

Angie K. Reyes
PyCon 2018

Identification of Colombian Bird species using Python

#### Introduction

- About me
- Why Python?
- Workshop goals

#### Content

- Dataset
- Processing data
- Extract of features
- Classification
- Results

#### **Background**

- LifeClef challenge
- Motivation
- The important things

Workshop

- Python & Notebook
- Practical exercise & showing

```
# function for process audio file
def process audio(dir audio):
           result = True
           clip features = list()
           mean features = list()
           # replace silence in noise to audio file
           new dir audio = dir audio.replace('.wav', ' sil.wav')
           if not os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
                      # create new file with silence
                      os.system( 'sox ' + dir audio + ' ' + new dir audio + ' silence 1 0.1 1% -1 0.1 1%' )
           if os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
                     (state, rate, signal) = downsampling(new dir audio, 16000)
           if state is True:
                      window = 5
                    # split the audit of Steepins (gme)t Cuchic Color Colo
                      if audio segments:
                                 # for each segment of audio
                                 for audio segment in audio segments:
                                 # extract mfcc features
                                            features = np.array(extractFeatures(rate, audio segment))
                                            features = np.asarray(features).reshape(-1)
                                            clip features.append(features)
                      else:
                                 result = False
           else:
                      print( 'Error when processing the file:', new dir audio)
                      result = False
           clip features = np.array(clip features)
           with warnings.catch warnings():
                      warnings.simplefilter("ignore", category=RuntimeWarning)
                     mean_features = np.mean(clip features, axis=0)
           return result, clip features, mean features
```

I'm a Systems and Computing Engineer

I'm 25 years old

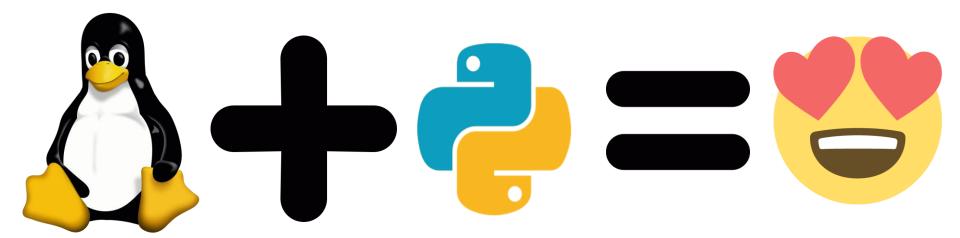
TICS Girls 2016

PhD student in the Doctorate in Applied Science program at the Antonio Nariño University.

Back-End Development



- Support Vector Machine (SVM) for Magnetic Resonance Image classification.
- Development of a mobile app and web tool to support non-pharmacological therapies in Alzheimer's patients.
- Identification of bird species using audio feature extraction and SVM.
- Deep Learning for Plant Identification.
- Development and management of big data and machine learning projects (junior developer).
- Power grid modeling using Graph theory.
- Creation of a Smart Grid.



### Workshop goals

# "Desarrolle una pasión por el aprendizaje. Si lo hace, usted nunca dejará de crecer."

-Anthony J. D'Angelo.

### Workshop goals

## Introduction

#### MODERN DATA SCIENTIST

Data Scientist, the sexiest job of 21th century requires a mixture of multidisciplinary skills ranging from an intersection of mathematics, statistics, computer science, communication and business. Finding a data scientist is hard. Finding people who understand who a data scientist is, is equally hard. So here is a little cheat sheet on who the modern data scientist really is.

#### MATH & STATISTICS

- ☆ Machine learning
- ☆ Statistical modeling
- ☆ Experiment design
- ☆ Bayesian inference
- ☆ Supervised learning: decision trees,
- ☆ Unsupervised learning: clustering, dimensionality reduction
- ☆ Optimization: gradient descent and

#### DOMAIN KNOWLEDGE & SOFT SKILLS

- ☆ Curious about data
- ☆ Influence without authority
- ☆ Hacker mindset
- ☆ Problem solver
- innovative and collaborative



#### **PROGRAMMING** & DATABASE

- ☆ Databases SOL and NoSOL
- ☆ Relational algebra
- Parallel databases and parallel query
- ☆ ManReduce concepts
- ☆ Hadoop and Hive/Pig
- ☆ Custom reducers

#### COMMUNICATION & VISUALIZATION

- ☆ Story telling skills
- ☆ Translate data-driven insights into
- ☆ Visual art design
- ☆ R packages like ggplot or lattice
- ☆ Knowledge of any of visualization tools e.g. Flare, D3.is, Tableau

#### MODERN DATA SCIENTIST

Data Scientist, the sexiest job of the 21th century, requires a mixture of multidisciplinary skills ranging from an intersection of mathematics, statistics, computer science, communication and business. Finding a data scientist is hard. Finding people who understand who a data scientist is, is equally hard. So here is a little cheat sheet on who the modern data scientist really is.

