

EXERCISE 9: IDEMPOTENCE OF THE CLOSING-OPENING

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1 Idempotence of the 'closing-opening'

In this document, it is going to be explained the idempotence of the 'closing-opening' morphological operations.

The assumptions we have are:

- 1. $\gamma(I) = \gamma \gamma(I)$
- $2. \varphi(I) = \varphi \varphi(I)$
- 3. γ is antiextensive and φ is extensive. Hence, $\varphi_B(I) \leq \gamma_B(I)$.

Hence, if we apply the closing-opening operation $(\varphi\gamma(I))$, as the opening operation is idempotent, it would be equal to $(\varphi\varphi\varphi\gamma(I))$. Now, if we change a closing operation by an opening one, it would result in:

$$\varphi\varphi\varphi\gamma(I) \le \varphi\gamma\varphi\gamma(I)$$

On the other hand, if we expand the opening operation $(\varphi \gamma \gamma \gamma(I))$ and change a opening operation by a closing one, it would result in:

$$\varphi\gamma\gamma\gamma(I) \geq \varphi\gamma\varphi\gamma(I)$$

Using this two operations, we can conclude that:

$$\varphi\gamma(I) = \varphi\gamma\varphi\gamma(I)$$