

## A Flex Array

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**T**he heap allows you to create dynamic arrays, and wait until runtime to decide how many elements are needed, unlike the static arrays which are built into the C++ language. In fact, the heap is what the **vector** and **string** classes use to allow them to **expand** as the user adds new elements to the collection.

You'll find the definition for the **FlexArray** structure, as well as the prototypes for the functions you are going to write in the header file. **Do not make any changes to the header file at all.** You are going to write two functions. Here are the descriptions:

### The *readData* Function

The **readData()** function reads integers from an input stream (such as **cin**) until the user terminates by either running out of data or by entering an invalid input such as **Q**.

- The function sets the **m\_size** data member to the number of numeric inputs.
- The member **m\_data** is a pointer to a **heap allocated** array.
- At the end of the function, the array should have exactly **m\_size** elements.
- The function returns a reference to the modified **FlexArray** object.

At the outset, you won't know how many elements the user will enter. So, start with a capacity of **INITIAL\_CAPACITY**. **Do not change this from its current value of 2.**

### Managing Memory in *readData*

In **readData()**, whenever your allocated array fills up, create a new array of **double** **the current capacity**, copy the original elements to the new storage, free the original array and assign the new array to the member **m\_data**.

At the end of your function, you'll follow a similar pattern to **shrink the allocated memory** so that it is exactly the same size as the number of elements.

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Be sure to delete any intermediate arrays. If you have any memory leaks displayed, fix them before submitting your assignment.

## 2. The *toString* Function

For ***toString()***, the result should be:

- Delimited with braces "{" and "}".
- Individual elements should be separated with a comma and a space.
- There should be no space before the first element or after the last.

You'll recognize this as the **fencepost algorithm**. You can convert the integer elements in the array by using the ***to\_string()*** function in the ***<string>*** header.

When you add that and ***make test***, all of the tests should pass.

Be sure to ***make submit*** to turn in your code for credit **before the deadline**. As always, if you run into problems, bring your questions to the Discussion Board, or come to my office hour.

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