# Chemo.04.ComunityAssembly

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# 8/1/2022

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# 1 Load packages and formatting

# 1.1 Loading packages

```
rm(list = ls())
library(phyloseq)
library(ggplot2)
library(vegan)
library(ecodist)
library(dplyr)
library(ape) #
library(iCAMP) #NULL model for microbial comm
library(cowplot) #Multiple panel formatting
library(egg) #Additional label for multiple panels
library(reshape) #Dataframe formatting
library(stringr) #Text manipulation
library(microViz) #Microbiome (re_order function for phyloseq-objects)
library(rstatix) #Versatile statistical package
```

#### 1.2 Setting colorblind palette

#### 1.3 Loading and formating datasets

In this section the object schema with information about the experimental setup (Sample.ID; Chemostat.ID: chemostat number from 1 to 12; sampling time T: 1:9, DOM: DOM regime; Sal: disturbance regime) is created. Metabracoding sequence data (16s rRNA gene) were analyzed using the dada2-pipeline (Callahan et al. 2016, doi: 10.1038/nmeth.3869) using the code in script01\_dada2.R and the resulting phyloseq project containing the ASV count table is uploaded.

```
## # A tibble: 108 x 5
     sample.ID T
                     Chem.ID DOM
                                   Sal
##
     <chr>
              <fct> <chr>
                             <fct> <fct>
   1 C10-1-01 1
                                   С
##
                     01
                             L
##
  2 C10-1-02 1
                     02
                             L
                                   D
  3 C10-1-03 1
                     03
                                   С
                            L
## 4 C10-1-04 1
                     04
                             L
                                   D
## 5 C10-1-05 1
                     05
                            L
                                   C
## 6 C10-1-06 1
                     06
                                   D
## 7 C10-1-07 1
                     07
                            Η
                                   C
## 8 C10-1-08 1
                     80
                             Η
                                   D
## 9 C10-1-09 1
                     09
                            Η
                                   C
## 10 C10-1-10 1
                     10
                            Η
                                   D
## # ... with 98 more rows
```

```
# Loading phyloseq object from #dada2
ps <- readRDS("../data/dada2.output/chem.ps.rds")
# Phyloseq object contain abundance table, sample information, taxanomic
# information and the phylogenetic tree

# Loadgin phylogenetic tree
chem.tree = read_tree("../data/dada2.output/dada-chem.GTR2")
phy_tree(ps) <- chem.tree #Adding phylo-tree to the phyloseq object

# Phyloseq object contain abundance table, sample information, taxonomic
# information and the phylogenetic tree
ps</pre>
```

# 2 Microbial community dynamic

#### 2.1 Preprocess phyloseq-object

```
# Rarefy by minimum readnumber and transform to relative data
ps = rarefy_even_depth(ps, min(rowSums(otu_table(ps))), rngseed = 1, replace = F,
trimOTUs = F)
## 'set.seed(1)' was used to initialize repeatable random subsampling.
## Please record this for your records so others can reproduce.
## Try 'set.seed(1); .Random.seed' for the full vector
## ...
# Estimating relative abundance
rOTUdf.rar <- prop.table(otu table(ps), 1)
# New phyloseq-project with rarefied ASV table
otu_table(ps) <- otu_table(rOTUdf.rar, taxa_are_rows = FALSE)</pre>
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                 OTU Table:
                                    [ 1447 taxa and 108 samples ]
## otu_table() OTU Table: [ 1447 taxa and 108 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data: [ 108 samples by 3 sample variables ]
## tax_table() Taxonomy Table: [ 1447 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## phy_tree()
                 Phylogenetic Tree: [ 1447 tips and 1445 internal nodes ]
# Keep ASVs with prevalence equivalent to more 0 reads
ps <- prune taxa(taxa sums(ps) > 0, ps)
ps
```

```
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
                             [ 973 taxa and 108 samples ]
## otu_table()
                OTU Table:
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                  [ 108 samples by 3 sample variables ]
## tax_table()
                Taxonomy Table: [ 973 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## phy_tree()
                Phylogenetic Tree: [ 973 tips and 971 internal nodes ]
# Setting up metadata
head(sample_data(ps))
            sample.ID Chem.ID T
##
## C10-1-09 C10-1-09
## C10-2-05 C10-2-05
                          05 2
## C10-3-01 C10-3-01
                          01 3
                          09 3
## C10-3-09 C10-3-09
## C10-4-05 C10-4-05
                          05 4
## C10-5-01 C10-5-01
                          01 5
# Some samples in phyloseq object are not included into this analyses
# (schema), so we proceed to reorder ps-data base in the schema$sample.ID
# Re-Order ps object by sample ID from schema-object
new_order <- schema$sample.ID</pre>
ps = ps \%
   ps_reorder(new_order) #MicroViz package
# Vizualize ordered ps-object
head(sample_data(ps))
            sample.ID Chem.ID T
## C10-1-01 C10-1-01
                          01 1
## C10-1-02 C10-1-02
                          02 1
## C10-1-03 C10-1-03
                          03 1
## C10-1-04 C10-1-04
                          04 1
## C10-1-05 C10-1-05
                          05 1
## C10-1-06 C10-1-06
                          06 1
tail(sample_data(ps))
           sample.ID Chem.ID T
## C10-9-07 C10-9-07
                          07 9
## C10-9-08 C10-9-08
                          08 9
## C10-9-09 C10-9-09
                          09 9
## C10-9-10 C10-9-10
                          10 9
## C10-9-11 C10-9-11
                          11 9
## C10-9-12 C10-9-12
                          12 9
```

