overall_average_df), Percentage),
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 0.7, show.legend = FALSE) +
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(round(Percentage), "%")), hjust = -0.2, color = "black", size = 4) +
  ylab("Minutes Intensity") +
  xlab("Percentage") +
  ggtitle("Users' Overall Average Intensity Minutes Consist Primarily of Sedentary and Lightly Active T
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("Very Active" = "red", "Fairly Active" = "orange", "Lightly Active" = "1
 scale_x_continuous(labels = NULL) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none", panel.grid = element_blank(), axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10))
```

Users' Overall Average Intensity Minutes Consist Primarily of Sedentary and Lightly Active Time

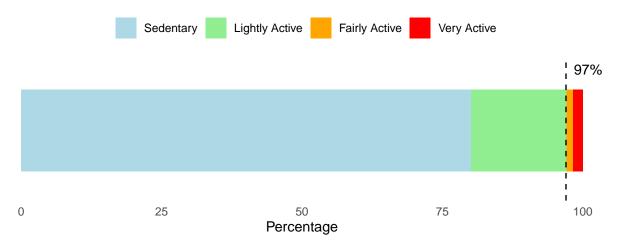


Percentage

"Analyzing each individual's average calorie intake can provide insights into their individual dietary habits and patterns. By comparing the individual averages to the overall average, you can identify individuals who consume more or fewer calories compared to the group average. This comparison can help in understanding variations in calorie intake and potential factors influencing individual differences."

```
# Define the custom order of legend items
custom order <- c("Very Active", "Fairly Active", "Lightly Active", "Sedentary")
# Create the stacked horizontal bar chart
ggplot(overall_average_df, aes(x = Percentage, y = factor(1), fill = factor(row.names(overall_average_d
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 0.7) +
  xlab("Percentage") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Users' Overall Average Intensity Minutes Consist Primarily of Sedentary and Lightly Active T
  scale_fill_manual(
   name = "",
   values = c(
      "Very Active" = "red",
      "Fairly Active" = "orange",
      "Lightly Active" = "lightgreen",
     "Sedentary" = "lightblue"
   ),
   breaks = custom_order
 ) +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse the order of the legend
  theme minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "top",
       panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text.y = element_blank(), # Remove the y-axis text
         plot.title = element_text(size = 12, margin = margin(b = 20))) + # Adjust the title size and m
  geom_vline(xintercept = 97, color = "black", linetype = "dashed") +
  annotate("text", x = 97, y = 1, label = " 97\%", vjust = -5.5, hjust = 0.1)
```

Users' Overall Average Intensity Minutes Consist Primarily of Sedentary and Lightly Active



These indicators provide insights into activity levels, sedentary behavior, and calorie burn. They can help track progress, set goals, and evaluate user behavior over time. Remember to consider the specific context and goals of your analysis to select and customize the most relevant KPIs for your use case. The context I will use is the guidelines for physical activity and diet for Americans:

• U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2019). Physical Activity Guidelines

for Americans (2nd ed.). Available at https://health.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/Physical_Activity_Guidelines_2nd_edition.pdf

• U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2020-2025. 9th Edition. December 2020. Available at DietaryGuidelines.gov/

EDA for daily_sleep_clean

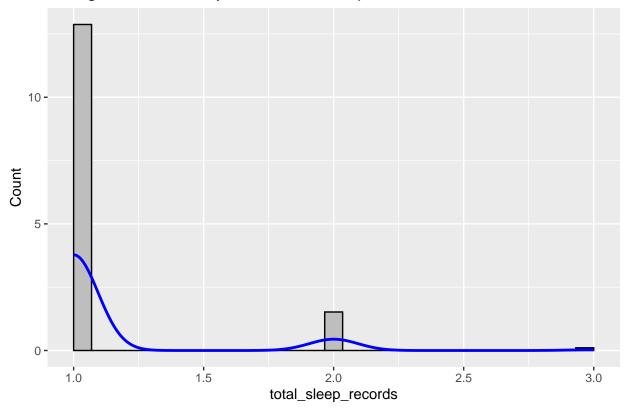
#Sanity check: Verify that the value of total_time_in_bed is greater than total_minutes_asleep, as we w daily_sleep_clean [daily_sleep_clean total_time_in_bed < daily_sleep_clean total_minutes_asleep,]

```
## # A tibble: 0 x 5
## # ... with 5 variables: id <chr>, activity_date <date>,
## # total_sleep_records <dbl>, total_minutes_asleep <dbl>,
## # total_time_in_bed <dbl>
```

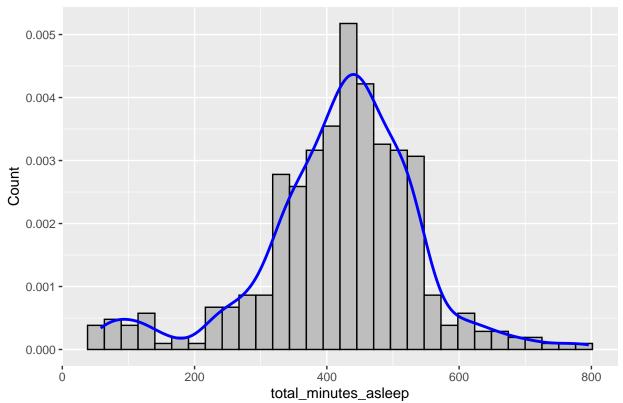
Univariate analysis

```
numerical_cols <- daily_sleep_clean%>%
  select_if(is.numeric)
# plotting all numerical variables
col names <- colnames(numerical cols )</pre>
for (i in col_names) {
  suppressWarnings(print(
    ggplot(numerical_cols , aes(numerical_cols [[i]])) +
      geom_histogram(
        bins = 30,
        color = "black",
        fill = "gray",
        aes(y = ..density..)
