```
Java Awt Example
```

```
import java.awt.*;
public class AwtApp extends Frame { // extending the frame package to use its components
AwtApp(){ // calling the awt app
Label firstName = new Label("First Name"); // creating label for first name
firstName.setBounds(20, 50, 80, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates for the label
Label lastName = new Label("Last Name"); // creating label for lastname
lastName.setBounds(20, 80, 80, 20); // creating the co-ordinates for the label
Label dob = new Label("Date of Birth"); // label for date of birth
dob.setBounds(20, 110, 80, 20); // co-ordinates of dob
TextField firstNameTF = new TextField(); // creating text area for first name
firstNameTF.setBounds(120, 50, 100, 20); // co-ordinates for firstname
TextField lastNameTF = new TextField(); // creating textarea for last name
lastNameTF.setBounds(120, 80, 100, 20); // co-ordinates for lastname
TextField dobTF = new TextField(); // textarea for dob
dobTF.setBounds(120, 110, 100, 20); // co-ordinates
Button sbmt = new Button("Submit"); // creating submit button
sbmt.setBounds(20, 160, 100, 30); // co-ordinates of submit button
Button reset = new Button("Reset"); // creating reset button
reset.setBounds(120,160,100,30); // co-ordinates of reset button
add(firstName); // adding first name component on the window object
add(lastName); //adding last name component on the window object
add(dob); // adding dob component on the window object
add(firstNameTF); // adding first name text area component on the window object
add(lastNameTF); //adding last name textarea component on the window object
add(dobTF); //adding dob textarea component on the window object
add(sbmt); //adding submit button component on the window object
add(reset); //adding reset button component on the window object
setSize(300,300); // setting up the window co-ordinates
setLayout(null); // setting the layout to null
setVisible(true); // setting up window's visiblity
public static void main(String[] args) {
// TODO Auto-generated method stub
AwtApp awt = new AwtApp(); // initializing awt object
```

Output



Java Swing Example

```
import javax.swing.*;
public class SwingApp {
SwingApp(){ // initialzing the swing app
JFrame f = new JFrame(); // initializing the new JFrame
JLabel firstName = new JLabel("First Name"); // creating object of firstname
firstName.setBounds(20, 50, 80, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates
JLabel lastName = new JLabel("Last Name"); //creating object of lastname
lastName.setBounds(20, 80, 80, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates
JLabel dob = new JLabel("Date of Birth"); // creating object for date of birth
dob.setBounds(20, 110, 80, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates
JTextField firstNameTF = new JTextField(); // creating firstname text area
firstNameTF.setBounds(120, 50, 100, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates
JTextField lastNameTF = new JTextField(); // creating text area for last name
lastNameTF.setBounds(120, 80, 100, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates
JTextField dobTF = new JTextField(); // creating text area for date of birth
dobTF.setBounds(120, 110, 100, 20); // setting up the co-ordinates
JButton sbmt = new JButton("Submit"); // creating submit button
sbmt.setBounds(20, 160, 100, 30); // setting up the co-ordinates
JButton reset = new JButton("Reset"); // creating reset button
reset.setBounds(120,160,100,30); // setting up the co-ordinates
f.add(firstName); // adding first name component to the window
f.add(lastName); // adding last name component to the window
f.add(dob); // adding date of birth component onto the window
f.add(firstNameTF); // adding text area of firstname
f.add(lastNameTF); // adding text area for lastname
f.add(dobTF); // adding text area for date of birth
f.add(sbmt); // adding submit button component onto the window
f.add(reset); // adding reset button
f.setSize(300,300); // setting up the co-ordinates for window size
f.setLayout(null); // setting up a layout
f.setVisible(true); // setting up the visibility of a window object
public static void main(String[] args) {
// TODO Auto-generated method stub
SwingApp s = new SwingApp(); // calling the swing app method
```

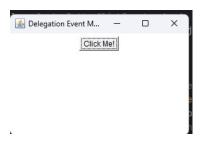
<pre>} }</pre>			

```
Applet Program
// This is a Simple Java Applet program using appletviewer
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
/*
<applet code="AppletExp1" width=600 height=300>
</applet>
*/
public class AppletExp1 extends Applet {
       public void init()
              System.out.println("Initializing an applet");
       public void start()
              System.out.println("Starting an applet");
       public void stop()
              System.out.println("Stopping an applet");
       public void destroy()
               System.out.println("Destroying an applet");
}
```