# 2.2 Subset data by treatment

```
# Create empty list-objects
LD.ps = list() # List to store LDOM results
LC.ps = list() # List to store LDOM results
HD.ps = list() # List to store HDOM results
HC.ps = list() # List to store HDOM results
# Sample ID (Control and disturbance treatments)
LDOM C = c("01", "03", "05") #L-DOM Samples for control
LDOM_D = c("02", "04", "06") #L-DOM Samples for disturbed treatments
HDOM_C = c("07", "09", "11") #H-DOM Samples for control
HDOM_D = c("08", "10", "12") #H-DOM Samples for disturbed treatments
# LDOM level Filter by Sample
tmpL <- prune_samples(ps@sam_data[["Chem.ID"]] %in% LDOM_C, ps)</pre>
# Filter ASVs (taxa) to only those with abun equal to 0 in all the samples
LC.ps \leftarrow filter taxa(tmpL, function(x) sum(x != 0) > 0, TRUE)
LC.ps
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu table()
               OTU Table:
                                    [ 437 taxa and 27 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                   [ 27 samples by 3 sample variables ]
## tax_table() Taxonomy Table: [ 437 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
                Phylogenetic Tree: [ 437 tips and 435 internal nodes ]
## phy_tree()
tmpL <- prune_samples(ps@sam_data[["Chem.ID"]] %in% LDOM_D, ps)</pre>
LD.ps <- filter_taxa(tmpL, function(x) sum(x != 0) > 0, TRUE)
LD.ps
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
               OTU Table:
                                 [ 394 taxa and 27 samples ]
                                   [ 27 samples by 3 sample variables ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                Taxonomy Table: [ 394 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## tax table()
## phy_tree()
                Phylogenetic Tree: [ 394 tips and 392 internal nodes ]
# HDOM level Filter by Sample
tmpH <- prune samples(ps@sam data[["Chem.ID"]] %in% HDOM C, ps)</pre>
# Filter ASVs (taxa) to only those with abun equal to 0 in all the samples
HC.ps <- filter_taxa(tmpH, function(x) sum(x != 0) > 0, TRUE)
HC.ps
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu table()
               OTU Table: [ 576 taxa and 27 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                  [ 27 samples by 3 sample variables ]
                Taxonomy Table: [ 576 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## tax_table()
                Phylogenetic Tree: [ 576 tips and 574 internal nodes ]
## phy_tree()
tmpH <- prune samples(ps@sam data[["Chem.ID"]] %in% HDOM D, ps)</pre>
# Filter ASVs (taxa) to only those with abun equal to 0 in all the samples
HD.ps \leftarrow filter taxa(tmpH, function(x) sum(x != 0) > 0, TRUE)
HD.ps
```

