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| **ANGELWINGS COMPREHENSIVE COLLEGE, MAROKO, PW, KUBWA, ABUJA** | |
| **THIRD TERM MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2024/2025 ACADEMIC SESSION** | |
| **SUBJECT: English Language** | **CLASS: YEAR TWO** |

1. Determiners are also called \_ (a) Describers (b) Quantifiers (c) Connectors (d) Modifiers

2. Which of these is a determiner? (a) happily (b) beautiful (c) some (d) run

3. The word 'few' tells us about (a) quality (b) quantity (c) action (d) time

4. Adjectives are words that describe a \_ (a) verb (b) noun (c) adverb (d) preposition

5. Which of these is an adjective? (a) quickly (b) sing (c) success (d) beautiful

6. The word 'greedy' describes a \_ (a) person's action (b) person's quality (c) place (d) time

7. Adverbs tell you more about \_ (a) nouns (b) adjectives (c) verbs (d) determiners

8. Many adverbs end in \_ (a) -ed (b) -ing (c) -ly (d) -ful

9. In "The old lady walked slowly", 'slowly' is an adverb of \_ (a) time (b) place (c) manner (d) frequency

10. 'Late' in "All the guests arrived late" is an adverb of \_ (a) manner (b) time (c) place (d) degree

11. Prepositions tell you \_ something is in relation to something else (a) how or why (b) who or what (c) where or when (d) which or whose

12. A preposition usually has a \_ or pronoun after it (a) verb (b) adjective (c) adverb (d) noun

13. Which of these is a preposition? (a) quickly (b) under (c) happy (d) jump

14. The word 'is' is a form of the verb \_ (a) do (b) have (c) be (d) go

15. You use 'is' or 'isn't' with \_ nouns (a) plural (b) singular (c) collective (d) uncountable

16. You use 'are' or 'aren't' with \_ nouns (a) singular (b) collective (c) plural (d) abstract

17. The word 'beautiful' is an example of an \_ (a) adverb (b) adjective (c) determiner (d) verb

18. Which word is a determiner? (a) quickly (b) much (c) run (d) table

19. An adverb of place tells you \_ actions happen (a) how (b) when (c) where (d) why

20. The word 'between' is an example of a \_ (a) verb (b) adjective (c) preposition (d) adverb

Section B

1. Words that describe or talk about a Noun are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Many adverbs typically end with the suffix \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. A word that tells you where or when something is in relation to something else is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. You use 'is' or 'isn't' with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nouns.

5. The words 'few', 'some', and 'many' are examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Section C

1. Explain the difference between determiners and adjectives, providing an example for each in a sentence.

2. Discuss the various types of adverbs mentioned in the text and give an example sentence for each type.

3. How do prepositions help in establishing relationships between different elements in a sentence? Provide at least two examples.

4. Describe the role of the verb 'be' (is/are) in English grammar. How does its usage change based on the noun it accompanies?

5. Imagine you are explaining grammar to a younger student. How would you simplify the concepts of adjectives and adverbs for them?