# **Db2 Cheat Sheet for development**



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Get the most recent version at

https://github.com/angoca/db2-cheat-sheet/Db2CheatSheetForDev.pdf

## Execution of a file in the console (db2clp)

- Semi-colon separated sentences:
  - db2 -t
- At sign separated sentences (when there is SQL PL code):

db2 -td@

### Define a terminator character

--#SET TERMINATOR @

## List all databases (aliases)

LIST DB DIRECTORY

# Connect to a database (alias)

CONNECT TO mydb

## Disconnect from a database

CONNECT RESET TERMINATE

# Get values from the environment (registry values)

- Current timestamp
- VALUES CURRENT TIMESTAMPConnected user
- VALUES CURRENT USER
   Current database
  - VALUES CURRENT SERVER

#### List all tables

LIST TABLES

LIST TABLES FOR SCHEMA myuser

LIST TABLES FOR ALL

## Change current schema

SET CURRENT SCHEMA otherschema

## Change the isolation level

SET ISOLATION RR

# List all tablespaces with their status

LIST TABLESPACES

#### Describe the estructure of the table

DESCRIBE TABLE mytable

# Describe the result of a query

DESCRIBE SELECT \* FROM mytable

## Get help for a Db2 command

? command

# Get help for a SQL code (SQLXXXX) or SQLstate (YYYYY)

? SQLXXX ? YYYYY

## **DDL**

#### Create a schema

CREATE SCHEMA myschema

## Create a table in a specific tablespace

CREATE TABLE mytable1 (mycol1 SMALLINT NOT NULL, mycol2 VARCHAR(16)) IN ts1 INDEX IN ts2

CREATE TABLE myschema.othertable (mycol1
 SMALLINT)

## Create a table like another one

CREATE TABLE mytable2 LIKE mytable1 IN ts1 INDEX IN ts2

#### Comment on table and column

COMMENT ON TABLE mytable1 IS 'This is the comment of the table'

COMMENT ON COLUMN mytable1.mycol1 IS 'Description of the field'

# Declare a temporary table

DECALRE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE mytemptab 1 (col1 SMALLINT, col2 TIMESTAMP, col3 VARCHAR(50))

# Create a global temporary tablespace

CREATE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE tmptable (col1 INTEGER)

#### Create an index

CREATE INDEX myidx ON mytable 1 (mycol1)

## Create a primary key constraint

ALTER TABLE mytable1 ADD CONSTRAINT pkmytable PRIMARY KEY (mycol1)

## Create a foreign key

ALTER TABLE mytable 2 ADD CONSTRAINT fkmytable FOREIGN KEY (mycol1) REFERENCES mytable 1 (mycol1)

#### Create a check constraint

ALTER TABLE mytable1 ADD CONSTRAINT chk
CHECK (mycol2 in ('a', 'b', 'c', 'd',
 'e', 'f', 'g'))

#### Enforce a constraint

ALTER TABLE mytable 2 ALTER FOREIGN KEY fkmytable ENFORCED

ALTER TABLE mytable 1 ALTER CHECK chk ENFORCED

#### Not enforce a constraint

ALTER TABLE mytable 2 ALTER FOREIGN KEY fkmytable NOT ENFORCED

#### Drop a table

DROP TABLE mytable

#### Rename a table

RENAME TABLE mytable2 AS myothertable

### Truncate a table

TRUNCATE TABLE mytable1 IMMEDIATE

# Create a sequence

CREATE SEQUENCE myseq AS INTEGER

# Restart sequence

ALTER SEQUENCE myseq RESTART WITH 15

# Crete a stored procedure

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE myproc (IN val SMALLINT, OUT ret VARCHAR(16)) SPECIFIC myproc1 BEGIN SET ret = (SELECT mycol2 FROM mytable1 WHERE mycol1 = val); END @

# Create a trigger

CREATE TRIGGER copy\_value AFTER INSERT ON mytable1 REFERENCING NEW AS N FOR EACH ROW INSERT INTO mytable2 VALUES (N.mycol1, N.mycol2)

