

### PRACTICAL 3.1

**Aim:** Continuous Integration with Jenkins.

**Objectives:**

- The objective of Jenkins is to automate the building, testing, and deployment of software projects.
- To understand creation of Jobs

**Tools Used:** Virtual box manager, Ubuntu, Jenkins

**Concepts:**

- **Compile:** This stage involves compiling your source code into executable code or binaries. This will generate a class files for java program
- **Code Review:** This stage involves reviewing the code changes made by developers before deploying them. Jenkins can trigger external tools such as PMD plugin that automates code reviews by scanning for errors and enforcing coding standards, enhancing code quality before deployment.
- **Unit Test:** This stage involves running automated unit tests to ensure that individual components or units of code function correctly in isolation. Unit tests are crucial for verifying the behavior of small sections of code and catching bugs early in the development process.
- **Metrics Check:** This stage involves analyzing code quality metrics and performing static code analysis to ensure adherence to coding standards, identify potential bugs, and maintain code maintainability. Tools like Jacoco can be integrated into Jenkins pipelines to perform these checks.
- **Package:** This stage involves packaging your application or project into a deployable artifact. Depending on the type of application, packaging could involve creating a WAR file

**Problem Statement on Jenkins :**

You are working as a DevOps Engineer in a company named Sanders & Fresco Pvt Ltd. You have

been asked by your manager to create a Maven Project using Jenkins and build a war file of that

project. As a proof of concept, you have been given a web application to build.

Steps to solve:

- Open Jenkins and create a Maven project using it.
- You will have to create the following jobs, which are as follow:
  1. Compile
  2. Code Review
  3. Unit test
  4. Package
  5. Metric Check

## Installation of jenkins

```
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: -  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ sudo wget -O /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc \  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key  
[sudo] password for atharva:  
--2025-02-14 09:17:31-- https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key  
Resolving pkg.jenkins.io (pkg.jenkins.io)... 151.101.154.133, 2a04:4e42:24::645  
Connecting to pkg.jenkins.io (pkg.jenkins.io)[151.101.154.133]:443... connected.  
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK  
Length: 3175 (3.1K) [application/pgp-keys]  
Saving to: '/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc'  
  
/usr/share/keyrings 100%[=====] 3.10K --.-KB/s in 0.003s  
  
2025-02-14 09:17:31 (1.15 MB/s) - '/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc' saved [3175/3175]  
  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc]" \  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \  
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ sudo apt-get update  
Ign:1 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease  
Get:2 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release [2,044 B]  
Get:3 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release.gpg [833 B]  
Get:4 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Packages [28.5 kB]  
Hit:5 https://dl.google.com/linux/chrome/deb stable InRelease  
Hit:6 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
```

```
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: -  
/usr/share/keyrings 100%[=====] 3.10K --.-KB/s in 0.003s  
  
2025-02-14 09:17:31 (1.15 MB/s) - '/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc' saved [3175/3175]  
  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc]" \  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \  
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ sudo apt-get update  
Ign:1 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease  
Get:2 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release [2,044 B]  
Get:3 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release.gpg [833 B]  
Get:4 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Packages [28.5 kB]  
Hit:5 https://dl.google.com/linux/chrome/deb stable InRelease  
Hit:6 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease  
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]  
Hit:8 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease  
Hit:9 https://ppa.launchpadcontent.net/blaze/kf5/ubuntu noble InRelease  
Hit:10 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease  
Get:11 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security/main amd64 Components [8,976 B]  
Get:12 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security/restricted amd64 Components [208 B]  
Get:13 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security/universe amd64 Components [51.9 kB]  
Get:14 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security/multiverse amd64 Components [208 B]  
Fetched 219 kB in 2s (112 kB/s)  
Reading package lists... Done
```

```

atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: ~$ sudo apt-get install jenkins
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libllvm17t64 python3-netifaces
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  net-tools
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  jenkins net-tools
0 upgraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 95.0 MB of archives.
After this operation, 97.6 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:2 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 net-tools amd64 2.10-0.1ubuntu4 [204 kB]
Get:1 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ jenkins 2.492.1 [94.8 MB]
Fetched 95.0 MB in 21s (4,622 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package net-tools.
(Reading database ... 193234 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../net-tools_2.10-0.1ubuntu4_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking net-tools (2.10-0.1ubuntu4) ...
Selecting previously unselected package jenkins.
Preparing to unpack .../jenkins_2.492.1_all.deb ...
Unpacking jenkins (2.492.1) ...
Setting up net-tools (2.10-0.1ubuntu4) ...
Setting up jenkins (2.492.1) ...
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/jenkins.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service.
Could not execute systemctl: at /usr/bin/deb-systemd-invoke line 148.
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: ~$

```

```

atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: ~$ sudo systemctl enable jenkins
Synchronizing state of jenkins.service with SysV service script with /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable jenkins
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: ~$ sudo systemctl start jenkins
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: ~$ sudo systemctl status jenkins
● jenkins.service - Jenkins Continuous Integration Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Fri 2025-02-14 09:24:17 IST; 9s ago
     Main PID: 31196 (java)
       Tasks: 48 (limit: 4615)
      Memory: 708.3M (peak: 714.9M)
         CPU: 13.354s
        CGroup: /system.slice/jenkins.service
                └─31196 /usr/bin/java -Djava.awt.headless=true -jar /usr/share/java/jenkins.war --webroot=/var/cache/jenkins
Feb 14 09:24:12 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: 277eeb9e89b143dda2d97784131a0878
Feb 14 09:24:12 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: This may also be found at: /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPas
Feb 14 09:24:12 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: *****
Feb 14 09:24:12 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: *****
Feb 14 09:24:12 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: *****
Feb 14 09:24:17 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: 2025-02-14 03:54:17.495+0000 [id=31] INFO jenkins.Int
Feb 14 09:24:17 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: 2025-02-14 03:54:17.535+0000 [id=23] INFO hudson.lif
Feb 14 09:24:17 atharva-VirtualBox systemd[1]: Started jenkins.service - Jenkins Continuous Integration Server.
Feb 14 09:24:19 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: 2025-02-14 03:54:19.055+0000 [id=48] INFO h.m.Downloa
Feb 14 09:24:19 atharva-VirtualBox jenkins[31196]: 2025-02-14 03:54:19.056+0000 [id=48] INFO hudson.util

```

Start jenkins

sudo systemctl enable jenkins

sudo systemctl start jenkins

sudo systemctl status jenkins

Also make sure to install maven



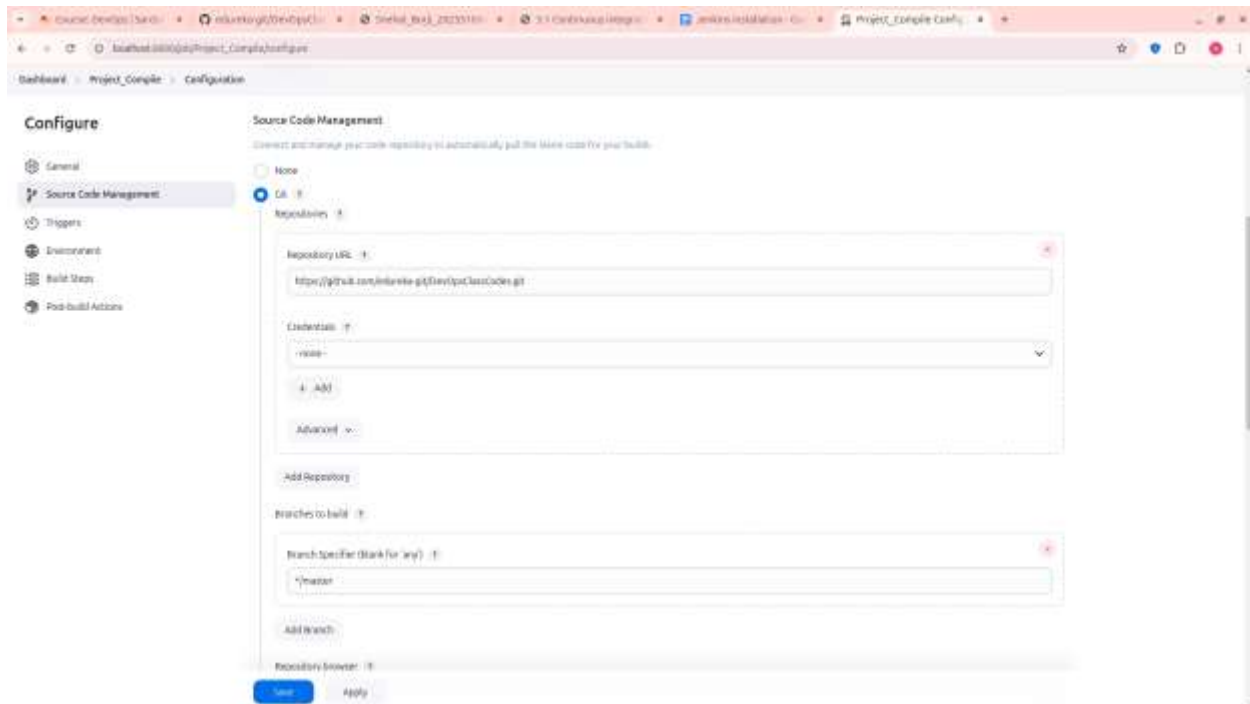
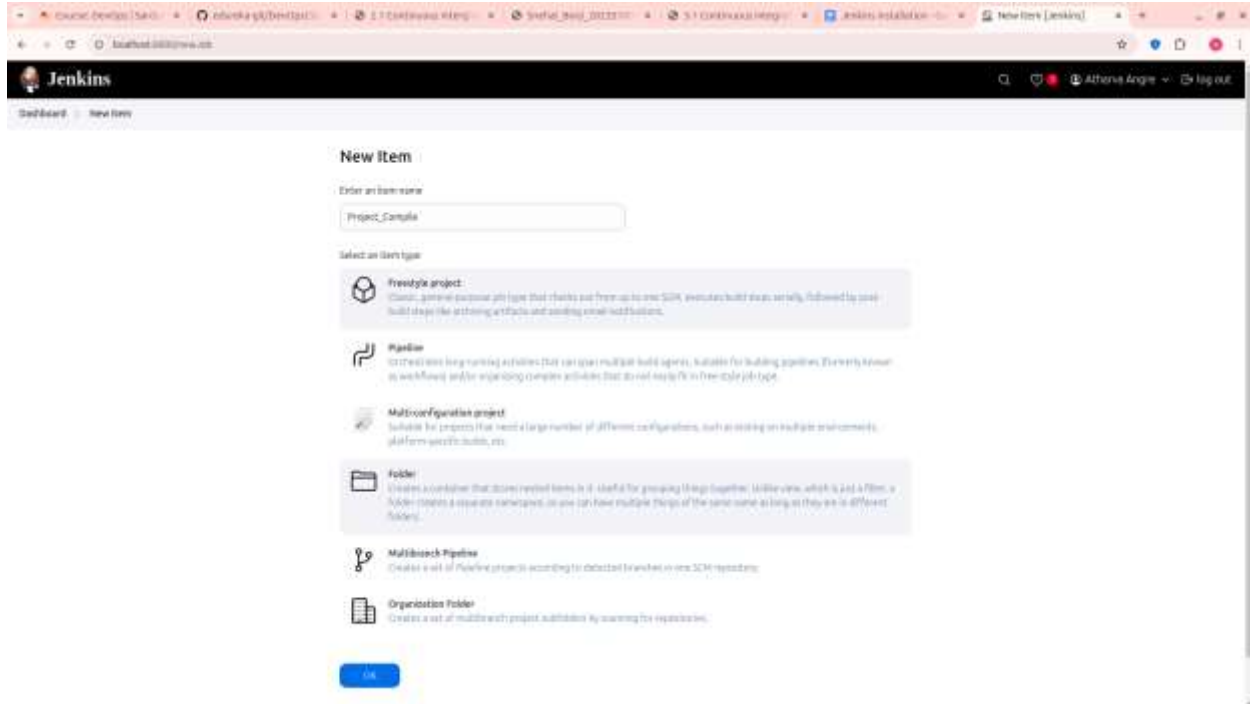
```
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: ~  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ sudo apt install maven -y  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree... Done  
Reading state information... Done  
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:  
  libllvm17t64 python3-netifaces  
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.  
The following additional packages will be installed:  
  libaopalliance-java libapache-pom-java libatinject-jsr330-api-java  
  libcdi-api-java libcommons-cli-java libcommons-io-java libcommons-lang3-java  
  libcommons-parent-java liberror-prone-java  
  libgeronimo-annotation-1.3-spec-java libgeronimo-interceptor-3.0-spec-java  
  libguava-java libguice-java libjansi-java libjsr305-java  
  libmaven-parent-java libmaven-resolver-java libmaven-shared-utils-java  
  libmaven3-core-java libplexus-cipher-java libplexus-classworlds-java  
  libplexus-component-annotations-java libplexus-interpolation-java  
  libplexus-sec-dispatcher-java libplexus-utils2-java libsisu-inject-java  
  libsisu-plexus-java libslf4j-java libwagon-file-java  
  libwagon-http-shaded-java libwagon-provider-api-java  
Suggested packages:  
  libatinject-jsr330-api-java-doc libel-api-java libcommons-io-java-doc  
  libasm-java libcglib-java libjsr305-java-doc libmaven-shared-utils-java-doc  
  liblogback-java libplexus-utils2-java-doc junit4 testng  
  libcommons-logging-java liblog4j1.2-java
```

```
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ mvn -version  
Apache Maven 3.8.7  
Maven home: /usr/share/maven  
Java version: 17.0.14, vendor: Ubuntu, runtime: /usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd  
64  
Default locale: en_US, platform encoding: UTF-8  
OS name: "linux", version: "6.11.0-17-generic", arch: "amd64", family: "unix"  
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$
```

