CS241 #32 – Scheduling & Scheduling Algorithms

Why might a process be placed on the ready queue?

What is 'wait time'? Total wait time, or the first waiting before it is scheduled the first time?

Write a formula for the wait time based on arrival time, execution time(=duration) and completion time

**Scheduling**. Some terms... How shall I compare thee?

"Turnaround time"

"Waiting time"

"Response time"

"Throughput"

"Latency"

"Starvation?

Good for Batch? Good use of CPU/IO resources?

Good for Interactive?

Good for real-time systems?

FCFS (aka.....)

SJF vs Pre-emptive SJF

RR

Priority-scheduling

Choosing an appropriate time-quantum. What does scheduler does Linux use?

Which schedulers can suffer from starvation?

Which schedulers are appropriate for batch jobs?

Which schedulers are appropriate for interactive jobs?

What scheduler does Linux use?

Determine the scheduling sequence and calculate the average wait time of the following schedulers  
Tie-break #1: Schedule the earliest arriving job. Tie break #2: P4 is placed on ready queue first

**Round robin** (quanta = 10ms)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst   Time(ms) | Wait Time (ms) |
| P1 | 0 | 30 |  |
| P2 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P3 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P4 | 10 | 10 |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | .. 20 | ..30 | ..40 | ..50 | .. 60 | .. 70 | ..80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Shortest Job First**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst Time(ms) | Wait Time (ms) |
| P1 | 0 | 30 |  |
| P2 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P3 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P4 | 10 | 10 |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**First Come First Served (**assume arrive in order P1,P2,P3)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst Time(ms) | Wait Time (ms) |
| P1 | 0 | 30 |  |
| P2 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P3 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P4 | 10 | 10 |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | ..20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Pre-emptive Shortest Job First** (assume interrupted jobs are placed at the front of the queue)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival T | Burst T | Wait T |
| P1 | 0 | 30 |  |
| P2 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P3 | 0 | 20 |  |
| P4 | 10 | 10 |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | ..20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Pre-emptive Priority** (higher value = higher priority)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival | Burst | Priority | Wait |
| P1 | 0 | 30 | 2 |  |
| P2 | 0 | 20 | 4 |  |
| P3 | 0 | 20 | 1 |  |
| P4 | 10 | 10 | 3 |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | ..20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

What is the **Convoy Effect** (poor I/O parallelism)?

Round Robin

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst | Wait |
| P1 | 0 | 30 | 50 |
| P2 | 0 | 20 | 40 |
| P3 | 0 | 20 | 50 |
| P4 | 10 | 10 | 20 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| P1 | P2 | P3 | P4 | P1 | P2 | P3 | P1 |

Wait = (End-Arrival) - Execution duration

(P1:) 50 + (P2:) 40 + (P3:) 50 + (P4:) 20 = 160ms. Average Wait = 40 ms

Shortest Job First (**Not** shortest remaining time)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst | Wait |
| P1 | 0 | 30 | 50 |
| P2 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| P3 | 0 | 20 | 30 |
| P4 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| P2 | P2 | P4 | P3 | P3 | **P1** | P1 | P1 |

Total Wait = 50 + 30 + 0 + 10 = 90 ms. Average wait = 90/4 = 22.5 ms

First Come First Served (assume arrive in order P1,P2,P3)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst | Wait |
| P1 | 0 | 30 | 0 |
| P2 | 0 | 20 | 30 |
| P3 | 0 | 20 | 50 |
| P4 | 10 | 10 | 60 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| P1 | P1 | P1 | P2 | P2 | P3 | P3 | **P4** |

Total Wait = 0 + 30 + 50 + 60 = 140 ms. Average wait = 35 ms

Pre-emptive Shortest Job First

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival Time(ms) | Burst |
| P1 | 0 | 30 |
| P2 | 0 | 20 |
| P3 | 0 | 20 |
| P4 | 10 | 10 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| P2 | **P4** | P2 | P3 | P3 | P1 | P1 | P1 |

Total Wait = 50 + 10 + 30 + 0 = 90 ms. Average wait = 22.5 ms

Pre-emptive Priority (higher value = higher priority)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Arrival (ms) | Burst (ms) | Priority |
| P1 | 0 | 30 | 2 |
| P2 | 0 | 20 | 4 |
| P3 | 0 | 20 | 1 |
| P4 | 10 | 10 | 3 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0..10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| P3 | P3 | P1 | P1 | P1 | P4 | P2 | P2 |

Total Wait = 20 + 60 + 0 + 40 = 120 ms. Average wait = 30.0 ms

Which scheduler has poor I/O parallelism (suffers from the "Convoy Effect")?

FCFS (Processes that could be using I/O have to queue behind long-running CPU job). Note, you could also make a similar argument for non-premptive SJF.

Which schedulers can suffer from starvation?

Pre-emptive SJF (long jobs may never be scheduled); Pre-emptive priority (low priority jobs may never be scheduled)

Which schedulers are appropriate for batch jobs? Ans: Depends on your requirements!

What scheduler does Linux use? What about threads? What does *nice* do?

Completely Fair Scheduler ("Stride scheduler"; inspired from similar network flow scheduling – gives additional time to processes that are in the waiting state more often than the executing state "If you only took small sips in the recent past, you can take longer drink now")