PART 2: Exploring Doctor Prevalence

Data Sources used:

Health Dataset https://chronicdata.cdc.gov/500-Cities/500-Cities-Census-Tract-level-Data-GIS-Friendly-Fo/k25umg9b)

Socioeconomics Dataset https://svi.cdc.gov/data-and-tools-download.html (https://svi.cdc.gov/data-and-tools-download

Better Doctor API https://developer.betterdoctor.com/documentation15 (https://developer.betterdoctor.com/documentation15)

Shapefiles of CA cities https://purl.stanford.edu/zd071bk4213 (https://purl.stanford.edu/zd071bk4213)

```
In [1]: import geopandas as gpd
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import shapely as shape
        import geopy.distance as gpy #install -c conda-forge geopy
        import requests
        import requests cache
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from plotnine import *
        import seaborn as sns
        from random import randint
        from time import sleep
        requests cache.install cache("mycache")
        pd.options.mode.chained assignment = None # default='warn'
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

First, we find the cities at highest and lowest risk for diabetes and mental illness.

Out[2]:

	StateAbbr	PlaceName	PlaceFIPS	TractFIPS	Place_TractID	Population2010	ACCESS2_Cru
1	CA	Los Angeles	644000	6037206032	0644000- 06037206032	5275	
2	CA	Pasadena	656000	6037462001	0656000- 06037462001	3974	
3	CA	Fullerton	628000	6059011504	0628000- 06059011504	5473	
9	CA	San Diego	666000	6073003112	0666000- 06073003112	4574	
10	CA	Concord	616000	6013336102	0616000- 06013336102	7595	

5 rows × 65 columns

```
In [3]: z = health['Population2010'].reset_index()
```

```
In [4]: #Extract health information we're interested in
        health needed = health[['Place TractID','PlaceName','BPHIGH CrudePrev','CASTHM
        A CrudePrev', 'COPD CrudePrev',
                    'CSMOKING CrudePrev', 'DIABETES_CrudePrev', 'HIGHCHOL_CrudePrev', 'MHL
        TH CrudePrev', 'SLEEP CrudePrev']]
        population total = health[['PlaceName', 'Population2010']]
        population_total= population_total.groupby(['PlaceName']).sum().reset_index()
        population total = population total.rename(columns = {population total.columns
        [1]: "Total Population"})
        population each = health[['Place TractID', 'PlaceName', 'Population2010']]
        population proportion = pd.merge(population each, population total , on = 'Plac
        eName')
        #Calculate the population weight for each disease percentage
        population proportion['Population weight'] = population proportion['Population
        2010']/population_proportion['Total Population']
        population weight = population proportion[['Place TractID','Population weight'
        ]]
        health_needed = pd.merge(health_needed,population_weight , on = 'Place_TractI
        D')
```