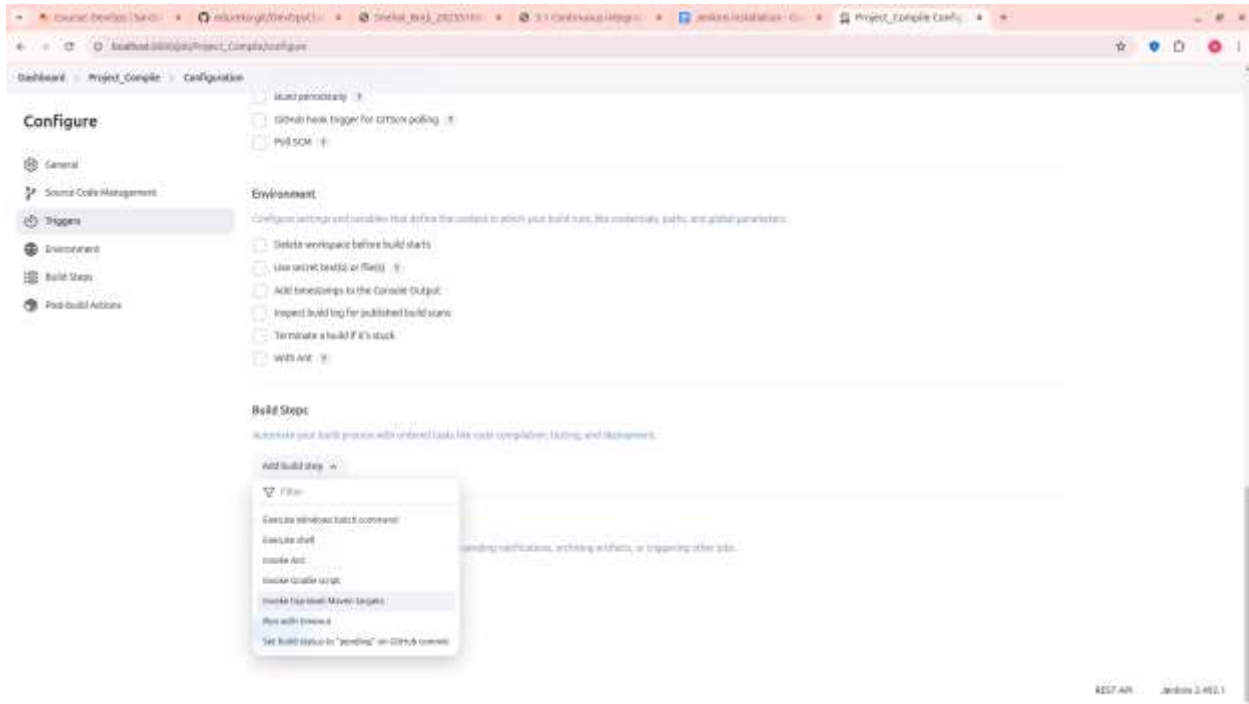
On browser go to <http://localhost:8080/>  
And Sign in with the credentials

## Compile

1. Created a new job as Compile and connected github repository of sample project



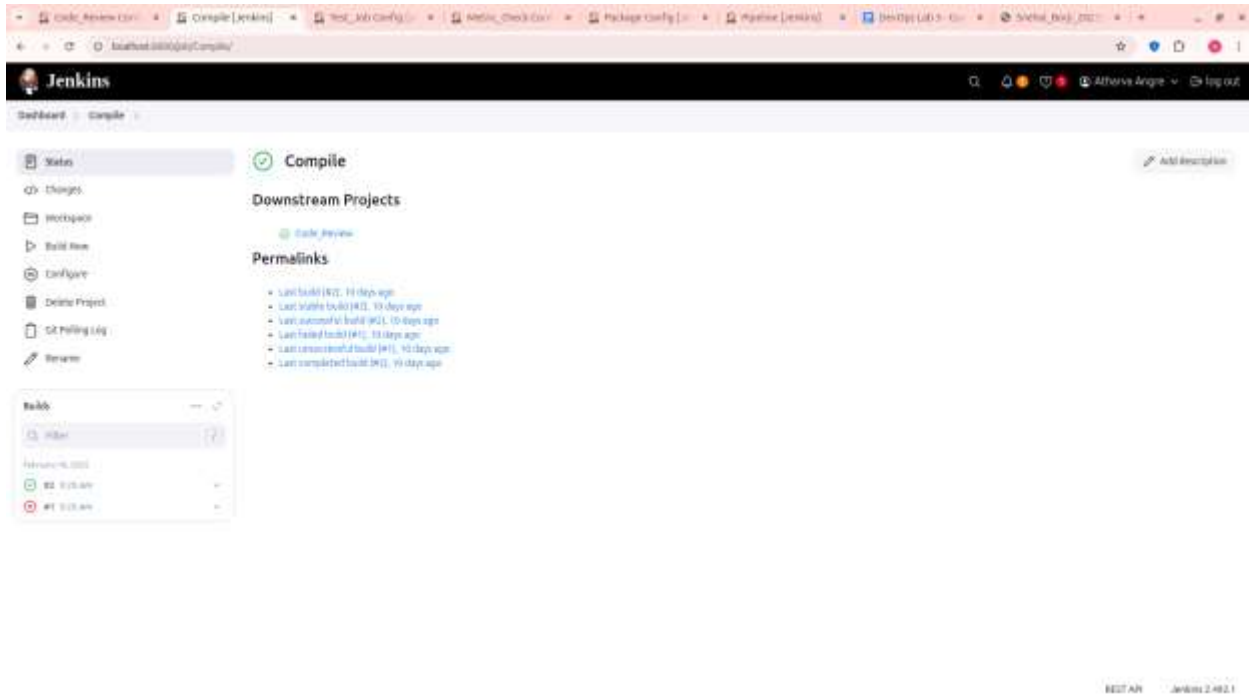
2. In build steps, selected a Invoke top-level Maven target and in it selected mymaven and in goals selected a compile plugin .



In the Goal type compile

Then Click save Button

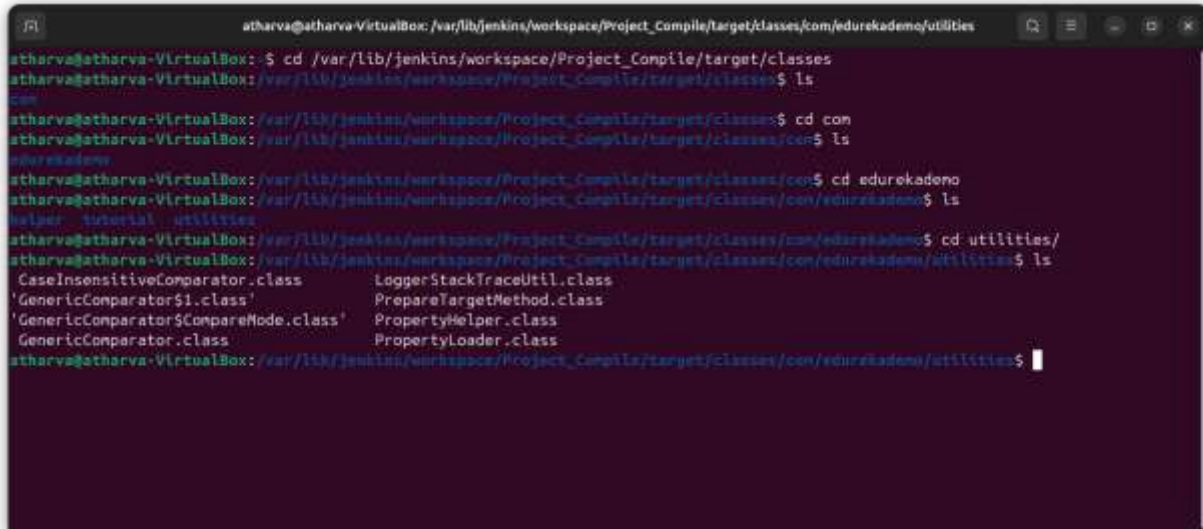
It will run successfully



To check it

Copy the path which is as below

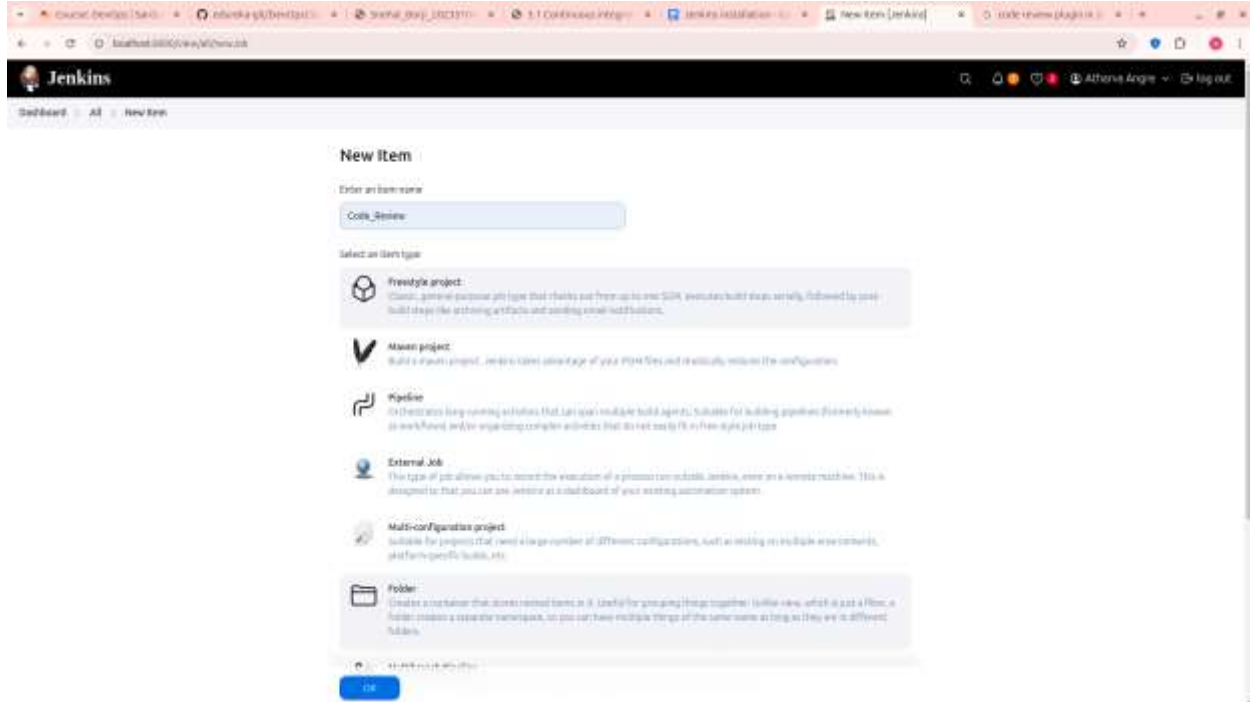
Compiling 13 source files to /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project\_Compile/target/classes



