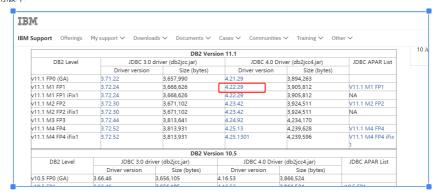
# 开发skywalking的db2插件

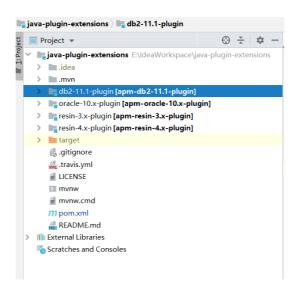
## 1、仿照skywalking的Oracle插件开发db2插件

Oracle插件地址: <a href="https://github.com/SkyAPM/java-plugin-extensions">https://github.com/SkyAPM/java-plugin-extensions</a>

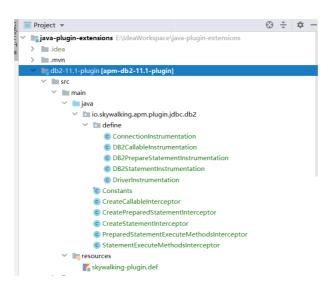
db2 jdbc驱动包下载地址: https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/db2-jdbc-driver-versions-and-downloads 驱动包选用版本:



#### 项目结构:



#### 文件结构:



#### 2、在skywalking中编写DB2URLParser.java文件

位置: skywalking\apm-sniffer\apm-sdk-plugin\jdbc-commons\src\main\java\org\apache\skywalking\apm\plugin\jdbc\connectionurl\parser\DB2URLParser.java格式要求: 按照PostgreSQLURLParser.java格式进行编写

DB2URLParser.java

```
package org.apache.skywalking.apm.plugin.jdbc.connectionurl.parser;
3 import org.apache.skywalking.apm.network.trace.component.ComponentsDefine;
4 import org.apache.skywalking.apm.plugin.jdbc.trace.ConnectionInfo;
6 /**
* {@link DB2URLParser} parse connection url of db2.
public class DB2URLParser extends AbstractURLParser {
11
       private static final int DEFAULT_PORT = 50000;
12
       private static final String DB_TYPE = "DB2";
     public DB2URLParser(String url) {
15
           super(url);
16
17
18
      @Override
19
      protected URLLocation fetchDatabaseHostsIndexRange() {
20
          int hostLabelStartIndex = url.indexOf("//");
21
          int hostLabelEndIndex = url.indexOf("/", hostLabelStartIndex + 2);
22
          if (hostLabelEndIndex == -1) {
23
               hostLabelEndIndex = url.indexOf(":", hostLabelStartIndex + 2);
24
           return new URLLocation(hostLabelStartIndex + 2, hostLabelEndIndex);
26
27
28
29
      @Override
      protected URLLocation fetchDatabaseNameIndexRange() {
30
           int databaseStartTag = url.lastIndexOf("/");
31
           int databaseEndTag = url.indexOf(":", databaseStartTag);
          if (databaseEndTag == -1) {
33
              databaseEndTag = url.length();
34
35
           return new URLLocation(databaseStartTag + 1, databaseEndTag);
36
37
      @Override
39
       public ConnectionInfo parse() {
40
          URLLocation location = fetchDatabaseHostsIndexRange();
41
           String hosts = url.substring(location.startIndex(), location.endIndex());
42
           String[] hostSegment = hosts.split(",");
43
           if (hostSegment.length > 1) {
44
               StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
45
               for (String host : hostSegment) {
46
                  if (host.split(":").length == 1) {
47
                       sb.append(host + ":" + DEFAULT_PORT + ",");
48
```

```
} else {
49
                        sb.append(host + ",");
50
51
               }
52
               return new ConnectionInfo(ComponentsDefine.DB2_DRIVER, DB_TYPE, sb.toString(), fetchDat
53
           } else {
               String[] hostAndPort = hostSegment[0].split(":");
55
               if (hostAndPort.length != 1) {
56
                   return new ConnectionInfo(ComponentsDefine.DB2_DRIVER, DB_TYPE, hostAndPort[0], Int
57
               } else {
5.8
                   return new ConnectionInfo(ComponentsDefine.DB2_DRIVER, DB_TYPE, hostAndPort[0], DEF
60
61
62
63 }
```

## 3、在skywalking中更改URLParser

```
位置: 和DB2URLParser.java同一目录
  添加:
      private static final String DB2_JDBC_URL_PREFIX = "jdbc:db2";
  和
      \textbf{else if} ( lowerCaseUrl.startsWith ( \textbf{\textit{DB2\_JDBC\_URL\_PREFIX}})) \{
           parser = new DB2URLParser(url);
        private static final String DB2_JDBC_URL_PREFIX = "jdbc:db2";
@
         public static ConnectionInfo parser(String url) {
            ConnectionURLParser parser = null;
            String lowerCaseUrl = url.toLowerCase();
            if (lowerCaseUrl.startsWith(MYSQL_JDBC_URL_PREFIX)) {
                parser = new MysqlURLParser(url);
            } else if (lowerCaseUrl.startsWith(ORACLE_JDBC_URL_PREFIX)) {
                parser = new OracleURLParser(url);
            } else if (lowerCaseUrl.startsWith(H2_JDBC_URL_PREFIX)) {
               parser = new H2URLParser(url);
            } else if (lowerCaseUrl.startsWith(POSTGRESQL_JDBC_URL_PREFIX)) {
            }else if(lowerCaseUrl.startsWith(DB2_JDBC_URL_PREFIX)){
                 parser = new DB2URLParser(url);
            return parser.parse();
```

#### 4、在ComponentsDefine.java中添加属性

```
位置: apm-protocol\apm-
network\src\main\java\org\apache\skywalking\apm\network\trace\component\ComponentsDefine.java
文件末尾添加:
public static final OfficialComponent DB2_DRIVER = new OfficialComponent(69, "db2jcc4");
```

## 5、在component-libraries.yml中添加属性

```
位置: oap-server\server-starter\src\main\resources\component-libraries.yml
263行添加:
db2jcc4:
id: 69
languages: Java
```

## 6、在skywalking中关闭checkStyle和test

位置: 主项目Pom文件

搜索: maven-checkstyle-plugin

在<configuration>中添加: <skip>true</skip>

搜索: maven-surefire-plugin

在<configuration>中添加: <skip>true</skip>

# 7、将写db2插件jar包放到skywalking-agent/plugins文件夹中

db2插件源码地址: https://github.com/zml400/skywalking-java-plugin-extensions

## 8、准备测试spring boot web项目

#### 9、运行测试

- (1) 启动 SkyWalking OAP Server
- (2) 启动 SkyWalking UI
- (3) 配置springboot web项目jvm参数
- (4) 运行该web项目的Application.java
- (5) 输入ip地址查看效果

skywalking UI: <a href="http://localhost:8080/">http://localhost:8080/</a> springboot web项目: <a href="http://localhost:9999/">http://localhost:9999/</a>

## 10、监控远程应用

将skywalking解压文件夹中的agent文件夹拷贝到需要监控的应用所在的服务器,更改./agent/config下的配置文件,重点添加如下配置

collector.servers=192.168.101.161:10800

上面192.168.101.161是skywalking主程序中的地址

正常启动java应用,带上如下参数:

-javaagent:/path/to/agent/skywalking-agent.jar