#### MATH & STATISTICS

- ☆ Machine learning
- ☆ Statistical modeling
- ☆ Experiment design
- ☆ Bayesian inference
- ☆ Supervised learning: decision trees, random forests, logistic regression
- ✿ Unsupervised learning: clustering, dimensionality reduction



#### **PROGRAMMING** & DATABASE

- ☆ Statistical computing packages, e.g., R.
- ☆ Databases: SOL and NoSOL
- Relational algebra
- ☆ ManReduce concents
- ☆ Hadoop and Hive/Pig
- ☆ Custom reducers
- ☆ Experience with xaaS like AWS

#### DOMAIN KNOWLEDGE & SOFT SKILLS

- ☆ Curious about data
- ☆ Influence without authority
- ☆ Hacker mindset



#### COMMUNICATION & VISUALIZATION

- ☆ Story telling skills
- ☆ Translate data-driven insights into
- ☆ Visual art design
- A R packages like goplot or lattice
- ☆ Knowledge of any of visualization tools e.g. Flare, D3 js. Tableau

MarketingDistillery.com is a group of practitioners in the area of e-commerce marketing. Our fields of expertise include: marketing strategy and optimization: customer tracking and on-site analytics: predictive analytics and econometrics: data warehousing and big data systems: marketing channel insights in Paid Search, SEO, Social, CRM and brand.



MarketingDistillery.com is a group of practitioners in the area of e-commerce marketing. Our fields of expertise include: marketing strategy and optimization: customer tracking and on-site analytics: predictive analytics and econometrics: data warehousing and big data systems: marketing channel insights in Paid Search, SEO, Social, CRM and brand.



```
# function for process audio file
def process audio(dir audio):
           result = True
           clip features = list()
           mean features = list()
           # replace silence in noise to audio file
           new dir audio = dir audio.replace('.wav', ' sil.wav')
           if not os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
                      # create new file with silence
                      os.system( 'sox ' + dir audio + ' ' + new dir audio + ' silence 1 0.1 1% -1 0.1 1%' )
           if os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
                      (state, rate, signal) = downsampling(new dir audio, 16000)
           if state is True:
                      window = 5
                     # split the aud Bick (Care County Cou
                      min step = 1
                      if audio segments:
                                 # for each segment of audio
                                 for audio segment in audio segments:
                                 # extract mfcc features
                                            features = np.array(extractFeatures(rate, audio segment))
                                            features = np.asarray(features).reshape(-1)
                                            clip features.append(features)
                      else:
                                 result = False
           else:
                      print( 'Error when processing the file:', new dir audio)
                      result = False
           clip features = np.array(clip features)
           with warnings.catch warnings():
                      warnings.simplefilter("ignore", category=RuntimeWarning)
                      mean features = np.mean(clip features, axis=0)
           return result, clip features, mean_features
```

#### Motivation

- Ornithology experts
- Difficult task of recognition
- The birds have regional accents
- Bird migration
- Unusual and endangered birds
- Colombia, second most biodiverse country in the world
- 1,903 bird species recorded in Colombia (2013)

