

$$a_n = 7a_{n-1} - 16a_{n-2} + 12a_{n-3} + n4^n$$

$$a_0 = -2, a_1 = 0, a_2 = 5$$

$$X^3 - 7X^2 + 16X - 12 = 0$$

$$x_1 = 2, x_2 = 3, x_3 = 3$$

$$(x-2)(x-2)(x-3)$$

Solução geral.

$$a_n = \alpha_1 2^n + \alpha_2 n 2^n + \varphi 3^n$$

$$a_n = (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 n) 2^n + \varphi 3^n$$

$$a_0 = (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 0) 2^0 + \varphi 3^0$$

$$a_0 = \alpha_1 + \varphi$$

$$a_1 = 2\alpha_1 + 2\alpha_2 + 3\varphi = 0$$

$$a_2 = 4\alpha_1 + 8\alpha_2 + 9\varphi$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_1 + \varphi &= -2 \\ 2\alpha_1 + 2\alpha_2 + 3\varphi &= 0 \\ 4\alpha_1 + 8\alpha_2 + 9\varphi &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 8 & 9 & 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 8 & 5 & 13 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_1 &= 1 \\ \alpha_2 &= 7/2 \\ \varphi &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_1^* &= L_1 \\ L_2^* &= -2L_1 + L_2 \\ L_3^* &= -4L_1 + L_3 \\ L_3^* &= -4L_2 + L_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_1 + \varphi &= -2 \\ 2\alpha_2 + \varphi &= -4 \\ \varphi &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_1 &= 1 \\ 2\alpha_2 &= 4 + 3 \\ \alpha_2 &= 7/2 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_n = \left(1 + \frac{7}{2}n\right) 2^n - 3 \cdot 3^n$$

Em busca de uma solução particular.

$$A_n = n^2 (p_1 n + p_0) 4^n$$

$$A_{n-1} = (n-1)^2 (p_1 (n-1) + p_0) 4^{(n-1)}$$

$$A_{n-1} = \left[ p_1 (n-1)^3 + p_0 (n-1)^2 \right] \times \frac{4^n}{4}$$

$$(4+3)A_{n-1} = \left[ p_1 (n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1) + p_0 (n^2 - 2n + 1) \right] (4^n + 3)$$

$$A_{n-2} = \left[ p_1 (n-2)^3 + p_0 (n-2)^2 \right] \times 4^{n-2}$$

$$-16A_{n-2} = \left[ p_1 (n^3 - 6n^2 + 12n - 8) + p_0 (n^2 - 4n + 4) \right] \times -4^n$$

$$A_{n-3} = \left[ p_1 (n-3)^3 + p_0 (n-3)^2 \right] + \frac{4^n}{4^3}$$

$$(3 \times 4)A_{n-3} = 3 \left[ p_1 (n^3 - 9n^2 + 27n - 27) + p_0 (n^2 - 6n + 9) \right] \times \frac{4^n}{16}$$

$$a_n = 7a_{n-1} - 16a_{n-2} + 12a_{n-3} + n4^n$$

$$4^n (p_1 n^3 + p_0 n^2) = (7p_1(n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1) + 7p_0(n^2 - 2n + 1)) \left( \frac{4n}{4} \right) - (p_1(n^3 - 6n^2 + 12n - 8) + p_0(n^2 - 4n + 4)) \frac{4n}{16} + (3p_1(n^3 - 9n^2 + 27n - 27) + 3p_0(n^2 - 6n + 9)) \frac{4}{16}$$

$$p_1 n^3 + p_0 n^2 = \frac{7}{4} p_1 (n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1) + \frac{7}{4} p_0 (n^2 - 2n + 1) - p_1 (n^3 - 6n^2 + 12n - 8) - p_0 (n^2 - 4n + 4) + \frac{3}{16} p_1 (n^3 - 9n^2 + 27n - 27) + \frac{3}{16} p_0 (n^2 - 6n + 9)$$

$$= n^3 \left( \frac{7}{4} p_1 - p_1 + \frac{3}{16} p_1 \right) + n^2 \left( -\frac{21}{4} p_1 + \frac{7}{4} p_0 + 6p_1 - p_0 - \frac{27}{16} p_1 + \frac{3}{16} p_0 \right)$$

$$+ n \left( \frac{21}{4} p_1 - \frac{14}{4} p_0 - 12p_1 + 4p_0 + \frac{81}{16} p_1 - \frac{18}{16} p_0 + 1 \right)$$

$$\left( -\frac{7}{4} p_1 + \frac{7}{4} p_0 + 8p_1 - 4p_0 - \frac{81}{16} p_1 + \frac{27}{16} p_0 \right)$$

$$p_1 n^3 = n^3 \left( \frac{7}{4} p_1 - p_1 + \frac{3}{16} p_1 \right) \quad p_0 n^2 = n^2 \left( -\frac{21}{4} p_1 + \frac{7}{4} p_0 + 6p_1 - p_0 - \frac{27}{16} p_1 + \frac{3}{16} p_0 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{16} p_1 = \frac{15}{16} p_1 \text{ não ajuda.}$$

$$p_0 - \frac{15}{16} p_0 = \frac{15}{16} p_1 \quad \frac{19}{16} p_1 - \frac{9}{16} p_0 = 0$$

$$p_0 = 15 p_1$$



$$\frac{21}{4}p_2 - \frac{14}{7}p_0 - 12p_2 + 4p_0 + \frac{81}{16}p_1 - \frac{18}{16}p_0 + 1 = 0$$

$$p_0 = -15p_1$$

$$p_1 = \frac{14}{27} p_0 + \frac{16}{27}$$

$$p_1 = 27 \quad \text{and} \quad p_1 = \frac{16}{237}$$

$$Q_n = \left(1 + \frac{7}{2}n\right)^n - 3 \cdot 3^n + n^2 (p_1 n + p_0) 4^n$$

$$u_n = \left(1 + \frac{7}{2}n\right)^n - 3 \cdot 3^n + n^2 \left(\frac{16}{237}n - \frac{80}{79}\right) 4^n$$