

# Programmazione Concorrente, Parallela e su Cloud

Amazon in Practice for HPC

Carmine Spagnuolo, Ph.D.



## Outline

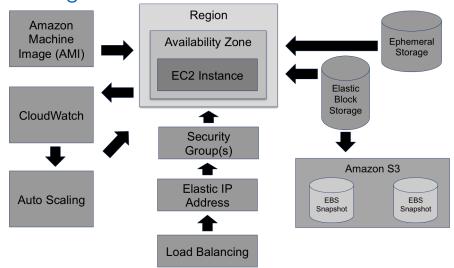
- AWS Management Introduction
- 2 Amazon EC2 Command Line Interface
- 3 Amazon EC2 Web Console
- 4 Our Environment
- 5 Amazon AWS CLI & Web Console Exercises

# AWS Management Introduction



Cloud-Powered Applications						
Management & Administration						
Administration Console	Identity & Access	Deployment	Monitoring			
Application Platform Services						
Content Distribution	Messaging	Parallel Processing	Libraries & SDKs			
Foundation Services						
Compute	Storage	Database	Networking			
Global Infrastructure						
Regions						
Availability Zones			Edge Locations			









### **AWS Global Infrastructure**

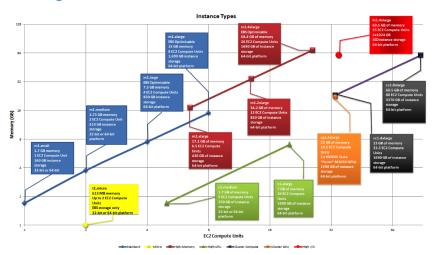


- 7 Regions
- Availability Zones:
  - Physical infrastructure – 1 or more data centers;
  - 2 or more AZ's per Region;
  - Fault tolerance across AZ's.



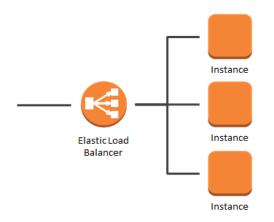
- Security group acts as a virtual firewall that controls the traffic for one or more instances:
  - each instances have one or more security groups;
  - rules defines the traffic allowed by a security group;
  - rules can be modified at any time; new rules are automatically applied to all instances that are associated with the security group.
- Elastic IP address is a static IPv4 address designed for dynamic cloud computing:
  - is associated on an AWS account;
  - is possible to easily manage a failure of an instance or software by rapidly remapping the address to another instance.







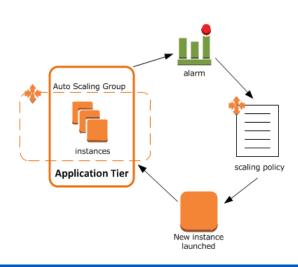




- ELB automatically distributes incoming application traffic across multiple Amazon EC2 instances.
- Enables the user to achieve fault tolerance in applications.







- Allows the user to scale on Amazon
   EC2 capacity up or down automatically according to defined conditions.
- Automatically increases the number of Amazon EC2 instances according to the demanding.
- Based on demanding patterns or experience hourly, daily, or weekly



- Currently no direct console UI is available:
  - Command Line Interface;
  - API;
  - Elastic Beanstalk, that is an easy-to-use service for deploying and scaling web applications and services developed with Java, .NET, PHP, Node.js, Python, Ruby, Go and on familiar servers such as Apache, Nginx.



- Amazon EC2 Command Line Interface.
- Amazon EC2 Web Console.

# Amazon EC2 Command Line Interface



### AWS Command Line Interface (CLI):

- unified tool to manage your AWS services;
- allows the user to download and configure multiple AWS services from the command line and automate them through scripts.

### **AWS** security credentials:

- allows to verify who you are and whether you have permission to access the resources that you are requesting;
- AWS uses the security credentials to authenticate and authorize your requests.