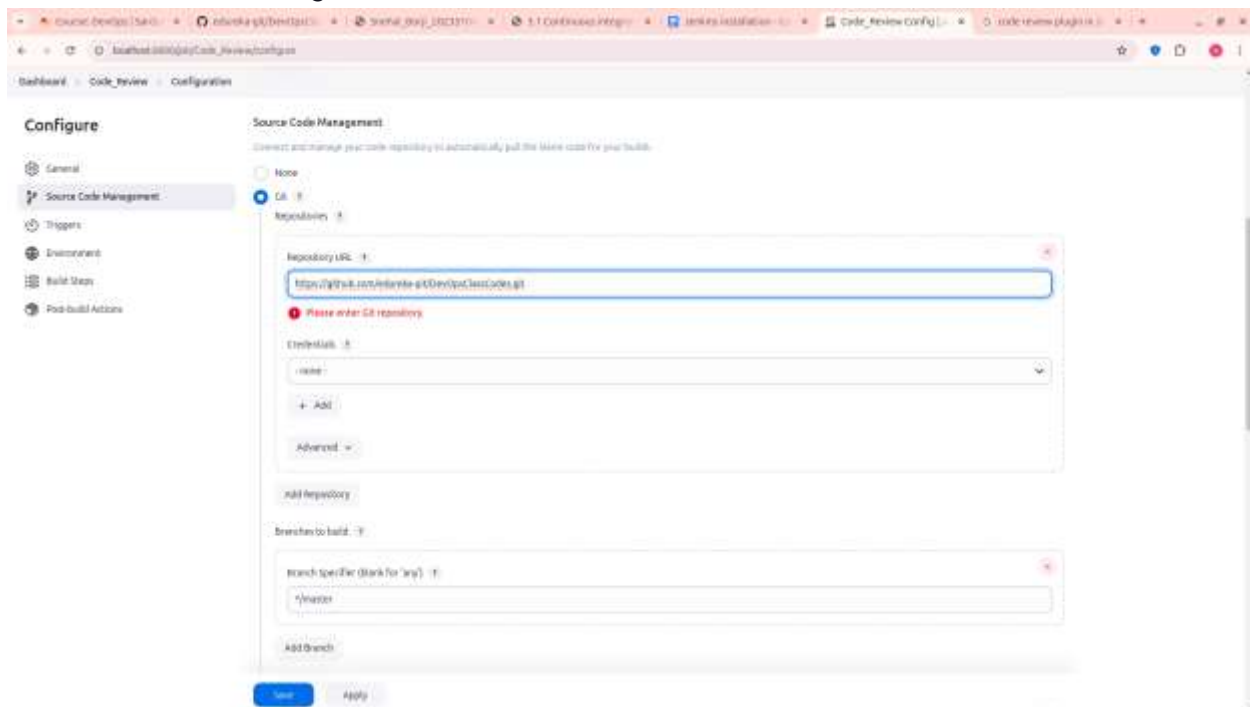
```
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com/edurekademo/utilities
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: $ cd /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes$ ls
com
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes$ cd com
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com$ ls
edurekademo
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com$ cd edurekademo
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com/edurekademo$ ls
helper  tutorial  utilities
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com/edurekademo$ cd utilities/
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com/edurekademo/utilities$ ls
CaseInsensitiveComparator.class      LoggerStackTraceUtil.class
'GenericComparator$I.class'          PrepareTargetMethod.class
'GenericComparator$CompareMode.class' PropertyHelper.class
GenericComparator.class              PropertyLoader.class
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Project_Compile/target/classes/com/edurekademo/utilities$
```

## Code review

1. Created a new job as **Code\_Review** and connected the github repository to it  
Now install pmd plugin  
New Item for Code Review

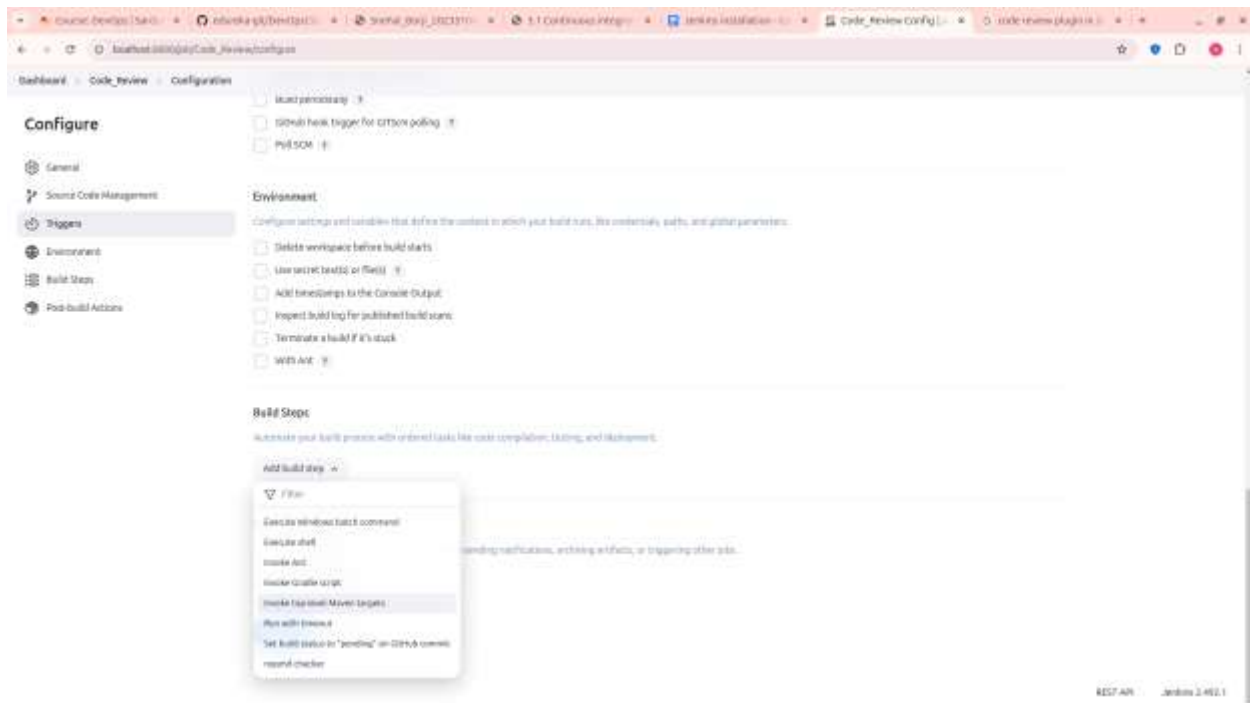


## In Source Code Management





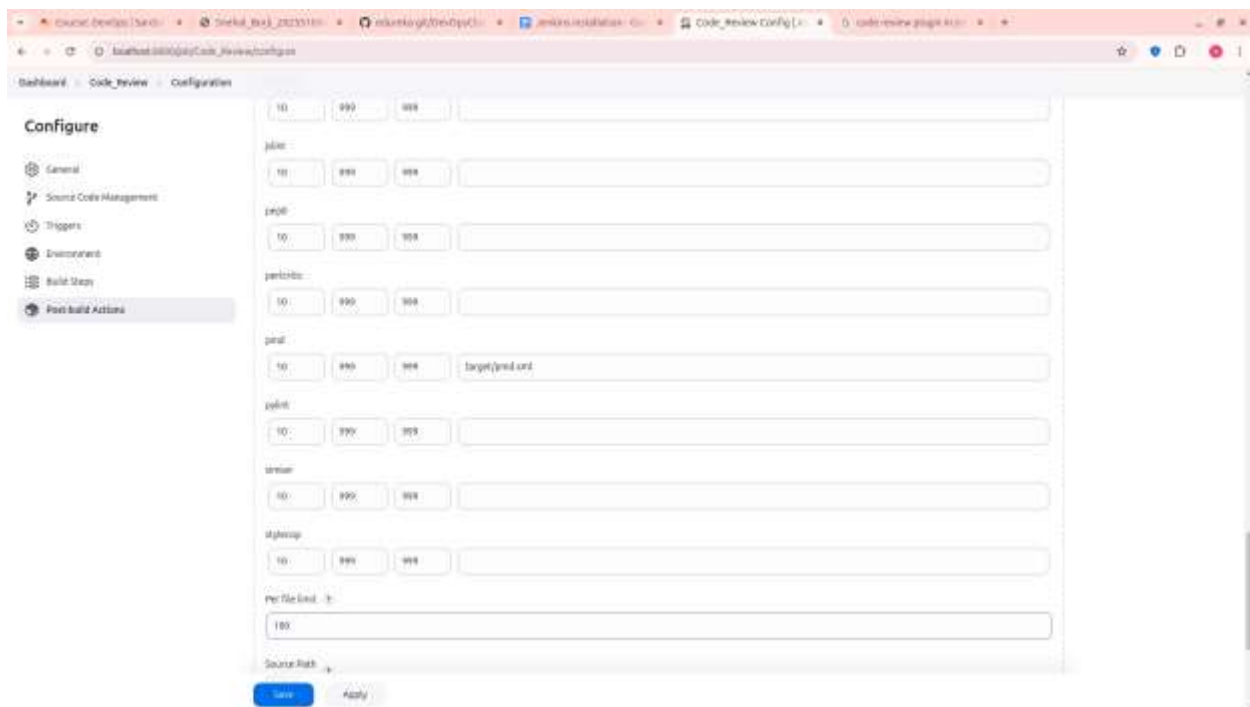
## Build Step -&gt; Invoke &gt; type pmd:pmd



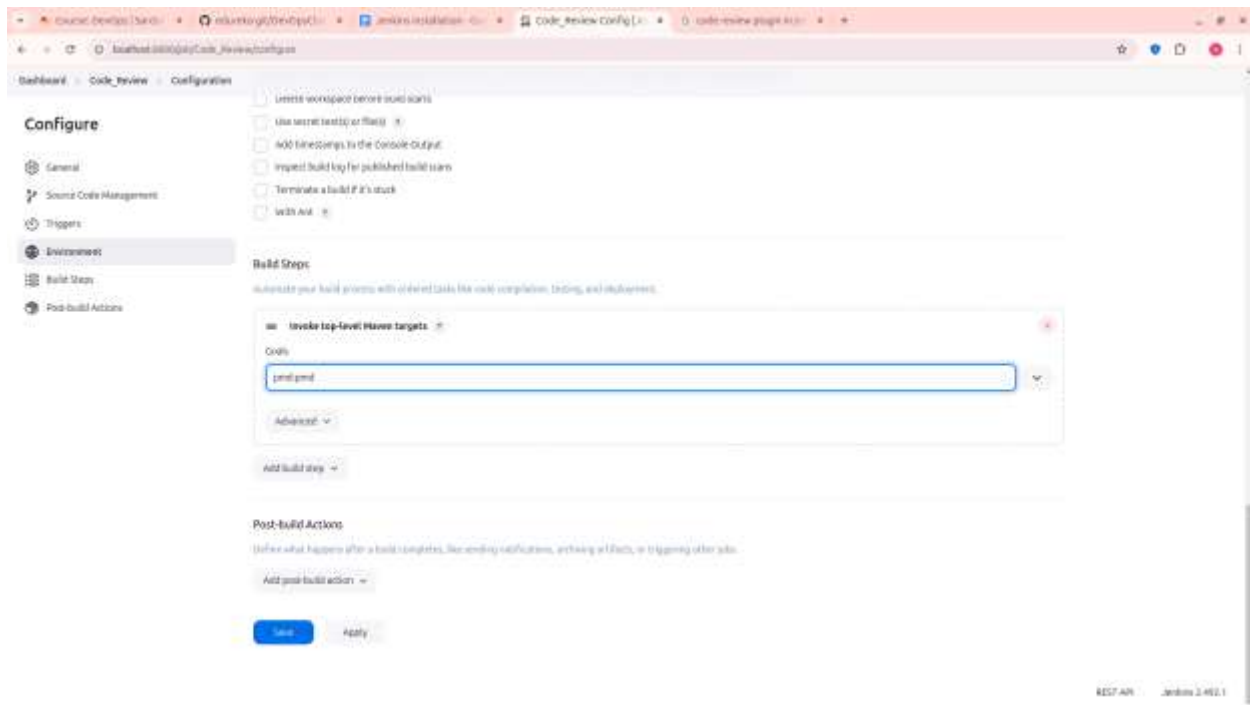
In -&gt; Post-build Actions -&gt; Report Violations