### LifeClef challenge



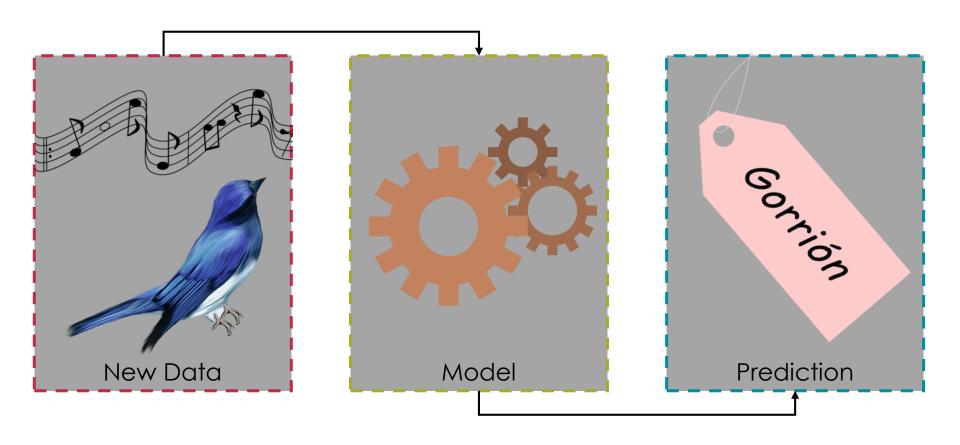




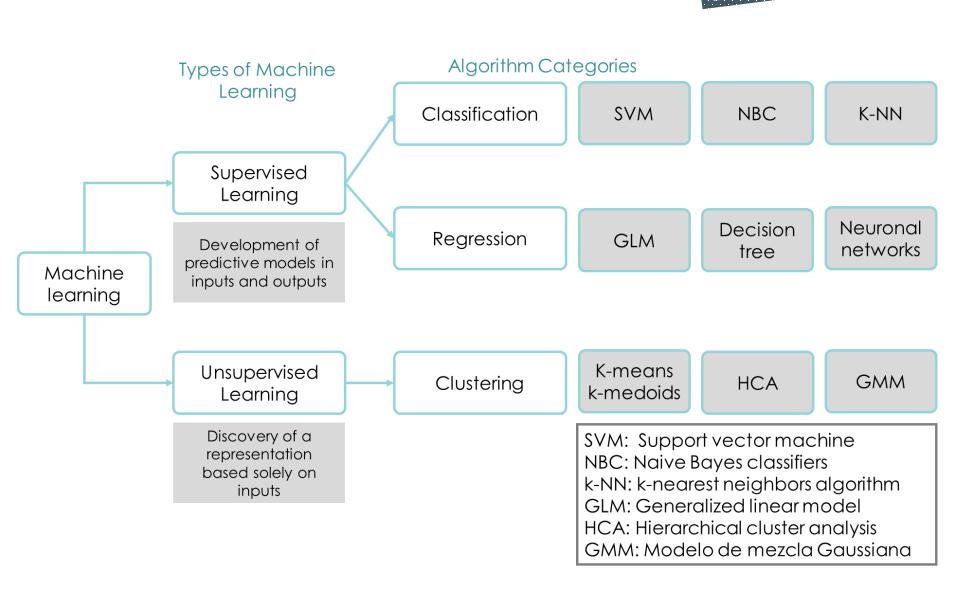
Source: http://www.pbase.com/rsscanlon/image/110872861

### LifeClef challenge

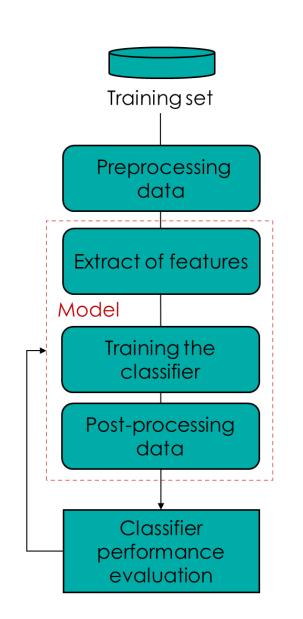
The goal of the task is to identify all audio of birds from test recordings.

