- **-hypothesis** is a statement that assumes a relationship between an independent variable and a dependent variable.
- -Use notation **H0** to denote the null hypothesis.
- -Use notation **HA** to denote the alternative hypothesis.
- -independent variables should come on the **left-hand side** of the hypothesis
- **-Problem framing** is setting up your business problem in a way that can be addressed with data.
- **-Diverge and Converge Brainstorming** allow each stakeholder to define the problem on their own.
- -5W Who, What, Why, Where, When
- -Empathy Mapping is filling up 4 quadrants what a user thinks, feels, does and says
- -independent variables also known as predictors
- -linear regression line has an equation of the form Y = a + bX
- -The slope of the line is **b**
- \mathbf{a} is the intercept (the value of y when x = 0).
- -coefficient of determination, often denoted as R2
- -multiple linear regression y = b0 + b1x1 + b2x2
- -A **positive coefficient** for a variable indicates that as the value of that variable **increases**, the value of the **dependent variable** also tends to **increase**.