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| **ANGELWINGS COMPREHENSIVE COLLEGE, MAROKO, PW, KUBWA, ABUJA** | |
| **THIRD TERM MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2024/2025 ACADEMIC SESSION** | |
| **SUBJECT: English Language** | **CLASS: YEAR THREE** |

1. Determiners like few, some, and many are also called \_ (a) verbs (b) nouns (c) determiners

2. The word 'much' is a \_ (a) verb (b) determiner (c) adjective

3. 'Any' is an example of a \_ (a) noun (b) determiner (c) adverb

4. Adjectives are words that describe a \_ (a) verb (b) noun (c) adverb

5. Which word is an adjective? (a) slowly (b) beautiful (c) arrived

6. The word 'greedy' is an \_ (a) adverb (b) adjective (c) preposition

7. 'Ugly' is a word that describes a \_ (a) noun (b) verb (c) time

8. Which word is an adjective? (a) rich (b) pain (c) success

9. Adverbs tell you more about \_ (a) nouns (b) adjectives (c) verbs

10. Many adverbs end in \_ (a) -ly (b) -ing (c) -ed

11. Adverbs of manner tell you \_ actions happen (a) when (b) where (c) how

12. Adverbs of time tell you \_ actions happen (a) how (b) when (c) where

13. Adverbs of place tell you \_ actions happen (a) where (b) how (c) when

14. In "The old lady walked slowly," 'slowly' is an adverb of \_ (a) time (b) manner (c) place

15. In "All the guests arrived late," 'late' is an adverb of \_ (a) place (b) manner (c) time

16. 'Everywhere' is an example of an adverb of \_ (a) time (b) place (c) manner

17. A preposition tells you \_ something is in relation to something else (a) how (b) where or when (c) why

18. Prepositions usually have a \_ after them (a) verb (b) adjective (c) noun or pronoun

19. Which word is a preposition? (a) arrived (b) above (c) beautiful

20. 'Under' is an example of a \_ (a) determiner (b) preposition (c) adverb

21. Which word is NOT a preposition example? (a) between (b) slowly (c) inside

22. The words 'is' and 'are' are forms of the verb \_ (a) do (b) be (c) have

23. You use 'is' with \_ nouns (a) plural (b) singular (c) both

24. You use 'isn't' with \_ nouns (a) plural (b) singular (c) many

25. You use 'are' with \_ nouns (a) singular (b) plural (c) one

26. You use 'aren't' with \_ nouns (a) plural (b) singular (c) few

27. The word 'some' is a \_ (a) verb (b) determiner (c) noun

28. The word 'rich' is an \_ (a) adverb (b) adjective (c) noun

29. The word 'pain' is a \_ (a) adjective (b) noun (c) adverb

30. The word 'success' is a \_ (a) adjective (b) noun (c) adverb

Section B

1. Words like 'few' and 'some' are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Adjectives describe a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Adverbs tell more about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. Many adverbs end in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. 'In' and 'on' are examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Section C

1. List two types of adverbs mentioned in the text.

2. What is the primary function of a preposition?

3. Name two forms of the verb 'be' used with singular nouns.

4. Identify two examples of determiners from the provided text.

5. What do adjectives tell you about?