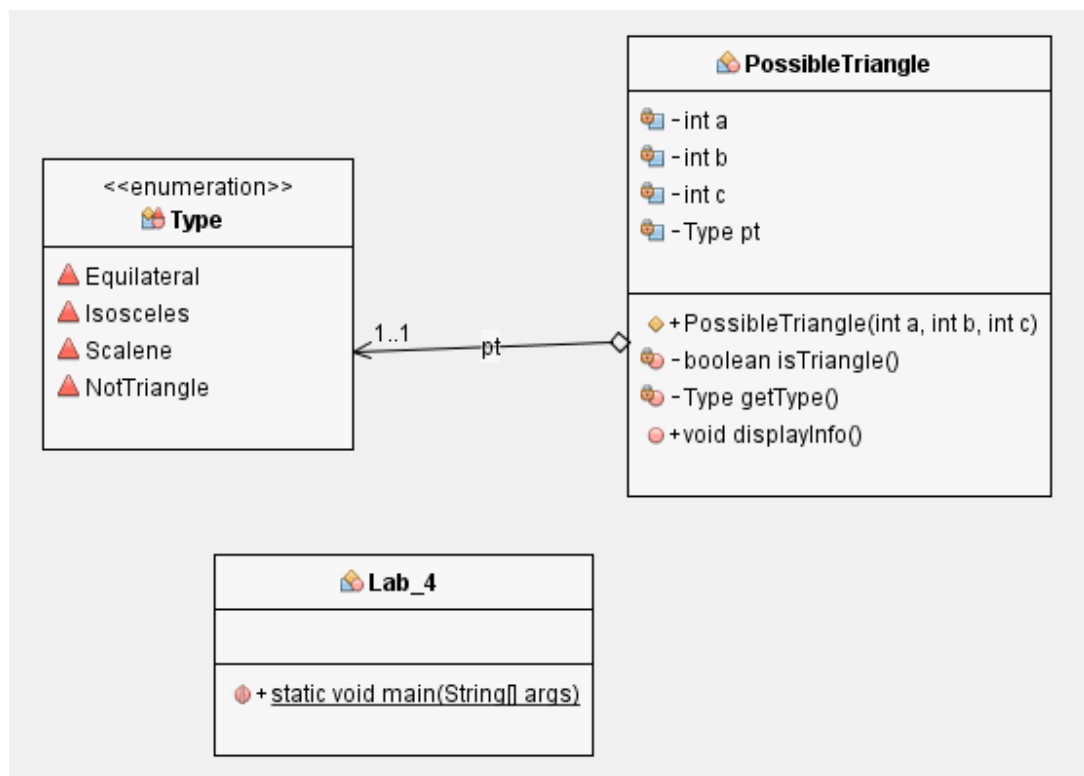


Lab 4
File Name: YourName_Lab_4.java

*Given three integers a , b and c . These 3 integers can form the three sides of a triangle if and only if a , b and c is positive and the sum of **any** two integers is greater than the other integer.*

There are three types of triangles:

- (a) Isosceles triangle, any two sides which are equal
- (b) Equilateral triangle, all the three sides which are equal. Note that an equilateral triangle is also an isosceles triangle.
- (c) Scalene triangle, all the three sides are different.



In the UML diagram, you need to explore a few methods in the design:

- A method to test and to return (true or false) if three integers can form a triangle
- A method to test and to return the Type of a triangle
- A method to display the triangle info

An instance variable `pt` should be initialized it inside the constructor to an appropriate data type.

The following features must be included in the design:

- (a) Using if-else statement to identify whether it is a triangle. If it is a triangle, what is its type?
- (b) Using switch-case statement to print out the triangle's information, i.e. information as shown in the above.

In the main method (no reading), you construct four possible triangle objects; upon execution, you will get the following display:

```
a = 4, b = 5, c = 6
A triangle
-----
a = 1, b = 2, c = 3
Not a triangle
-----
a = 4, b = 5, c = 5
Isosceles triangle
A triangle
-----
a = 6, b = 6, c = 6
Equilateral triangle
Isosceles triangle
A triangle
-----
```

During the demo, you may be asked to change the values of a triangle.

You must respect basic programming style in writing this program

- Indentations and alignment of statements / braces
- A blank line between methods / classes / tasks
- Efficiently use of comment statements
- Avoid long statements
- Declarations