```
In [5]: #Calculate the weighted average of each disease
         for i in range(8):
             health needed.iloc[:,i+2] = health needed.iloc[:,i+2]*health needed.iloc
         [:,10]
         health needed = health needed.iloc[:,1:10]
         health needed['Population2010'] = z.Population2010
         health needed.head()
         cityhealthcp= health needed.groupby(['PlaceName']).sum().reset index()
 In [6]: #Extract disease crude prevalence data
         healthcp = health[['TractFIPS','PlaceName','DIABETES CrudePrev','MHLTH CrudePr
         ev','SLEEP_CrudePrev', 'Population2010']]
In [7]: #Sort cities by crude prevalence of diabetes from low to high
         Diabetes = cityhealthcp.sort values('DIABETES CrudePrev')
In [8]: #The 5 cities with lowest crude prevalence of diabetes are:
         list(Diabetes.head(5)['PlaceName'])
Out[8]: ['Redondo Beach', 'San Ramon', 'Berkeley', 'Folsom', 'Irvine']
 In [9]: #The 5 cities with the highest crude prevalence of diabetes are:
         list(Diabetes.tail(5)['PlaceName'])
Out[9]: ['Westminster', 'Inglewood', 'San Bernardino', 'Compton', 'Hemet']
In [10]: | #Sort cities by crude prevalence of mental illness from low to high
         mental health = cityhealthcp.sort values('MHLTH CrudePrev')
In [11]: #The 5 cities with the lowest crude prevalence of mental illness are:
         list(mental health.head(5)['PlaceName'])
Out[11]: ['San Ramon', 'Sunnyvale', 'Newport Beach', 'Fremont', 'Milpitas']
In [12]: #The 5 cities with the highest crude prevalence of mental illness are:
         list(mental health.tail(5)['PlaceName'])
Out[12]: ['Hesperia', 'Merced', 'Compton', 'Lynwood', 'San Bernardino']
```

To find the number of doctors per city, we extract doctor prevalence by location from BetterDoctor's API.

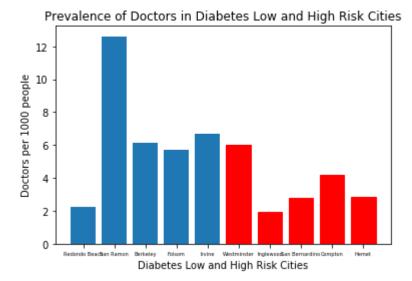
```
In [13]: #function
         key = "a9ed2c27d2f8d4bd41631bf9922c9e82"
         def find numdoc(city):
             response = requests.get("https://api.betterdoctor.com/2016-03-01/doctors",
         params = {
                  "location": city,
                  "user_key": key
             })
             sleep(randint(0,2))
             response.raise_for_status()
             result = response.json()
             return result['meta']['total']
         cityhealthcp['nameforapi'] = 'ca-'+ cityhealthcp['PlaceName']
In [14]:
         doc1 = pd.DataFrame()
         doc1['city'] = None
         doc2 = pd.DataFrame()
         doc2['city'] = None
         doc3 = pd.DataFrame()
         doc3['city'] = None
         #betterdoctor api allows only 40 requests every minute, so separate the cities
         into blocks of 40 or less
         for i in range(0, 40):
             doc1.loc[i,'city'] = cityhealthcp['nameforapi'][i].lower()
             doc1.loc[i,'city'] = doc1.loc[i,'city'].replace(" ",'-')
         for i in range(40,81):
             doc2.loc[i,'city'] = cityhealthcp['nameforapi'][i].lower()
             doc2.loc[i,'city'] = doc2.loc[i,'city'].replace(" ",'-')
         for i in range(81,121):
             doc3.loc[i,'city'] = cityhealthcp['nameforapi'][i].lower()
             doc3.loc[i,'city'] = doc3.loc[i,'city'].replace(" ",'-')
In [15]: #fix name for city of ventura
         doc3.loc[86, 'city'] = 'ca-ventura'
In [16]: | doc1['#doctors'] = None
         doc1['#doctors'] = list(map(find numdoc, doc1['city']))
In [17]: | doc2['#doctors'] = None
         doc2['#doctors'] = list(map(find_numdoc, doc2['city']))
In [18]: | doc3['#doctors'] = None
         doc3['#doctors'] = list(map(find_numdoc, doc3['city']))
In [19]:
         doc = pd.concat([doc1, doc2, doc3])
         doc['docs/1000'] = None
         doc['docs/1000'] = doc['#doctors'] / cityhealthcp['Population2010']*1000
```

In [20]: cityhealthcp.head()

Out[20]:

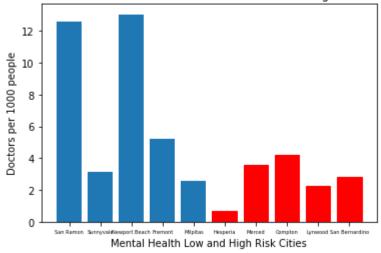
	PlaceName	BPHIGH_CrudePrev	CASTHMA_CrudePrev	COPD_CrudePrev	CSMOKING_CrudePr
0	Alameda	25.719995	8.287716	4.293206	11.7527
1	Alhambra	27.658207	6.809047	4.142895	11.1419
2	Anaheim	25.141230	8.455059	5.181492	14.3644
3	Antioch	27.395956	9.286676	5.529028	15.7018
4	Apple Valley	33.963456	10.131809	7.781888	17.0605