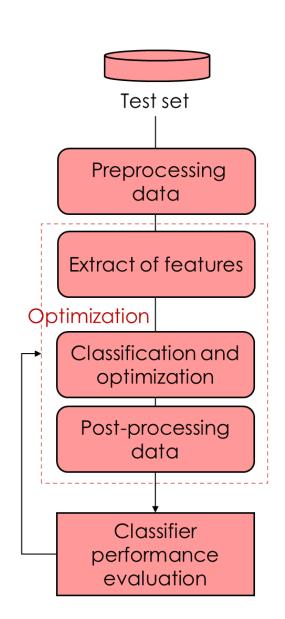


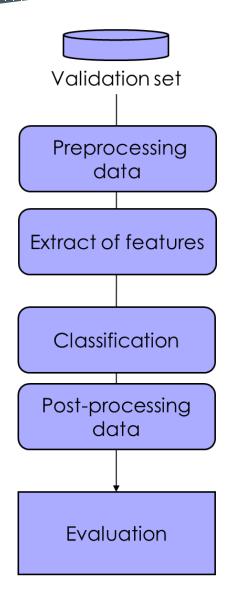
### The important things

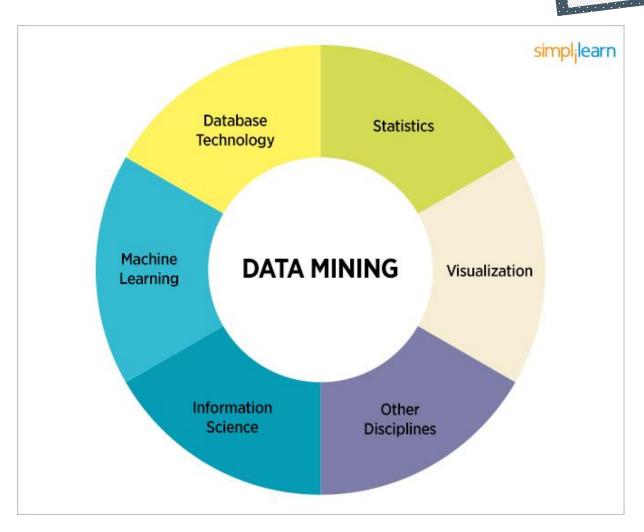


### Machine Learning