- Reference: https://goo.gl/YnyAvJ
- AWS Security Credentials, Account Identifiers: https://goo.gl/TUYMQU
- Simple way to install using Python:
  - curl "https://bootstrap.pypa.io/get-pip.py" -o "get-pip.py"
  - sudo python get-pip.py
  - sudo pip install awscli

### [http:

```
//docs.aws.amazon.com/cli/latest/userguide/tutorial-ec2-ubuntu.html]
```



Execute in your command line the command "aws configure":

- AWS Access Key ID [None]: AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
- AWS Secret Access Key [None]: wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
- Default region name [None]: us-east-1
- Default output format [None]: json

[Find your Credentials on Access Keys (Access Key ID and Secret Access Key)]



### Create a Security Group

aws ec2 create-security-group --group-name devenv-sg
--description "security group for development environment in
EC2"

### Authorize a Security Group for SSH connection

aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress --group-name devenv-sg --protocol tcp --port 22 --cidr 0.0.0.0/0



#### Create and Download SSH credential

aws ec2 create-key-pair --key-name devenv-key --query
'KeyMaterial' --output text > devenv-key.pem

### Change permission in the way that only you have access to the key file

chmod 400 devenv-key.pem



Run an instance of Ubuntu Server 16.04 LTS – don't forget to change the security group

```
aws ec2 run-instances --image-id ami-f4cc1de2
--security-group-ids sg-98790ee7 --count 1
--instance-type t2.micro --key-name devenv-key --query
'Instances[0].InstanceId'
```

### Get the IP of the running instance

```
aws ec2 describe-instances --instance-ids i-ec3e1e2k --query
'Reservations[0].Instances[0].PublicIpAddress'
```

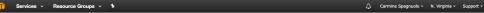


### Connect to the instance by SSH

ssh -i devenv-key.pem ubuntu@54.236.37.209

# Amazon EC2 Web Console

## AWS Console Home





#### Build a solution

Get started with simple wizards and automated workflows.



~5 minutes

Host a static website

With S3, CloudFront, Route 53



Build a web app With Elastic Beanstalk ~6 minutes

~5 minutes



Create a backend for your mobile app With Mobile Hub



Register a domain With Route 53 ~3 minutes

Deploy a serverless

With Lambda, API Gateway

microservice

#### Learn to build

Learn to deploy your solutions through step-by-step guides, labs, and videos.



3 videos, 3 tutorials, 3 labs

Big data

3 videos, 2 tutorials, 3 labs





Databases





Backup and recovery

3 videos, 2 tutorials, 3 labs

#### Helpful tips



Manage your costs

Get real-time billing alerts based on your cost and usage budgets. Start now



Create an organization

Use AWS Organizations for policy-based management of multiple AWS accounts. Start now

#### What's new?

Announcing Amazon Chime

Learn how this new communication service makes it easy for employees to communicate with voice, video and chat, Learn more

Introducing Elastic Volumes for Amazon EBS

Learn how this new capability allows you to modify configurations of live volumes with a simple API call or a few console clicks. Learn more

See all

See all

#### AWS Marketplace

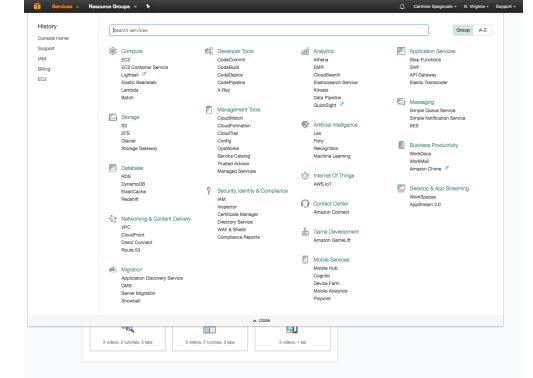
Discover, procure, and deploy popular software products that run on AWS.