Now search pms and set -&gt; target/pmd.xml

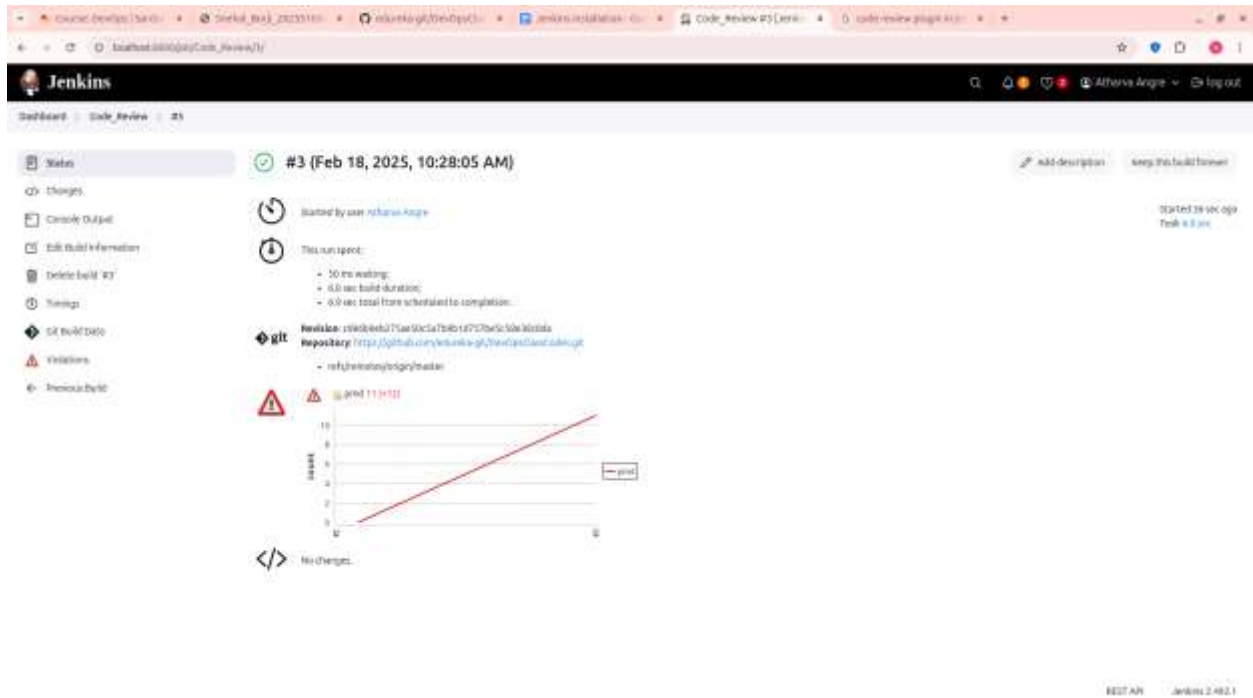
Click save



Click Save



Now Click-> Build Now



**Test :**

1. Created a new job as a **Test\_Job** and added a github repository on it .

The image displays two screenshots of the Jenkins web interface, illustrating the setup of a new job.

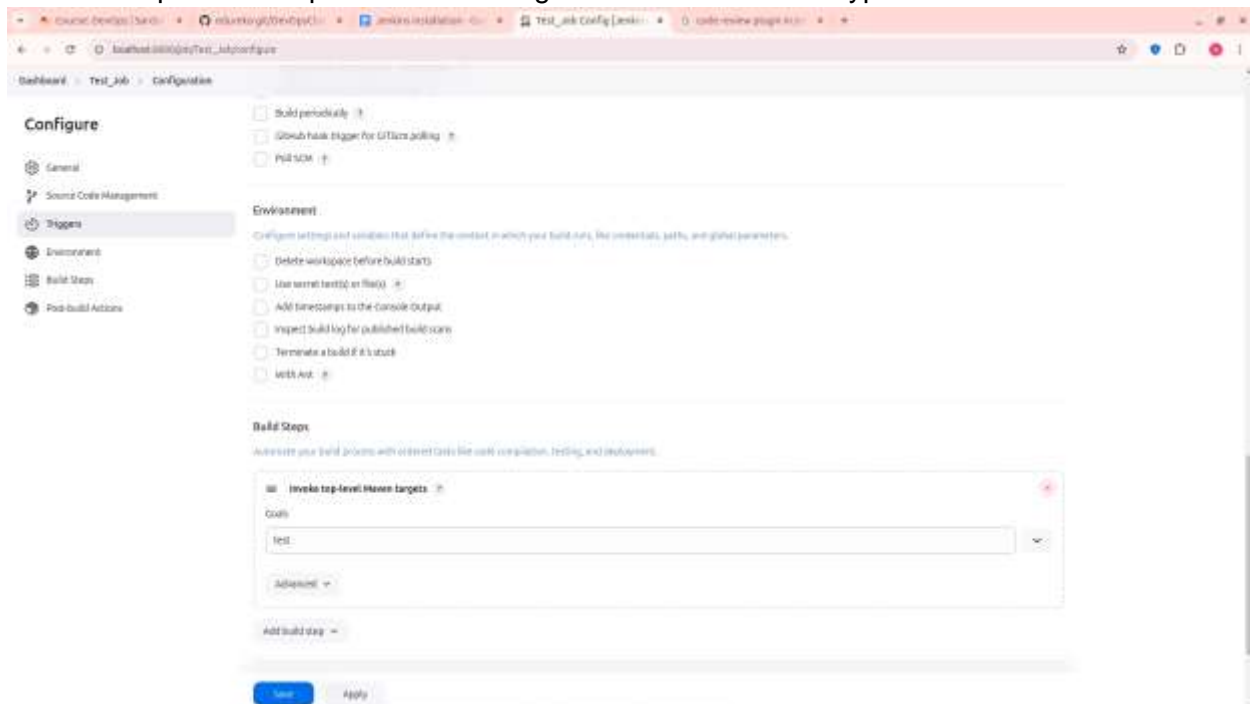
**Top Screenshot: New Item Page**

- The page title is "New Item".
- The "Enter an item name" field contains "Test\_Job".
- The "Select an item type" section shows several options: Freestyle project, Maven project, Pipeline, External Job, Multi-configuration project, and Folder. The "Freestyle project" option is selected.
- The "Freestyle project" description states: "Classic, general purpose job type that checks out from up to one SCM, executes build steps serially, followed by post-build steps like archiving artifacts and sending email notifications."
- The "Maven project" description states: "Build a Maven project, makes use of your POM file and statically resolves the configurations."
- The "Pipeline" description states: "Orchestrate long-running activities that span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or integrating complex activities that do not easily fit in Freestyle job type."
- The "External Job" description states: "This type of job allows you to record the execution of a process run outside Jenkins, even on a remote machine. This is designed so that you can use Jenkins as a dashboard of your existing automation systems."
- The "Multi-configuration project" description states: "Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc."
- The "Folder" description states: "Create a container that does nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a Filter, a Folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders."
- The "Create new items often" link is visible at the bottom.

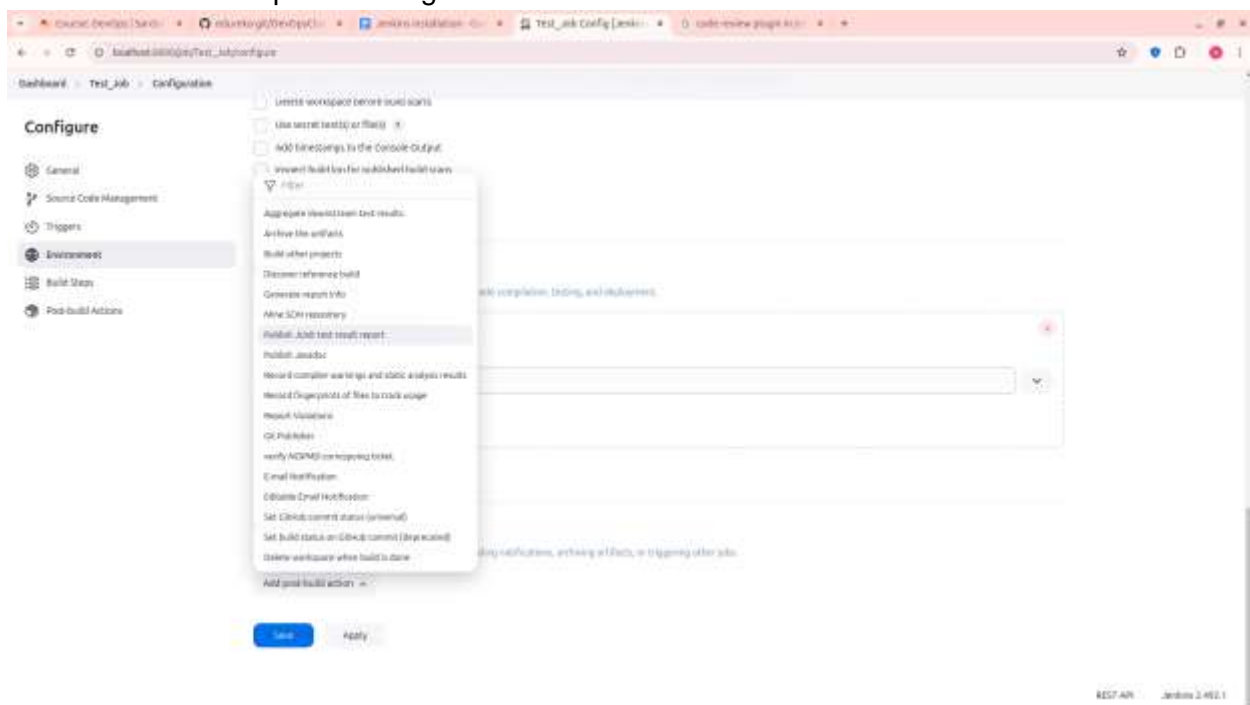
**Bottom Screenshot: Configure Page**

- The page title is "Configure".
- The left sidebar shows the navigation menu: General, Source Code Management, Triggers, Environment, Build Steps, and Post-build Actions. The "Source Code Management" option is selected.
- The "Source Code Management" section is expanded, showing the "Connect and manage your code repository to automatically pull the latest code for your builds" section.
- The "Repository" section is set to "Git".
- The "Repository URL" field contains "https://github.com/atharva-vasanth/DevOpsTestCodes.git".
- The "Credentials" section is set to "none".
- The "Add repository" button is visible.
- The "Branches to build" section is expanded, showing the "branch specifier (blank for '/\*')" field, which contains "\*/main".
- The "Add branch" button is visible.
- The "Save" and "Apply" buttons are at the bottom.

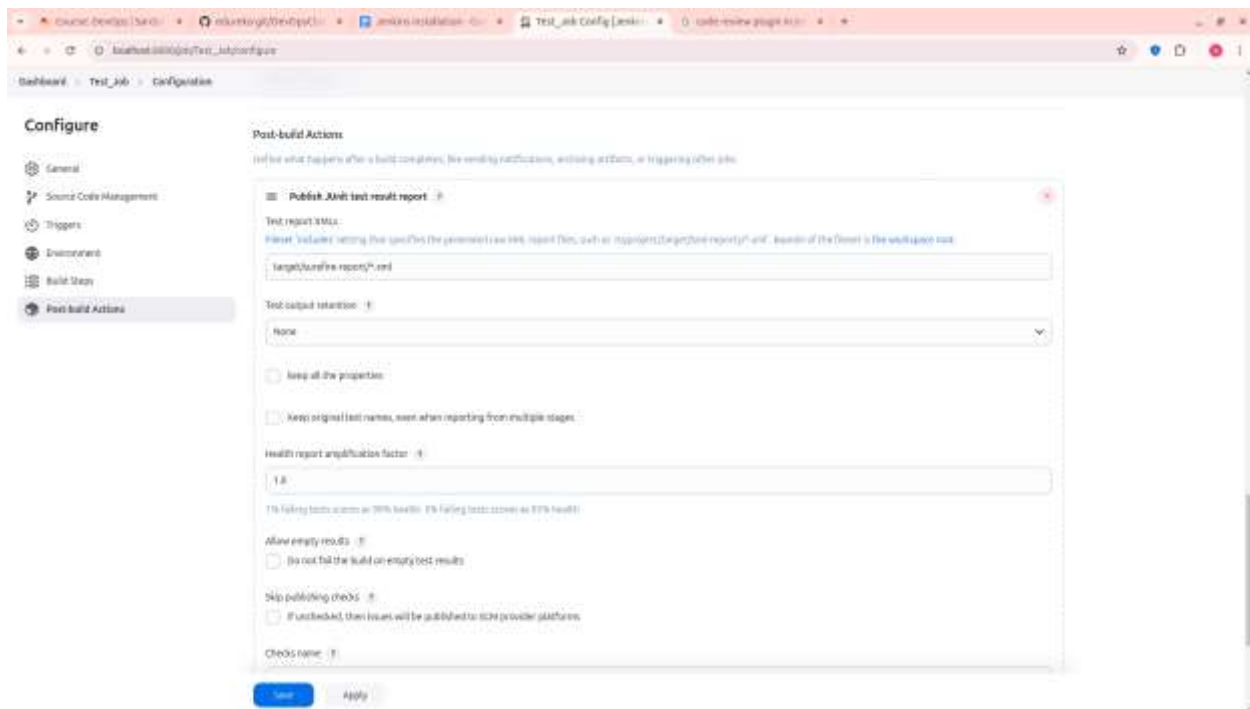
In Build Step select Top-level Maven target in that inside Goals type test



In the post build action selected publish JUnit test result report and in it provided path for xml file in which test case report will be generate .





