# USING KUBERNETES FOR CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION

**AND** 

#### **CONTINUOUS DELIVERY**

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## **ABOUT ME**

Engineer @ CloudBees, Scaling Jenkins

Author of Jenkins Kubernetes plugin

Contributor to Jenkins and Maven official Docker images

Long time OSS contributor at Apache Maven, Eclipse, Puppet,...





The solution: Docker. The problem? You tell me.

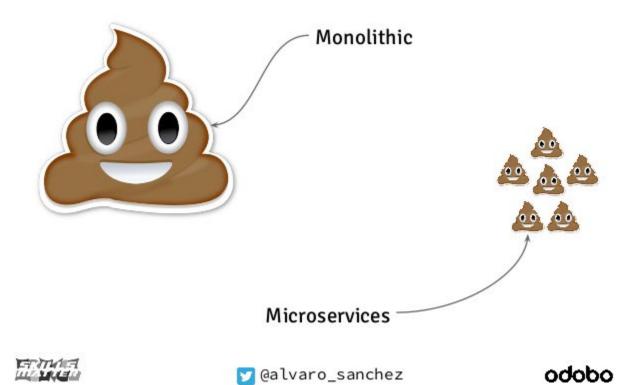
# WHEN ONE MACHINE IS NO LONGER ENOUGH

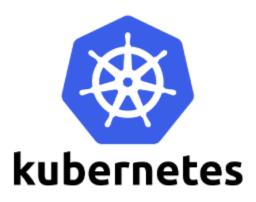
- Running containers across multiple hosts
- Multiple environments: public cloud, private cloud, VMs or bare metal
- HA and fault tolerance