      ) +
      geom_density(
        color = "blue",
        size = 1
      xlab(i) + ylab("Count") +
      ggtitle(paste("Histogram with Density Plot of", i))
  ))
}
```

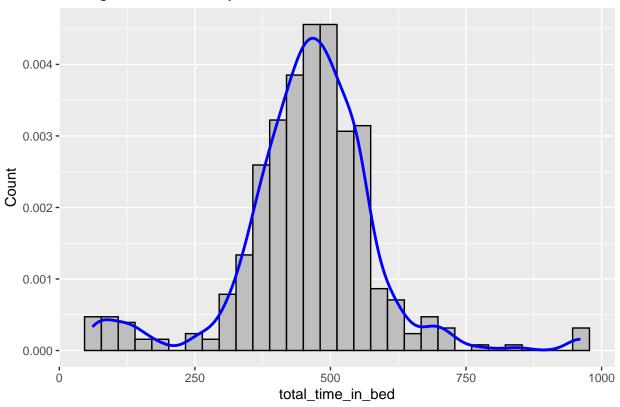
Histogram with Density Plot of total_sleep_records



Histogram with Density Plot of total_minutes_asleep



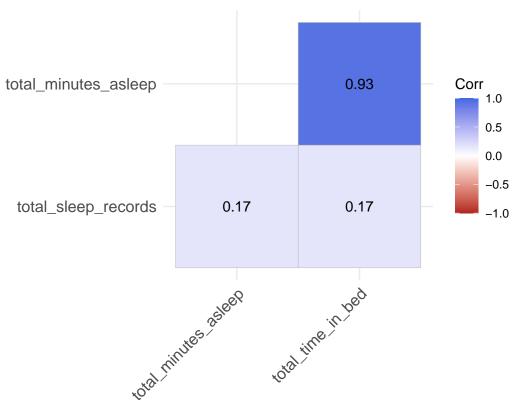
Histogram with Density Plot of total_time_in_bed



Bivariate analysis

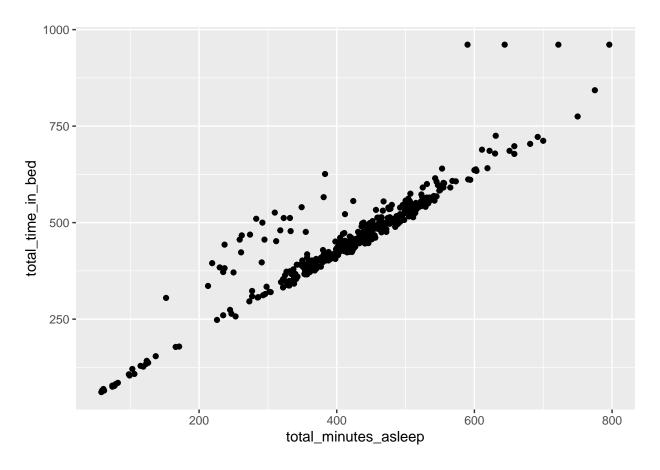
Correlation between numerical variables





```
ggplot(data = daily_sleep_clean, aes(x = total_minutes_asleep, y = total_time_in_bed)) +
   geom_point()
```

 $Scatterplots \ of \ total_minutes_asleep \ vs \ total_time_in_bed$

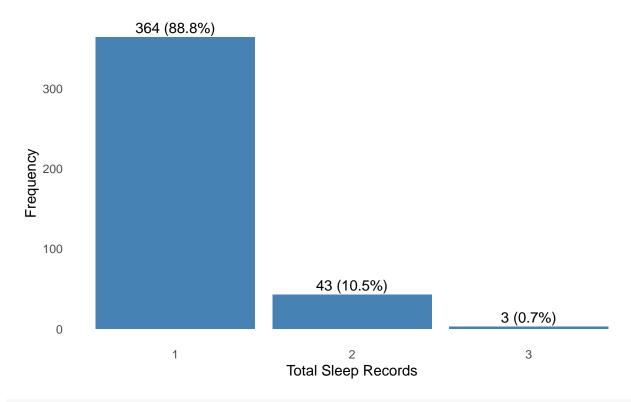


User Behavior for daily sleep dataset

```
library(scales)
##
## Attaching package: 'scales'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       discard
## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
##
##
       col_factor
frequency_table <- as.data.frame(table(daily_sleep_clean$total_sleep_records))</pre>
frequency_table$Percentage <- frequency_table$Freq / sum(frequency_table$Freq) * 100</pre>
ggplot(data = frequency_table, aes(x = Var1, y = Freq)) +
 geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +
  geom_text(aes(label = paste(Freq, " (", percent(Percentage / 100), ")", sep = "")),
            hjust = 0.5, vjust = -0.4, color = "black") +
  labs(x = "Total Sleep Records", y = "Frequency",
       title = "Uncommon Napping: 89% of Sleep Records Indicate a Singular Sleep Period.",
       subtitle = "Includes naps > 60 min.")+
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        plot.title = element_text(size = 12),
```

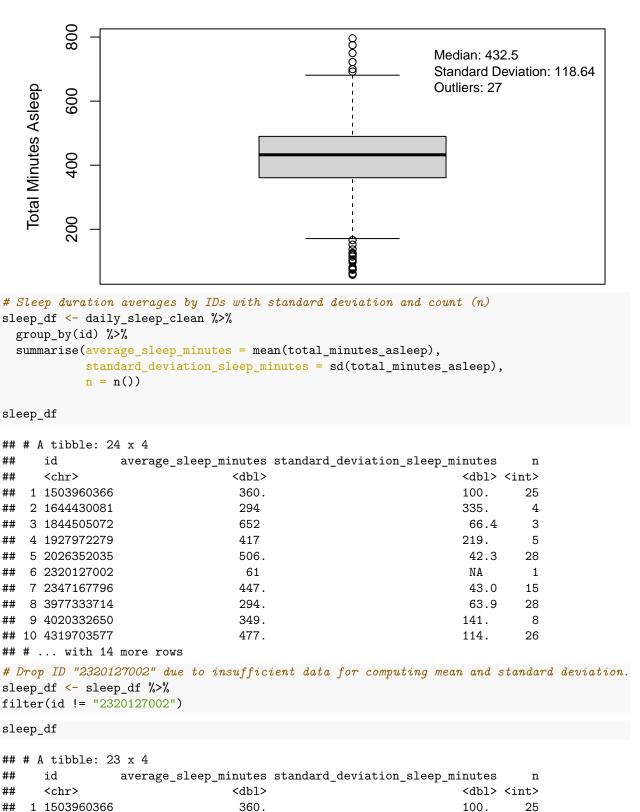
```
plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 10, margin = margin(b = 20)))
```

Uncommon Napping: 89% of Sleep Records Indicate a Singular Sleep Period. Includes naps > 60 min.



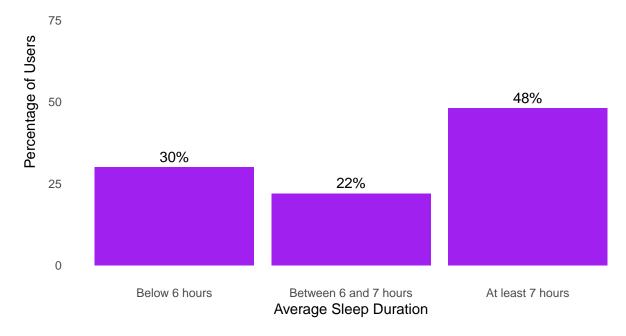
```
# Create a boxplot for total_minutes_asleep
boxplot(daily_sleep_clean$total_minutes_asleep,
        main = "Boxplot of Total Minutes Asleep",
        ylab = "Total Minutes Asleep")
# Calculate the median and standard deviation
median_value <- median(daily_sleep_clean$total_minutes_asleep)</pre>