By using Appletviewer, type the following command at the command prompt

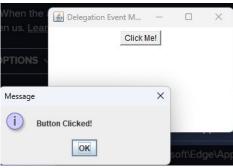
appletviewer AppleteExptl.java





Java Program to Implement the Event Deligation Model

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class DelegationEventModelDemo {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Step 1: Creating Custom Events
    class CustomButtonClickEvent extends java.util.EventObject {
      public CustomButtonClickEvent(Object source) {
         super(source);
      }
    // Step 2: Implementing Event Listeners
    class ActionButtonClickListener implements ActionListener {
      public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        // Show a message dialog when the button is clicked
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Button Clicked!");
      }
    // Step 3: Registering and Handling Events
    Frame frame = new Frame("Delegation Event Model Demo");
    frame.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    Button button = new Button("Click Me!");
    frame.add(button);
    ActionButtonClickListener actionButtonClickListener = new ActionButtonClickListener();
    button.addActionListener(actionButtonClickListener);
    frame.setSize(300, 200);
    frame.setVisible(true);
    frame.addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter() {
      public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
         System.exit(0);
    });
```



```
//Basic Calculator using action listener
// basic calculator
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class Main extends WindowAdapter implements ActionListener{
  Frame f:
  Label 11;
  Button b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,b6,b7,b8,b9,b0;
  Button badd, bsub, bmult, bdiv, bmod, bcalc, bclr, bpts, bneg, bback;
  double xd;
  double num1, num2, check;
  Main(){
    f= new Frame("MY CALCULATOR");
// INSTANTIATING COMPONENETS
    // Step 1: Designing the GUI Interface
    11=new Label();
    11.setBackground(Color.LIGHT GRAY);
    11.setBounds(50,50,260,60);
    11.setVisible(true);
    b1=new Button("1");
    b1.setBounds(50,340,50,50);
    b2=new Button("2");
    b2.setBounds(120,340,50,50);
    b3=new Button("3");
    b3.setBounds(190,340,50,50);
    b4=new Button("4");
    b4.setBounds(50,270,50,50);
    b5=new Button("5");
    b5.setBounds(120,270,50,50);
    b6=new Button("6");
    b6.setBounds(190,270,50,50);
    b7=new Button("7");
    b7.setBounds(50,200,50,50);
    b8=new Button("8");
    b8.setBounds(120,200,50,50);
    b9=new Button("9");
    b9.setBounds(190,200,50,50);
    b0=new Button("0");
    b0.setBounds(120,410,50,50):
    bneg=new Button("+/-");
    bneg.setBounds(50,410,50,50);
    bpts=new Button(".");
    bpts.setBounds(190,410,50,50);
    bback=new Button("back");
    bback.setBounds(120,130,50,50);
```

```
badd=new Button("+");
     badd.setBounds(260,340,50,50);
     bsub=new Button("-");
     bsub.setBounds(260,270,50,50);
     bmult=new Button("*");
     bmult.setBounds(260,200,50,50);
     bdiv=new Button("/");
     bdiv.setBounds(260,130,50,50);
     bmod=new Button("%");
     bmod.setBounds(190,130,50,50);
     bcalc=new Button("=");
     bcalc.setBounds(245,410,65,50);
     bclr=new Button("CE");
    bclr.setBounds(50,130,65,50);
    // Step 2: Implementing Event Listeners
    // Create and register event listeners for each button
    b1.addActionListener(this);
     b2.addActionListener(this);
    b3.addActionListener(this);
    b4.addActionListener(this);
    b5.addActionListener(this);
     b6.addActionListener(this);
    b7.addActionListener(this);
    b8.addActionListener(this);
    b9.addActionListener(this);
    b0.addActionListener(this);
     bpts.addActionListener(this);
     bneg.addActionListener(this):
     bback.addActionListener(this);
     badd.addActionListener(this);
     bsub.addActionListener(this);
     bmult.addActionListener(this);
     bdiv.addActionListener(this);
     bmod.addActionListener(this);
     bcalc.addActionListener(this);
    bclr.addActionListener(this);
    f.addWindowListener(this):
//ADDING TO FRAME
    f.add(11);
     f.add(b1); f.add(b2); f.add(b3); f.add(b4); f.add(b5); f.add(b6); f.add(b7);
f.add(b8);f.add(b9);f.add(b0);
     f.add(badd); f.add(bsub); f.add(bmod); f.add(bmult); f.add(bdiv); f.add(bmod);f.add(bcalc);
     f.add(bclr); f.add(bpts); f.add(bneg); f.add(bback);
```