#### Have feedback?

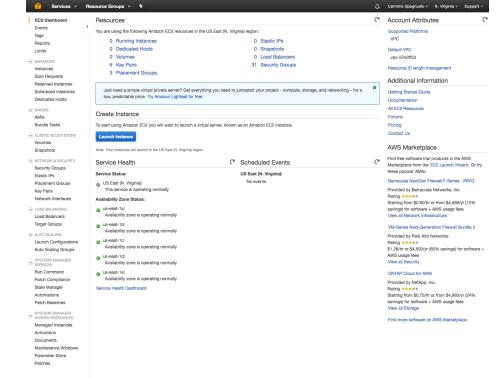
Submit feedback to tell us about your experience with the AWS Management Console.

# **AWS Services**

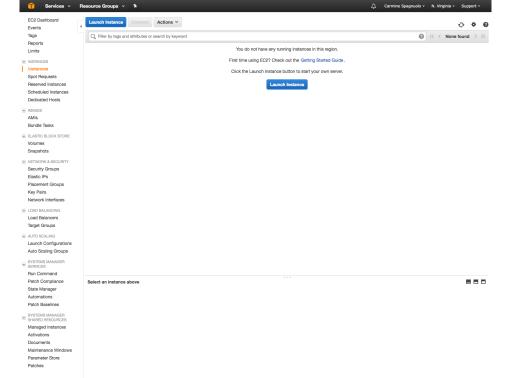




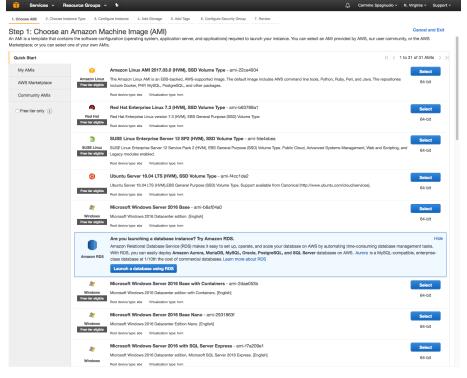
## AWS EC2 Console Home



## AWS EC2 Launch Instances



## Choose an AMI



Choose an Instance Type



#### Step 2: Choose an Instance Type

Amazon EC2 provides a wide selection of instance types optimized to fit different use cases. Instances are virtual servers that can run applications. They have varying combinations of CPU, memory, storage, and networking capacity, and give you the flexibility to choose the appropriate mix of resources for your applications. Learn more about instance types and how they can meet your computing needs.

iter by:			Show/Hide Colum					
urrent	tly selected: t2.micro (Variable ECU	Js, 1 vCPUs, 2.5 GHz,	Intel Xeon Family, 1 Gib	3 memory, EBS only)				IPv6 Suppor
	Family	Type -	vCPUs (i) ~	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB) (i) v	EBS-Optimized Available (i) v	Network Performance (i) v	i)
	General purpose	t2.nano	1	0.5	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	t2.micro Free tier eligible	1	1	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	t2.small	1	2	EBS only		Low to Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	t2.medium	2	4	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	t2.large	2	8	EBS only		Low to Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	t2.xlarge	4	16	EBS only	-	Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	t2.2xlarge	8	32	EBS only		Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	m4.large	2	8	EBS only	Yes	Moderate	Yes
	General purpose	m4.xlarge	4	16	EBS only	Yes	High	Yes
	General purpose	m4.2xlarge	8	32	EBS only	Yes	High	Yes
	General purpose	m4.4xlarge	16	64	EBS only	Yes	High	Yes
	General purpose	m4.10xlarge	40	160	EBS only	Yes	10 Gigabit	Yes
	General purpose	m4.16xlarge	64	256	EBS only	Yes	20 Gigabit	Yes
	General purpose	m3.medium	1	3.75	1 x 4 (SSD)	-	Moderate	-
	General purpose	m3.large	2	7.5	1 x 32 (SSD)	-	Moderate	
	General purpose	m3.xlarge	4	15	2 x 40 (SSD)	Yes	High	-
	General purpose	m3.2xlarge	8	30	2 x 80 (SSD)	Yes	High	
	Compute optimized	c4.large	2	3.75	EBS only	Yes	Moderate	Yes
	Compute optimized	c4.xlarge	4	7.5	EBS only	Yes	High	Yes
	Compute optimized	c4.2xlarge	8	15	EBS only	Yes	High	Yes
	Compute optimized	c4.4xlarge	16	30	EBS only	Yes	High	Yes