std_dev <- round(sd(daily_sleep_clean$total_minutes_asleep), 2)</pre>
# Identify outliers
outliers <- boxplot.stats(daily_sleep_clean$total_minutes_asleep)$out</pre>
# Count the number of outliers
num_outliers <- length(outliers)</pre>
# Create the legend label with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend_label <- paste("Median:", median_value,</pre>
                       "\nStandard Deviation:", std_dev,
                       "\nOutliers:", num_outliers)
# Add the legend with median, standard deviation, and outlier count
legend("topright", legend = legend_label, pch = "", col = "black", bty = "n", cex = 0.85)
```

Boxplot of Total Minutes Asleep



```
335.
## 2 1644430081
                                  294
## 3 1844505072
                                  652
                                                                    66.4
                                                                             3
## 4 1927972279
                                  417
                                                                   219.
                                                                            5
                                  506.
                                                                    42.3
## 5 2026352035
                                                                            28
## 6 2347167796
                                  447.
                                                                    43.0
                                                                            15
                                  294.
                                                                    63.9
                                                                            28
## 7 3977333714
## 8 4020332650
                                                                   141.
                                  349.
                                                                            8
## 9 4319703577
                                                                            26
                                  477.
                                                                   114.
## 10 4388161847
                                  400.
                                                                   146.
