### 1 Question 1

## 2 Question 2

### 3 Question 3

Refractive index, n, of silica at  $1.59\mu m$ :

$$n^2 - 1 = \frac{0.6961663\lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - 0.0684043^2} + \frac{0.4079426\lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - 0.1162414^2} + \frac{0.8974794\lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - 9.896161^2}$$

$$n^2 - 1 = \frac{0.6961663 \times 1.59^2}{1.59^2 - 0.0684043^2} + \frac{0.4079426 \times 1.59^2}{1.59^2 - 0.1162414^2} + \frac{0.8974794 \times 1.59^2}{1.59^2 - 9.896161^2}$$

$$n^2 = 1 + \frac{0.6961663 \times 2.5281}{2.5281 - 0.004679148} + \frac{0.4079426 \times 2.5281}{2.5281 - 0.01351206} + \frac{0.8974794 \times 2.5281}{2.5281 - 97.93400649}$$

$$n^2 = 1 + \frac{1.760047}{2.523420} + \frac{1.03131}{2.514587} + \frac{2.26891}{-95.40590649}$$

$$n^2 = 1 + 0.69748 + 0.41013 - 0.02378$$

$$n^2 = 2.0838$$

$$n = 1.44$$

Figure 1 plots the refractive index of silica from  $0.3\mu m$  to  $3.5\mu m$  using the above equation. The code used to calculate and plot the figure is shown in appendix A.1.

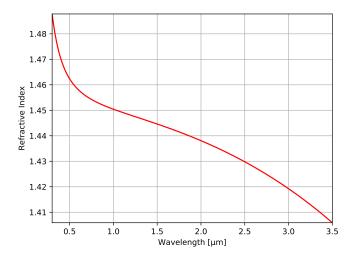


Figure 1: Plot of the calculated refractive index of silica using the Sellmeier equation above from a wavelength of  $0.3\mu m$  to  $3.5\mu m$ 

## References

# **Appendices**

## A Python Scripts

#### A.1 Sellmeier Equation

```
import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # coefs should be in the form np.ndarray[[B1, B2, B3][C1, C2, C3]]
   # wavelength should be in um
   def sellmeier(wavelength, coef):
       B = coef[0]
      C = coef[1]
9
10
11
12
          output = np.zeros(len(wavelength))
       except TypeError:
13
           "Type has no len(), assuming single value"
14
15
      16
17
18
19
20
       output = np.sqrt(output+1)
21
22
       return output
23
24
   def plotter(x, xlabel, y, ylabel, colour, save=False, name=False):
25
26
       plt.plot(x, result, colour)
27
28
      plt.xlim(np.min(x), np.max(x))
      plt.ylim(np.min(y), np.max(y))
29
      plt.xlabel(xlabel)
30
31
      plt.ylabel(ylabel)
      plt.grid(True, 'major','both')
32
33
34
          if save:
35
              plt.savefig("{}.pdf".format(name), dpi=300, format="pdf")
36
37
38
   if __name__ == "__main__":
39
40
       wavelength = np.float64(1.59) #Sellmeier eqn uses um
41
42
       wavelength = np.arange(0.3, 3.51, 0.01)
43
       silica_sellmeier_coefs = np.array([[0.6961663, 0.4079426, 0.8974794], [0.0684043,
44
       0.1162414, 9.896161]])
45
46
       result = sellmeier(wavelength, silica_sellmeier_coefs)
47
       plotter(wavelength, "Wavelength [\u03BCm]", result, "Refractive Index", 'r-', save=True,
48
       name='silica_refractive_index' )
```