# How would you design your infrastructure if you couldn't login? Ever.

Kelsey Hightower

#### **Monolithic vs Microservices**





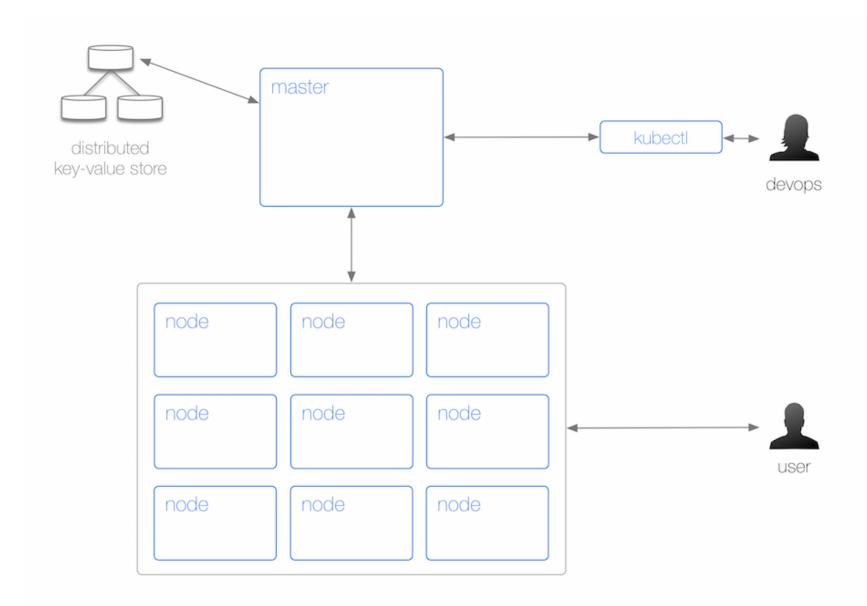
## **KUBERNETES**

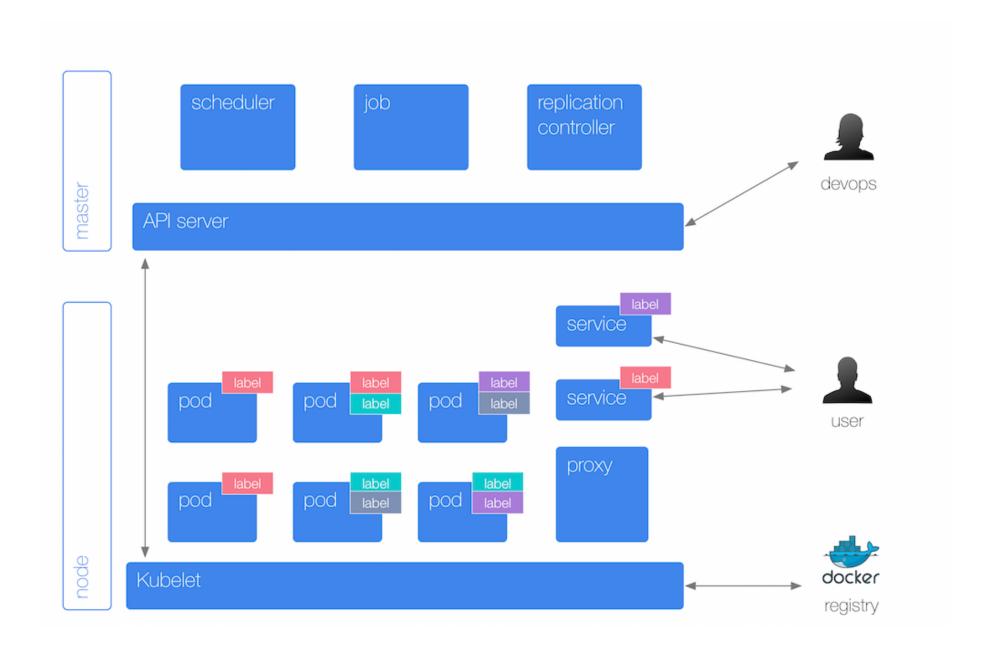
- Based on Google Borg
- Run in local machine, virtual, cloud
- Google provides Google Container Engine (GKE)
- Other services run by stackpoint.io, CoreOS Tectonic, Azure,...
- Minikube for local testing

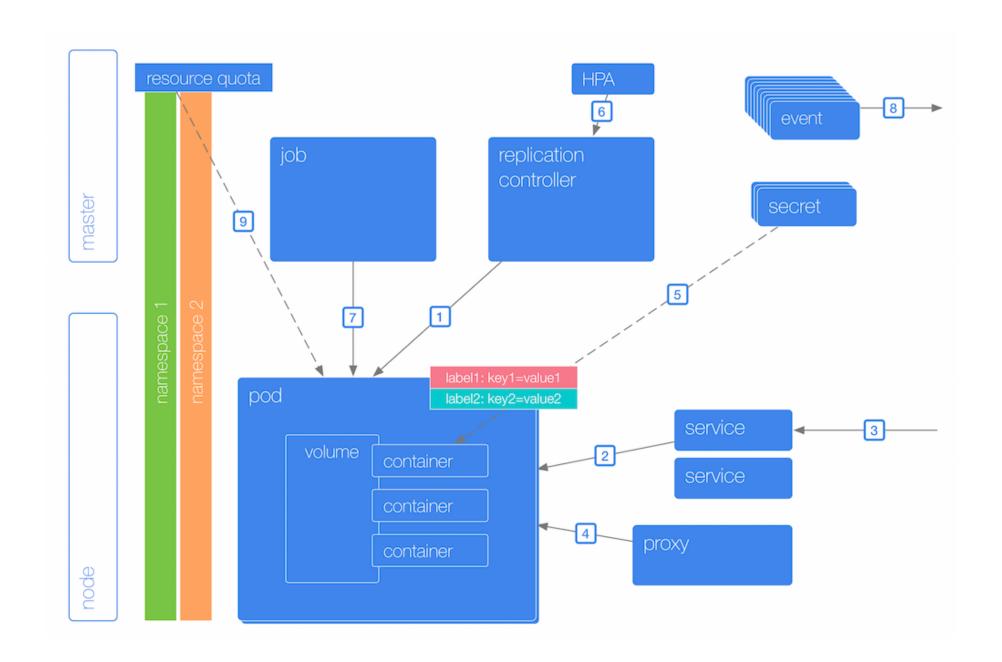
## KUBERNETES

#### Free goodies:

- Declarative Syntax
- Pods (groups of colocated containers)
- Persistent Storage
- Networking Isolation