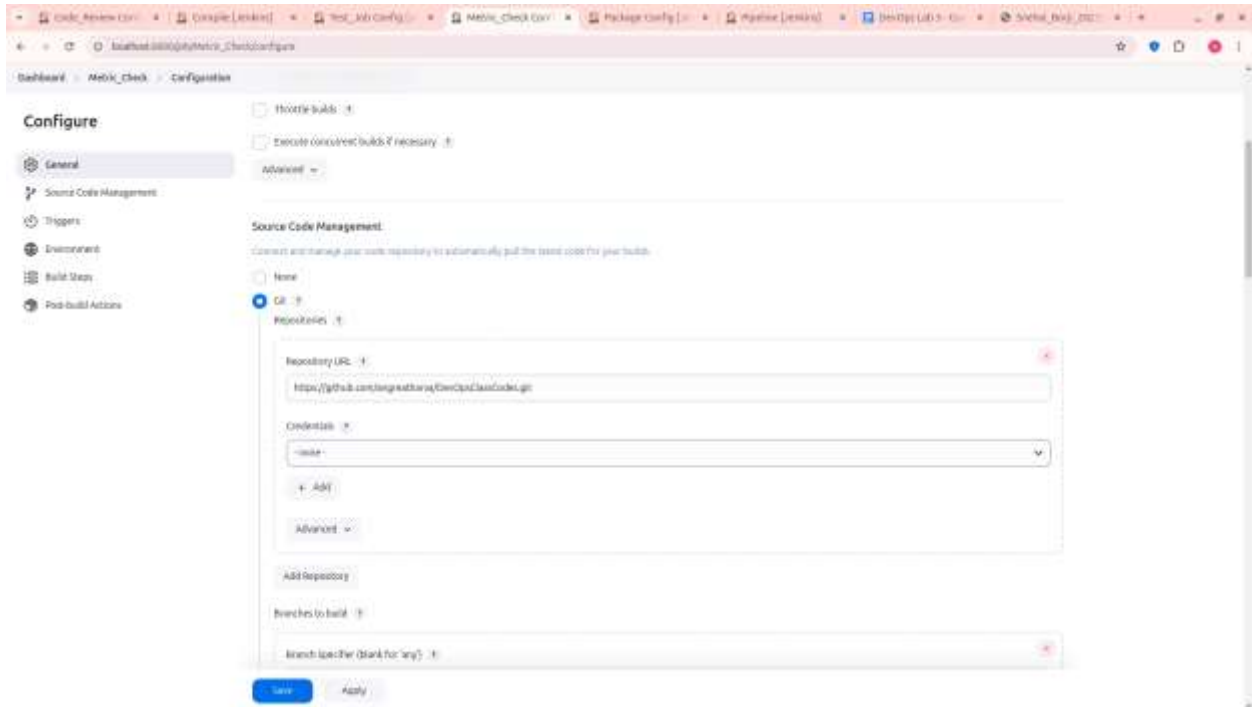


Click Save and Build

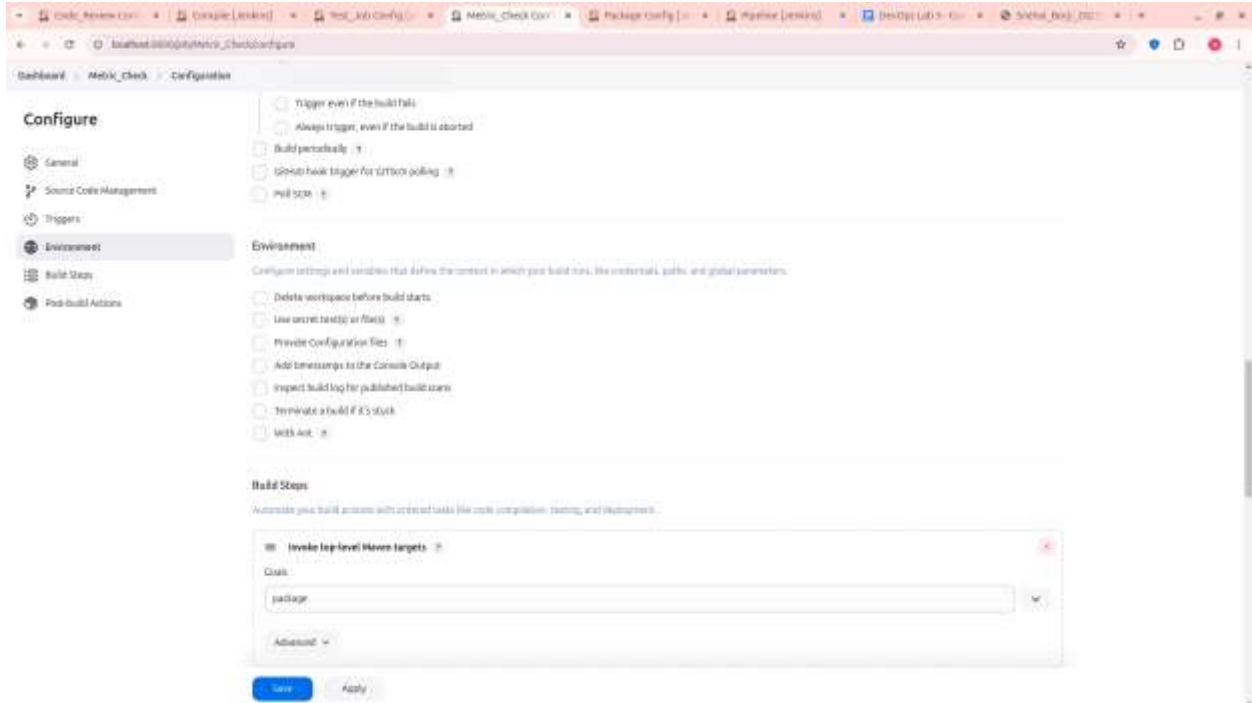


## Metric check

1. Created a new job as **Metric\_Check** and connected a github repository on it .



2. In build steps, selected a Invoke top-level Maven targets and in goals selected a package plugin.

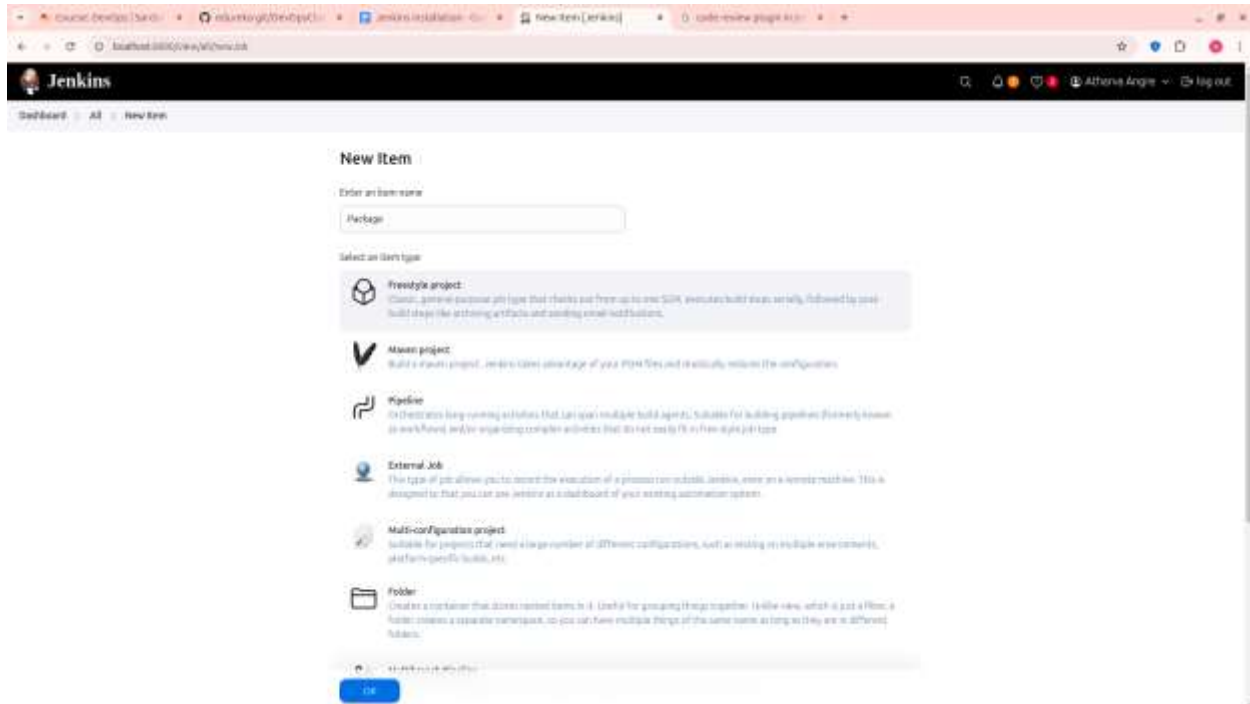


3. In post-build actions selected the Record Jacoco coverage report .

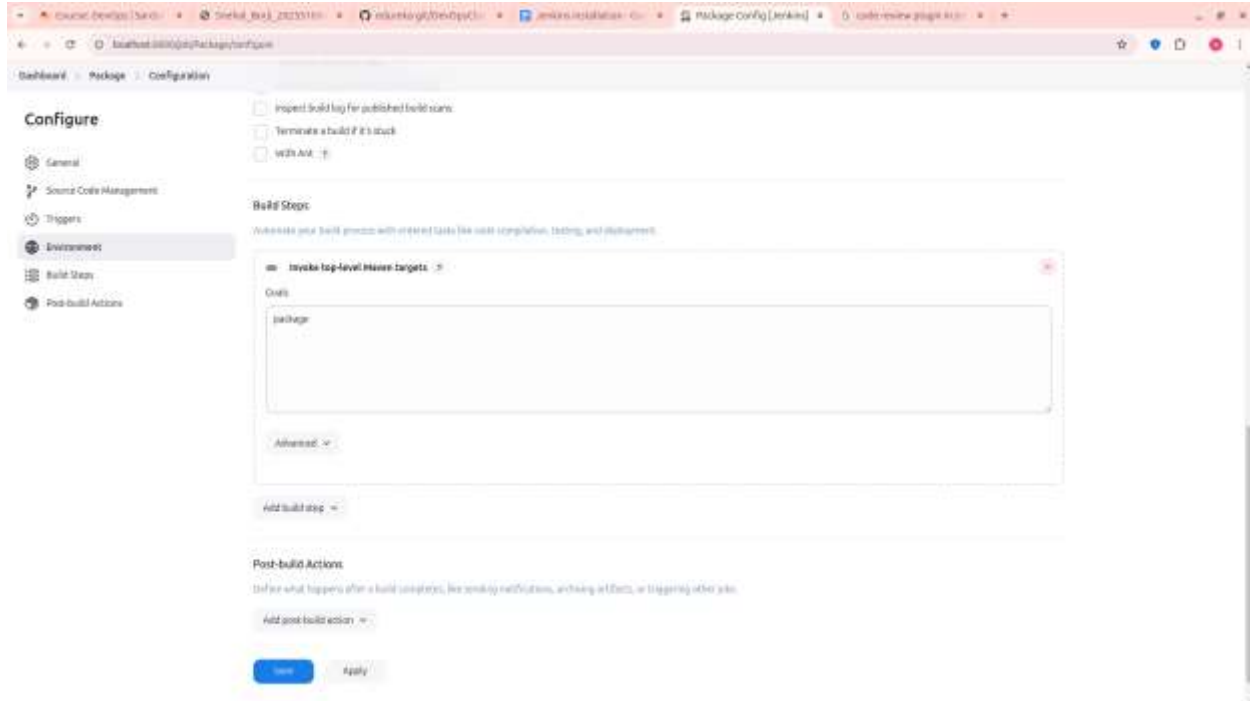


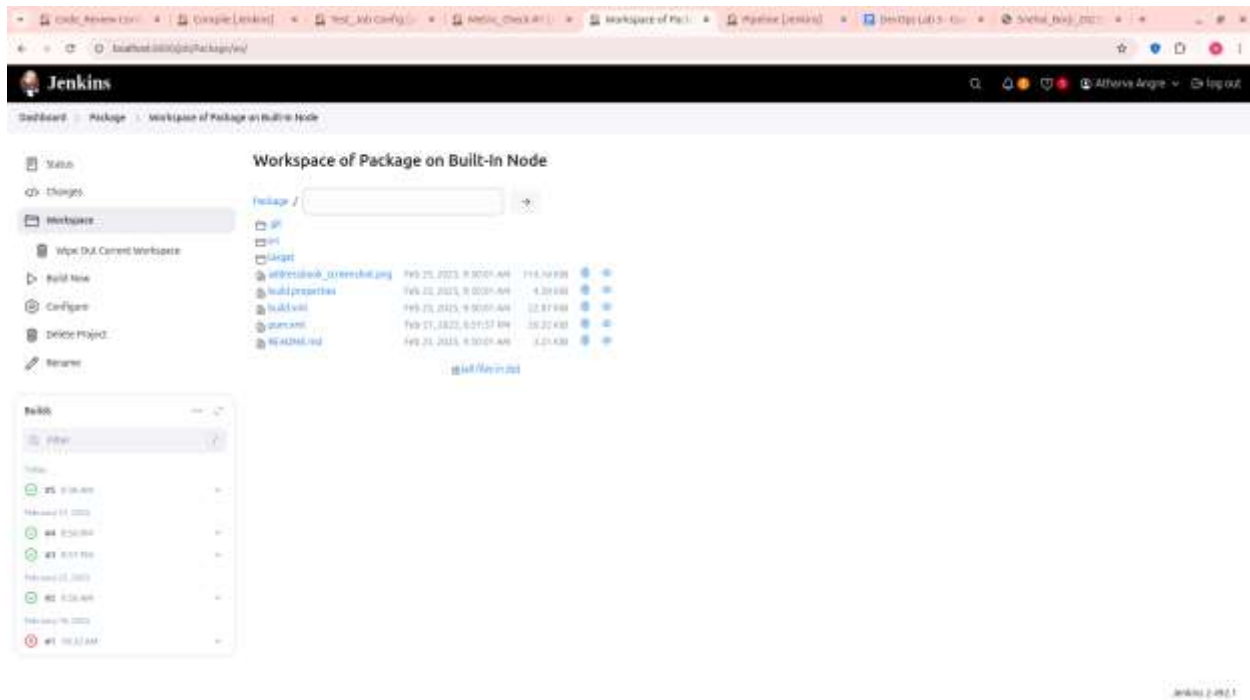
## Package

1. Created a new job as a Package and connected github repository on



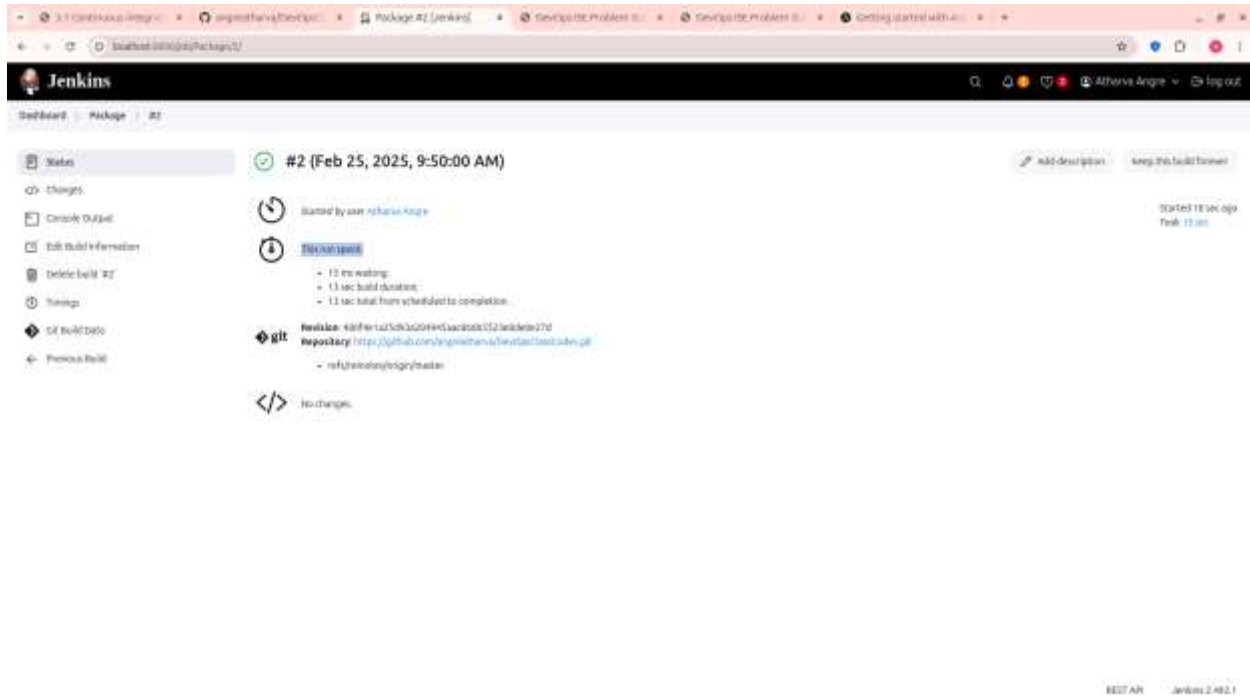
2. In build steps, selected a Invoke top-level Maven targets and in goals selected a package plugin





```
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Package/target
sible/collections
executable location = /usr/bin/ansible
python version = 3.12.3 (main, Feb  4 2025, 14:48:35) [GCC 13.3.0] (/usr/bin/p
ython3)
jinja version = 3.1.2
libyaml = True
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:~$ cd /var/lib/jenkins/workspace
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace$ /package
bash: /package: No such file or directory
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace$ cd package
bash: cd: package: No such file or directory
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace$ ls
Code_Review  DEVELOPER_CODE_REVIEW  Package  QA_UNIT_TEST
Deploy       Metric_Check             Project_Compile  Test_Job
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace$ cd Package
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Package$ ls
addressbook_screenshot.png  build.xml  README.md  target
build.properties            pom.xml    src
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Package$ cd target
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Package/target$ ls
addressbook      generated-sources      maven-status
addressbook.war  generated-test-sources  surefire-reports
classes          maven-archiver         test-classes