```
f.setSize(360,500);
  f.setLayout(null);
  f.setVisible(true);
//FOR CLOSING THE WINDOW
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
  f.dispose();
// Step 3: Event Handling in the Application
// Event handling is done through the actionPerformed method of the event listener
// When a button is clicked, its event listener will execute the corresponding operation
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
  String z,zt;
  //NUMBER BUTTON
  if(e.getSource()==b1){
     zt=11.getText();
     z=zt+"1";
     11.setText(z);
  if(e.getSource()==b2){
     zt=11.getText();
     z=zt+"2";
     11.setText(z);
  if(e.getSource()==b3){
     zt=11.getText();
     z=zt+"3";
     11.setText(z);
  if(e.getSource()==b4){
     zt=11.getText();
     z=zt+"4";
     11.setText(z);
  if(e.getSource()==b5){
     zt=11.getText();
     z=zt+"5";
     11.setText(z);
  if(e.getSource()==b6){
     zt=11.getText();
     z=zt+"6";
     11.setText(z);
  if(e.getSource()==b7){
     zt=11.getText();
```

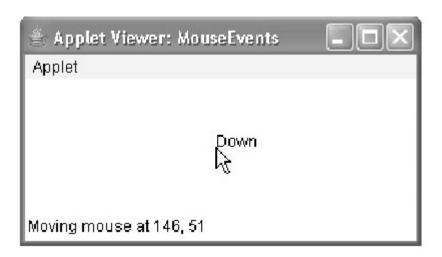
```
z=zt+"7";
  11.setText(z);
if(e.getSource()==b8){
  zt=11.getText();
  z=zt+"8";
  11.setText(z);
if(e.getSource()==b9){
  zt=11.getText();
  z=zt+"9";
  11.setText(z);
if(e.getSource()==b0){
  zt=11.getText();
  z=zt+"0";
  11.setText(z);
if(e.getSource()==bpts){ //ADD DECIMAL PTS
  zt=l1.getText();
  z=zt+".";
  11.setText(z);
if(e.getSource()==bneg){ //FOR NEGATIVE
  zt=11.getText();
  z="-"+zt;
  11.setText(z);
if(e.getSource()==bback){ // FOR BACKSPACE
  zt=11.getText();
  try{
    z=zt.substring(0, zt.length()-1);
  }catch(StringIndexOutOfBoundsException f){return;}
  11.setText(z);
//AIRTHMETIC BUTTON
if(e.getSource()==badd){
                                    //FOR ADDITION
  try{
    num1=Double.parseDouble(11.getText());
  }catch(NumberFormatException f){
    11.setText("Invalid Format");
    return;
  z="":
  11.setText(z);
  check=1;
```

```
if(e.getSource()==bsub){
                                   //FOR SUBTRACTION
  try{
    num1=Double.parseDouble(11.getText());
  }catch(NumberFormatException f){
    11.setText("Invalid Format");
    return:
  z="";
  11.setText(z);
  check=2;
if(e.getSource()==bmult){
                                   //FOR MULTIPLICATION
    num1=Double.parseDouble(11.getText());
  }catch(NumberFormatException f){
    11.setText("Invalid Format");
    return;
  z="";
  11.setText(z);
  check=3;
if(e.getSource()==bdiv){
                                  //FOR DIVISION
  try{
    num1=Double.parseDouble(11.getText());
  }catch(NumberFormatException f){
    11.setText("Invalid Format");
    return;
  z="";
  11.setText(z);
  check=4;
if(e.getSource()==bmod){
                                  //FOR MOD/REMAINDER
  try{
    num1=Double.parseDouble(11.getText());
  }catch(NumberFormatException f){
    11.setText("Invalid Format");
    return;
  z="";
  11.setText(z);
  check=5;
//RESULT BUTTON
if(e.getSource()==bcalc){
  try{
```

