- P& S -

Variable a lea bore Reportities unei

V.a.: [x: _n -> R [fx ≤ x] ∈ 7 , + * ∈ R

 (Ω, T, P) , X v.a. pi $P_X(A) = P(X \in A), \forall A \in R \text{ imbrial}$

 $\int X \in A \mathcal{J} = \int \omega \in \mathcal{L} / X (\omega \in A \mathcal{J})$ $= \chi^{-1}(A)$

 $P_X(\cdot) = (P \circ X^{-1})(\cdot)$ ($\cdot = \text{function}, A$) L) reportition v.a.X

Functia de reportité (set somulativa/CDF)

 $F(x) = P_{x} ((-\infty, x))$ $= P(x \in x), \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$

a = fxexk= gsx

A

16+3/8+3/8+3/8+3/8

SEX & N

Exp

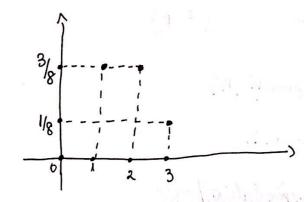
Aruncam de 3 pri au banul. X= # copite în cele 3 arumoari

lare este fot de rop. a lui X? beren.

$$-1 = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{3}$$

TTT

$$P(x=0) = P(x_{TTT}) = \frac{1}{8}$$
 $P(x=1) = P(x_{HTT}), x_{THT}, x_{TTH}) = \frac{3}{8}$
 $P(x=2) = P(x_{HHT}), x_{HTH}, x_{THH}) = \frac{3}{8}$
 $P(x=3) = P(x_{HHT}) = \frac{1}{8}$



$$T(x) = \begin{cases} 0 = P(x) \\ 1/8 \\ 3 \times 0 \le x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$1/8 + 3/8 = \frac{1}{8} \quad 3 = \frac{1}{8} \times 2 \le x < 3$$

$$1/8 + 3/8 + 3/8 = \frac{7}{8} \times 2 \le x < 3$$

$$1/8 + 3/8 + 3/8 = \frac{7}{8} \times 2 \le x < 3$$

1

Daca
$$\int 0 \le X < X = y + \int X \le X = y = \int X = 0$$

Let $\int 1 \le X < Z = y + \int X \le X = \int X = 0$
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7(f) 1/8 = 1- 7 / 1/8 = 1- 7 / 1/8 = 1- 7 / 2 / 3 X

examen

Proprietati function de repartitie:

(b)
$$\mp$$
 cont. la dragola: $\lim_{X\to X_0} \mp(x) = \mp(x_0)$, $\forall x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. $x>x_0$

$$\lim_{\chi \to \infty} \overline{+}(\chi) = 0$$

$$\lim_{\chi \to \infty} \overline{+}(\chi) = 1$$

$$\lim_{\chi \to \infty} \overline{+}(\chi) = 1$$

In plus,

(d)
$$P(x > x) = 1 - P(x \leq x) = 1 - \mp(x)$$

(e)
$$P(X \angle X) = P(X \in X) - P(X = X)$$

$$= \lim_{X \to X_0} \overline{+(X_0 - X)}$$

$$= \overline{+(X_0 - X)} \left(\lim_{X \to X_0} x + x \right)$$

$$= \overline{+(X_0 - X_0)} \left(\lim_{X \to X_0} x + x \right)$$

(7(x+) not lim. for obserpta)

Vociabile abatoure discrete

X: _2 -) R 2.a

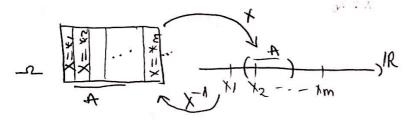
X(s2) - multimea volocilor lui X.

x(-r) > infinita neneurorabila =) x este v.a. divorata

X ra.a. disorda, X: 22 -) R. Margaret il margaret

AER, P(XeA) = 18 TEMP (government)

X(I) - al mult mu mumatrabila



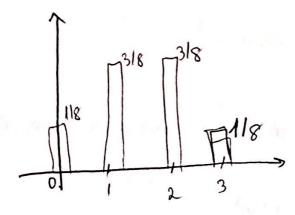
Definitie:

The $(-r^2, T, P)$ un. c.p. si $\chi: -r -)$ 20 re.a. disorda.