# 2.3 Compute the beta-Nearest Taxon Index (bNTI)

The Influence of deterministic versus stochastic processes on microbial community dynamics was quantified during the course of the continuous culture experiment via null model analyses using the beta nearest taxon indices (bNTI) between sample pairs. For this purpose we applied bNTIs between two temporally succeeding samples separately for disturbance and DOM regimes by applying a sliding window setup in the continuous cultures.

```
knitr::opts chunk$set(cache = T)
NTI.out.LC = list() #Loop for LDOM for each sampling point
NTI.out.LD = list() #Loop for LDOM for each sampling point
# L-DOM x Control
comm = otu table(LC.ps)
dist = cophenetic(phy_tree(LC.ps)) #Standard distance calculation for tree used in the manual
NTI.out.LC = bNTIn.p(comm@.Data, dist, nworker = 2, memo.size.GB = 50, weighted = TRUE,
    exclude.consp = FALSE, rand = 1000, output.bMNTD = FALSE, sig.index = "SES",
   unit.sum = NULL, correct.special = FALSE, detail.null = FALSE, special.method = "MNTD")
## Now calculating observed betaMNTD. Begin at Sat Jan 14 12:56:22 2023. Please wait...
## Now randomizing by parallel computing. Begin at Sat Jan 14 12:56:23 2023. Please wait...
# L-DOM x Disturbance
comm = otu_table(LD.ps)
dist = cophenetic(phy_tree(LD.ps)) #Standard distance calculation for tree used in the manual
NTI.out.LD = bNTIn.p(comm@.Data, dist, nworker = 2, memo.size.GB = 50, weighted = TRUE,
    exclude.consp = FALSE, rand = 1000, output.bMNTD = FALSE, sig.index = "SES",
   unit.sum = NULL, correct.special = FALSE, detail.null = FALSE, special.method = "MNTD")
## Now calculating observed betaMNTD. Begin at Sat Jan 14 12:57:56 2023. Please wait...
## Now randomizing by parallel computing. Begin at Sat Jan 14 12:57:57 2023. Please wait...
NTI.out.HC = list() #Loop for HDOM for each sampling point
NTI.out.HD = list() #Loop for LDOM for each sampling point
# H-DOM x Control
comm = otu_table(HC.ps)
dist = cophenetic(phy_tree(HC.ps)) #Standard distance calculation for tree used in the manual
NTI.out.HC = bNTIn.p(comm@.Data, dist, nworker = 2, memo.size.GB = 50, weighted = TRUE,
   exclude.consp = FALSE, rand = 100, output.bMNTD = FALSE, sig.index = "SES",
```

unit.sum = NULL, correct.special = FALSE, detail.null = FALSE, special.method = "MNTD")