Review Instance Launch

#### Step 7: Review Instance Launch

Please review your instance launch details. You can go back to edit changes for each section. Click Launch to assign a key pair to your instance and complete the launch process.



A Improve your instances' security. Your security group, launch-wizard-18, is open to the world.

1, Choose AMI 2, Choose Instance Type 3, Configure Instance 4, Add Storage 5, Add Tags 6, Configure Security Group 7, Review



Your instances may be accessible from any IP address. We recommend that you update your security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only. You can also open additional ports in your security group to facilitate access to the application or service you're running, e.g., HTTP (80) for web servers. Edit security groups

▼ AMI Details

Edit AMI

Ubuntu Server 16.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-f4cc1de2

Fine fler Ubuntu Server 16.04 LTS (HVM),EBS General Purpose (SSD) Volume Type. Support available from Canonical (http://www.ubuntu.com/cloud/services).

Root Device Type: ebs Virtualization type: hym

▼ Instance Type

Edit instance type

Instance Type	ECUs	vCPUs	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB)	EBS-Optimized Available	Network Performance	
t2.micro	Variable	1	1	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate	

22

Port Range (i)

▼ Security Groups

Edit security groups

launch-wizard-18 Security group name

Description

launch-wizard-18 created 2017-04-06T09:56:24.292+02:00

Protocol (i)

TCP

Source (i)

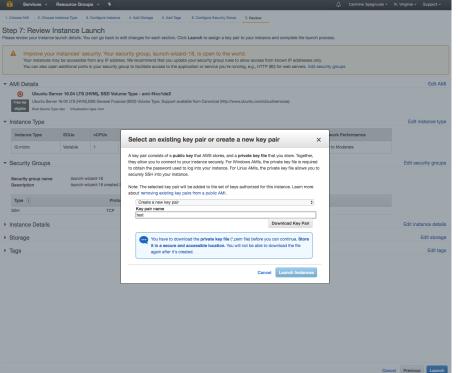
0.0.0.0/0

Type (i) SSH Instance Details

Edit instance details

▶ Storage ▶ Tags

Edit storage Edit tags Select an existing key pair or create a new key pair



### Launch Status

#### Launch Status

Your instances are now launching The following instance launches have been initiated: i-0e47d6090737f083e
View launch log

\_ \_

Create billing alerts to get an email notification when estimated charges on your AWS bill exceed an amount you define (for example, if you exceed the free usage tier).

#### How to connect to your instances

Your instances are launching, and it may take a few minutes until they are in the running state, when they will be ready for you to use. Usage hours on your new instances will start immediately and continue to accrue until you stop or terminate your instances.

Click View Instances to monitor your instances' status. Once your instances are in the running state, you can connect to them from the Instances screen. Find out how to connect to your instances.

▼ Here are some helpful resources to get you started

Get notified of estimated charges

- How to connect to your Linux instance
   Amazon EC2: User Guide
- Learn about AWS Free Usage Tier
   Amazon EC2: Discussion Forum

While your instances are launching you can also

Create status check alarms to be notified when these instances fail status checks. (Additional charges may apply)

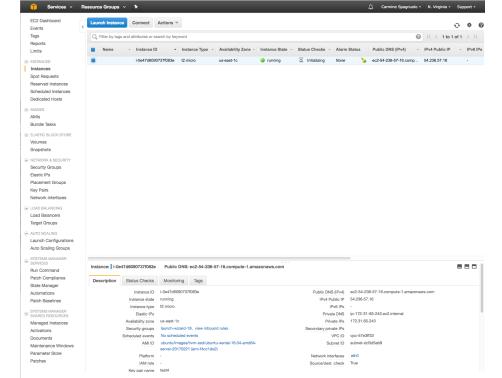
Create and attach additional EBS volumes (Additional charges may apply)