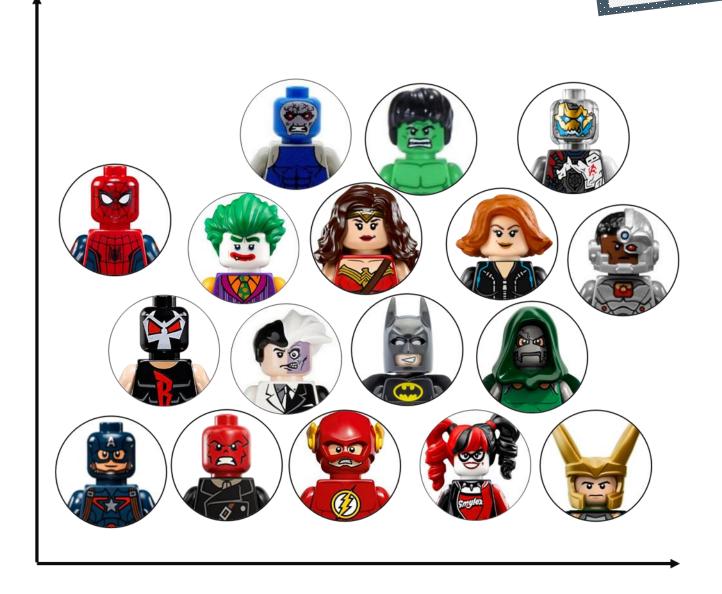




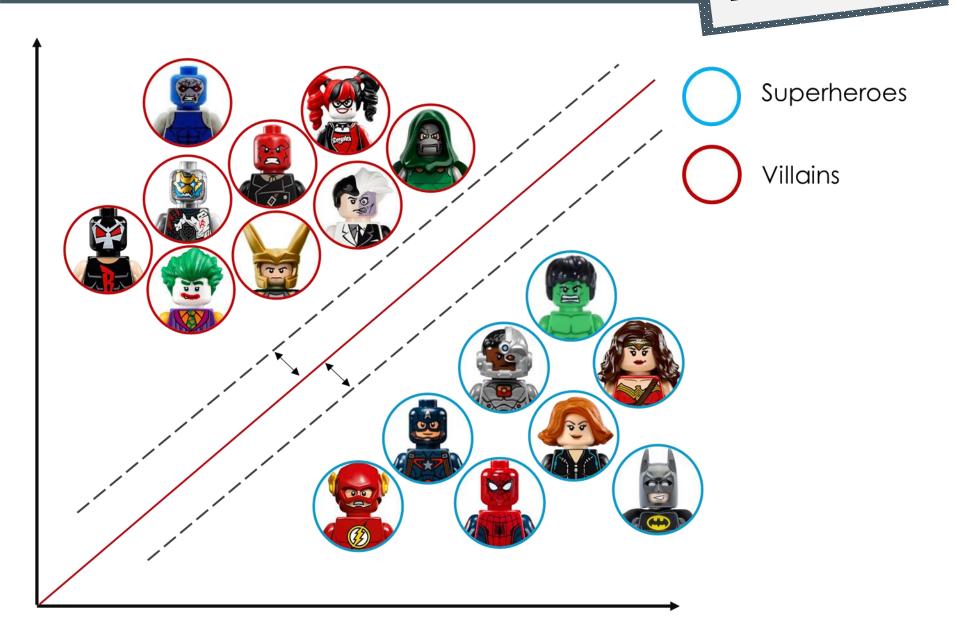




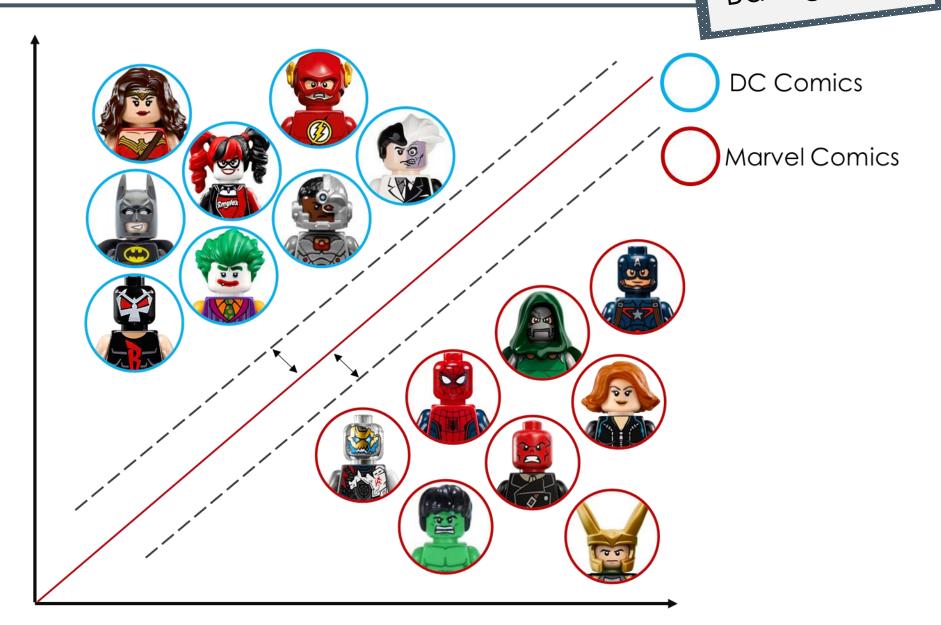
Source: https://www.simplilearn.com/data-mining-vs-statistics-article