# 2.4 Reshape bNTI index into a data.frame

## # ... with 62 more rows

```
# Function to transform distance matrix into dataframe
dist2df_AR <- function(m) {</pre>
   xy <- t(combn(colnames(m$index), 2))</pre>
   tmp = data.frame(xy, dist = m$index[xy])
   tmp$t1 = str_split_fixed(as.character(tmp$X1), "-", 3)[, 2] # Extract the time point from sample '
   tmp$t2 = str_split_fixed(as.character(tmp$X2), "-", 3)[, 2] # Extract time point from sample 'y'
   tmp$dif = as.numeric(tmp$t2) - as.numeric(tmp$t1) # Calculate the difference in time units
   return(tmp)
# LDOM control regime
df.NTI.LC <- dist2df_AR(NTI.out.LC)</pre>
df.NTI.LC = df.NTI.LC[df.NTI.LC$dif == 1, ] # Get data space by only 1 time unit
df.NTI.LC$DOM = "LDOM"
df.NTI.LC$Treatment = "Control"
tibble(df.NTI.LC)
## # A tibble: 72 x 8
##
              Х2
                         dist t1
     Х1
                                    t2
                                            dif DOM
                                                      Treatment
##
      <chr>
              <chr>
                        <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dr>
## 1 C10-1-01 C10-2-01 -0.950 1
                                   2
                                              1 LDOM Control
## 2 C10-1-01 C10-2-03 0.709 1
                                    2
                                              1 LDOM Control
## 3 C10-1-01 C10-2-05 1.48 1
                                   2
                                              1 LDOM Control
## 4 C10-1-03 C10-2-01 0.540 1
                                   2
                                              1 LDOM
                                                      Control
## 5 C10-1-03 C10-2-03 2.39 1
                                    2
                                                      Control
                                              1 LDOM
## 6 C10-1-03 C10-2-05 1.21 1
                                    2
                                              1 LDOM
                                                      Control
                                    2
## 7 C10-1-05 C10-2-01 0.420 1
                                              1 LDOM
                                                      Control
## 8 C10-1-05 C10-2-03 0.547 1
                                    2
                                             1 LDOM
                                                      Control
## 9 C10-1-05 C10-2-05 1.04 1
                                    2
                                             1 LDOM Control
## 10 C10-2-01 C10-3-01 0.505 2
                                    3
                                             1 LDOM Control
```

```
# LDOM disturbance regime
df.NTI.LD <- dist2df AR(NTI.out.LD)</pre>
df.NTI.LD = df.NTI.LD[df.NTI.LD$dif == 1, ] # Get data space by only 1 time unit
df.NTI.LD$DOM = "LDOM"
df.NTI.LD$Treatment = "Disturbance"
tibble(df.NTI.LD)
## # A tibble: 72 x 8
##
          Х2
                             dist t1 t2
    X1
                                                   dif DOM
                                                              Treatment
             <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbr< <chr> <dbr< <dbr >
##
      <chr>
## 1 C10-1-02 C10-2-02 -1.07 1 2 1 LDOM Disturbance
## 2 C10-1-02 C10-2-04 1.21 1
                                          2
                                                    1 LDOM Disturbance
## 3 C10-1-02 C10-2-06 0.0468 1 2
## 4 C10-1-04 C10-2-02 1.85 1 2
## 5 C10-1-04 C10-2-04 2.81 1 2
                                                    1 LDOM Disturbance
                                                   1 LDOM Disturbance
                                                   1 LDOM Disturbance
## 6 C10-1-04 C10-2-06 2.03 1 2
## 7 C10-1-06 C10-2-02 2.93 1 2
## 8 C10-1-06 C10-2-04 1.98 1 2
                                                  1 LDOM Disturbance
1 LDOM Disturbance
                                                   1 LDOM Disturbance
                                                  1 LDOM Disturbance
1 LDOM Disturbance
## 9 C10-1-06 C10-2-06 1.80 1 2
## 10 C10-2-02 C10-3-02 -0.315 2 3
## # ... with 62 more rows
# HDOM control regime
df.NTI.HC <- dist2df_AR(NTI.out.HC)</pre>
df.NTI.HC = df.NTI.HC[df.NTI.HC$dif == 1, ] # Get data space by only 1 time unit
df.NTI.HC$DOM = "HDOM"
df.NTI.HC$Treatment = "Control"
tibble(df.NTI.HC)
## # A tibble: 72 x 8
##
                            dist t1 t2
                                                dif DOM
##
      <chr>
                           <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <
                <chr>
## 1 C10-1-07 C10-2-07 -0.330 1 2 1 HDOM Control
## 2 C10-1-07 C10-2-09 1.69 1 2
                                                  1 HDOM Control
## 3 C10-1-07 C10-2-11 -0.865 1 2
                                                  1 HDOM Control
## 4 C10-1-09 C10-2-07 -0.697 1 2
## 5 C10-1-09 C10-2-09 0.429 1 2
                                                  1 HDOM Control
                                                  1 HDOM Control
## 6 C10-1-09 C10-2-11 -1.66 1 2
                                                  1 HDOM Control
## 7 C10-1-11 C10-2-07 0.271 1 2
                                                  1 HDOM Control
## 8 C10-1-11 C10-2-09 1.04 1 2 1 HDOM Control ## 9 C10-1-11 C10-2-11 -1.03 1 2 1 HDOM Control ## 10 C10-2-07 C10-3-07 -1.24 2 3 1 HDOM Control
## # ... with 62 more rows
# HDOM disturbance regime
df.NTI.HD <- dist2df_AR(NTI.out.HD)</pre>
df.NTI.HD = df.NTI.HD[df.NTI.HD$dif == 1, ] # Get data space by only 1 time unit
df.NTI.HD$DOM = "HDOM"
df.NTI.HD$Treatment = "Disturbance"
tibble(df.NTI.HD)
```