                                                                            23
## # ... with 13 more rows
# Calculate percentages for the average column
below_6_hours <- sum(sleep_df$average_sleep_minutes < 360) / nrow(sleep_df) * 100
between_6_7_hours <- sum(sleep_df$average_sleep_minutes >= 360 & sleep_df$average_sleep_minutes < 420)
at_least_7_hours <- sum(sleep_df$average_sleep_minutes >= 420) / nrow(sleep_df) * 100
# Create a data frame for the sleep duration categories
percentage_sleep_df <- data.frame(</pre>
 Category = c("Below 6 hours", "Between 6 and 7 hours", "At least 7 hours"),
  Percentage_Average = round(c(below_6_hours, between_6_7_hours, at_least_7_hours))
)
# Convert Category to a factor with custom factor levels
percentage_sleep_df$Category <- factor(percentage_sleep_df$Category, levels = c("Below 6 hours", "Betwe
percentage_sleep_df
##
                  Category Percentage_Average
## 1
            Below 6 hours
## 2 Between 6 and 7 hours
                                           22
## 3
          At least 7 hours
                                           48
ggplot(percentage_sleep_df, aes(x = Category, y = Percentage_Average)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "purple") +
  labs(x = "Average Sleep Duration", y = "Percentage of Users",
       title = "52% of Users Get Less Than 7 Hours of Sleep on Average Daily") +
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(Percentage_Average, "%")), vjust = -0.5, color = "black") +
  ylim(0, 100) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(), plot.title = element_text(size = 12), plot.subtitle = element_tex
```

100

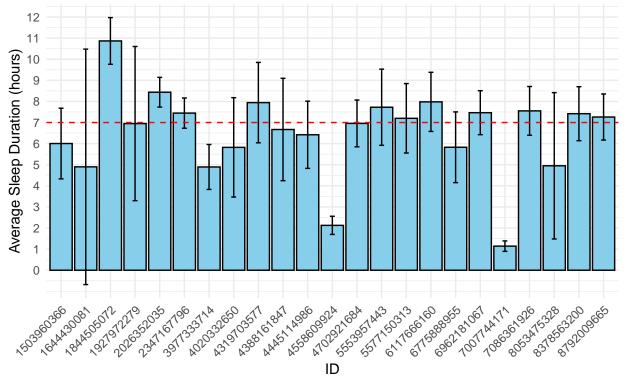


```
#Error bars
# Convert average_sleep_minutes and standard_deviation_sleep_minutes to hours
sleep_df$average_sleep_hours <- sleep_df$average_sleep_minutes / 60</pre>
sleep_df$standard_deviation_sleep_hours <- sleep_df$standard_deviation_sleep_minutes / 60</pre>
# Create a bar plot for each 'id' with error bars representing standard deviation
ggplot(sleep_df, aes(x = id, y = average_sleep_hours)) +
 geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "skyblue", color = "black") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = average_sleep_hours - standard_deviation_sleep_minutes / 60,
                    ymax = average_sleep_hours + standard_deviation_sleep_minutes / 60),
                width = 0.2, position = position dodge(0.9), color = "black") +
  labs(x = "ID", y = "Average Sleep Duration (hours)",
       title = "Sleep Consistency: Average Sleep Duration with Error Bars",
       subtitle = "Error bars represent the standard deviation around the mean.") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 7, linetype = "dashed", color = "red") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 12, 1)) # Adjust the range as needed
```

Sleep Duration Consistency

Sleep Consistency: Average Sleep Duration with Error Bars

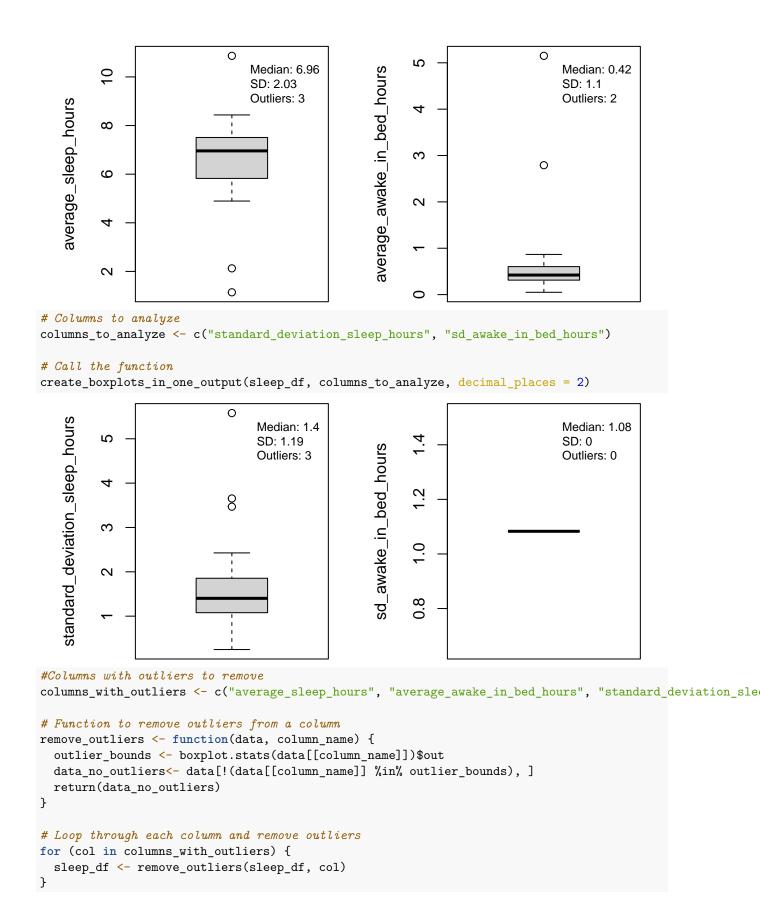
Error bars represent the standard deviation around the mean.