```
In [21]: cities = ('ca-redondo-beach', 'ca-san-ramon', 'ca-berkeley',
                    'ca-folsom', 'ca-irvine', 'ca-westminster', 'ca-inglewood',
                    'ca-san-bernardino', 'ca-compton', 'ca-hemet')
         #hi - high risk, lo - low risk
         hilow = doc.loc[doc['city'].isin(cities)]
         #num = pd.DataFrame()
         #num['city'] = cities
         #num = num.set_index('city')
         hilow = hilow.set index('city')
         hilow = hilow.reindex(['ca-redondo-beach', 'ca-san-ramon','ca-berkeley',
                    'ca-folsom', 'ca-irvine','ca-westminster', 'ca-inglewood',
                    'ca-san-bernardino', 'ca-compton', 'ca-hemet'])
         hilow
         #num = pd.DataFrame()
         #num['doc/1000'] = pd.DataFrame(List(map(find numdoc, cities))/)
         #num['city'] = ('Irvine', 'Redondo Beach', 'Murrieta', 'Chino Hills',
                        #'San Ramon', 'El Monte', 'Rialto', 'Inglewood', 'Hemet',
                        #'Compton')
         index = np.arange(10)
         b = plt.bar(index, hilow['docs/1000'])
         plt.xlabel('Diabetes Low and High Risk Cities')
         plt.ylabel('Doctors per 1000 people')
         plt.xticks(index, ('Redondo Beach', 'San Ramon', 'Berkeley', 'Folsom', 'Irvin
         e',
                             'Westminster', 'Inglewood', 'San Bernardino',
                             'Compton', 'Hemet'), fontsize = 5)
         plt.title('Prevalence of Doctors in Diabetes Low and High Risk Cities')
         b[5].set color('r')
         b[6].set color('r')
         b[7].set color('r')
         b[8].set color('r')
         b[9].set_color('r')
         plt.savefig('g1.png')
```



```
cities = ('ca-san-ramon', 'ca-sunnyvale', 'ca-newport-beach', 'ca-fremont',
           'ca-milpitas', 'ca-hesperia', 'ca-merced', 'ca-compton', 'ca-lynwoo
d',
           'ca-san-bernardino')
hilow = doc.loc[doc['city'].isin(cities)]
#num = pd.DataFrame()
#num['city'] = cities
#num = num.set_index('city')
hilow = hilow.set index('city')
hilow = hilow.reindex(['ca-san-ramon', 'ca-sunnyvale', 'ca-newport-beach', 'ca
-fremont',
           'ca-milpitas', 'ca-hesperia', 'ca-merced', 'ca-compton', 'ca-lynwoo
d',
          'ca-san-bernardino'])
hilow
#num = pd.DataFrame()
#num['doc/1000'] = pd.DataFrame(list(map(find_numdoc, cities))/)
#num['city'] = ('Irvine', 'Redondo Beach', 'Murrieta', 'Chino Hills',
              #'San Ramon', 'El Monte', 'Rialto', 'Inglewood', 'Hemet',
               #'Compton')
index = np.arange(10)
b = plt.bar(index, hilow['docs/1000'])
plt.xlabel('Mental Health Low and High Risk Cities')
plt.ylabel('Doctors per 1000 people')
plt.xticks(index, ('San Ramon', 'Sunnyvale', 'Newport Beach', 'Fremont',
                    'Milpitas', 'Hesperia', 'Merced', 'Compton', 'Lynwood',
                    'San Bernardino'), fontsize = 5)
plt.title('Prevalence of Doctors in Mental Health Low and High Risk Cities')
b[5].set color('r')
b[6].set color('r')
b[7].set color('r')
b[8].set_color('r')
b[9].set color('r')
plt.savefig('g2.png')
```

Prevalence of Doctors in Mental Health Low and High Risk Cities



Plot the relationship between doctors and diabetes for all cities.

Find relationship between doctors within a certain radius and disease prevalence