## # A tibble: 72 x 8

```
##
      Х1
               Х2
                           dist t1
                                       t2
                                               dif DOM
                                                          Treatment
##
      <chr>
               <chr>>
                          <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dr>
                                                         Disturbance
##
    1 C10-1-08 C10-2-08
                          0.590 1
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
    2 C10-1-08 C10-2-10 -0.200 1
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
##
                                                         Disturbance
    3 C10-1-08 C10-2-12 -1.39
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
    4 C10-1-10 C10-2-08 -1.02 1
                                       2
                                                         Disturbance
##
                                                 1 HDOM
    5 C10-1-10 C10-2-10 0.907 1
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
##
    6 C10-1-10 C10-2-12 -0.408 1
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
##
    7 C10-1-12 C10-2-08 -0.611 1
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
                                       2
    8 C10-1-12 C10-2-10 -0.775 1
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
    9 C10-1-12 C10-2-12 -1.62 1
                                       2
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
## 10 C10-2-08 C10-3-08 -0.658 2
                                       3
                                                 1 HDOM
                                                         Disturbance
## # ... with 62 more rows
```

```
# Pooling the dataframes together
df.NTI.all = rbind(df.NTI.LC, df.NTI.LD, df.NTI.HC, df.NTI.HD)
tibble(df.NTI.all)
```

```
## # A tibble: 288 x 8
##
      X1
               X2
                                       t2
                                               dif DOM
                           dist t1
                                                          Treatment
##
      <chr>
                <chr>>
                          <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dr>
    1 C10-1-01 C10-2-01 -0.950 1
                                       2
##
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
    2 C10-1-01 C10-2-03
                          0.709 1
                                       2
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
                                       2
##
    3 C10-1-01 C10-2-05
                          1.48
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
##
    4 C10-1-03 C10-2-01
                          0.540 1
                                       2
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
                                       2
   5 C10-1-03 C10-2-03
                          2.39 1
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
   6 C10-1-03 C10-2-05
##
                          1.21
                                       2
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
                                       2
##
    7 C10-1-05 C10-2-01
                          0.420 1
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
    8 C10-1-05 C10-2-03
                                       2
##
                          0.547 1
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
   9 C10-1-05 C10-2-05
                                       2
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
## 10 C10-2-01 C10-3-01
                          0.505 2
                                       3
                                                  1 LDOM
                                                          Control
## # ... with 278 more rows
```

#### 2.5 Plot boxplot bNTI per DOM regime

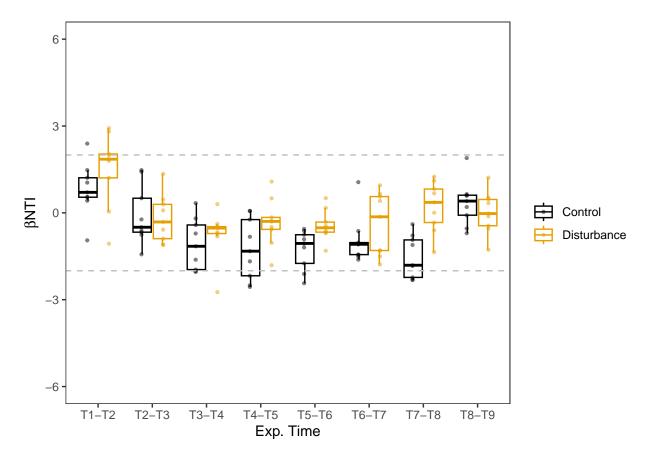
The bNTI evaluates whether the phylogenetic similarity between a pair of sample is significantly lower or higher than expected by chance relative to a reference species pool. Phylogenetic similarity surpassing the theoretical expectation (bNTI >2) indicates the prevalence of variable deterministic assembly processes during community succession. Phylogenetic similarity below the theoretical expectation (bNTI < -2), indicates the prevalence of homogeneous deterministic assembly processes during community succession. bNTIs between -2 and 2 indicate that community assembly is driven by stochastic rather than a deterministic processes.