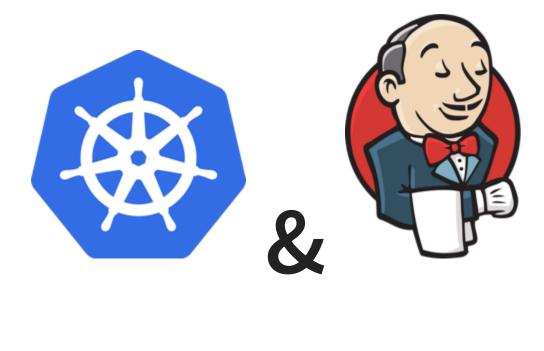


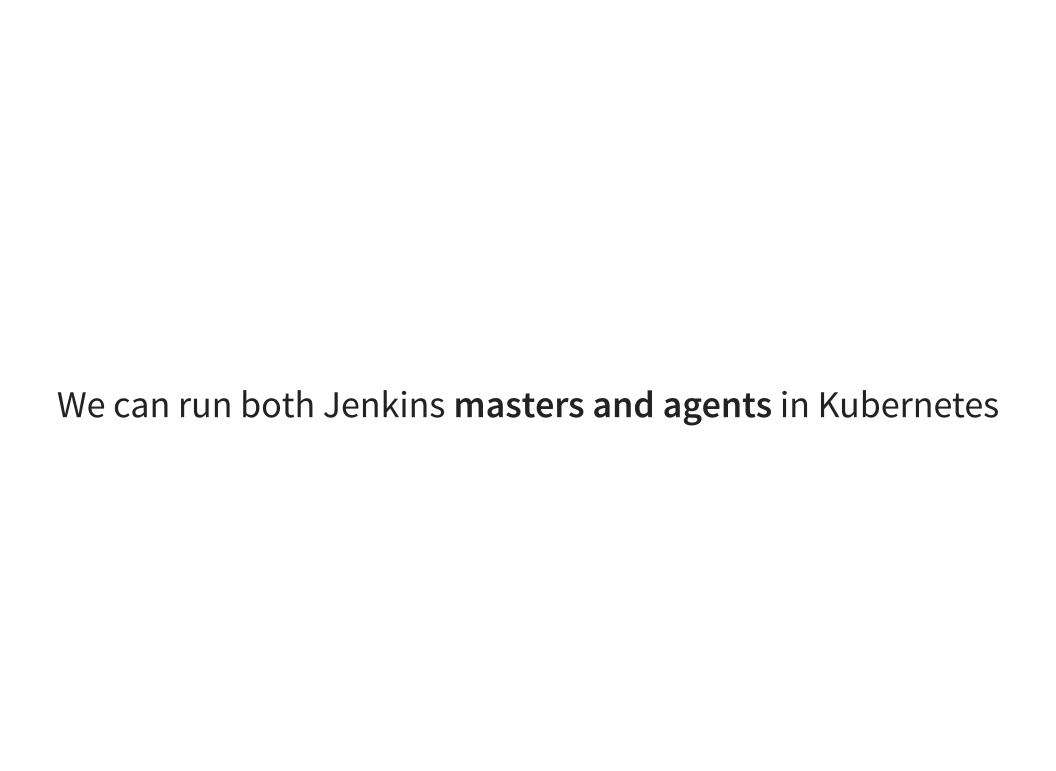




To make error is human. To propagate error to all server in automatic way is #devops.

# If you haven't automatically destroyed something by mistake, you are not automating enough





#### **INFINITE SCALE!**

#### Jenkins Kubernetes Plugin

- Dynamic Jenkins agents, running as Pods
- Multi-container support
  - One Jenkins agent image, others custom
- Pipeline support for both agent Pod definition and execution
- Persistent workspace

#### ON DEMAND JENKINS AGENTS

```
podTemplate(label: 'mypod') {
   node('mypod') {
    sh 'Hello world!'
   }
}
```

## **GROUPING CONTAINERS (PODS)**

```
podTemplate(label: 'maven', containers: [
  containerTemplate(name: 'maven', image: 'maven:3.3.9-jdk-8-alpine',
    ttyEnabled: true, command: 'cat') ]) {

  node('maven') {
    stage('Get a Maven project') {
        git 'https://github.com/jenkinsci/kubernetes-plugin.git'
        container('maven') {
          stage('Build a Maven project') {
            sh 'mvn -B clean package'
          }
        }
     }
  }
}
```

#### USING DECLARATIVE PIPELINE TOO

```
pipeline {
  agent {
    kubernetes {
      label 'mypod'
      containerTemplate {
        name 'maven'
        image 'maven:3.3.9-jdk-8-alpine'
        ttyEnabled true
        command 'cat'
  stages {
    stage('Run maven') {
      steps {
        container('maven') {
          sh 'mvn -version'
```

