```
char* mesg = "CS341 #01 Welcome students!";
```

0. Some stuff you will learn

Interact with OS in C via **system** calls
Understand how OS allocates, deallocates and accesses memory
Understand **virtual memory**Create, use, manipulate **processes** and **threads**Understand how OS **schedules** processes and threads
Communicate and **synchronize** between threads and processes
Determine when **deadlock and race conditions** may occur and how to avoid them
Manipulate **filesystem** structures (inodes etc.)
Communicate across **networks** 

- 1. Why is CS341 hard? Aka "Look Mom no training wheels!"
- 2. What's the difference between a program image and a process?

Overleaf, sketch the contents of the address space of a process: You should include at least Environment,Program Arguments,Stack,Heap,Uninitialized vars, Initialized vars,Code

3. Things to get up to speed on before we can talk about threads or system calls in detail,

```
C!= C++;
Lifetime of variables;
Arrays;
Buffered I/O;
Use of * and &
C string gotchas;
heap memory allocation
```

C library I/O (fprintf, fopen, puts, getchar...) uses lower level posix calls (read, write, open)

4. Explain what is going on in each line and how many bytes are allocated and where.

```
01 void test() {
02    char* t1 = "hi";
03    char t2[] = "ab";
04
05    *t2 = 'A';
06    *(t2 + 1) = 'B';
07    t2[1] = 'B';
08    *t1 = 'H';
09 }
```

- 5. Can one process create another process?
- 6. What is sizeof (int)?
- 7. What is sizeof (char)?
- 8. What is sizeof (char\*)?
- 9. int A[8]; What is sizeof(A)?
- 10. How many system programmers does it take to change a lightbulb?
- 11. What are malloc, calloc, realloc and free?
- 12 A program calls printf("Hello") when does the C library call write?
- 13 MPs, lab assignments, Ed. Honors. Peer tutoring