atharva@atharva-VirtualBox:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/Package/target$
```





**Observation :** In this practical, we learned that Jenkins jobs streamline software development by automating tasks like compiling, testing, and packaging code. They enhance efficiency, maintain consistency across teams, and can be customized to meet specific requirements, ultimately optimizing the development process.

## PRACTICAL 3.2

**Aim:** Create a CI/CD pipeline in Jenkins

**Objectives:**

- To understand Creation of CICD Pipeline
- The objective of Jenkins is to automate the building, testing, and deployment of software Projects.

**Tools Used:** Virtual box manager, Ubuntu , Jenkins

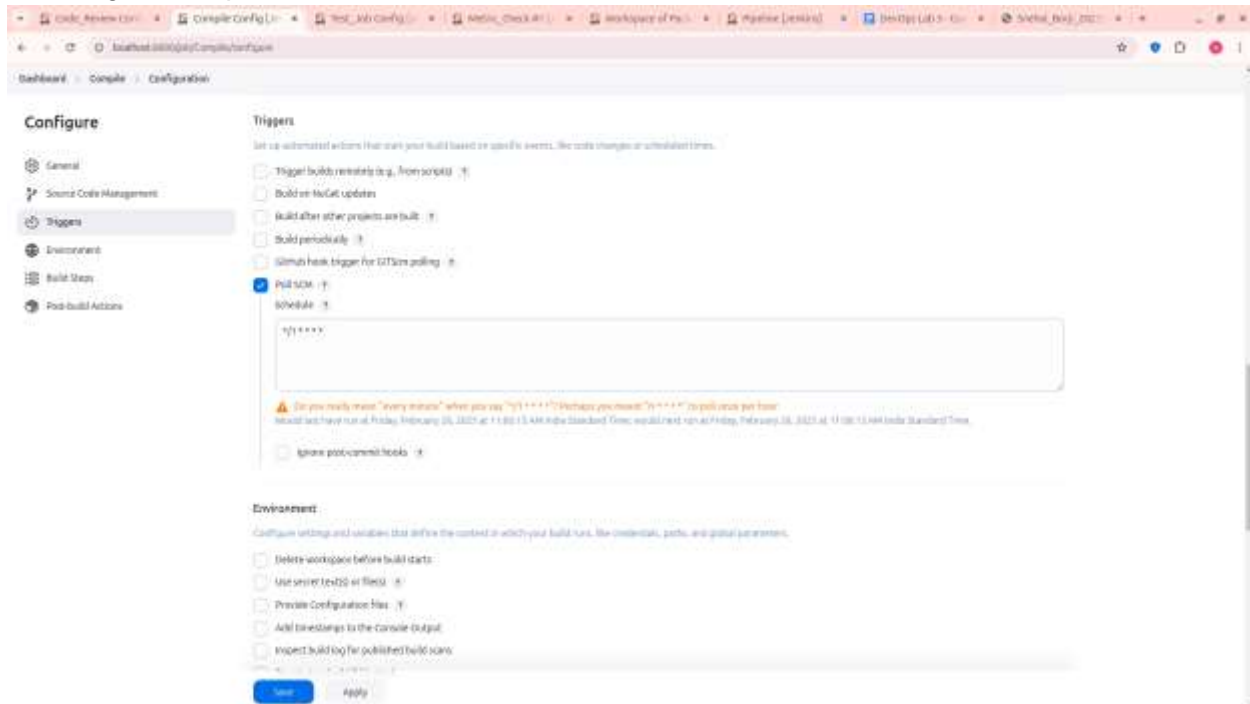
**Concepts:** CI/CD pipeline: It's a workflow that automates the steps from writing code to deploying it. Continuous Integration (CI) checks code changes frequently, integrating them into the main codebase. Continuous Deployment (CD) automates the deployment process, making software delivery faster and more reliable.

**Problem statement :**

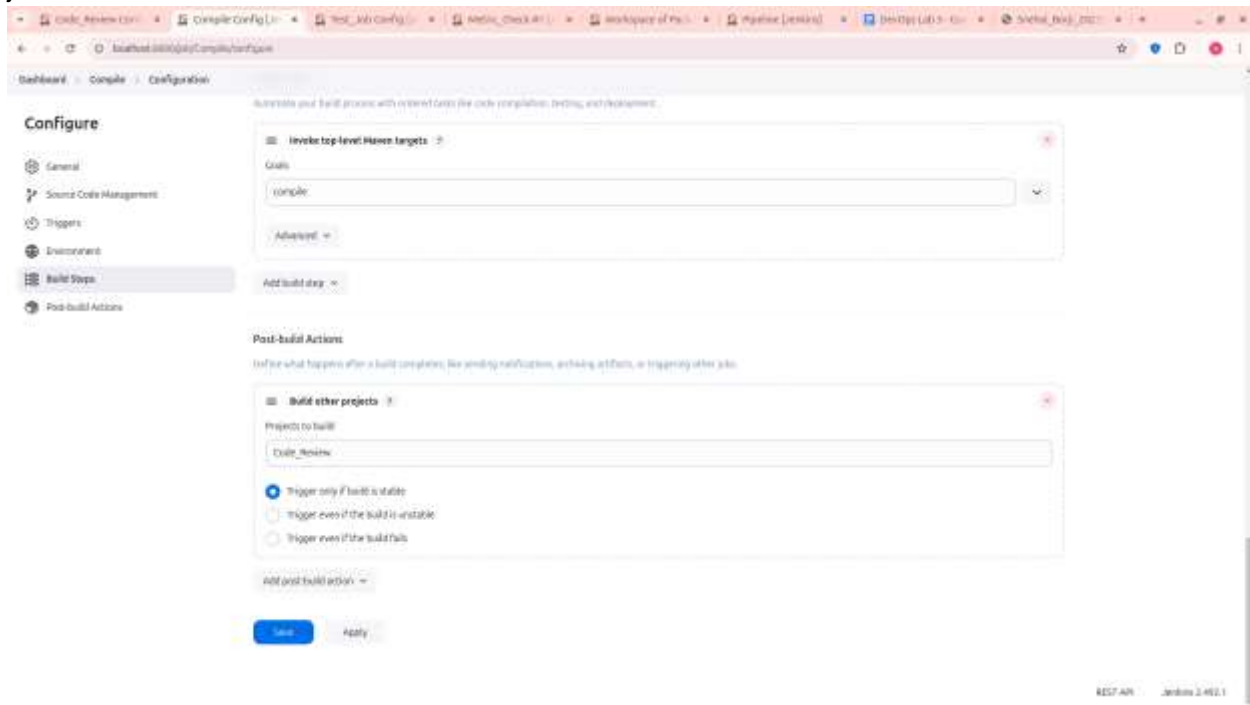
- 1) Create a freestyle project with the name QA\_UNIT\_TEST in Jenkins that is driven from the job DEVELOPER\_CODE\_REVIEW and performs unit testing. Take a screenshot of the console output showing successful build of unit testing
- 2) Create a freestyle project with the name QA\_METRICS\_CHECK in Jenkins to check the test cases. Make sure the Cobertura Plugin is installed in Jenkins. Take a screenshot of the metrics from the dashboard of the project.
- 3) Create a freestyle project with the name QA\_PACKAGE in Jenkins to create an executable jar/war file. Take a screenshot of the target folder created in the workspace.
- 4) Create a pipeline named SAMPLE\_COMPILE\_VIEW with Build PipelineView option, select DEVELOPER\_CODE\_REVIEW project under layout section, and run the pipeline to check the console output. Take a screenshot of the pipeline dashboard showing the status of the projects