#### **PODS: MULTI-LANGUAGE PIPELINE**

```
podTemplate(label: 'maven-golang', containers: [
  containerTemplate(name: 'maven', image: 'maven:3.3.9-jdk-8-alpine'
   ttyEnabled: true, command: 'cat'),
  containerTemplate(name: 'golang', image: 'golang:1.8.0',
    ttyEnabled: true, command: 'cat')]) {
 node('maven-golang') {
    stage('Build a Maven project') {
      git 'https://github.com/jenkinsci/kubernetes-plugin.git'
      container('maven') {
        sh 'mvn -B clean package'
    stage('Build a Golang project') {
      git url: 'https://github.com/hashicorp/terraform.git'
      container('golang') {
        sh ""'
       mkdir -p /go/src/github.com/hashicorp
        ln -s `pwd` /go/src/github.com/hashicorp/terraform
        cd /go/src/github.com/hashicorp/terraform && make core-dev
```

#### **PODS: SELENIUM**

#### Example:

- Jenkins agent
- Maven build
- Selenium Hub with
  - Firefox
  - Chrome

5 containers

```
podTemplate(label: 'maven-selenium', containers: [
  containerTemplate(name: 'maven-firefox', image: 'maven: 3.3.9-jdk-8-alg
    ttyEnabled: true, command: 'cat'),
  containerTemplate(name: 'maven-chrome', image: 'maven: 3.3.9-jdk-8-alpi
    ttyEnabled: true, command: 'cat'),
  containerTemplate(name: 'selenium-hub', image: 'selenium/hub:3.4.0
 // because containers run in the same network space, we need to
  // make sure there are no port conflicts
 // we also need to adapt the selenium images because they were
  // designed to work with the --link option
  containerTemplate(name: 'selenium-chrome',
    image: 'selenium/node-chrome:3.4.0', envVars: [
    containerEnvVar(key: 'HUB PORT 4444 TCP ADDR', value: 'localhost
    containerEnvVar(key: 'HUB PORT 4444 TCP PORT', value: '4444'),
    containerEnvVar(key: 'DISPLAY', value: ':99.0'),
   containerEnvVar(key: 'SE OPTS', value: '-port 5556'),
  1),
  containerTemplate(name: 'selenium-firefox',
    image: 'selenium/node-firefox:3.4.0', envVars: [
    containerEnvVar(key: 'HUB PORT 4444 TCP ADDR', value: 'localhost
    containerEnvVar(key: 'HUB PORT 4444 TCP PORT', value: '4444'),
    containerEnvVar(key: 'DISPLAY', value: ':98.0'),
    containerEnvVar(key: 'SE OPTS', value: '-port 5557'),
```

```
node('maven-selenium') {
  stage('Checkout') {
    git 'https://github.com/carlossg/selenium-example.git'
    parallel (
      firefox: {
        container('maven-firefox') {
          stage('Test firefox') {
            sh """
            mvn -B clean test -Dselenium.browser=firefox \
              -Dsurefire.rerunFailingTestsCount=5 -Dsleep=0
      chrome: {
        container('maven-chrome') {
          stage('Test chrome') {
            sh
            mvn -B clean test -Dselenium.browser=chrome \
              -Dsurefire.rerunFailingTestsCount=5 -Dsleep=0
            11 11 11
```

#### **STORAGE**

#### Persistent volumes

- GCE disks
- GlusterFS
- NFS
- EBS
- etc

#### **USING PERSISTENT VOLUMES**

```
apiVersion: "v1"
kind: "PersistentVolumeClaim"
metadata:
   name: "maven-repo"
   namespace: "kubernetes-plugin"
spec:
   accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
   resources:
     requests:
     storage: 10Gi
```

```
podTemplate(label: 'maven', containers: [
  containerTemplate(name: 'maven', image: 'maven:3.3.9-jdk-8-alpine'
    ttyEnabled: true, command: 'cat')
  ], volumes: [
 persistentVolumeClaim(mountPath: '/root/.m2/repository',
    claimName: 'maven-repo', readOnly: false)
  1) {
  node('maven') {
    stage('Build a Maven project') {
      git 'https://github.com/jenkinsci/kubernetes-plugin.git'
      container('maven') {
          sh 'mvn -B clean package'
```

#### **MEMORY LIMITS**

Scheduler needs to account for container memory requirements and host available memory

Prevent containers for using more memory than allowed

Memory constraints translate to Docker --memory

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/configuration/manage-compute-resources-container/#how-pods-with-resource-limits-are-run

#### WHAT DO YOU THINK HAPPENS WHEN?

Your container goes over memory quota?