```
In [26]: tracts = gpd.read_file("data/Cities2015.shp")
    tracts.head()
```

Out[26]:

_		NAME	CityType	Pop2010	Land_sqmi	DateIncorp	WebLink	County	Notes
	0	Benicia	City	26997	12.93	1850-03-27	http://www.ci.benicia.ca.us	Solano	None
	1	Vallejo	City	115942	30.67	1868-03-30	http://www.ci.vallejo.ca.us	Solano	None
	2	Rio Vista	City	7360	6.69	1894-01-06	http://www.ci.rio-vista.ca.us	Solano	None
	3	Colusa	City	5971	1.83	1868-06-16	http://www.colusa-ca.gov	Colusa	06- 15- 007
	4	Williams	City	5123	5.44	1920-05-17	http://www.cityofwilliams.org	Colusa	None

```
In [27]: #social vulnerability index data from 2016
svi = gpd.read_file("SVI2016_US/SVI2016_US.shp")
```

```
In [28]: #we join the svi data and health data at census tract level
#rename svi tract column to match column name in health
svi.rename(columns={'FIPS': 'TractFIPS'}, inplace=True)

#convert tract column to int64 type to match type in health
svi['TractFIPS'] = svi['TractFIPS'].astype(np.int64)
```

```
In [29]: #create new dataset from merged svi and health data
healthsvi = healthcp.merge(svi, on='TractFIPS', how='inner')
healthsvi.head()
```

Out[29]:

_	TractFIPS	PlaceName	DIABETES_CrudePrev	MHLTH_CrudePrev	SLEEP_CrudePrev	Populat
0	6037206032	Los Angeles	15.5	15.0	38.9	
1	6037462001	Pasadena	11.6	15.7	40.2	
2	6059011504	Fullerton	4.6	14.1	33.4	
3	6073003112	San Diego	12.9	13.7	39.1	
4	6013336102	Concord	9.5	16.4	38.1	

5 rows × 130 columns

```
In [30]: d = ('San Bernardino', 'Compton', 'Hemet')
b = ('Compton', 'Lynwood', 'San Bernardino')
worst3diab = healthsvi.loc[healthsvi['PlaceName'].isin(d)].reset_index()
worst3mh = healthsvi.loc[healthsvi['PlaceName'].isin(b)].reset_index()
```

Using the shapefiles, we write a function to find the approximate radius of a tract.

```
#function to find the radius of a tract
In [31]:
         def find radius(fips):
             shape = tuple(svi.loc[svi['TractFIPS']==fips].geometry)[0]
             center = tuple(shape.centroid.coords)[0]
             # reverse (lon,lat) to (lat,lon)
             center = center[::-1]
             #create dataframe to store radiuses
             r = pd.DataFrame()
             r['rad'] = None
             #find max between center and all boundary points
             for i in range(0, len(tuple(shape.boundary.coords))):
                 bounds = tuple(shape.boundary.coords)[i]
                 bounds = bounds[::-1]
                 r.loc[i, 'rad'] = gpy.distance(center, bounds)
             #convert from km to miles
             radius = max(r.rad)
             convers factor = 0.621371
             radius = radius * convers_factor
             return radius
```

```
In [32]: #test
find_radius(6037543100)
```

Out[32]: Distance(0.9072218364655207)

```
In [33]: #get radius of census tracts for 3 cities with highest risk of diabetes
    worst3diab['radius1'] = None
    worst3diab['radius10'] = None
    for i in range(0,len(worst3diab.TractFIPS)):
        try:
            worst3diab.radius1[i] = str(float(str(find_radius(worst3diab.TractFIPS))).replace('km',''))+1)
            worst3diab.radius5[i] = str(float(str(find_radius(worst3diab.TractFIPS))).replace('km',''))+5)
            worst3diab.radius10[i] = str(float(str(find_radius(worst3diab.TractFIPS))).replace('km',''))+10)
            except NotImplementedError:
            continue
```