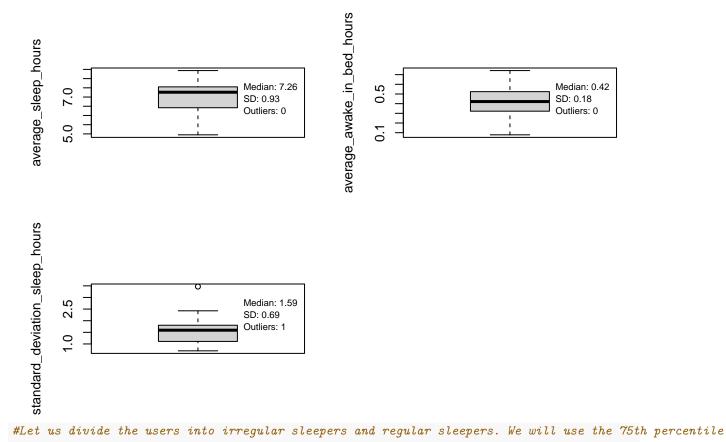
sleep_df

```
## # A tibble: 24 x 9
##
                      n average_sl~1 avera~2 stand~3 stand~4 time_~5 avera~6 sd_aw~7
##
      <chr>
                  <int>
                                <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
    1 1503960366
                                 6.00
                                          6.39
                                                 1.67
                                                          1.63
                                                                   0.382
                                                                           0.382
                                                                                     1.08
##
                     25
##
    2 1644430081
                      4
                                 4.9
                                          5.77
                                                 5.58
                                                          6.84
                                                                   0.867
                                                                           0.867
                                                                                     1.08
    3 1844505072
                      3
                                10.9
                                         16.0
                                                                                     1.08
##
                                                 1.11
                                                                   5.15
                                                                           5.15
##
    4 1927972279
                      5
                                 6.95
                                          7.30
                                                 3.65
                                                          3.73
                                                                   0.347
                                                                           0.347
                                                                                     1.08
##
    5 2026352035
                     28
                                 8.44
                                          8.96
                                                 0.704
                                                          0.707
                                                                   0.524
                                                                           0.524
                                                                                     1.08
##
    6 2320127002
                      1
                                 1.02
                                          1.15 NA
                                                         NA
                                                                   0.133
                                                                           0.133
                                                                                     1.08
    7 2347167796
                     15
                                 7.45
                                          8.19
                                                 0.716
                                                          0.827
                                                                   0.742
                                                                           0.742
                                                                                     1.08
    8 3977333714
                                          7.69
                     28
                                 4.89
                                                 1.07
                                                          1.24
                                                                   2.79
                                                                           2.79
                                                                                     1.08
##
```

```
## 9 4020332650
                     8
                                5.82
                                        6.33
                                                2.35
                                                        2.64
                                                                 0.506
                                                                         0.506
                                                                                   1.08
## 10 4319703577
                    26
                                7.94
                                        8.37
                                                1.90
                                                        1.97
                                                                 0.422
                                                                         0.422
                                                                                   1.08
## # ... with 14 more rows, and abbreviated variable names 1: average sleep hours,
       2: average_time_in_bed_hours, 3: standard_deviation_sleep_hours,
       4: standard_deviation_time_in_bed_hours, 5: time_difference_hours,
## #
       6: average_awake_in_bed_hours, 7: sd_awake_in_bed_hours
# Drop ID "2320127002" due to insufficient data for computing mean and standard deviation.
sleep_df <- sleep_df %>%
filter(id != "2320127002")
dim(sleep_df)
## [1] 23 9
create_boxplots_in_one_output <- function(data_frame, columns_to_analyze, decimal_places = 2) {</pre>
  num_columns <- length(columns_to_analyze)</pre>
  num_rows <- ceiling(num_columns / 2)</pre>
  par(mfrow = c(num_rows, 2)) # Set the plotting layout
  for (i in 1:num_columns) {
    column_name <- columns_to_analyze[i]</pre>
    boxplot(data_frame[[column_name]],
            ylab = column_name)
    median_value <- median(data_frame[[column_name]])</pre>
    std dev <- round(sd(data frame[[column name]]), decimal places)</pre>
    outliers <- boxplot.stats(data_frame[[column_name]])$out</pre>
    num_outliers <- length(outliers)</pre>
    legend_label <- paste("Median:", round(median_value, decimal_places),</pre>
                           "\nSD:", std_dev,
                           "\nOutliers:", num_outliers)
    legend("topright", legend = legend_label, pch = "", col = "black", bty = "n", cex = 0.75)
 par(mfrow = c(1, 1)) # Reset the plotting layout to default
# Columns to analyze
columns to analyze <- c("average sleep hours", "average awake in bed hours")
# Call the function to create boxplots in one output
create_boxplots_in_one_output(sleep_df, columns_to_analyze, decimal_places = 2)
```



```
sleep_df
## # A tibble: 17 x 9
##
                     n average_sl~1 avera~2 stand~3 stand~4 time_~5 avera~6 sd_aw~7
##
      <chr>
                 <int>
                               <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl>
##
   1 1503960366
                                6.00
                                        6.39
                                                        1.63
                                                               0.382
                                                                       0.382
                                                                                  1.08
                    25
                                               1.67
##
    2 2026352035
                    28
                                8.44
                                        8.96
                                               0.704
                                                        0.707
                                                               0.524
                                                                       0.524
                                                                                  1.08
## 3 2347167796
                    15
                                7.45
                                        8.19
                                               0.716
                                                       0.827
                                                               0.742
                                                                       0.742
                                                                                  1.08
## 4 4020332650
                     8
                                5.82
                                        6.33
                                               2.35
                                                        2.64
                                                               0.506
                                                                       0.506
