

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are undernourished has increased from 600 million to 800 million (FAO 2001). The number of people who are malnourished has increased from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion (FAO 2001).

There is a growing awareness of the need to improve the nutritional status of the world's population. The World Health Organization (WHO) has set a target of reducing the number of undernourished people in the world by 50% by the year 2015 (WHO 2001). The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) has set a target of reducing the number of people who are malnourished by 50% by the year 2015 (UNDP 2001).

There are a number of factors that contribute to malnutrition. These include poverty, lack of access to food, lack of access to health care, and lack of access to education. Poverty is the most common cause of malnutrition. People who are poor are often unable to afford the food and health care that they need.

Lack of access to food is another common cause of malnutrition. People who live in rural areas often have difficulty accessing the markets where they can buy food. People who live in urban areas often have difficulty accessing the markets where they can buy food.

Lack of access to health care is another common cause of malnutrition. People who are poor often cannot afford the health care that they need. People who live in rural areas often have difficulty accessing the health care that they need.

Lack of access to education is another common cause of malnutrition. People who are poor often cannot afford the education that they need. People who live in rural areas often have difficulty accessing the education that they need.

There are a number of ways to improve the nutritional status of the world's population. These include increasing access to food, increasing access to health care, and increasing access to education.

Increasing access to food can be done in a number of ways. One way is to improve the infrastructure of rural areas. Another way is to improve the infrastructure of urban areas.

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