

1 Show $\neg[\exists x A(x)] \Leftrightarrow \forall x[\neg A(x)]$

Suppose $\neg[\exists x A(x)]$ is true. Then there does not exist an x such that $A(x)$ is true. That means for all x , $A(x)$ is false. Hence $\forall x[\neg A(x)]$.

2 Suppose $\neg(\exists x \in \mathbb{N})(p(x) \wedge x > 2)$

Then $x = 2m$ for some $m \in \mathbb{N}$ by definition of even. Then x is divisible by 2. Since $x \neq 2$, that means that x is divisible by a # other than 1 or itself, hence it's a composite #, which is a contradiction. \therefore the statement "there is an even prime # bigger than 2" is false.

3 (a) $\forall x[\text{student}(x) \Rightarrow \text{likesPizza}(x)]$

(b) $\exists x(\text{my friend}(x) \wedge \neg \text{hasCar}(x))$

(c) $\exists x[\text{Elephant}(x) \wedge \neg \text{likesMuffins}(x)]$

(d) $\forall x[\Delta(x) \Rightarrow \text{isosecks}(x)]$

(e) $\exists x[\text{student}(x) \wedge \neg \text{Here today}(x)]$

(f) ~~$\forall x \forall y \text{ loves}(x, y)$~~
 $\forall x \exists y \text{ loves}(x, y)$

(g) $\forall x \exists y (\neg \text{loves}(x, y))$

(h) $\forall x \forall y [\text{Man}(x) \wedge \text{comes}(x) \Rightarrow \text{Woman}(y) \wedge \text{leave}(y)]$

(i) $\forall x[\text{Short}(x) \vee \text{Tall}(x)]$

(j) $\forall x \text{Tall}(x) \vee \forall x \text{Short}(x)$

K $\exists x[\text{precious}(x) \Rightarrow \text{beautiful}(x)]$

L $\forall x \neg \text{loveMe}(x)$

M $\exists x(\text{American}(x) \Rightarrow \text{person}(x))$

N $\exists x(\text{American}(x) \wedge \text{Snorkle}(x) \Rightarrow \text{person}(x))$

4 (a) $\exists x(\text{student}(x) \wedge \neg \text{likesPizza}(x))$
there is a student that doesn't like pizza.

(b) ~~$\forall x[\text{my friend}(x) \vee \text{hasCar}(x)]$~~
 $\forall x[\text{my friend}(x) \wedge \text{hasCar}(x)]$
all of my friends has a car

(c) $\forall x[\text{Elephant}(x) \wedge \text{likesMuffin}(x)]$
All elephants like muffins

(d) $\exists x[\Delta(x) \wedge \neg \text{isosecks}(x)]$
There is a triangle that is not isosceles.

(e) $\forall x[\text{student}(x) \wedge \text{Here today}(x)]$
All students in the class are here today.

(f) $\exists x \forall y \neg \text{loves}(x, y)$
There exists someone that does not love everyone

(g) $\exists x \forall y (\text{loves}(x, y))$
There exists someone that loves everyone

(h) $\exists x \exists y [\text{Man}(x) \wedge \text{comes}(x) \wedge \text{Woman}(y) \wedge \text{leave}(y)]$
There exists a man and a woman such that if the man comes, that woman will stay.

Assignment 6

Justin Kim (2)

(i) $\exists x [\neg \overset{\text{short}}{\text{tall}}(x) \wedge \neg \overset{\text{tall}}{\text{short}}(x)]$

There is a person that is not short and not tall.

(j) $\exists x \neg \text{Tall}(x) \wedge \exists x \neg \text{Short}(x)$

There is a person that is not tall and there is a person that is not short.

(k) $\forall x [\text{precious}(x) \Rightarrow \neg \text{beautiful}(x)]$

All precious stones are beautiful

(l) $\exists x \text{ loves me}(x)$

There is someone that loves me.

(m) $\forall x (\text{American}(x) \Rightarrow \neg \text{poisonous}(x))$

all American snakes are not poisonous.

(n) $\forall x [\text{American}(x) \wedge \text{snake}(x) \Rightarrow \neg \text{poisonous}(x)]$

all american snakes are not poisonous.

5) b) False 6) (a) $\forall x (2x+3 \neq 5x+1)$

b) False

(b) ~~$\forall x (x \neq 2)$~~
 $\forall x (x \neq \frac{2}{3})$?

c) True

(b) $\forall x (x^2 \neq 2)$

d) True

(c) $\exists x \forall y (y \neq x^2)$

e) true

(d) $\exists x \forall y (y \neq x^2)$

(f) true?

(e) $\exists x \forall y \exists z (xy \neq xz)$

g) false

(f) $\exists x \forall y \exists z (xy \neq xz)$

h) true

(g) ~~$\exists x [x < 0 \Rightarrow$~~

$\exists x [x < 0 \wedge \forall y (y \neq x)]$

(h) $\exists x [x < 0 \wedge \forall y (y \neq x)]$

7

(a) $(\exists x \in \mathbb{N})(\forall y \in \mathbb{N})(x+y \neq 1)$

(b) $(\exists x < 0)(\forall y < 0)(x+y \neq 0)$

(c) $\forall x (\exists \epsilon > 0) (-\epsilon \leq x \leq \epsilon)$

$\forall x (\exists \epsilon > 0) (-\epsilon \leq x < \epsilon)$

(d) $(\exists x \in \mathbb{N})(\exists y \in \mathbb{N})(\forall z \in \mathbb{N})(x, y \neq z)$

8) $\forall x \exists t \exists s (x, t) \wedge \exists t \neg f(x, t)$
 $\wedge \forall x \forall t f(x, t)$

$\exists x \forall t \neg f(x, t) \vee \forall x \exists t \neg f(x, t)$

$\vee \exists x \exists t \neg f(x, t)$

You may not fool some people all the time, or you may not fool all people some times, or you may not fool some people some of the time

9) $(\exists \epsilon > 0)(\forall \delta > 0)(\exists x)$
 $[|x-a| < \delta \wedge |f(x)-f(a)| \geq \epsilon]$