## **Estimation of Block Recursive Models**

The MATLAB codes used to solve/simulate the model can be found here. We start restating the simulation results from the last problem set. <sup>1</sup>

Table 1: Simulation Results (T = 200)

Moment	Value
Avg. Unemployment rate	0.055
$\sigma_u/\sigma_z$	6.73

It is important to highlight that the results are very sensitive to the number of periods in the simulation.

Table 2: Simulation Results (T = 1000)

Moment	Value
Avg. Unemployment rate	0.064
$\sigma_u/\sigma_z$	3.49

We proceed using the instructions in the enunciate and run the simulation for T = 200 targeting an average unemployment rate of 6.5%.

$$b^* = \arg\min \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} (u_t - 0.065)^2$$

Then we follow the instructions to compute the numerical derivative of the objective function with respect to the parameter b.

After correcting typos and rerunning the simulations I got more reasonable results for the average unemployment rate.

Table 3: Model Parameters

Parameter	Value		
β	0.996		
$\sigma$	0		
$\kappa$	1.89		
$\alpha$	1		
$\chi$	2		
а	1/3		
$\gamma$	0.6		
$rac{\gamma}{\delta}$	0.012		
$\sigma_{\epsilon}$	0.01		
ρ	0.98		
Calibrated parameters	Value	Model	Data
	0.83	0.0653	0.065
$\hat{\sigma}_{\epsilon}$	(0.0006)		

## References

G. Menzio and S. Shi. Efficient search on the job and the business cycle. *Journal of Political Economy*, 119(3):468–510, 2011.