```
In [34]: #get radii of tracts in 3 highest risk cities for poor mental health
   worst3mh['radius1'] = None
   worst3mh['radius5'] = None

for i in range(0,len(worst3mh.TractFIPS)):
        try:
        worst3mh.radius1[i] = str(float(str(find_radius(worst3mh.TractFIPS[i])).replace('km',''))+1)
        worst3mh.radius5[i] = str(float(str(find_radius(worst3mh.TractFIPS[i])).replace('km',''))+5)
        worst3mh.radius10[i] = str(float(str(find_radius(worst3mh.TractFIPS[i])).replace('km',''))+10)
        except NotImplementedError:
        continue
```

```
In [35]: #get lat, lon, and desired radius of diabetes risk cities
         worst3diab['lat']=None
         worst3diab['lon']=None
         for i in range(0,len(worst3diab)):
             shape = worst3diab.geometry[i]
             center = tuple(shape.centroid.coords)[0]
             lat = str(center[1])
             lon = str(center[0])
             worst3diab.lat[i] = lat
             worst3diab.lon[i] = lon
         worst3diab['apientryr1'] = worst3diab['lat']+ ',' +worst3diab['lon']+','+worst
         3diab['radius1']
         worst3diab['apientryr5'] = worst3diab['lat']+ ',' +worst3diab['lon']+','+worst
         3diab['radius5']
         worst3diab['apientryr10'] = worst3diab['lat']+ ',' +worst3diab['lon']+','+wors
         t3diab['radius10']
```

```
In [36]:
         #qet lat, lon, and desired radius of poor mental health risk cities
         worst3mh['lat']=None
         worst3mh['lon']=None
         for i in range(0,len(worst3mh.TractFIPS)):
             shape = worst3mh.geometry[i]
             center = tuple(shape.centroid.coords)[0]
             lat = str(center[1])
             lon = str(center[0])
             worst3mh.lat[i] = lat
             worst3mh.lon[i] = lon
         #set columns for api entries of location data for mental health cities
         worst3mh['apientryr1'] = worst3mh['lat']+ ',' +worst3mh['lon']+','+worst3mh['r
         adius1'l
         worst3mh['apientryr5'] = worst3mh['lat']+ ',' +worst3mh['lon']+','+worst3mh['r
         adius5'l
         worst3mh['apientryr10'] = worst3mh['lat']+ ',' +worst3mh['lon']+','+worst3mh[
         'radius10']
```

The following function extracts the number of doctors within a certain radius from the API. The individual key I used is listed.

```
In [37]: key = "a9ed2c27d2f8d4bd41631bf9922c9e82"
         def find numdocrad(entry):
             response = requests.get("https://api.betterdoctor.com/2016-03-01/doctors",
                 "location": entry,
                 "user_key": key
             })
             sleep(randint(0,4))
             response.raise for status()
             result = response.json()
             return result['meta']['total']
         worst3diab['docsinr1'] = list(map(find_numdocrad, worst3diab['apientryr1']))
In [38]:
         worst3diab['docsinr5'] = list(map(find numdocrad, worst3diab['apientryr5']))
         worst3diab['docsinr10'] = list(map(find numdocrad, worst3diab['apientryr10']))
In [39]:
         worst3diab['docsinr1/1000ppl'] = worst3diab['docsinr1'] / worst3diab['Populati
         on2010'] * 1000
         worst3diab['docsinr5/1000ppl'] = worst3diab['docsinr5'] / worst3diab['Populati
         on2010'] * 1000
         worst3diab['docsinr10/1000ppl'] = worst3diab['docsinr10'] / worst3diab['Popula
         tion2010'] * 1000
```