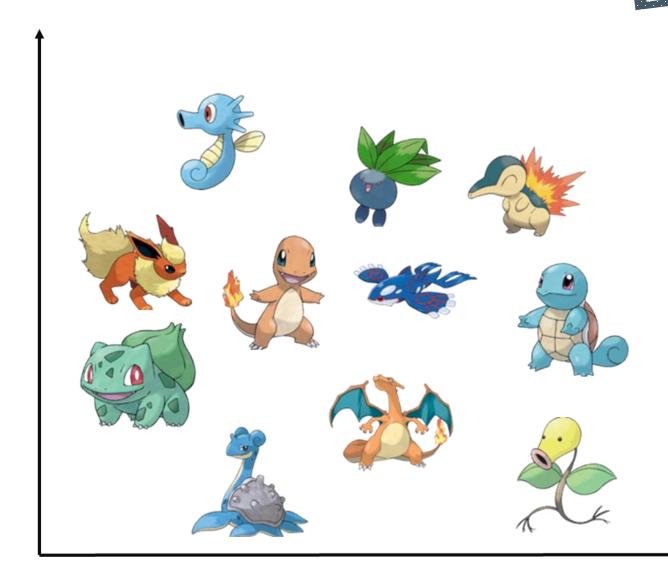


### SVM (Support Vector Machines)



## SVM (Support Vector Machines)

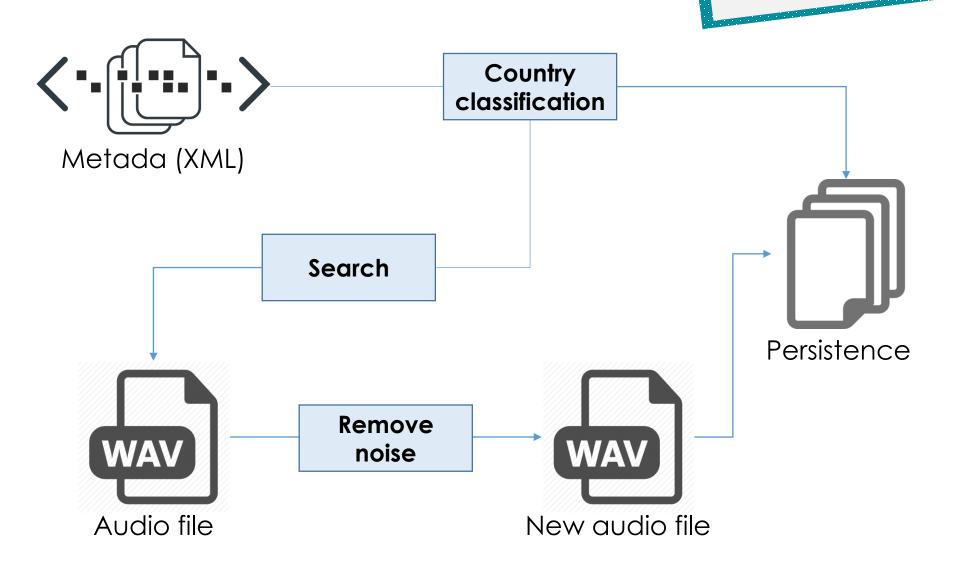




### Clustering (K-means)



```
# function for process audio file
def process audio(dir audio):
    result = True
    clip features = list()
    mean features = list()
    # replace silence in noise to audio file
    new dir audio = dir audio.replace('.wav', ' sil.wav')
    if not os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
        # create new file with silence
        os.system( 'sox ' + dir audio + ' ' + new dir audio + ' silence 1 0.1 1% -1 0.1 1%' )
    if os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
        (state, rate, signal) = downsampling(new dir audio, 16000)
    if state is True:
        window = 5
       # split the audio on 5 seconds segments
audio_segments = splitAudio(x, such audio)
        if audio segments:
            # for each seament of audio
            for audio segment in audio segments:
            # extract mfcc features
                features = np.array(extractFeatures(rate, audio segment))
                features = np.asarray(features).reshape(-1)
                clip features.append(features)
        else:
            result = False
    else:
        print( 'Error when processing the file:', new dir audio)
        result = False
    clip features = np.array(clip features)
   with warnings.catch warnings():
        warnings.simplefilter("ignore", category=RuntimeWarning)
        mean features = np.mean(clip features, axis=0)
    return result, clip features, mean features
```



### xeno-canto

36,496 audio recordings

1,500 types of species

7,860 audio recordings

789 types of species

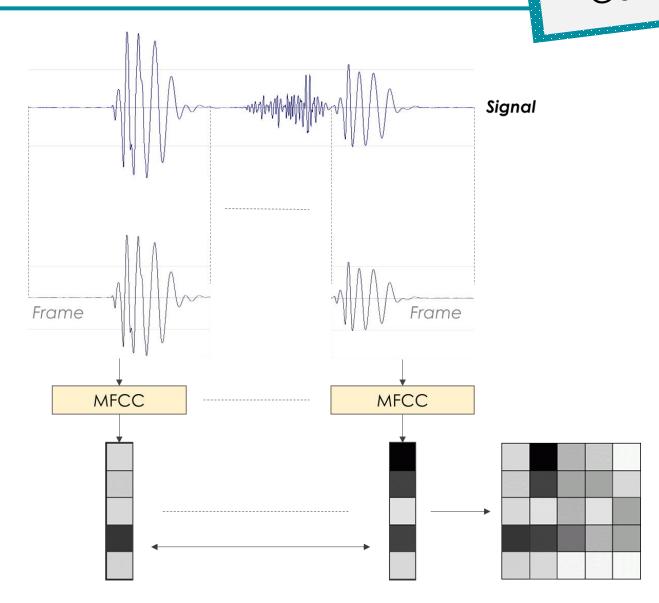
Otros	3.638
Ecuador	3.908
Peru	2.853
Brasil	14.248
Colombia	7.860
Suriname	337
Venezuela	2.029
Bolivia	722
Paraguay	32
French Guiana	712
Uruguay	40
Guyana	116
Argentina	1