## Create a view

CREATE VIEW VW1 AS SELECT mycol2 FROM
mytable1



# **DCL**

#### Grant on a table

GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON TABLE mytable TO GROUP recur

## Grant execution on a stored procedure

GRANT EXECUTE ON PROCEDURE
myproc(SMALLINT, VARCHAR(16)) TO USER
jdoe
GRANT EXECUTE ON SPECIFIC PROCEDURE

# myproc1 TO USER jdoe

#### Revoke on a table

REVOKE UPDATE, DELETE ON TABLE mytable FROM GROUP recur

#### **DML**

#### Insert values on a table

INSERT INTO mytable1 (mycol1, mycol2)
 VALUES (1, 'a')
INSERT INTO mytable1 VALUES (2, 'b')
INSERT INTO mytable1 VALUES (3, 'c'), (4,
 'd'), (5, 'e') --Atomic

#### Insert certain columns

INSERT INTO mytabl1 (mycol1) VALUES (6)

#### Insert values from a select

INSERT INTO myothertable SELECT mycol1,
 mycol2 FROM mytable1

#### Update fields

UPDATE mytable1 SET mycol1 = 5, mycol2 =
 'e' -all table
UPDATE mytable1 SET mycol2 = 'd' WHERE
 mycol1 = 7

## Merge (upsert)

MERGE INTO mytable1 AS t USING (SELECT mycol1 FROM myothertable) s ON (t.mycol1 = s.mycol1) WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET mycol2 = 'X' WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT VALUES (10, 'X')

#### Delete rows

DELETE FROM mytable1 -all table
DELETE FROM mytable1 WHERE mycol1 > 5

#### Export

EXPORT TO myfile OF DEL SELECT \* FROM
 mytable1

#### **Import**

IMPORT FROM myfile OF DEL INSERT INTO
 mytable1

#### Load

LOAD FROM myfile OF DEL INSERT INTO mytable1

# Query the status of the load in a table

LOAD QUERY TABLE mytable1

#### Set integrity

SET INTEGRITY FOR mytable IMMEDIATE CHECKED

#### Ingest

INGEST FROM FILE my\_file.txt FORMAT
 DELIMITED INSERT INTO my\_table

## Get the next value from a sequence

VALUES NEXT VALUE FOR myseq
INSERT INTO mytabl1 (mycol1) VALUES (NEXT VALUE FOR myseq)

## **TCL**

# Commit changes

COMMIT

## Create a savepoint

SAVEPOINT sp1 ON ROLLBACK RETAIN CURSORS

# Undo changes until savepoint

ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT sp1

# Undo changes

**ROLLBACK** 

# **Queries**

#### Put a lock at table level

LOCK TABLE mytable1 IN EXCLUSIVE MODE

## Execute a query without regard of commit rows

SELECT \* FROM mytable WITH UR

# Execute a query with only 5 rows

SELECT \* FROM mytable FETCH FIRST 5 ROWS
ONLY

## Perform a query to a dummy table (dual)

SELECT 'Any string' FROM SYSIBM. SYSDUMMY1

# Perform a query calling a function

SELECT HEX(mycol2) FROM mytable1

### Call a function

VALUES HEX('AnyText')



Perform a cast

VALUES CAST('123' AS INTEGER)

#### Concatenate

VALUES 'AnyText' || 5
VALUES 'AnyText' concat 5

## Escape a single quote in a text field

VALUES 'Sinead o''Connor'

## Query the database catalog

SELECT \* FROM SYSCAT.TABLES
SELECT \* FROM SYSCAT.TABAUTH
SELECT \* FROM SYSCAT.ROUTINES

# Create a compound statement – Anonymous block

BEGIN DECLARE val SMALLINT; SET val = 1;
WHILE (val <= 5) DO INSERT INTO mytable
VALUES (val, val); SET val = val + 1;
END WHILE; END @</pre>

## Perform a reorg via ADMIN\_CMD

CALL SYSPROC.ADMIN\_CMD('REORG TABLE
 mytable')

# Call a stored procedure with an IN and an OUTPUT parameter

CALL myproc(5, ?)