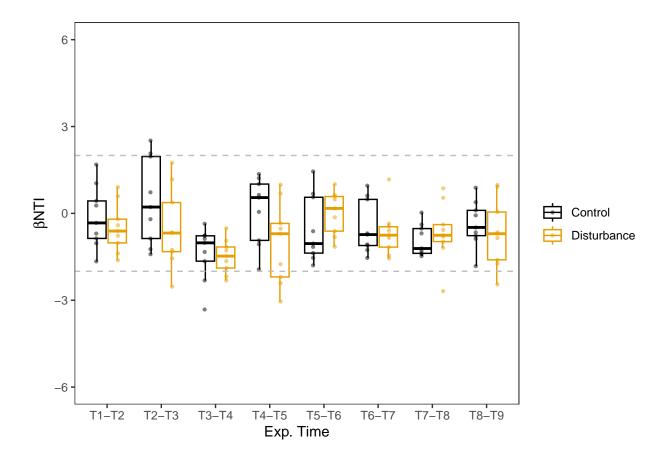
```
# LDOM
plot.NTI.LDOM = df.NTI.all[df.NTI.all$DOM == "LDOM", ] %>%
    ggplot(aes((t2), dist, colour = (Treatment))) + geom_boxplot(outlier.size = -1,
    alpha = 0.5, size = 0.5) + geom_jitter(aes(group = interaction(t2, Treatment)),
    position = position_dodge(0.8), alpha = 0.5, size = 0.8) + ylab(expression(beta *
    NTI)) + xlab("Exp. Time") + scale_color_manual(values = cbbPalette, name = "") +
    theme_bw() + ylim(-6, 6) + geom_hline(aes(yintercept = -2), color = "grey",
    linetype = "dashed", size = 0.5) + geom_hline(aes(yintercept = 2), color = "grey",
    linetype = "dashed", size = 0.5) + theme(panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.minor = element_blank()) + scale_x_discrete(labels = c(`2` = "T1-T2",
```

```
`3` = "T2-T3", `4` = "T3-T4", `5` = "T4-T5", `6` = "T5-T6", `7` = "T6-T7", 
`8` = "T7-T8", `9` = "T8-T9"))
```

## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.

#### plot.NTI.LDOM





# 2.6 Export figure

# 2.7 Statistical analysis

```
df.NTI.all$Rep = rep(c(1, 2, 3), each = 3)
df.NTI.all$DOM = as.factor(df.NTI.all$DOM)
df.NTI.all$Treatment = as.factor(df.NTI.all$Treatment)
df.NTI.all$t2 = as.factor(df.NTI.all$t2)

# Testing assumptions Normality
df.NTI.all %>%
    group_by(DOM, Treatment, t2) %>%
    shapiro_test(dist)
```

```
## # A tibble: 32 x 6
##
          DOM Treatment variable statistic
     t.2
##
     <fct> <fct> <fct> <chr>
                                       <dbl> <dbl>
  1 2
          HDOM Control
                                        0.972 0.911
##
                            dist
##
   2 3
           HDOM Control
                           dist
                                        0.915 0.354
## 3 4
          HDOM Control
                          dist
                                        0.881 0.162
## 4 5
         HDOM Control
                          dist
                                        0.908 0.304
                                        0.889 0.194
## 5 6
         HDOM Control
                          dist
         HDOM Control
## 6 7
                           dist
                                        0.871 0.126
## 78
        HDOM Control
                            dist
                                       0.876 0.143
## 8 9
         HDOM Control
                            dist
                                       0.981 0.967
## 9 2
          HDOM Disturbance dist
                                        0.955 0.746
## 10 3
          HDOM Disturbance dist
                                       0.951 0.702
## # ... with 22 more rows
# Homogeneity of variances
df.NTI.all %>%
   group_by(t2) %>%
   levene_test(dist ~ DOM * Treatment)
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
   ±2
          df1
                 df2 statistic
    <fct> <int> <int>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
            3
## 1 2
                32
                         0.325 0.807
## 2 3
             3
                  32
                         1.19 0.331
## 3 4
             3 32
                         0.606 0.616
## 4 5
            3 32
                         1.07 0.375
             3 32
                         1.39 0.265
## 5 6
                32
## 6 7
             3
                         1.13 0.351
## 7 8
             3
                  32
                         0.389 0.762
## 8 9
             3
                  32
                         0.784 0.512
# Repeated measurement ANOVA
summary(aov(dist ~ DOM * Treatment * t2 + Error(Rep), data = df.NTI.all))
##
## Error: Rep
            Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Residuals 1 0.3936 0.3936
##
## Error: Within
##
                   Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                             Pr(>F)
## DOM
                        3.39
                              3.393
                                     3.659 0.056902 .
                    1
                                     1.812 0.179434
## Treatment
                        1.68
                              1.681
                    1
## t2
                    7 58.90
                              8.415
                                     9.073 5.32e-10 ***
## DOM:Treatment
                    1 13.41 13.412 14.461 0.000179 ***
## DOM:t2
                    7 27.63
                              3.947
                                     4.255 0.000183 ***
                    7 15.91
## Treatment:t2
                              2.272
                                      2.450 0.019007 *
## DOM:Treatment:t2
                    7 6.88
                              0.983
                                     1.060 0.390186
## Residuals
                  255 236.50
                              0.927
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```