                                                                                  1.08
## 5 4319703577
                                7.94
                    26
                                        8.37
                                               1.90
                                                        1.97
                                                               0.422
                                                                       0.422
                                                                                  1.08
##
   6 4388161847
                    23
                                6.67
                                        7.05
                                               2.43
                                                        2.58
                                                               0.384
                                                                       0.384
                                                                                  1.08
## 7 4445114986
                    28
                                6.42
                                        6.95
                                               1.59
                                                       1.73
                                                               0.527
                                                                       0.527
                                                                                  1.08
## 8 4702921684
                    27
                                6.96
                                        7.30
                                               1.11
                                                       1.13
                                                               0.346
                                                                       0.346
                                                                                  1.08
## 9 5553957443
                                7.72
                                                                                  1.08
                    31
                                        8.43
                                               1.80
                                                        1.91
                                                               0.706
                                                                       0.706
## 10 5577150313
                                        7.68
                    26
                                7.2
                                               1.65
                                                        1.79
                                                               0.477
                                                                       0.477
                                                                                  1.08
## 11 6117666160
                    18
                                7.98
                                        8.50
                                               1.40
                                                        1.55
                                                               0.523
                                                                       0.523
                                                                                  1.08
## 12 6775888955
                     3
                                5.83
                                        6.15
                                               1.68
                                                        1.60
                                                               0.322
                                                                       0.322
                                                                                  1.08
## 13 6962181067
                    31
                                7.47
                                        7.77
                                               1.04
                                                        1.11
                                                               0.302
                                                                       0.302
                                                                                  1.08
## 14 7086361926
                    24
                                7.55
                                        7.77
                                               1.16
                                                        1.18
                                                               0.222
                                                                       0.222
                                                                                  1.08
                     3
                                        5.03
## 15 8053475328
                                4.95
                                               3.47
                                                        3.52
                                                               0.0778 0.0778
                                                                                  1.08
## 16 8378563200
                    31
                                7.42
                                        8.10
                                               1.28
                                                        1.45
                                                               0.680
                                                                       0.680
                                                                                  1.08
                                7.26
## 17 8792009665
                    15
                                        7.56
                                               1.09
                                                        1.15
                                                               0.302
                                                                       0.302
                                                                                  1.08
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: average_sleep_hours,
       2: average_time_in_bed_hours, 3: standard_deviation_sleep_hours,
       4: standard_deviation_time_in_bed_hours, 5: time_difference_hours,
## #
       6: average_awake_in_bed_hours, 7: sd_awake_in_bed_hours
# Check if outliers were removed
columns_to_analyze <- c("average_sleep_hours", "average_awake_in_bed_hours", "standard_deviation_sleep_</pre>
# Call the function to create boxplots in one output
create_boxplots_in_one_output(sleep_df, columns_to_analyze, decimal_places = 2)
```



Define the Threshold (e.g., using the 75th percentile)
threshold <- quantile(sleep_df\$standard_deviation_sleep_hours, 0.75)
Create a new column "sleeper_type" based on the threshold
sleep_df\$sleeper_type <- ifelse(sleep_df\$standard_deviation_sleep_hours > threshold, "irregular", "regu

A tibble: 17 x 10 ## n avera~1 avera~2 stand~3 stand~4 time_~5 avera~6 sd_aw~7 sleep~8 ## <chr> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> ## 1 150396~ 25 6.00 6.39 1.67 1.63 0.382 0.382 1.08 regular ## 2 202635~ 28 8.44 8.96 0.704 0.707 0.524 0.524 1.08 regular ## 3 234716~ 15 7.45 8.19 0.716 0.827 0.742 0.742 1.08 regular 5.82 2.35 0.506 ## 4 402033~ 8 6.33 2.64 0.506 1.08 irregu~ ## 5 431970~ 26 7.94 8.37 1.90 1.97 0.422 0.422 1.08 irregu~ ## 6 438816~ 23 6.67 7.05 2.43 2.58 0.384 0.384 1.08 irregu~ ## 7 444511~ 28 6.42 6.95 1.59 1.73 0.527 0.527 1.08 regular 8 470292~ 27 6.96 7.30 1.11 1.13 0.346 0.346 1.08 regular 7.72 9 555395~ 8.43 0.706 0.706 1.08 regular ## 31 1.80 1.91 ## 10 557715~ 26 7.2 7.68 1.65 1.79 0.477 0.477 1.08 regular ## 11 611766~ 18 7.98 8.50 1.40 1.55 0.523 0.523 1.08 regular ## 12 677588~ 3 5.83 1.68 0.322 0.322 1.08 regular 6.15 1.60 7.47 0.302 0.302 ## 13 696218~ 31 7.77 1.04 1.11 1.08 regular ## 14 708636~ 7.55 24 7.77 1.16 1.18 0.222 0.222 1.08 regular ## 15 805347~ 3 4.95 5.03 3.47 3.52 0.0778 0.0778 1.08 irregu~ ## 16 837856~ 31 7.42 8.10 1.28 1.45 0.680 0.680 1.08 regular

sleep_df

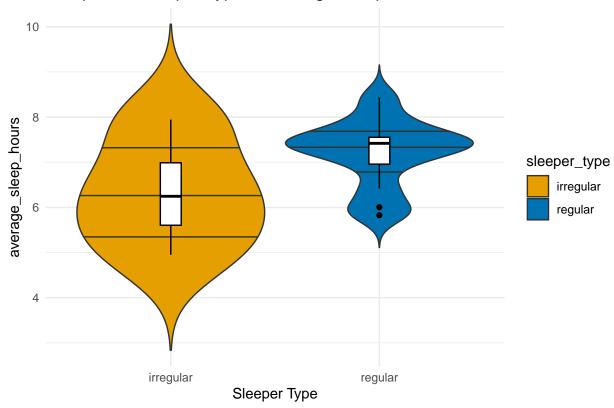
```
## 17 879200~
                 15
                       7.26
                                7.56
                                       1.09
                                               1.15
                                                       0.302
                                                               0.302
                                                                         1.08 regular
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: average_sleep_hours,
       2: average_time_in_bed_hours, 3: standard_deviation_sleep_hours,
       4: standard_deviation_time_in_bed_hours, 5: time_difference_hours,