```
num2=Double.parseDouble(11.getText());
    }catch(Exception f){
      11.setText("ENTER NUMBER FIRST ");
    if(check==1)
      xd = num1 + num2;
    if(check==2)
      xd = num1 - num2;
    if(check==3)
      xd = num1*num2;
    if(check==4)
      xd = num1/num2;
    if(check==5)
      xd = num1\%num2;
    11.setText(String.valueOf(xd));
  //FOR CLEARING THE LABEL and Memory
  if(e.getSource()==bclr){
    num1=0;
    num2=0;
    check=0;
    xd=0;
    z="";
    11.setText(z);
//MAIN METHOD where objects of Main is instantaiated
public static void main(String args[]){
  new Main();
```

```
Event Handler using Applet
// Demonstrate the mouse event handlers.
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
<applet code="MouseEvents" width=300 height=100>
</applet>
*/
public class MouseEvents extends Applet implements MouseListener, MouseMotionListener {
String msg = "";
int mouseX = 0, mouseY = 0; // coordinates of mouse
public void init() {
addMouseListener(this);
addMouseMotionListener(this);
}
// Handle mouse clicked.
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent me) {
// save coordinates
mouseX = 0;
mouseY = 10;
msg = "Mouse clicked.";
repaint();
// Handle mouse entered.
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent me) {
// save coordinates
mouseX = 0;
mouseY = 10;
msg = "Mouse entered.";
repaint();
// Handle mouse exited.
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent me) {
// save coordinates
mouseX = 0;
mouseY = 10;
msg = "Mouse exited.";
repaint();
// Handle button pressed.
public void mousePressed(MouseEvent me) {
// save coordinates
mouseX = me.getX();
mouseY = me.getY();
msg = "Down";
repaint();
```

```
// Handle button released.
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent me) {
// save coordinates
mouseX = me.getX();
mouseY = me.getY();
msg = "Up";
repaint();
// Handle mouse dragged.
public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent me) {
// save coordinates
mouseX = me.getX();
mouseY = me.getY();
msg = "*";
showStatus("Dragging mouse at " + mouseX + ", " + mouseY);
repaint();
// Handle mouse moved.
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent me) {
// show status
showStatus("Moving mouse at " + me.getX() + ", " + me.getY());
// Display msg in applet window at current X,Y location.
public void paint(Graphics g) {
g.drawString(msg, mouseX, mouseY);
}
```



```
Java event handling by implementing ActionListener
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class AEvent extends Frame implements ActionListener{
TextField tf;
AEvent(){
//create components
tf=new TextField();
tf.setBounds(60,50,170,20);
Button b=new Button("click me");
b.setBounds(100,120,80,30);
//register listener
b.addActionListener(this);//passing current instance
//add components and set size, layout and visibility
add(b);add(tf);
setSize(300,300);
setLayout(null);
setVisible(true);
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
tf.setText("Welcome");
public static void main(String args[]){
new AEvent();
```



```
Java event handling by outer class
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class AEvent2 extends Frame{
TextField tf;
AEvent2(){
//create components
tf=new TextField();
tf.setBounds(60,50,170,20);
Button b=new Button("click me");
b.setBounds(100,120,80,30);
//register listener
Outer o=new Outer(this);
b.addActionListener(o);//passing outer class instance
//add components and set size, layout and visibility
add(b);add(tf);
setSize(300,300);
setLayout(null);
setVisible(true);
public static void main(String args[]){
new AEvent2();
}
}
import java.awt.event.*;
class Outer implements ActionListener{
AEvent2 obj;
Outer(AEvent2 obj){
this.obj=obj;
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
obj.tf.setText("welcome");
}
```

```
Java event handling by anonymous class
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class AEvent3 extends Frame {
TextField tf;
AEvent3(){
tf=new TextField();
tf.setBounds(60,50,170,20);
Button b=new Button("click me");
b.setBounds(50,120,80,30);
b.addActionListener(new ActionListener(){
public void actionPerformed(){
tf.setText("hello");
});
add(b);add(tf);
setSize(300,300);
setLayout(null);
setVisible(true);
public static void main(String args[]){
new AEvent3();
}
```

```
// Java program to demonstrate textfield and display typed text using KeyListener
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class KeyListenerExample extends Frame implements KeyListener {
  private TextField textField;
  private Label displayLabel;
  // Constructor
  public KeyListenerExample() {
    // Set frame properties
    setTitle("Typed Text Display");
    setSize(400, 200);
    setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    // Create and add a TextField for text input
     textField = new TextField(20);
    textField.addKeyListener(this);
    add(textField);
    // Create and add a Label to display typed text
     displayLabel = new Label("Typed Text: ");
     add(displayLabel);
    // Ensure the frame can receive key events
    setFocusable(true);
    setFocusTraversalKeysEnabled(false);
    // Make the frame visible
    setVisible(true);
  // Implement the keyPressed method
  @Override
  public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
    // You can add custom logic here if needed
  // Implement the keyReleased method
  @Override
  public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {
    // You can add custom logic here if needed
  // Implement the keyTyped method
  @Override
  public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
```