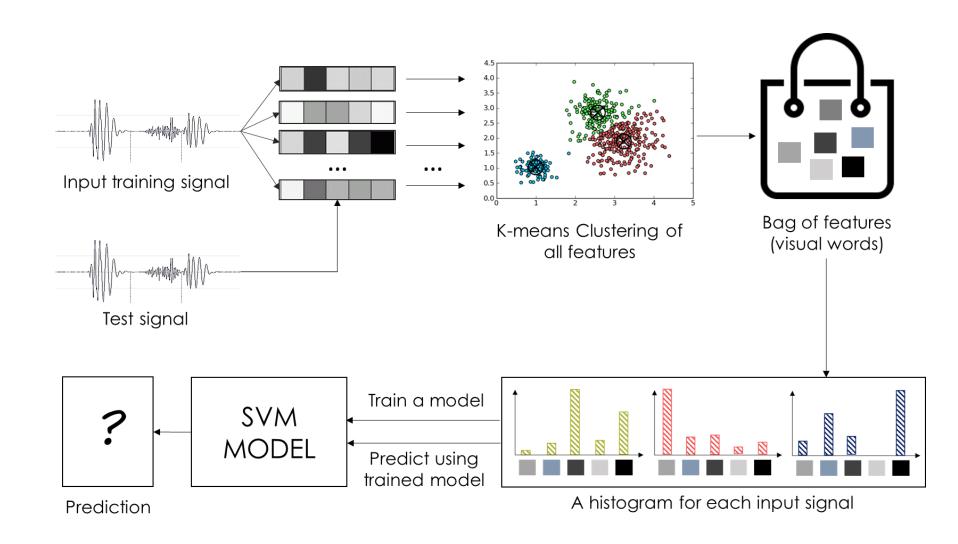
3,440 audio recordings

100 types of specie

### Processing data

```
def countryGoogle(latitude, longitude):
    country = None
    response = True
        url = "https://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?latlng="+latitude+","+longitude+"&key=AIzaSyA-NNN"
        jsonResponse = json.load(urlopen(url))
        jsonRes = jsonResponse['results']
        if len(jsonRes) == 0 :
            response = False
            for x in jsonRes:
                res = x['address components']
            for x in res:
                country = x['long name']
                country = country.replace('\n','').lower()
    except ValueError as error message:
        print("Error: geocode failed with message %s"%(error_message))
        response = False
    return response, country
```





Global features

VS

Bag of features

```
# function for process audio file
def process audio(dir audio):
   result = True
    clip features = list()
   mean features = list()
   # replace silence in noise to audio file
   new dir audio = dir audio.replace('.wav', ' sil.wav')
   if not os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
       # create new file with silence
       os.system( 'sox ' + dir audio + ' ' + new dir audio + ' silence 1 0.1 1% -1 0.1 1%' )
   if os.path.isfile(new dir audio):
       (state, rate, signal) = downsampling(new dir audio, 16000)
   if state is True:
       window = 5
       min step = 1
       if audio segments:
           # for each segment of audio
           for audio segment in audio segments:
           # extract mfcc features
               features = np.array(extractFeatures(rate, audio segment))
               features = np.asarray(features).reshape(-1)
               clip features.append(features)
       else:
           result = False
   else:
       print( 'Error when processing the file:', new dir audio)
       result = False
   clip features = np.array(clip features)
   with warnings.catch warnings():
       warnings.simplefilter("ignore", category=RuntimeWarning)
       mean features = np.mean(clip features, axis=0)
   return result, clip features, mean features
```







#### Practical exercise...

#### Repository



https://github.com/angiereyesbet/birdPycon2018

#### **Dataset**



13.58.110.45/data/data.tar.gz

(Temporary URL)



angreyes@outlook.com angreyes@uan.edu.co angiereyes.bet@gmail.com