       6: average_awake_in_bed_hours, 7: sd_awake_in_bed_hours, 8: sleeper_type
# sleep_type counts
table(sleep_df$sleeper_type)
##
## irregular
               regular
sleep_df
## # A tibble: 17 x 10
##
                  n avera~1 avera~2 stand~3 stand~4 time_~5 avera~6 sd_aw~7 sleep~8
##
                                       <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl> <chr>
      <chr>
              <int>
                      <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
##
    1 150396~
                       6.00
                                6.39
                                       1.67
                                               1.63
                                                       0.382
                                                               0.382
                                                                         1.08 regular
                 25
                                       0.704
##
   2 202635~
                 28
                       8.44
                                8.96
                                               0.707 0.524
                                                               0.524
                                                                         1.08 regular
   3 234716~
                       7.45
                                8.19
                                       0.716
                                               0.827
                                                     0.742
                                                               0.742
                                                                         1.08 regular
                 15
## 4 402033~
                  8
                       5.82
                                6.33
                                       2.35
                                               2.64
                                                       0.506
                                                               0.506
                                                                         1.08 irregu~
## 5 431970~
                       7.94
                                       1.90
                                               1.97
                                                       0.422
                                                               0.422
                 26
                                8.37
                                                                         1.08 irregu~
## 6 438816~
                 23
                       6.67
                                7.05
                                       2.43
                                               2.58
                                                       0.384
                                                               0.384
                                                                         1.08 irregu~
## 7 444511~
                 28
                       6.42
                                6.95
                                       1.59
                                               1.73
                                                       0.527
                                                               0.527
                                                                         1.08 regular
## 8 470292~
                 27
                       6.96
                                7.30
                                                       0.346
                                                                         1.08 regular
                                       1.11
                                               1.13
                                                               0.346
                       7.72
## 9 555395~
                 31
                                8.43
                                       1.80
                                               1.91
                                                       0.706
                                                               0.706
                                                                         1.08 regular
## 10 557715~
                       7.2
                                7.68
                                       1.65
                                               1.79
                                                       0.477
                                                                         1.08 regular
                 26
                                                               0.477
## 11 611766~
                 18
                       7.98
                                8.50
                                       1.40
                                               1.55
                                                       0.523
                                                               0.523
                                                                         1.08 regular
## 12 677588~
                       5.83
                                       1.68
                                               1.60
                                                       0.322
                                                               0.322
                                                                         1.08 regular
                  3
                                6.15
## 13 696218~
                       7.47
                                7.77
                                       1.04
                                               1.11
                                                       0.302
                                                               0.302
                                                                         1.08 regular
                 31
                                                                         1.08 regular
## 14 708636~
                 24
                       7.55
                                7.77
                                       1.16
                                               1.18
                                                       0.222
                                                               0.222
## 15 805347~
                  3
                        4.95
                                5.03
                                       3.47
                                               3.52
                                                       0.0778
                                                               0.0778
                                                                         1.08 irregu~
## 16 837856~
                 31
                        7.42
                                8.10
                                       1.28
                                               1.45
                                                       0.680
                                                               0.680
                                                                         1.08 regular
## 17 879200~
                        7.26
                                7.56
                                       1.09
                                                       0.302
                                                               0.302
                                                                         1.08 regular
                 15
                                               1.15
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: average sleep hours,
       2: average_time_in_bed_hours, 3: standard_deviation_sleep_hours,
       4: standard_deviation_time_in_bed_hours, 5: time_difference_hours,
       6: average_awake_in_bed_hours, 7: sd_awake_in_bed_hours, 8: sleeper_type
color options <- c("#E69F00", "#0072B2") # Blue: "#0072B2", Orange: "#E69F00"
# Function to create the violin plot for a given y-axis column
create_violin_plot <- function(data, x_axis_col, y_axis_col) {</pre>
  ggplot(data, aes_string(x = x_axis_col, y = y_axis_col, fill = x_axis_col)) +
    geom_violin(scale = "width", draw_quantiles = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), trim = FALSE) +
    geom boxplot(width = 0.1, fill = "white", color = "black") +
    labs(x = "Sleeper Type", y = y_axis_col, title = paste("Comparison",x_axis_col,"for", y_axis_col))
    scale_fill_manual(values = color_options) +
    theme_minimal()
# Call the function to create the violin plots for each column
for (col in c("average_sleep_hours", "standard_deviation_sleep_hours", "average_awake_in_bed_hours", "sd
  plot <- create_violin_plot(sleep_df, "sleeper_type", col)</pre>
```

print(plot)

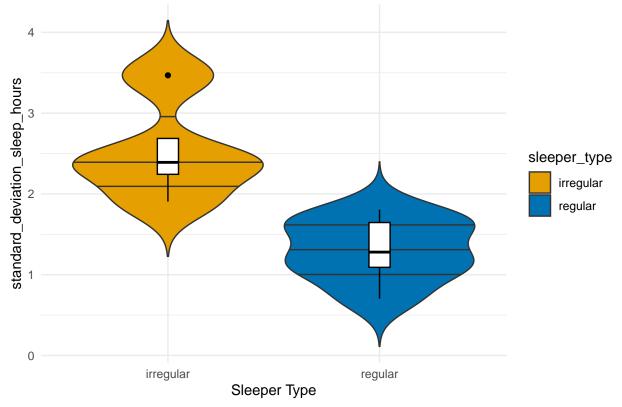
}

Warning: `aes_string()` was deprecated in ggplot2 3.0.0.
