Quiz Practice Problems

Problem 1. For each statement below, circle True if the statement is known to be true, False if the statement is known to be false, and Open if the statement is not known to be either true or false. Ensure that you pay careful attention to the formal definitions of asymptotic notation in your responses.

1. True	False	Open	If your model is overfitting, then VC theory predicts that you should increase the size of your VC dimension.
2. True	False	Open	If your model is underfitting, VC theory predicts that you should increase the size of your VC dimension.
3. True	False	Open	If you are training a logistic regression model that has low in-sample error $E_{\rm in}$ but high generalization error $ E_{\rm in}-E_{\rm out} $, then VC theory predicts that increasing the number of data points N in the training set will result in better performance than increasing the number of dimensions d .
4. True	False	0pen	If you are training a logistic regression model with the polynomial kernel that has high in-sample error $E_{\rm in}$ and low generalization error $ E_{\rm in}-E_{\rm out} $, then VC theory predicts that increasing the degree of the kernel is more likely to improve performance than decreasing the degree of the kernel.
5. True	False	Open	You have trained a logistic regression model with L2 regularization. If your training set size N increases, then the optimal soft order constraint regularization hyperparameter C will also increase.
6. True	False	Open	You have trained a logistic regression model with L1 regularization. If your training set size N increases, then the optimal augmented error regularization hyperparameter λ will also increase.
7. True	False	Open	You have trained a logistic regression model with L1 regularization. If your number of feature dimensions d increases, then the optimal soft order constraint regularization hyperparameter C will also increase.
8. True	False	Open	You have trained a logistic regression model with elastic net regularization. If your number of feature dimensions d increases, then the optimal augmented error regularization hyperparameter λ will also increase.
9. True	False	Open	When training a logistic regression model, if you want the weight vector to be sparse, then you should prefer L1 regularization to L2 regularization.

10. True	False	Open	When training a logistic regression model using L2 regularization, increasing the value of the augmented error regularization hyperparameter λ increases the VC dimension.
11. True	False	Open	The elastic net regularization function cannot be applied with the polynomial kernel to a logistic regression model.
12. True	False	Open	You have trained a logistic regression model with the PCA kernel and used a test set to determine that the optimal output dimension k is 200. If your training set size N increases, then VC theory predicts that the optimal value for k will increase.
13. True	False	Open	You have trained a MLP with the ReLU activation function and used a test set to determine that the optimal number of layers is 5 and optimal width is 100. If your training set size N increases, and you keep the number of layers the same, then VC theory predicts that the optimal width of those layers will increase.
14. True	False	0pen	You have trained a boosted decision stump model and used a test set to determine that the optimal number of base classifiers T is 1000. If instead of training a decision stump, you train a decision tree of depth 2, then the optimal number of base classifiers will increase.
15. True	False	Open	The VC dimension of neural networks with the ReLU activation function is $\Theta(Ek\log(E))$, where k and E is as-defined in the notes.
16. True	False	Open	The VC dimension of neural networks with the identity activation function is $O(dE)$.
17. True	False	Open	Assume you are training a boosted decision stump model on a dataset with $N=10^6$ and $d=10^6$. Then in the limit as the number of base models T approaches infinity, the training error is guaranteed to approach 0 for all possible datasets.
18. True	False	Open	Assume you are training an SVM with the random features kernel with output dimension d' . Then in the limit as d' approaches infinity, the training error is guaranteed to approach 0 for all possible datasets.
19. True	False	Open	In vowpal wabbit, increasing thebit_precision hyperparameter increases the model's VC dimension.

20. True	False	Open	In vowpal wabbit, increasing the <code>hash_seed</code> hyperparameter increases the model's VC dimension.
21. True	False	Open	In vowpal wabbit, increasing the <code>ngrams</code> hyperparameter increases the model's VC dimension.
22. True	False	Open	In scikit-learn's sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier model, increasing the value of the hyperparameter max_depth increases the VC dimension.
23. True	False	Open	You have trained a scikit-learn sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier model, but it is underfitting. VC theory predicts that increasing the value of min_samples_split will be more likely to improve performance than decreasing this value.
24. True	False	Open	You are training a scikit-learn sklearn.ensemble.AdaBoostClassifier model with base_estimator set to sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier. In order to keep the VC dimension of your model constant, if you increase the value of n_estimators for the AdaBoostClassifier, then you should also increase the value of max_depth for the DecisionTreeClassifier.
25. True	False	Open	You are training a scikit-learn sklearn.ensemble.AdaBoostClassifier model with base_estimator set to sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier. In order to keep the VC dimension of your model constant, if you increase the value of min_samples_split for the DecisionTreeClassifier then you should also increase the value of n_estimators for the AdaBoostClassifier.
26. True	False	Open	You are using transfer learning to train the final layer of a deep neural network for your specific task. The ResNet50 model has 50 hidden layers and the ResNet18 model has only 18 hidden layers, and in both cases all layers have the same width. VC theory predicts that if you use the ResNet50 model you will have a higher generalization error than if you use the ResNet18 model.
27. True	False	Open	You are using transfer learning to train the final layer of a deep neural network for your specific task. The VGG13 model has 13 hidden layers and the VGG19 model has 19 hidden layers, and in both cases all layers have the same width. VC theory predicts that if you use the VGG13 model you will have a higher generalization error than if you use the VGG19 model.