Se mumeste function de mater associata (PNT): $f(X) = P(\chi = \chi), \forall \chi \in \chi(-r), f(\chi(-r)) - \chi(0,1)$

! Obs! Se mai foloreste si notatia p(x) sau px (x)

Exp! Atumoam de 3 ori ou banul, X=# H în cele 3 arunodri Determinați jot de mara a lui X g(x)=P(x-x), $\forall x \in \{0,1,2,3\}=x(J2)$ g(0)=118, g(1)=318, g(2)=318, g(3)=118



P(x=xi)=pi

Nobs! X ∈ 1×1,×2,... ×my (×1 ×2 --- ×m)

N(P1 P2 --- pm)

Znu e reportitia vocialitai,
e o motatui!

Proprietati junctia de mara

(a)
$$f(x) = P(x = xe) = 0$$
 (peritive)

(b)
$$P(x)=1$$

$$P(x)=U + \chi = \chi$$

$$= P(U + \chi = \chi = \chi)$$

$$= \chi \in \chi(x)$$

$$= \chi \in \chi(x)$$

$$= \sum_{x \in X(x)} \int_{x \in X(x)} (\max_{x \in X(x)} (\max_{x \in X(x)} \int_{x \in X(x)} (\max_{x \in$$

Ossi Legatura dintre function de mason si function de reportation

$$\int F(x) = P(x \le x) = Z$$

$$y \in X(x)$$

$$f(x) = F(x) = F(x-)$$

Exemplu de vo.a. disorete

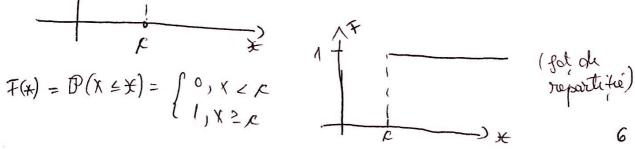
$$f(x) = \mathbb{P}(x = x) = \begin{cases} 1, x = r \\ 0, x \neq r \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \begin{cases} 0, x \neq r \\ \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \begin{cases} 0, x \neq r \\ \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \begin{cases} 0, x \neq r \\ \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = \mathcal{D}(x \leq x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < x \\ 1, & x \geq x \end{cases}$$



2) Vouiabile alcateure de tip Bornoulli

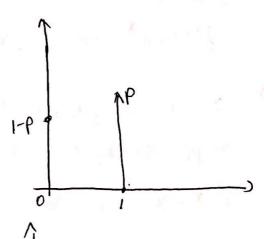
Avern un expriment, si un overniment A all interes. Pp. $P(A) = p \in [0,1]$

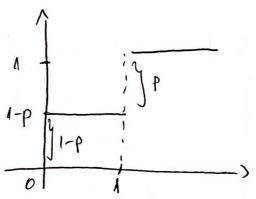
$$X = \Sigma - \lambda R$$
, $X(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, \omega \in A \\ 0, \omega \in A \text{ all } \beta \end{cases}$

$$\begin{cases}
f(1) = P(x=1) = P(A) = P \\
f(0) = P(x=0) = P(A^{C}) = 1 - P
\end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases}
0, x < 0 \\
1 - P, 0 \le x \le 1 \\
1 - P, x \le 1
\end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases}
1 - P, x \le 1
\end{cases}$$





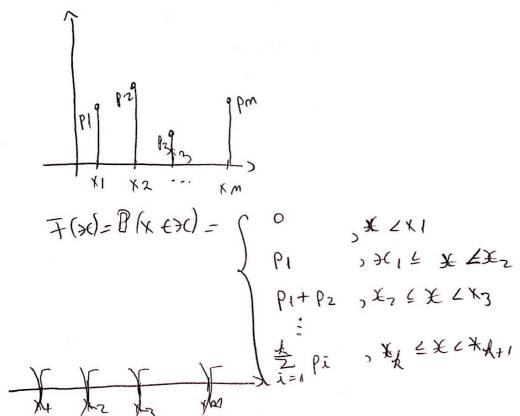
 $^{\circ}$.a. implicator: $^{\circ}$, $^{\circ}$,

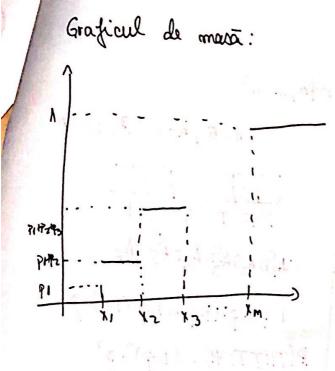
Not. re.a. de tip Bermoulli: X N Bor (p) (sau B(p))

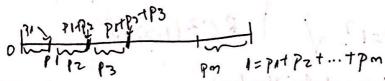
este reportizata ca ...

