

RWorksheet_Garrido-3b

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1. Create a data frame using the table below

```
#a. Write the codes.
Respondents <- 1:20
Sex = c(2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2)
Fathers_Occupation = c(1,3,3,3,1,2,3,1,1,1,3,2,1,3,3,1,3,1,2,1)
Persons_at_Home = c(5,7,3,8,5,9,6,7,8,4,7,5,4,7,8,8,3,11,7,6)
Siblings_at_School = c(6,4,4,1,2,1,5,3,1,2,3,2,5,5,2,1,2,5,3,2)

Types_of_Houses = c(1,2,3,1,1,3,3,1,2,3,2,3,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,2)

respondents_data <- data.frame(
  Respondents,
  Sex,
  Fathers_Occupation,
  Persons_at_Home,
  Siblings_at_School,
  Types_of_Houses
)
```

```
#b. Describe the data. Get the structure or the summary of the data
respondents_data
```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1            1   2                  1             5               6
## 2            2   2                  3             7               4
## 3            3   1                  3             3               4
## 4            4   2                  3             8               1
## 5            5   2                  1             5               2
## 6            6   2                  2             9               1
## 7            7   2                  3             6               5
## 8            8   2                  1             7               3
## 9            9   2                  1             8               1
## 10          10   2                  1             4               2
## 11          11   1                  3             7               3
## 12          12   2                  2             5               2
## 13          13   2                  1             4               5
## 14          14   2                  3             7               5
## 15          15   2                  3             8               2
## 16          16   2                  1             8               1
## 17          17   2                  3             3               2
## 18          18   2                  1            11               5
## 19          19   1                  2             7               3
```

```

## 20      20  2          1          6          2
##   Types_of_Houses
## 1      1
## 2      2
## 3      3
## 4      1
## 5      1
## 6      3
## 7      3
## 8      1
## 9      2
## 10     3
## 11     2
## 12     3
## 13     2
## 14     2
## 15     3
## 16     3
## 17     3
## 18     3
## 19     3
## 20     2

str(respondents_data)

## 'data.frame': 20 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ Respondents : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ Sex         : num 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Fathers_Occupation: num 1 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ Persons_at_Home : num 5 7 3 8 5 9 6 7 8 4 ...
## $ Siblings_at_School: num 6 4 4 1 2 1 5 3 1 2 ...
## $ Types_of_Houses : num 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 ...

summary(respondents_data)

##    Respondents      Sex   Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home
## Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :1.00   Min.   :1.00       Min.   : 3.0
## 1st Qu.: 5.75   1st Qu.:2.00   1st Qu.:1.00       1st Qu.: 5.0
## Median :10.50   Median :2.00   Median :2.00       Median : 7.0
## Mean   :10.50   Mean   :1.85   Mean   :1.95       Mean   : 6.4
## 3rd Qu.:15.25   3rd Qu.:2.00   3rd Qu.:3.00       3rd Qu.: 8.0
## Max.   :20.00   Max.   :2.00   Max.   :3.00       Max.   :11.0
## 
##    Siblings_at_School Types_of_Houses
## Min.   :1.00      Min.   :1.0
## 1st Qu.:2.00      1st Qu.:2.0
## Median :2.50      Median :2.5
## Mean   :2.95      Mean   :2.3
## 3rd Qu.:4.25      3rd Qu.:3.0
## Max.   :6.00      Max.   :3.0

#c. Is the mean number of siblings attending is 5?
mean(Siblings_at_School)

## [1] 2.95
#2.95, not 5

```

#d. Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the subsetting functions.
respondents_data[1:2,]

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1           1   2                   1               5                 6
## 2           2   2                   3               7                 4
##   Types_of_Houses
## 1           1
## 2           2
respondents_data
```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1           1   2                   1               5                 6
## 2           2   2                   3               7                 4
## 3           3   1                   3               3                 4
## 4           4   2                   3               8                 1
## 5           5   2                   1               5                 2
## 6           6   2                   2               9                 1
## 7           7   2                   3               6                 5
## 8           8   2                   1               7                 3
## 9           9   2                   1               8                 1
## 10          10  2                   1               4                 2
## 11          11  1                   3               7                 3
## 12          12  2                   2               5                 2
## 13          13  2                   1               4                 5
## 14          14  2                   3               7                 5
## 15          15  2                   3               8                 2
## 16          16  2                   1               8                 1
## 17          17  2                   3               3                 2
## 18          18  2                   1              11                 5
## 19          19  1                   2               7                 3
## 20          20  2                   1               6                 2
##   Types_of_Houses
## 1           1
## 2           2
## 3           3
## 4           1
## 5           1
## 6           3
## 7           3
## 8           1
## 9           2
## 10          3
## 11          2
## 12          3
## 13          2
## 14          2
## 15          3
## 16          3
## 17          3
## 18          3
## 19          3
## 20          2
```

