

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN'S

SARDAR PATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MUNSHI NAGAR, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI - 400 058, India (Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

End Semester Examination April/May 2018

Max. Marks: 100

Class: FYMCA Course Code: MCA 25

Subject: Probability and Statistics Instructions:

Duration: 3 hrs Semester: II

Date: 03/06/2018 Time:102pm-05pm

(1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

(3) Assume any necessary data but justify the same.

Q.N												Marks	CO
1. (a)	State and prove Baye's theorem. Measurements at the University of Mumbai on a certain day indicated that the source of incoming jobs is 15% from MIDC Thane, 35% from MIDC Taloja, and 50% from MIDC Andheri. Suppose that the probabilities that a job initiated from these MIDCs requires set-up are 0.01, 0.05, and 0.02 respectively. Find the probability that a job chosen at random at University of Mumbai requires set-up. Also find the probability that a randomly chosen job comes from MIDC Taloja, given that it requires set-up.							S t	CO-4				
	From the following skewness. Age (years) Number of employees	data on a	25-30 12	30-35 20	35	ulate t -40 25	40-		45-5 12	0 50	0-55 8	[10]	CO-4
(b)	Prove with example wise independent.	e that thre	ee event	s may be	mutu	ally i	indepe	enden	t but n	eed not	be pair	[10]	CO-4
2. (a)	The lengths in cm of 10 nails produced by a certain machine are as: 5.10, 4.98, 5.03, 4.99, 5.00, 5.07, 5.04, 5.03, 4.91, 4.97 Can it be concluded that average length of a nail produce by the machine is 5cm. [Given: The value of t_{α} at 5% level of significance for 9 degrees of freedom is 1.833]								[10]	CO-3			
	OR		number	of accid			ty dur) days	of time.	. Find	[10]	CO-3



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(b)	(i) In the frequency distribution of 100 families given below, the number of families corresponding to expenditure groups (20-40) and (60-80) are missing. The median is								
	known to be 50. Find Expenditure (Rs.)	the missing fr	equencies. 20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100			
	No of families	14	**	27		15			
	(ii) Let X be a random and b such that Y=aX-	n variable for b has expecta	which E(X)= tion zero and	=10 and V(X d variance 1.)=25. Find the	e values of a	[5]	CO-2	
3 (a)	(i) From the following Marks in PS: Marks in DS:	25 28 35 3	2 31 36	29 38 34	32		[10]	CO-2	
	OR (ii) A continuous rand $f(x)=k(2-x)$ $=kx(x)$ $=0,$ Find k and median of), -2),	$0 \le x < 2$ $2 \le x < 3$ otherwise				[10]	CO-2	
(b)	Find the coefficient of	of variation fo	r the following	ng distributio	on.		[10]	CO-2	
	. 3	7 12		80-100	100-120	120-140			
4 (a)	The lifetime of certain kinds of electronic devices have a mean life of 300 hours and								
	OR Show that the r th moment of Beta distribution of second kind about origin is $\mu'_r = \frac{1}{\beta(m,n)} \beta(m+r,n-r)$								
	Hence or otherwise s $\frac{m(m+n-1)}{(n-1)^2(n-1)}$ where m and n are p	show that the $\frac{1}{2}$	variance Bet		of second kin	nd is			



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(b)	Two discrete random variables X and Y have joint pmf given by the following table.						
	Y						
5 (a)	(i) A random sample of 1000 farms in a year gives an average yield of wheat of 2500 kg. per hectare with a s.d. 200 kg. A random sample of 1000 farms in the following year gives an average yield of wheat of 2700 kg. per hectare with a s.d. 250 kg. Can it be inferred that there is a significant increase in the mean yield? [Given: The value of Z_{α} at 1% level of significance is 2.58]						
	(ii) The probability that a man aged 60 will live up to 70 is 0.65. What is the probability that out of 10 such men now at 60, at least 7 will live up to 70?	[5]	CO-5				
(b)	(i) A coin is tossed until a head appears. What is the expectation of the number of tosses required?	[5]	CO-4				
	(ii) A series of n jobs arrive at a computing centre with n processors. Assume that each of the n ⁿ possible assignments vectors (processor for job 1,, processor for job n) is equally likely. Find the probability that exactly one processor will be idle?	[5]	CO-4				