Sovierea sub journa sompacta a functier de mosa: $f(x) = p^{*}(1-p)^{1-*}, x \in f'(0,1)$

3 $X: \mathcal{I} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad X(\mathcal{I}) = 1 \times_{1}, \times_{2}, \dots, \times_{m} y \neq 1$ $\text{Note pp. } \times_{1} \angle \times_{2} \angle \dots \angle \times_{m}$ $\mathbb{P}(X = \times_{1}) = \text{pi. } \in (0, 1) \text{ out } \sum_{i > 1} \text{pi.} = 1$ Graficul fot de masa:







Presupunem ca avern un exp. abater ni A un ev. de in tores:

Repetarm exp. de m ori (îm aceleari corrolitii) ni me

Repetarm exp. de mori (macetaix continentalmi A. interesorm la mr. de realizori ale evenimentalmi A.

X=# realizari ale ev. 4 im m repetari ale exp.

XNB(mp) - reso. reportizate himormial de parametri mais.

Sprob. de realiz. a ere. A im addriel exp (P(A))

Lo nor de repetitio a exp

X=10,1,2,...,my

91

functia de masa:

- Con Proprietati wificore:

a)) zozitiva V

= (m) (1-p)m-K.pK=1? V

= (1-P+P) (bimomul lui Newton)

Worra au bite de 2 culori: albe ni megre. Shim ca in wona sunt N bile solin care M more Extragem din wina in laite ou întrarcore:

X = nor. de liele negre din cele m bite extrace este: XNB(m, M)

m= 5, == 2; P(H)=P

450450A50A50A6

(1-p).p.(1-p).(1-p).p P(THTTTH) = (1-p)4. p2

BC2(1-p)1/p2

Neho, 1, 5, ..., 67

.a. reportizata hiporgeometric

Asem o vornà ou Noble albe si negre si M de culore magria. Extrogum on lute faria intradicare si ou intrusam la nor de bite negre din cele m'extrare.

X=# bile negre din cele on extrase este reportizata
geometric not H6 (m. N. M) hypergeometric mot HG (m, N, M) we de nor bile extragori wont

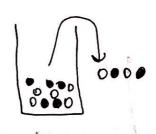
fation

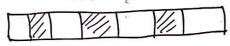
$$X \sim HG(m, N, M)$$

$$P(x=k) = \frac{C_{M} \cdot C_{N-M}}{C_{N}}$$

$$= \frac{M}{M} \cdot \frac{N-M}{M-K}$$

X = {0,1,..., min (H, m)}





Loto 6 din 49

X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6 1,17,23,41,39,5

! Bore out prob. sa d' mimorit le= 3 numere?

Bore out prob. So fi mimurat
$$R = 3$$
 (now $N = 49$)

 $M = 6$ bile majora (rela extrasse)

 $M = 6$
 $M = 6$
 $M = 6$

$$P(\chi=3) = \frac{\binom{6}{3}\binom{43}{3}}{\binom{49}{6}}$$

P(X+13,4,5,6)-1-P(x-0)-P(x=1)-P(x=2) ~0,18...

$$\frac{\min(m, M)}{\sum} \binom{M}{k} \cdot \binom{M-M}{m-k} = \binom{N}{m} \implies \text{ este fat. de masar}$$

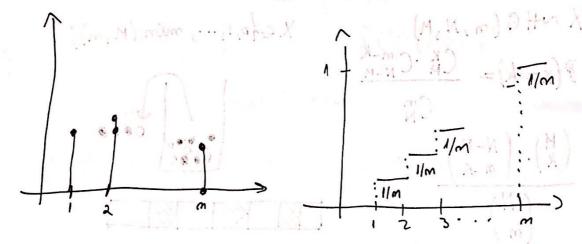
$$K=0 \qquad (k) \cdot \binom{M}{k} \cdot \binom{M-M}{m-k} = \binom{N}{m} \implies \text{ este fat. de masar}$$

$$(1+x)^{\mathsf{M}} \cdot (1+x)^{\mathsf{M}-\mathsf{M}} = (1+x)^{\mathsf{M}}$$

(6) Uniforma = 61,2,..., my (techirapartitia)

X: ___ >R, X(_z) = 11,2,..., my (D finita)

g(x)= P(X=K) = \frac{1}{101}, \text{ x k el 1, 2,..., my



e 6 bis map it (all extress)

11

 $N(x=3) = \frac{3/13}{(49)}$

12