i Please use tidy evaluation ideoms with `aes()`

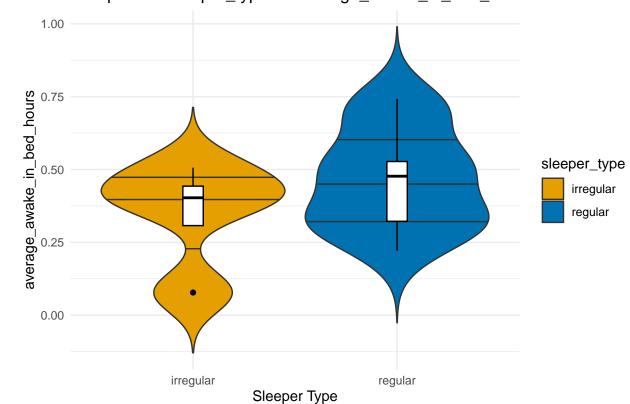
Comparison sleeper_type for average_sleep_hours

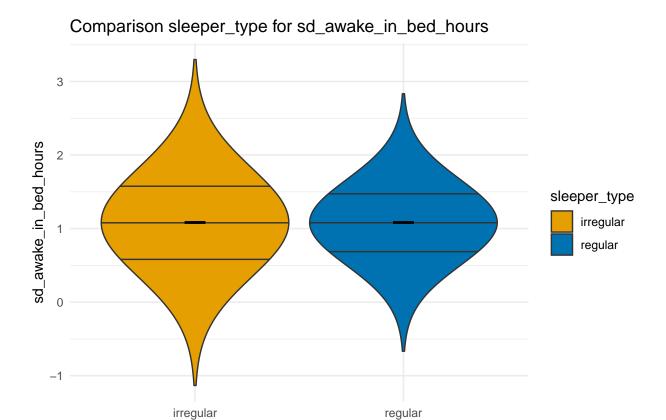


Comparison sleeper_type for standard_deviation_sleep_hours



Comparison sleeper_type for average_awake_in_bed_hours





Observations:

• Regular sleepers tend to have higher median average sleep hours compared to irregular sleepers. This suggests that individuals classified as regular sleepers are likely getting more sleep on average than those categorized as irregular sleepers.

Sleeper Type

- Additionally, the spread of the "average_sleep_hours" for irregular sleepers appears to be wider, indicating more variability in their sleep duration. In contrast, the violin plot for regular sleepers shows a narrower spread, suggesting that their sleep duration is more consistent.
- Regular sleepers exhibit a slightly higher median average awake-in-bed duration compared to irregular sleepers.

Summary: Regular sleepers get more sleep on average, have a more consistent sleep duration, and slightly higher median awake-in-bed duration than irregular sleepers.

EDA for hourly activity clean

EDA for seconds heartrate clean

EDA for weight logs clean

- Weight Reporting Behavior: Assess the reporting behavior of users using the IsManualReport variable. Calculate the percentage of manual weight reports compared to total weight reports to determine how actively users are providing weight updates. This can indicate user engagement and motivation to track their weight.
- Data Completeness: Analyze the completeness and quality of data using variables such as LogId. Assess if there are missing or erroneous data points that may impact the analysis. Exclude or handle such data points appropriately to ensure accurate insights.

- BMI distribution (percentage above normal BMI)
- Weight Trends: Analyze the trends in weight over time (Date) to understand if users are experiencing weight loss, gain, or stability. Plotting weight (WeightKg or WeightPounds) against time can reveal patterns, fluctuations, or significant changes in weight. You can also calculate descriptive statistics such as average weight, standard deviation, or rate of weight change to gain insights into user behavior.

Insights and recommendations

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/68/wr/mm6823a1.htm file:///Users/vivianbarros/Desktop/Physical Activity Guidelines 2nd edition.pdf

Appendix

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/13035834/plot-every-column-in-a-data-frame-as-a-histogram-on-one-page-using-ggplot

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/13035834/plot-every-column-in-a-data-frame-as-a-histogram-on-one-page-using-ggplot

Another source

#paper https://dl.acm.org/doi/pdf/10.1145/3339825.3394926

kaggle https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/arashnic/fitbit/discussion/313589?page=2

this is it:

https://www.cdc.gov/physicalactivity/data/inactivity-prevalence-maps/index.html#Race-Ethnicity

https://www.bls.gov/tus/data/datafiles-0321.htm

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/databriefs/db443.htm

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/databriefs/db443.htm

Reference:

- EDA: https://rpubs.com/jovial/r
- $\bullet \ \, Histograms: \ https://statisticsbyjim.com/basics/histograms/\ https://blog.minitab.com/en/3-things-a-histogram-can-tell-you$

 $\label{lem:categorical} Categorical, ordinal, interval, and ratio variables: $https://www.graphpad.com/guides/prism/latest/statistic s/the different kinds of variabl.htm$

Add density line to histogram: https://r-coder.com/density-plot-r

• Error bars vs CI: https://blogs.sas.com/content/iml/2019/10/09/statistic-error-bars-mean.html