

Step mancanti

January 2020

Gibbs sampler of the model under the prior:

$$[B, \sigma_\epsilon^2] = \pi[B] \times \frac{1}{\sigma_\epsilon^2} \quad (1)$$

where $\pi[B]$ is such that all the coefficients are independent across species:

$$\forall j = 1, \dots, S \quad \beta_j \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2 I) \quad (2)$$

where β_j is the j -th row of B (if B is $S \times k$). σ is an hyperparameter that gives the degree of unformativeness of the prior. You can take $\sigma = 10$.

- $[V_i^* | B^*, X, A, Y]$: for each site $i = 1, \dots, n$ and each species $j = 1, \dots, S$ we sample $V_{i,j}^*$ from a univariate truncated normal:

$$V_{i,j}^* | B^*, X, A, y_{i,j} \sim \text{trunc.N}(B_j^* x_i + A w_i, \sigma_\epsilon^2) \quad (3)$$

Where the normal is truncated to the positive axis if $y_{i,j} = 1$ and to the negative axis if $y_{i,j} = 0$.

- $[B^* | V^*, X, A, \dots]$: for each species $j = 1, \dots, S$ we sample β_j^* from a multivariate normal

$$\beta_j^* \sim N\left(\left(\frac{1}{\sigma^2} I + \frac{1}{\sigma_\epsilon^2} X' X\right)^{-1} \frac{1}{\sigma_\epsilon^2} X' (V_j^* - W A_j), \left(\frac{1}{\sigma^2} I + \frac{1}{\sigma_\epsilon^2} X' X\right)^{-1}\right) \quad (4)$$

Where W is the $n \times r$ matrix whose lines are w_i .

Notice that this is a mix between equation (3.A.3) by Golding and step 3 in section 3.2 by Taylor-Rodriguez.

- $[\sigma_\epsilon^2 | \text{rest}]$ as in Taylor and Rodriguez appendix
- Finally, obtain the variables on the correlation scale using the following transformations.
Let D be the diagonal matrix $D = \text{diag}(\Sigma^*)$, with $\Sigma^* = A A' + \sigma_\epsilon^2$.
Then, $V = D^{-1/2} V^*$, $B = D^{-1/2} B^*$ and $R = D^{-1/2} (A A' + \sigma_\epsilon^2) D^{-1/2}$.
This step is needed to the identifiability issue of the probit link, where the variance covariance matrix has to be a correlation matrix. Leggete 3.2 di Taylor-Rodriguez per capirla meglio, oppure, meglio, ci chiamiamo via skype e provo a spiegarvela.