

a^2 es un cuadrado, a^3 es un cubo.

el cubo de un entero es llamado un cubo perfecto.

En general, a^n se llama potencia.
base exponente

$$1) (ab)^n = a^n \cdot b^n \quad 3) (a \div b)^n = a^n \div b^n$$
$$2) \left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^n = \frac{1}{b^n}$$

2.10)

$$a) (-4)^3 = -(4)^3 = (-64)$$

$$b) n=1, n^3=1$$

$$n=0, n^3=0$$

$$n=-1, n^3=-1$$

$$n=2, n^3=8$$

$$n=3, n^3=27$$

$$n=-2, n^3=-8$$

$$n=-3, n^3=-27$$

(7)

2.11)

$$a) (-a)^4 = a^4, \text{ por qu }$$

$$b) (-a)^5 = -a^5$$

Sabemos que $-a \cdot -a = a \cdot a$

$$(-a) \cdot (-a) \cdot (-a) \cdot (-a)$$

$$(-a \cdot -a) \cdot (-a \cdot -a) = a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a = a^4$$

$$(-a)^5 = (-a) \cdot (-a) \cdot (-a) \cdot (-a) \cdot (-a)$$

$$= -a \cdot ((-a \cdot -a) \cdot (-a \cdot -a))$$

$$= -a \cdot (a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a)$$

$$= -a^5$$

2.12)

$$(-1)^{(5^2)} + 1^{(5^2)} = (-1)^{25} + 1^{25} = -1 + 1 = 0$$

2.13)

$$3^4 = 81$$

$$81 \neq 64, \text{ por tanto } 3^4 \neq 4^3$$

$$4^3 = 64$$

y en general (por contra ejemplo)

$$a^b \neq b^a \text{ para 1 o más casos.}$$

La exponenciación **NO** es conmutativa.

(2.14)

$$(a) (2^2)^3 = 4^3 = 64$$

$$(b) 2^{(2^3)} = 2^8 = 256$$

La exponenciación **NO**
es asociativa

en general, operamos de arriba para abajo, es decir:

$$a^{b^c} = a^{(b^c)}$$

2.15)

$$a^3 \cdot a^5 = a^8$$

$$(a \cdot a \cdot a) \cdot (a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a) = (a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a) = a^8$$

$$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$$

2.16)

$$\begin{aligned} 5^{17} + 5^{17} + 5^{17} + 5^{17} + 5^{17} &= 5^{17} (1+1+1+1+1) \\ &= 5^{17} (5) \\ &= \boxed{5^{18}} \end{aligned}$$

2.17)

$$q^7 \div q^4 = q^3$$

$$q \cdot q \cdot q \cdot q \cdot q \cdot q \cdot q \cdot \left(\frac{1}{q}\right)^4 =$$

$$= \left(q \cdot \frac{1}{q}\right) \cdot \left(q \cdot \frac{1}{q}\right) \cdot \left(q \cdot \frac{1}{q}\right) \cdot \left(q \cdot \frac{1}{q}\right) \cdot q \cdot q \cdot q$$

$$= 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot q^3 = q^3$$

$$a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}, \text{ para } m \text{ y } n \text{ enteros positivos.}$$

$$2.18) (7^5)^3 = 7^{5 \cdot 3}$$

$$(7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7)$$

$$\cdot (7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7)$$

$$\cdot (7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7) = 7^{15} = 7^{5 \cdot 3}$$

$$2.19) \quad a) \quad 2^7 \cdot 2^8 \div 2^3 = 2^{15} \div 2^3 = (2^{12})$$

$$b) (2^6)^4 \div 2^7 = 2^{24} \div 2^7 = (2^{17})$$

$$c) 4^6 \div 8^2 = (2 \cdot 2)^6 \div (2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2)^2 \\ = (2^2)^6 \div (2^3)^2 = 2^{12} \div 2^6 \\ = (2^6)$$

2.20)

$$a) 12^{20,000} = 12^{10,000 \cdot 2} \\ = (12^2)^{10,000} = (144^{10,000})$$

$$b) 5^{36,000} = 5^{10,000 \cdot 3} \\ = (5^3)^{10,000} = (125^{10,000})$$

$$c) 2^{70,000} = 2^{10,000 \cdot 7} \\ = (2^7)^{10,000} = (128^{10,000})$$

$$d) 11^{20,000}, 5^{36,000}, 2^{70,000} \\ 11^{20,000} = 11^{10,000 \cdot 2} = (11^2)^{10,000} \\ 5^{36,000} = 5^{10,000 \cdot 3} = (5^3)^{10,000} \\ 2^{70,000} = 2^{10,000 \cdot 7} = (2^7)^{10,000}$$

Exercises

2.2.1)

$$A = 2^5 = 32$$

$$B = 3^4 = 81$$

$$C = 4^3 = 64$$

$$D = 5^2 = 25$$

D, A, C, B

2.2.2)

$$(2^3)^2 - (2^2)^3$$

$$2^6 - 2^6 = (0)$$

$$2.2.3) \quad 3^3 + 3^3 + 3^3 = 3^3 (3) = \boxed{3^4}$$

2.2.4)

$$a) \quad 2^4 + 2^4 + 2^4 + 2^4 = 2^4 (2^2) = 2^6 = \boxed{64}$$

$$b) \quad (2^5 + 2^6 + 2^7) \div 2^3$$

$$2^5 (2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2) \div 2^3 = 2^5 (7) \div 2^3 \\ = 2^2 (7) = \boxed{28}$$

$$c) \quad 3^4 - 5 \cdot 8 = 3^4 - 40 \\ = 81 - 40 = \boxed{41}$$

$$d) \quad 2^5 - 2^4 - 2^3 = 2^3 (2^2 - 2^1 - 1) \\ = 2^3 (4 - 2 - 1) = 2^3 (1) \\ = \boxed{8}$$

$$e) \quad (1 - (-1)^{11})^2 = (1 - (-1))^2 = (1 + 1)^2 \\ = 2^2 = \boxed{4}$$

$$f) \quad -1^{2006} + (-1)^{2007} = -(1^{2006}) + (-1)^{2007} \\ = -1 + (-1) = \boxed{-2}$$

$$g) \quad 5 - 7 (5^2 - 3^3)^4 = 5 - 7 (2^4)^4 \\ = 5 - 7 (2)^4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 16 \\ 5 \cdot 7 \\ \hline 112 \end{array}$$

$$= 5 - 7 (16) \\ = 5 - 112 = \boxed{-107}$$

$$h) \quad 3^5 (2^3) - 2^4 (3^4) \quad \begin{array}{r} 81 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 648 \end{array} \\ 3^4 \cdot 3^1 (2^3) - 2^4 (3^4) \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^3 (3^1 - 2^1) = 3^4 \cdot 2^3 = 81 \cdot 8 = \boxed{648}$$

$$i) \quad 88,888^4 \div 22,222^4 \\ = (22,222 \cdot 4)^4 \div 22,222^4 \\ = 22,222^4 \cdot 4^4 \div 22,222^4 \\ = 4^4 = 64 \cdot 4 = \boxed{256}$$

$$2.2.5) \quad 1^2 + 1^4 + 1^6 + \dots + 1^{100}$$

$$= 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + \dots + 1$$

$$= 50$$