Manage security groups

View Instances

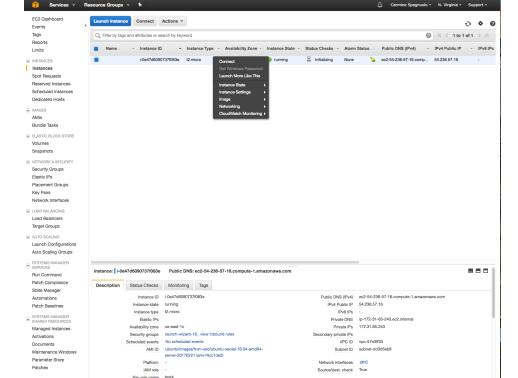
Running Instances





## Options of an Instance





Connect to an Instance



#### **Connect To Your Instance**

×

I would like to connect with 

A standalone SSH client

A Java SSH Client directly from my browser (Java required)

#### To access your instance:

- 1. Open an SSH client. (find out how to connect using PuTTY)
- 2. Locate your private key file (test4.pem). The wizard automatically detects the key you used to launch the instance.
- 3. Your key must not be publicly viewable for SSH to work. Use this command if needed:

chmod 400 test4.pem

4. Connect to your instance using its Public DNS:

ec2-54-236-57-16.compute-1.amazonaws.com

#### Example:

ssh -i "test4.pem" ubuntu@ec2-54-236-57-16.compute-1.amazonaws.com

Please note that in most cases the username above will be correct, however please ensure that you read your AMI usage instructions to ensure that the AMI owner has not changed the default AMI username.

If you need any assistance connecting to your instance, please see our connection documentation.

Close

## Our Environment





# Ubuntu with OpenMPI and OpenMP

- Ubuntu with OpenMPI and OpenMP
- https://github.com/spagnuolocarmine/ubuntu-openmpi-openmp
- Ubuntu Linux 18.04 LTS Server Edition: AMI ID ami-0f65671a86f061fcd.
- SSH Key: eseguire il comando ssh-keygen e modificare il valore della chiave pubblica e privata nello script install.sh (la chiave generata si trova nei file .ssh/id\_rsa e .ssh/id\_rsa.pub.
- Una volta generata la chiave sul nodo master usare sempre la medesima chiave per l'installazione su tutti gli altri nodi.





## Ubuntu with OpenMPI and OpenMP

### • Our Environment:

- user: pcpc
- vim
- htop
- OpenMPI 4.0
- OpenMP included in the GNU GCC



## Amazon AWS CLI & Web Console Exercises





### Exercise 1

- Personal Home Page:
  - start from CLI a new t2.micro instance of Ubuntu;
  - install Apache Web Server:
    - \$ sudo apt-get install apache2;
  - if you have your personal homepage migrate on this server or add an index.html that is describing yourself;
  - add a rules to access on port 80 from Web Console;
  - check the page using the public Amazon DNS;
  - terminate the instance from the Web Console.



### Exercise 2

• Ripetere l'esercizio 1 utilizzando la Web Console.





### Exercise 3

- Creare un cluster di 4 macchine C = (0, 1, 2, 3):
  - installare l'ambiente di programmazione utilizzando lo script di installazione;
  - verificare che lo scambio di chiavi sia corretto, quindi ogni macchina può eseguire ssh
     IP su tutte le altre.
  - creare un file, su macchina 0, di nome a.txt utilizzando il comando vim a.txt.
  - copiare il file a.txt utilizzando il comando scp su macchina 1.
  - modificare il file a.txt su macchina 1 e copiarlo su macchina 2 e 3.