#### **NEW JVM SUPPORT FOR CONTAINERS**

JDK 8u131+ and JDK 9

```
$ docker run -m 1GB openjdk:8u131 java \
   -XX:+UnlockExperimentalVMOptions \
   -XX:+UseCGroupMemoryLimitForHeap \
   -XshowSettings:vm -version

VM settings:
   Max. Heap Size (Estimated): 228.00M
   Ergonomics Machine Class: server
   Using VM: OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM
```

#### Running a JVM in a Container Without Getting Killed

https://blog.csanchez.org/2017/05/31/running-a-jvm-in-a-container-without-getting-killed

#### NEW JVM SUPPORT FOR CONTAINERS

```
$ docker run -m 1GB openjdk:8u131 java \
   -XX:+UnlockExperimentalVMOptions \
   -XX:+UseCGroupMemoryLimitForHeap \
   -XX:MaxRAMFraction=1 -XshowSettings:vm -version

VM settings:
   Max. Heap Size (Estimated): 910.50M
   Ergonomics Machine Class: server
   Using VM: OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM
```

#### Running a JVM in a Container Without Getting Killed

https://blog.csanchez.org/2017/05/31/running-a-jvm-in-a-container-without-getting-killed

#### **CPU LIMITS**

Scheduler needs to account for container CPU requirements and host available CPUs

CPU requests translates into Docker --cpu-shares

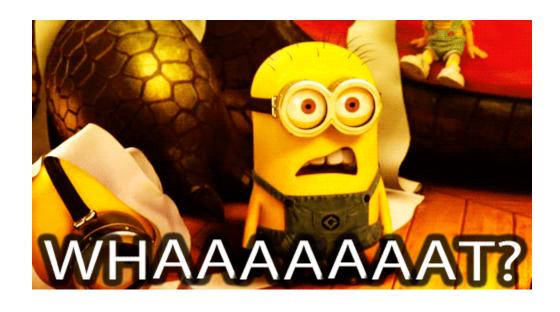
CPU limits translates into Docker --cpu-quota

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/configuration/manage-compute-resources-container/#how-pods-with-resource-limits-are-run

#### WHAT DO YOU THINK HAPPENS WHEN?

Your container tries to access more than one CPU

Your container goes over CPU limits



Totally different from memory

### RESOURCE REQUESTS AND LIMITS

# DEPLOYING TO KUBERNETES

#### **DEPLOYING TO KUBERNETES**

```
podTemplate(label: 'deployer', serviceAccount: 'deployer', containers
    containerTemplate(name: 'kubectl', image: 'lachlanevenson/k8s-kuk
        command: 'cat', ttyEnabled: true)

]){
   node('deployer') {
      container('kubectl') {
      sh "kubectl apply -f my-kubernetes.yaml"
      }
   }
}
```

#### **DEPLOYING TO KUBERNETES**

#### kubernetes-pipeline-plugin

```
podTemplate(label: 'deploy', serviceAccount: 'deployer') {
  stage('deployment') {
    node('deploy') {
      checkout scm
      kubernetesApply(environment: 'hello-world',
        file: readFile('kubernetes-hello-world-service.yaml'))
      kubernetesApply(environment: 'hello-world',
        file: readFile('kubernetes-hello-world-v1.yaml'))
    }}
  stage('upgrade') {
    timeout(time:1, unit:'DAYS') {
      input id: 'approve', message: 'Approve upgrade?'
    node('deploy') {
      checkout scm
      kubernetesApply(environment: 'hello-world',
        file: readFile('kubernetes-hello-world-v2.yaml'))
    }}
```

#### Or Azure kubernetes-cd-plugin

```
kubernetesDeploy(
  credentialsType: 'KubeConfig',
  kubeConfig: [path: '$HOME/.kube/config'],

configs: '*.yaml',
  enableConfigSubstitution: false,
)
```

# БЛАГОДАРЯ

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