```
//Java program to demonstrate keyPressed, keyReleased and keyTyped method
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class KeyListenerExample extends Frame implements KeyListener {
  private TextField textField;
  private Label displayLabel;
  // Constructor
  public KeyListenerExample() {
    // Set frame properties
    setTitle("Typed Text Display");
    setSize(400, 200);
    setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    // Create and add a TextField for text input
    textField = new TextField(20);
    textField.addKeyListener(this);
    add(textField);
    // Create and add a Label to display typed text
    displayLabel = new Label("Typed Text: ");
    add(displayLabel);
    // Ensure the frame can receive key events
    setFocusable(true);
    setFocusTraversalKeysEnabled(false);
    // Make the frame visible
    setVisible(true);
  // Implement the keyPressed method
  @Override
  public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
    int keyCode = e.getKeyCode();
    System.out.println("Key Pressed: " + KeyEvent.getKeyText(keyCode));
  }
  // Implement the keyReleased method
  @Override
  public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {
    int keyCode = e.getKeyCode();
    System.out.println("Key Released: " + KeyEvent.getKeyText(keyCode));
  }
  // Implement the keyTyped method
```

```
@Override
public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
    char keyChar = e.getKeyChar();
    System.out.println("Key Typed: " + keyChar);
    displayLabel.setText("Typed Text: " + textField.getText() + keyChar);
}

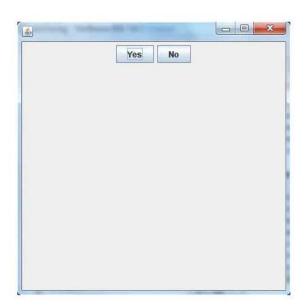
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new KeyListenerExample();
}

Typed Text Display - \( \square \times \)

geeks Typed Text: geeks
```

```
Swing JButton
```

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.awt.*;
public class testswing extends JFrame
 testswing()
  JButton bt1 = new JButton("Yes");
                                            //Creating a Yes Button.
  JButton bt2 = new JButton("No");
                                            //Creating a No Button.
  setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE) //setting close operation.
  setLayout(new FlowLayout());
                                      //setting layout using FlowLayout object
  setSize(400, 400);
                                //setting size of Jframe
  add(bt1);
                  //adding Yes button to frame.
                  //adding No button to frame.
  add(bt2);
  setVisible(true);
 public static void main(String[] args)
  new testswing();
```



JApplet program

```
import javax.swing.*;
import javax.swing.border.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class SimpleApplet extends JApplet {
  public void init() {
    JPanel p = new JPanel();
    p.setLayout(new GridLayout(2, 2, 2, 2));
    p.add(new JLabel("Username"));
    p.add(new JTextField());
    p.add(new JPasswordField());
    p.add(new JPasswordField());
    Container content = getContentPane();
    content.setLayout(new GridBagLayout()); // Used to center the panel content.add(p);
  }
}
```

JApplet Output



Adaptor class for Mouse motion

```
// importing the necessary libraries
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
// class which inherits the MouseMotionAdapter class
public class MouseMotionAdapterExample extends MouseMotionAdapter {
// object of Frame class
  Frame f:
// class constructor
  MouseMotionAdapterExample() {
// creating the frame with the title
     f = new Frame ("Mouse Motion Adapter");
// adding MouseMotionListener to the Frame
     f.addMouseMotionListener (this);
// setting the size, layout and visibility of the frame
     f.setSize (300, 300);
     f.setLayout (null);
     f.setVisible (true);
// overriding the mouseDragged() method
public void mouseDragged (MouseEvent e) {
// creating the Graphics object and fetching them from the Frame object using getGraphics()
method
  Graphics g = f.getGraphics();
// setting the color of graphics object
  g.setColor (Color.ORANGE);
// setting the shape of graphics object
  g.fillOval (e.getX(), e.getY(), 20, 20);
public static void main(String[] args) {
  new MouseMotionAdapterExample();
}
```