```
In [40]: #log scale number of doctors per 1000 people
         worst3diab['log docsinr1/1000ppl'] = np.log10(worst3diab['docsinr1/1000ppl'] +
         worst3diab['log docsinr5/1000ppl'] = np.log10(worst3diab['docsinr5/1000ppl'] +
         worst3diab['log docsinr10/1000ppl'] = np.log10(worst3diab['docsinr10/1000ppl']
         + 1)
In [41]: | worst3mh['docsinr1'] = list(map(find numdocrad, worst3mh['apientryr1']))
         worst3mh['docsinr5'] = list(map(find numdocrad, worst3mh['apientryr5']))
         worst3mh['docsinr10'] = list(map(find numdocrad, worst3mh['apientryr10']))
In [42]:
         worst3mh['docsinr1/1000ppl'] = worst3mh['docsinr1'] / worst3mh['Population201
         0'] * 1000
         worst3mh['docsinr5/1000ppl'] = worst3mh['docsinr5'] / worst3mh['Population201
         0'] * 1000
         worst3mh['docsinr10/1000ppl'] = worst3mh['docsinr10'] / worst3mh['Population20
         10'] * 1000
         #log scale number of doctors per 1000 people
In [43]:
         worst3mh['log docsinr1/1000ppl'] = np.log10(worst3mh['docsinr1/1000ppl'] + 1)
         worst3mh['log docsinr5/1000ppl'] = np.log10(worst3mh['docsinr5/1000ppl'] + 1)
         worst3mh['log docsinr10/1000ppl'] = np.log10(worst3mh['docsinr10/1000ppl'] + 1
         drad1 = ggplot(worst3diab, aes(x = "log_docsinr1/1000ppl", y = "DIABETES_Crude")
In [44]:
         Prev")) + geom_point() + geom_density_2d() + labs(title = 'Doctors Within 1 mi
         le vs. Diabetes Crude Prevalence', x = Log(Doctors within 1 mile of Tract Bou
         ndary Per 1000 People)',
              y = 'Diabetes Crude Prevalence')
         ggsave(drad1, 'g5.png')
In [45]:
         drad5 = ggplot(worst3diab, aes(x = "log_docsinr5/1000ppl", y = "DIABETES_Crude")
         Prev")) + geom_point() + geom_density_2d() + labs(title = 'Doctors Within 5 mi
         les vs. Diabetes Crude Prevalence', x = 'Log(Doctors within 5 mile of Tract Bo
         undary Per 1000 People)',
              y = 'Diabetes Crude Prevalence')
         ggsave(drad5, 'g6.png')
         drad10 = ggplot(worst3diab, aes(x = "log docsinr10/1000ppl", y = "DIABETES Cru
In [46]:
         dePrev")) + geom_point() + geom_density_2d() + labs(title = 'Doctors Within 10
         miles vs. Diabetes Crude Prevalence', x = 'Log(Doctors within 10 mile of Tract
         Boundary Per 1000 People)',
              y = 'Diabetes Crude Prevalence')
         ggsave(drad10, 'g7.png')
```

```
In [47]: | mrad1 = ggplot(worst3mh, aes(x = "log_docsinr1/1000ppl", y = "MHLTH_CrudePrev"
         )) + geom point() + geom density 2d() + labs(title = 'Doctors Within 1 miles v
         s. Crude Prevalence of Poor Mental Health', x = 'Log(Doctors within 1 mile of
          Tract Boundary Per 1000 People)',
              y = 'Mental Health Crude Prevalence')
         ggsave(mrad1, 'g8.png')
In [48]: | mrad5 = ggplot(worst3mh, aes(x = "log_docsinr5/1000ppl", y = "MHLTH_CrudePrev"
         )) + geom_point() + geom_density_2d() + labs(title = 'Doctors Within 1 miles v
         s. Crude Prevalence of Poor Mental Health', x = Log(Doctors within 5 mile of 
          Tract Boundary Per 1000 People)',
              y = 'Mental Health Crude Prevalence')
         ggsave(mrad5, 'g9.png')
In [49]:
         mrad10 = ggplot(worst3mh, aes(x = "log_docsinr10/1000ppl", y = "MHLTH_CrudePre
         v")) + geom point() + geom density 2d() + labs(title = 'Doctors Within 10 mile
         s vs. Crude Prevalence of Poor Mental Health', x = Log(Doctors within 10 mile)
         of Tract Boundary Per 1000 People)',
              y = 'Mental Health Crude Prevalence')
         ggsave(mrad1, 'g10.png')
```