**Solution :**

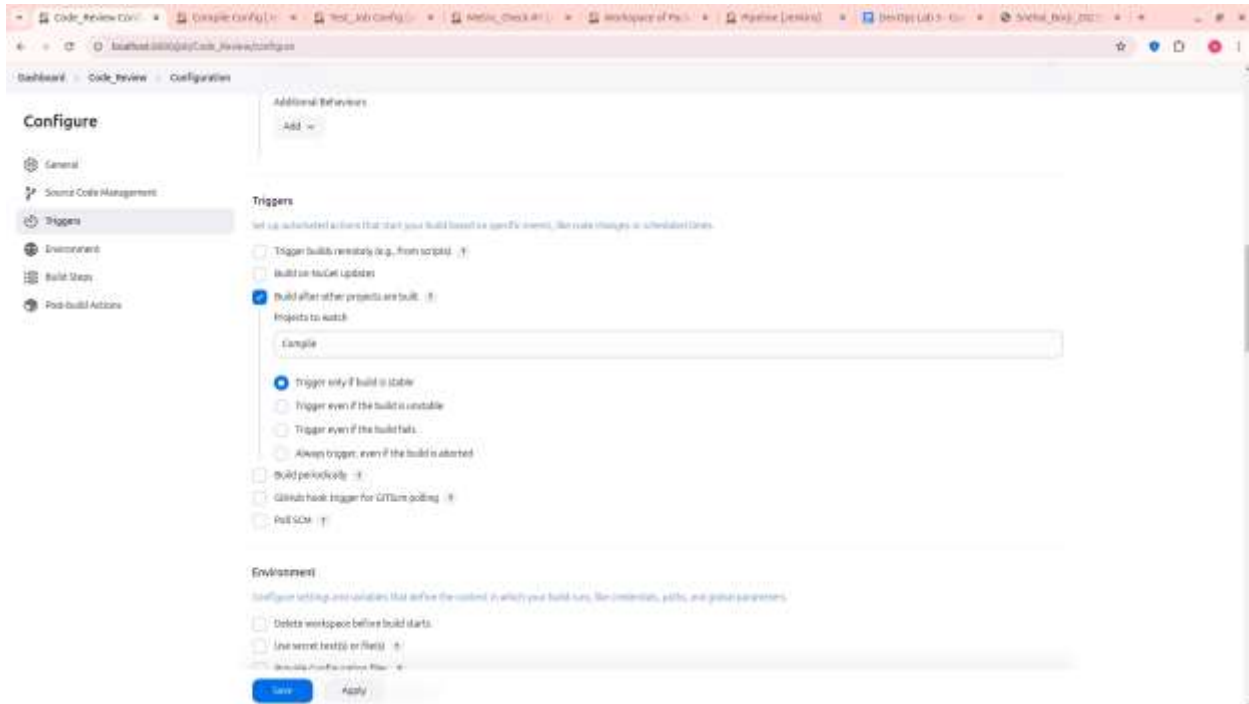
1. Opened a compile job , selected build triggers in which I selected poll scm and entered the following cron expression .



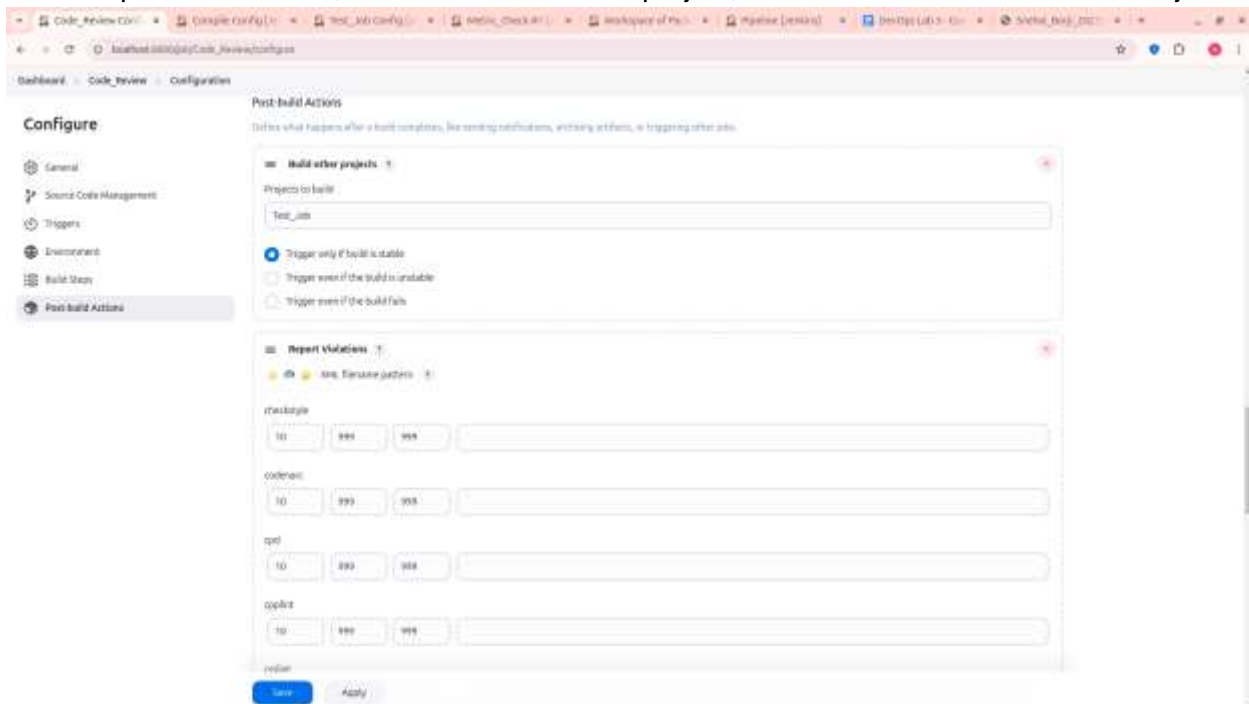
2. In the post-build action, I selected "Build other project," in which I added the "Code\_Review" job.



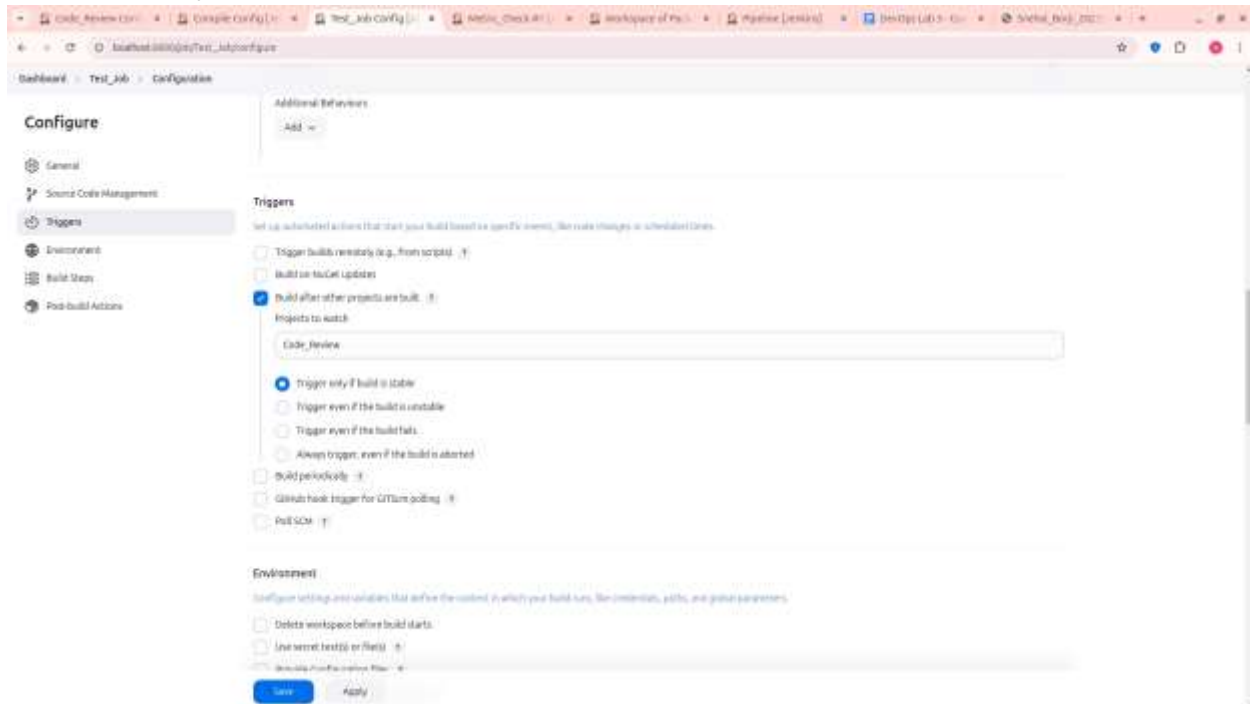
3. Opened a Code\_Review job , selected built after other projects are built in which I selected a compile job.



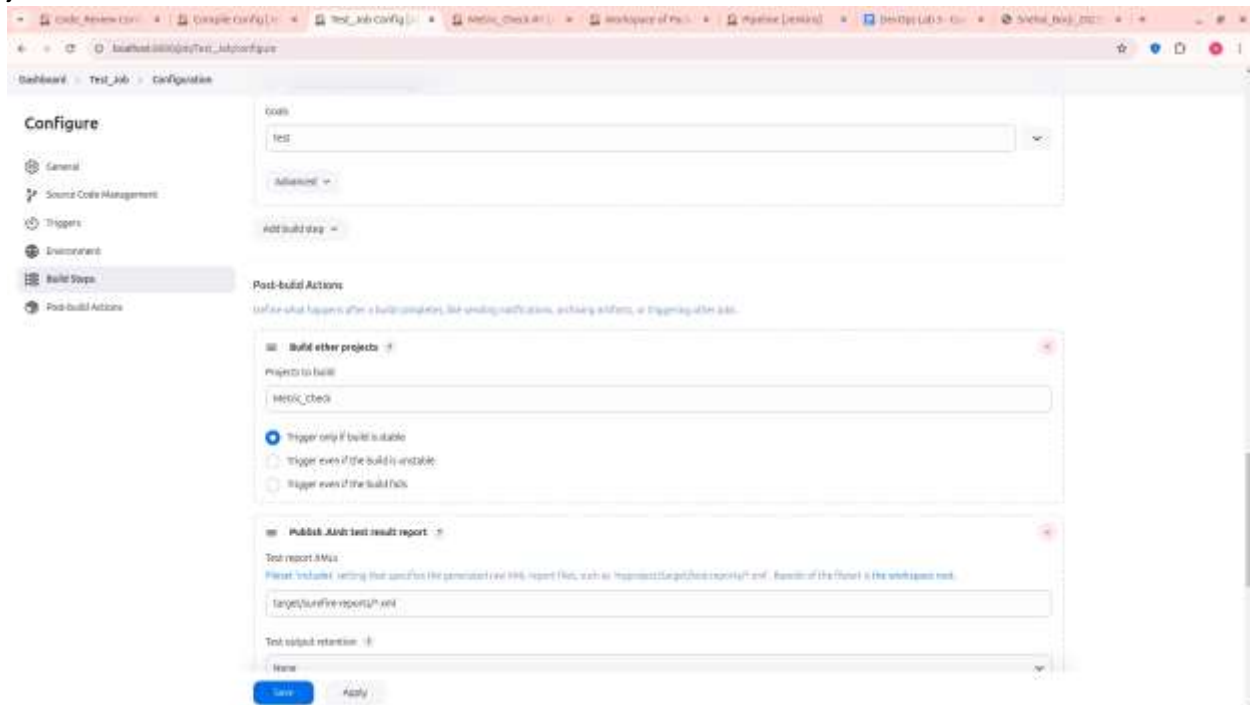
4. In the post-build action, I selected "Build other project," in which I added the "Test\_Job" job.