```
#e. Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column.  
respondents_data[c(3,5), c(2,4)]
```

```
##   Sex Persons_at_Home  
## 3   1             3  
## 5   2             5
```

```
respondents_data
```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School  
## 1            1   2                   1           5               6  
## 2            2   2                   3           7               4  
## 3            3   1                   3           3               4  
## 4            4   2                   3           8               1  
## 5            5   2                   1           5               2  
## 6            6   2                   2           9               1  
## 7            7   2                   3           6               5  
## 8            8   2                   1           7               3  
## 9            9   2                   1           8               1  
## 10          10   2                   1           4               2  
## 11          11   1                   3           7               3  
## 12          12   2                   2           5               2  
## 13          13   2                   1           4               5  
## 14          14   2                   3           7               5  
## 15          15   2                   3           8               2  
## 16          16   2                   1           8               1  
## 17          17   2                   3           3               2  
## 18          18   2                   1           11              5  
## 19          19   1                   2           7               3  
## 20          20   2                   1           6               2  
##   Types_of_Houses  
## 1            1  
## 2            2  
## 3            3  
## 4            1  
## 5            1  
## 6            3  
## 7            3  
## 8            1  
## 9            2  
## 10           3  
## 11           2  
## 12           3  
## 13           2  
## 14           2  
## 15           3  
## 16           3  
## 17           3  
## 18           3  
## 19           3  
## 20           2
```

```
#f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as types_houses.
```

```
types_houses <- respondents_data$Types_of_Houses
```

```
types_houses
```

```

## [1] 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2
#g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer.
all_Males <- subset(respondents_data, Sex == 1 & Fathers_Occupation == 1)
all_Males

## [1] Respondents      Sex          Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home
## [5] Siblings_at_School Types_of_Houses
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)

#h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending
all_Females <- subset(respondents_data, Sex == 2 & Siblings_at_School >= 5)
all_Females

##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1            1   2                 1             5               6
## 7            7   2                 3             6               5
## 13           13   2                 1             4               5
## 14           14   2                 3             7               5
## 18           18   2                 1            11              5
##   Types_of_Houses
## 1            1
## 7            3
## 13           2
## 14           2
## 18           3

```

2. Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following codes:

```

df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),
Doubles=double(), Characters=character(),
Logicals=logical(),
Factors=factor(),
stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")

## [1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"
print(str(df))

## 'data.frame': 0 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ Ints      : int
## $ Doubles   : num
## $ Characters: chr
## $ Logicals  : logi
## $ Factors   : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL

```

3. Create a .csv file of this. Save it as HouseholdData.csv

```

Respondents <- 1:10
Sex <- c("Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Female", "Male")
Fathers_Occupation <- c(1,2,3,3,1,2,2,3,1,3)
Persons_at_Home <- c(5,7,3,8,6,4,4,2,11,6)
Siblings_at_School <- c(2,3,0,5,2,3,1,2,6,2)
Types_of_Houses <- c("Wood", "Concrete", "Concrete", "Wood", "Semi-concrete", "Semi-concrete",

```

```
"Wood","Semi-concrete","Semi-concrete","Concrete")
```

```
HouseholdData <- data.frame(  
  Respondents,  
  Sex,  
  Fathers_Occupation,  
  Persons_at_Home,  
  Siblings_at_School,  
  Types_of_Houses  
)
```

```
HouseholdData
```

```
##   Respondents   Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School  
## 1           1 Male             1                 5                  2  
## 2           2 Female          2                 7                  3  
## 3           3 Female          3                 3                  0  
## 4           4 Male             4                 3                  8                  5  
## 5           5 Male             5                 1                  6                  2  
## 6           6 Female          6                 2                  4                  3  
## 7           7 Female          7                 2                  4                  1  
## 8           8 Male             8                 3                  2                  2  
## 9           9 Female          9                 1                 11                  6  
## 10          10 Male            10                3                  6                  2  
##   Types_of_Houses  
## 1           Wood  
## 2           Concrete  
## 3           Concrete  
## 4           Wood  
## 5           Semi-concrete  
## 6           Semi-concrete  
## 7           Wood  
## 8           Semi-concrete  
## 9           Semi-concrete  
## 10          Concrete
```

```
write.csv(HouseholdData, file = "HouseholdData.csv", row.names = TRUE )
```

```
data_set1 <- read.csv("HouseholdData.csv", header = TRUE)  
data_set1
```

```
##   X Respondents   Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School  
## 1 1           1 Male             1                 5                  2  
## 2 2           2 Female          2                 7                  3  
## 3 3           3 Female          3                 3                  0  
## 4 4           4 Male             4                 3                  8                  5  
## 5 5           5 Male             5                 1                  6                  2  
## 6 6           6 Female          6                 2                  4                  3  
## 7 7           7 Female          7                 2                  4                  1  
## 8 8           8 Male             8                 3                  2                  2  
## 9 9           9 Female          9                 1                 11                  6  
## 10 10          10 Male            10                3                  6                  2  
##   Types_of_Houses  
## 1           Wood
```

```

## 2      Concrete
## 3      Concrete
## 4      Wood
## 5      Semi-concrete
## 6      Semi-concrete
## 7      Wood
## 8      Semi-concrete
## 9      Semi-concrete
## 10     Concrete