Layout Manager: Border Layout



```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class LayoutManagerTest extends JFrame {
 JPanel flowLayoutPanel1, flowLayoutPanel2, gridLayoutPanel1, gridLayoutPanel2,
gridLayoutPanel3;
 JButton one, two, three, four, five, six;
 JLabel bottom, lb11, lb12, lb13;
 public LayoutManagerTest() {
   setTitle("LayoutManager Test");
   setLayout(new BorderLayout()); // Set BorderLayout for JFrame
   flowLayoutPanel1 = new JPanel();
   one = new JButton("One");
   two = new JButton("Two");
   three = new JButton("Three");
   flowLayoutPanel1.setLayout(new FlowLayout(FlowLayout.CENTER)); // Set FlowLayout
Manager
   flowLayoutPanel1.add(one);
   flowLayoutPanel1.add(two);
   flowLayoutPanel1.add(three);
   flowLayoutPanel2 = new JPanel();
   bottom = new JLabel("This is South");
   flowLayoutPanel2.setLayout (new FlowLayout(FlowLayout.CENTER));
// Set FlowLayout Manager
   flowLayoutPanel2.add(bottom);
   gridLayoutPanel1 = new JPanel();
   gridLayoutPanel2 = new JPanel();
   gridLayoutPanel3 = new JPanel();
   lbl1 = new JLabel("One");
   lbl2 = new JLabel("Two");
   lbl3 = new JLabel("Three");
   four = new JButton("Four");
   five = new JButton("Five");
   six = new JButton("Six");
```

```
gridLayoutPanel2.setLayout(new GridLayout(1, 3, 5, 5)); // Set GridLayout Manager
 gridLayoutPanel2.add(lbl1);
 gridLayoutPanel2.add(lbl2);
  gridLayoutPanel2.add(lbl3);
  gridLayoutPanel3.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 1, 5, 5)); // Set GridLayout Manager
 gridLayoutPanel3.add(four);
  gridLayoutPanel3.add(five);
  gridLayoutPanel3.add(six);
  gridLayoutPanel1.setLayout(new GridLayout(2, 1)); // Set GridLayout Manager
 gridLayoutPanel1.add(gridLayoutPanel2);
 gridLayoutPanel1.add(gridLayoutPanel3);
  add(flowLayoutPanel1, BorderLayout.NORTH);
  add(flowLayoutPanel2, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
  add(gridLayoutPanel1, BorderLayout.CENTER);
 setSize(400, 325);
  setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
 setLocationRelativeTo(null);
 setVisible(true);
public static void main(String args[]) {
 new LayoutManagerTest();
```

```
//Inner class
class Listener {
class oneBtnListener implements ActionListener {
 @Override
 public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ev) {
   if(ev.getActionCommand() == "1")
      JButton btn = (JButton)ev.getSource();
      btn.setText("11");
   }
class calculatorGUI extends javax.swing.JFrame {
public calculatorGUI() {
 initComponents();
private void initComponents() {
oneBtn = new javax.swing.JButton();
oneBtnListener btnListener = new Listener().new oneBtnListener();
oneBtn.setText("1");
oneBtn.setBounds(100,100,100,25);
oneBtn.addActionListener(btnListener);
add(oneBtn);
setLayout(null);
setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
setSize(400,400);
private javax.swing.JButton oneBtn;
public JButton getOneBtn() {
 return oneBtn;
public void setOneBtn(String name) {
 oneBtn.setText(name);
}
```

```
Anonymous Inner Class
package simple.button;
public class Main {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              CustomJFrame myFrame = new CustomJFrame();
       }
}
package simple.button;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
public class CustomJFrame extends JFrame{
       private JPanel contentPane;
//This is an invisible layer on our JFrame, to which we attach our button and any other
components we want shown
       private JButton myButton;
//This is the button we will attach to the contentPane
       public CustomJFrame() {
         this.setSize(200,70);
                                 //This sets the dimensions of the JFrame
         contentPane = new JPanel(); //this creates a contentPane for holding our button
         myButton = new JButton("My Button");
         myButton.addActionListener(
        //here we use an anonymous inner class for the listener
                new ActionListener() {
                  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                    System.out.println("My button was clicked!");
         contentPane.add(myButton);
```

```
contentPane.add(myButton);

//This attaches the button to the contentPane.

this.add(contentPane);

//This, in turn, attaches the contentPane to the JFrame.

this.setVisible(true); //This makes our JFrame visible.

}
```