5. Opened a test job, selected built after other projects are built in which I selected a Code\_Review job.

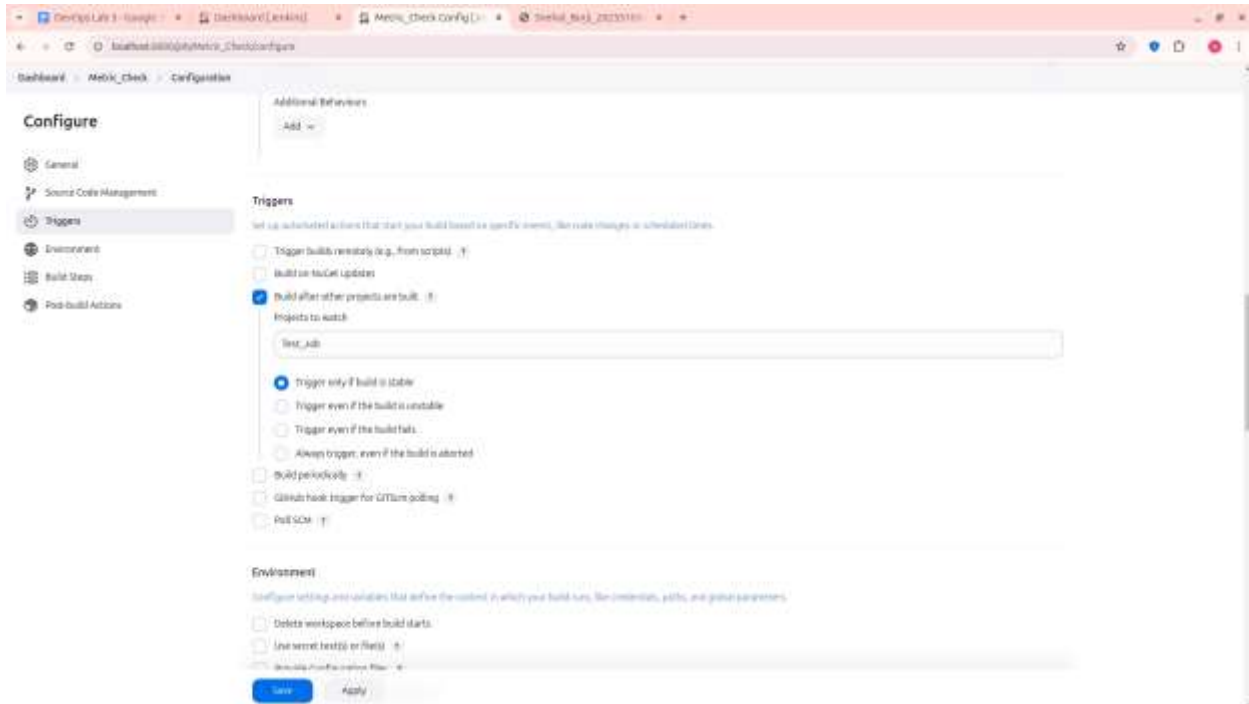


6. In the post-build action, I selected "Build other project," in which I added the "Metric\_Check" job.

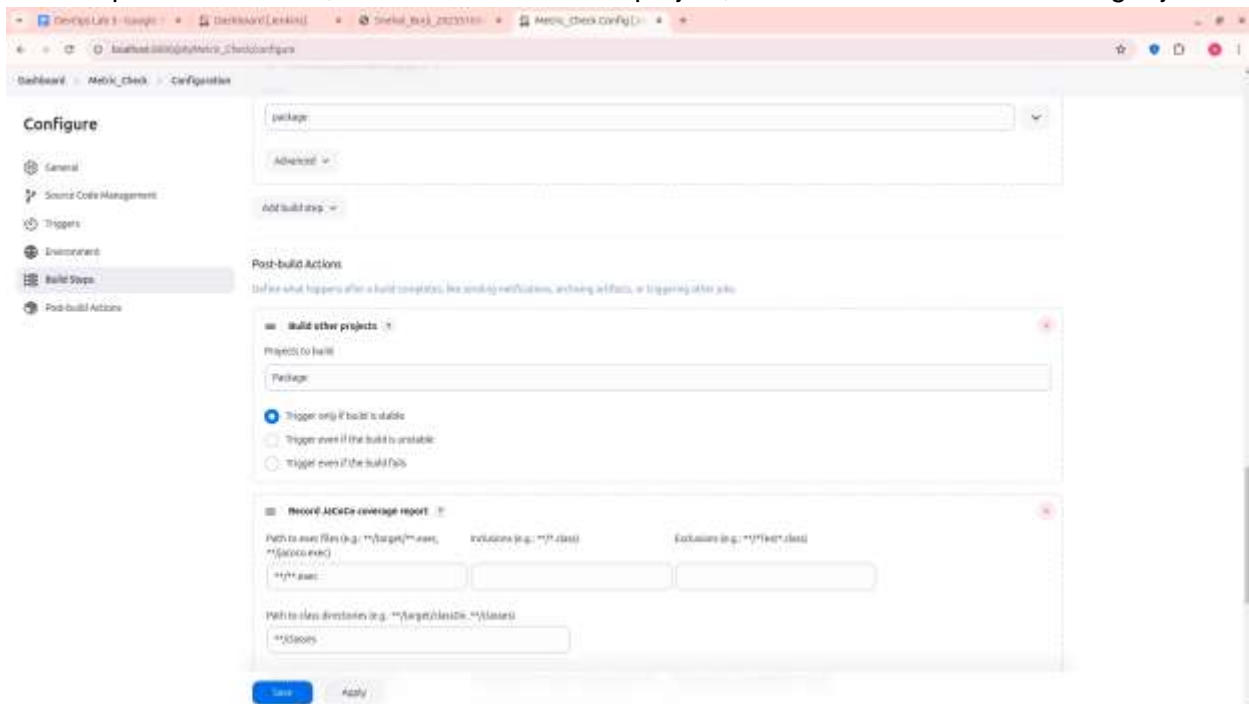




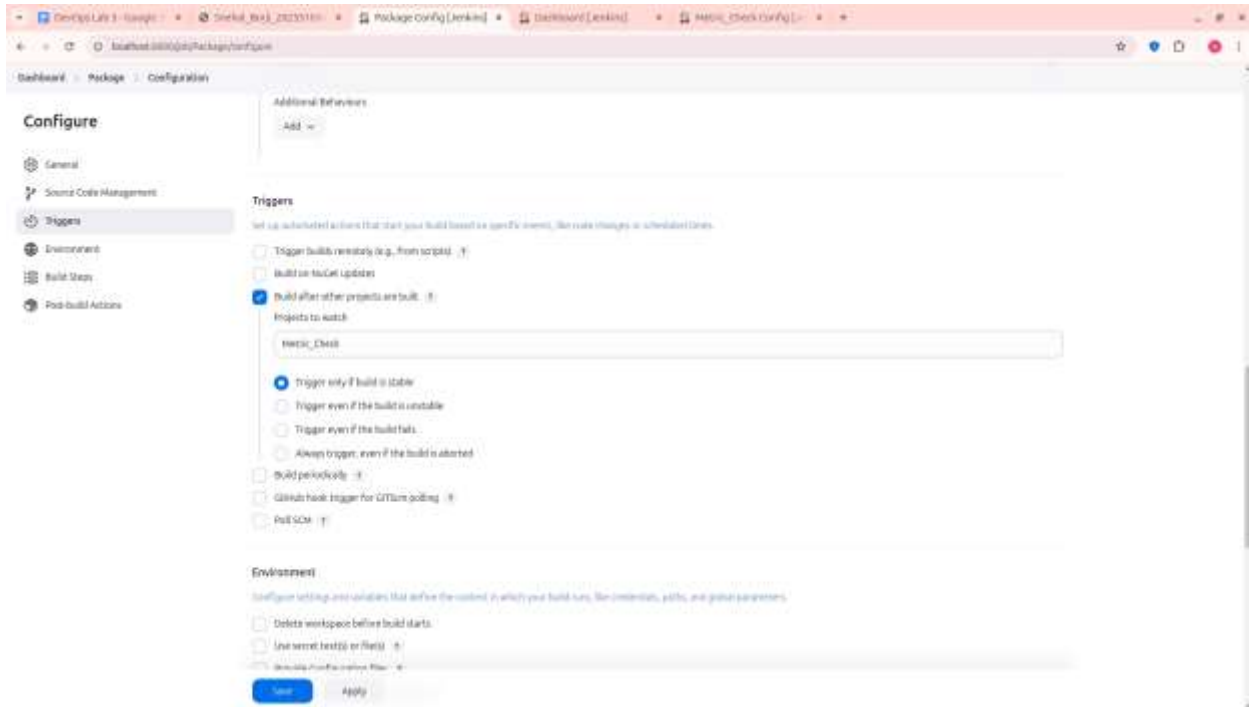
7. Opened a Metric\_Check job, selected built after other projects are built in which I selected a test\_Job job.



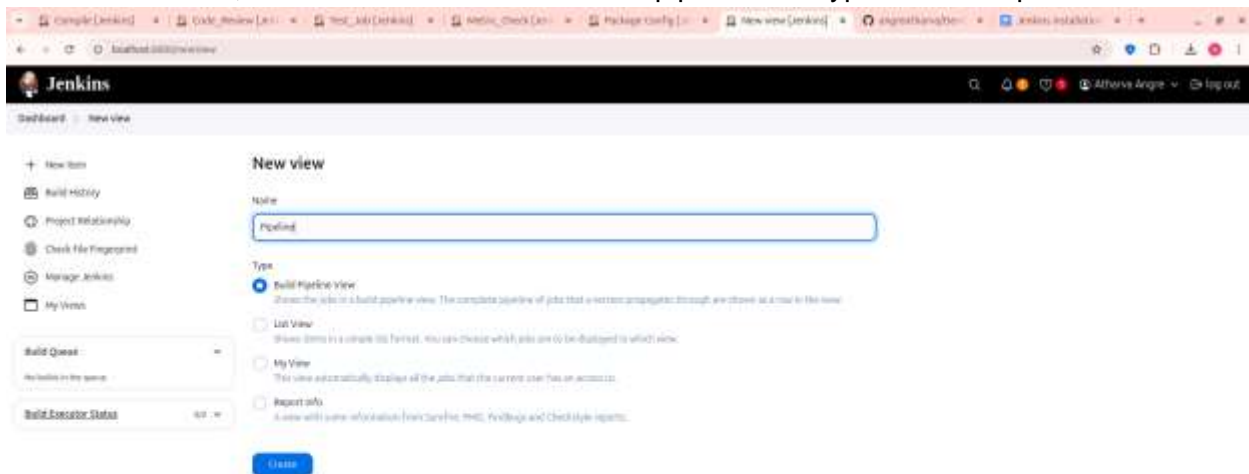
8. In the post-build action, I selected "Build other project," in which I added the "Package" job.



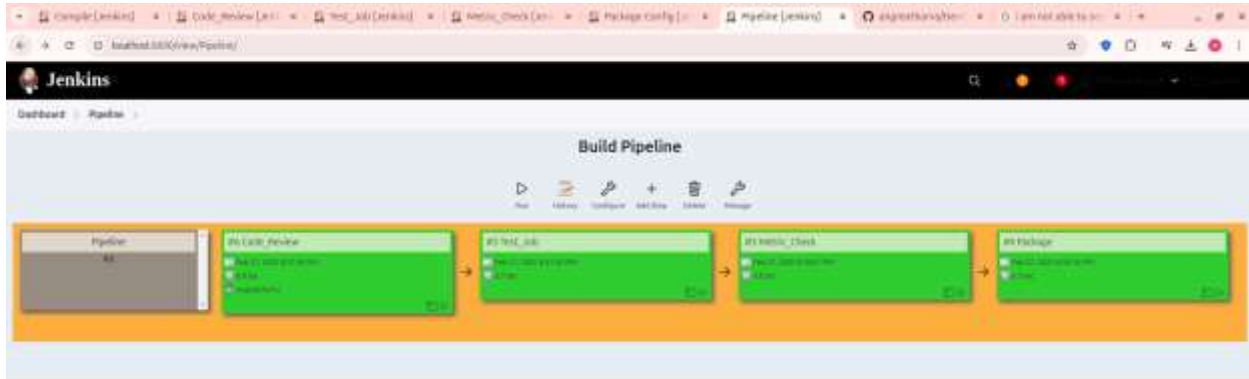
9. Opened a package job , selected built after other projects are built in which I selected a Metric\_Check job.



10. In dashboard , I selected new view with name pipeline and type of Build Pipeline view



## 11. Output shows the CICD pipeline is successfully build



5) The pipelines can also be extended to running web tests and load tests. Explain How you would do the same using Jenkins?

Ans :

Jenkins automates web and load testing to ensure web applications function correctly and handle high traffic. Web testing simulates user interactions like clicks and form submissions using tools like Selenium, while load testing evaluates performance under heavy traffic using JMeter or Taurus. Necessary plugins are installed, and Jenkins jobs are configured to execute test scripts and generate reports. Tests can be scheduled or triggered after code changes, and results are analyzed within Jenkins to identify issues. This automation helps maintain reliability, efficiency, and scalability before deployment.

**Observation :** In this practical, we observed that the Jenkins pipeline serves as a structured roadmap guiding software from code to deployment. It breaks the process into stages like building, testing, and deployment, with each step acting as a checkpoint to ensure seamless progress. By automating these tasks, Jenkins simplifies workflow management and enables efficient tracking of changes.