```

#b. Convert the Sex into factor using factor() function and change it into integer. [Legend: Male = 1 and Female = 2]. Write the R codes and its output.

```
HouseholdData$Sex <- factor(HouseholdData$Sex, levels = c("Male", "Female"), labels = c(1, 2))
```

#c. Convert the Type of Houses into factor and change it into integer. [Legend: Wood #= 1; Concrete = 2; Semi-Concrete = 3]. Write the R codes and its output.

```
HouseholdData$Types_of_Houses <- factor(HouseholdData$Types_of_Houses, levels = c("Wood", "Concrete", "Semi-concrete"))
```

```
HouseholdData$Types_of_Houses
```

```
## [1] 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 2
## Levels: 1 2 3
```

#d. On father's occupation, factor it as Farmer = 1; Driver = 2; and Others = 3. What is the R code and its output?

```
HouseholdData$Fathers_Occupation <- factor(HouseholdData$Fathers_Occupation, levels = c(1, 2, 3), labels = c("Farmer", "Driver", "Others"))
```

```
HouseholdData$Fathers_Occupation
```

```
## [1] Farmer Driver Others Others Farmer Driver Driver Others Farmer Others
## Levels: Farmer Driver Others
```

#e. Select only all females respondent that has a father whose occupation is driver. Write the codes and its output.

```
female_driver <- subset(HouseholdData, Sex == 2 & Fathers_Occupation == "Driver")
```

```
## [1] Respondents      Sex                  Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home
## [5] Siblings_at_School Types_of_Houses
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

#f. Select the respondents that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its output.

```
many_siblings <- subset(HouseholdData, Siblings_at_School >= 5)
```

```
##   Respondents    Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 4          4   Male           Others            8                 5
## 9          9 Female          Farmer           11                 6
##   Types_of_Houses
## 4                  1
## 9                  3
```

```
#e. Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column.  
respondents_data[c(3,5), c(2,4)]
```

```
##   Sex Persons_at_Home  
## 3   1             3  
## 5   2             5
```

```
respondents_data
```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School  
## 1            1   2                   1           5               6  
## 2            2   2                   3           7               4  
## 3            3   1                   3           3               4  
## 4            4   2                   3           8               1  
## 5            5   2                   1           5               2  
## 6            6   2                   2           9               1  
## 7            7   2                   3           6               5  
## 8            8   2                   1           7               3  
## 9            9   2                   1           8               1  
## 10          10   2                   1           4               2  
## 11          11   1                   3           7               3  
## 12          12   2                   2           5               2  
## 13          13   2                   1           4               5  
## 14          14   2                   3           7               5  
## 15          15   2                   3           8               2  
## 16          16   2                   1           8               1  
## 17          17   2                   3           3               2  
## 18          18   2                   1           11              5  
## 19          19   1                   2           7               3  
## 20          20   2                   1           6               2  
##   Types_of_Houses  
## 1            1  
## 2            2  
## 3            3  
## 4            1  
## 5            1  
## 6            3  
## 7            3  
## 8            1  
## 9            2  
## 10           3  
## 11           2  
## 12           3  
## 13           2  
## 14           2  
## 15           3  
## 16           3  
## 17           3  
## 18           3  
## 19           3  
## 20           2
```

```
#f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as types_houses.
```

```
types_houses <- respondents_data$Types_of_Houses
```

```
types_houses
```

```

## [1] 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2
#g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer.
all_Males <- subset(respondents_data, Sex == 1 & Fathers_Occupation == 1)
all_Males

## [1] Respondents      Sex          Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home
## [5] Siblings_at_School Types_of_Houses
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)

#h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending
all_Females <- subset(respondents_data, Sex == 2 & Siblings_at_School >= 5)
all_Females

##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1            1   2                 1             5               6
## 7            7   2                 3             6               5
## 13           13   2                 1             4               5
## 14           14   2                 3             7               5
## 18           18   2                 1            11              5
##   Types_of_Houses
## 1            1
## 7            3
## 13           2
## 14           2
## 18           3

```

2. Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following codes:

```

df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),
Doubles=double(), Characters=character(),
Logicals=logical(),
Factors=factor(),
stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")

## [1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"
print(str(df))

## 'data.frame': 0 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ Ints      : int
## $ Doubles   : num
## $ Characters: chr
## $ Logicals  : logi
## $ Factors   : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL

```

3. Create a .csv file of this. Save it as HouseholdData.csv

```

Respondents <- 1:10
Sex <- c("Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Female", "Male")
Fathers_Occupation <- c(1,2,3,3,1,2,2,3,1,3)
Persons_at_Home <- c(5,7,3,8,6,4,4,2,11,6)
Siblings_at_School <- c(2,3,0,5,2,3,1,2,6,2)
Types_of_Houses <- c("Wood", "Concrete", "Concrete", "Wood", "Semi-concrete", "Semi-concrete",

```

```
"Wood","Semi-concrete","Semi-concrete","Concrete")
```

```
HouseholdData <- data.frame(  
  Respondents,  
  Sex,  
  Fathers_Occupation,  
  Persons_at_Home,  
  Siblings_at_School,  
  Types_of_Houses  
)
```

```
HouseholdData
```

```
##   Respondents   Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School  
## 1           1 Male             1                 5                  2  
## 2           2 Female          2                 7                  3  
## 3           3 Female          3                 3                  0  
## 4           4 Male             4                 3                  8                  5  
## 5           5 Male             5                 1                  6                  2  
## 6           6 Female          6                 2                  4                  3  
## 7           7 Female          7                 2                  4                  1  
## 8           8 Male             8                 3                  2                  2  
## 9           9 Female          9                 1                 11                  6  
## 10          10 Male            10                3                  6                  2  
##   Types_of_Houses  
## 1           Wood  
## 2           Concrete  
## 3           Concrete  
## 4           Wood  
## 5           Semi-concrete  
## 6           Semi-concrete  
## 7           Wood  
## 8           Semi-concrete  
## 9           Semi-concrete  
## 10          Concrete
```

```
write.csv(HouseholdData, file = "HouseholdData.csv", row.names = TRUE )
```

```
data_set1 <- read.csv("HouseholdData.csv", header = TRUE)  
data_set1
```

```
##   X Respondents   Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School  
## 1 1           1 Male             1                 5                  2  
## 2 2           2 Female          2                 7                  3  
## 3 3           3 Female          3                 3                  0  
## 4 4           4 Male             4                 3                  8                  5  
## 5 5           5 Male             5                 1                  6                  2  
## 6 6           6 Female          6                 2                  4                  3  
## 7 7           7 Female          7                 2                  4                  1  
## 8 8           8 Male             8                 3                  2                  2  
## 9 9           9 Female          9                 1                 11                  6  
## 10 10          10 Male            10                3                  6                  2  
##   Types_of_Houses  
## 1           Wood
```

```

## 2      Concrete
## 3      Concrete
## 4      Wood
## 5      Semi-concrete
## 6      Semi-concrete
## 7      Wood
## 8      Semi-concrete
## 9      Semi-concrete
## 10     Concrete

#b. Convert the Sex into factor using factor() function and change it into integer. [Legend: Male = 1 and Female = 2]. Write the R codes and its output.

HouseholdData$Sex <- factor(HouseholdData$Sex, levels = c("Male", "Female"), labels = c(1, 2))

#c. Convert the Type of Houses into factor and change it into integer. [Legend: Wood #= 1; Concrete = 2; Semi-Concrete = 3]. Write the R codes and its output.

HouseholdData$Types_of_Houses <- factor(HouseholdData$Types_of_Houses, levels = c("Wood", "Concrete", "S"))

HouseholdData$Types_of_Houses

## [1] 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 2
## Levels: 1 2 3

#d. On father's occupation, factor it as Farmer = 1; Driver = 2; and Others = 3. What is the R code and its output?

HouseholdData$Fathers_Occupation <- factor(HouseholdData$Fathers_Occupation, levels = c(1, 2, 3), labels = c("Farmer", "Driver", "Others"))

HouseholdData$Fathers_Occupation

## [1] Farmer Driver Others Others Farmer Driver Driver Others Farmer Others
## Levels: Farmer Driver Others

#e. Select only all females respondent that has a father whose occupation is driver. Write the codes and its output.

female_driver <- subset(HouseholdData, Sex == 2 & Fathers_Occupation == "Driver")
female_driver

##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 2            2    2             Driver           7                 3
## 6            6    2             Driver           4                 3
## 7            7    2             Driver           4                 1
##   Types_of_Houses
## 2            2
## 6            3
## 7            1

#f. Select the respondents that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its output.

many_siblings <- subset(HouseholdData, Siblings_at_School >= 5)
many_siblings

```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 4           4      1           Others          8            5
## 9           9      2           Farmer         11            6
##   Types_of_Houses
## 4             1
## 9             3
```

4. Interpret the graph.

#Based on the results of the graph, negative opinion dominated the use of Twitter between July 14-21, 2017.