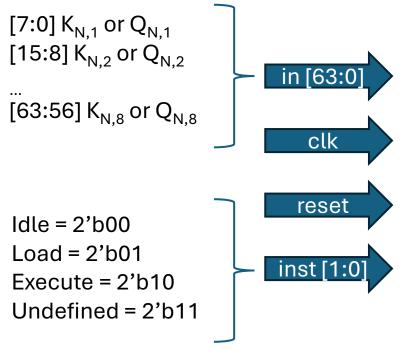
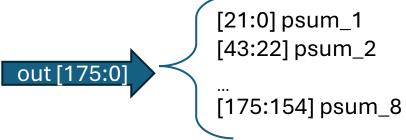
Note: each element of in is a signed 8-bit integer



mac_array.v

Note: each element of out is a signed 22-bit integer

Why 22-bits? I see that it is set this way by default in the provided code... so let's just keep it like that, but I believe we can calculate the absolute max bit width required if we want to be efficient.

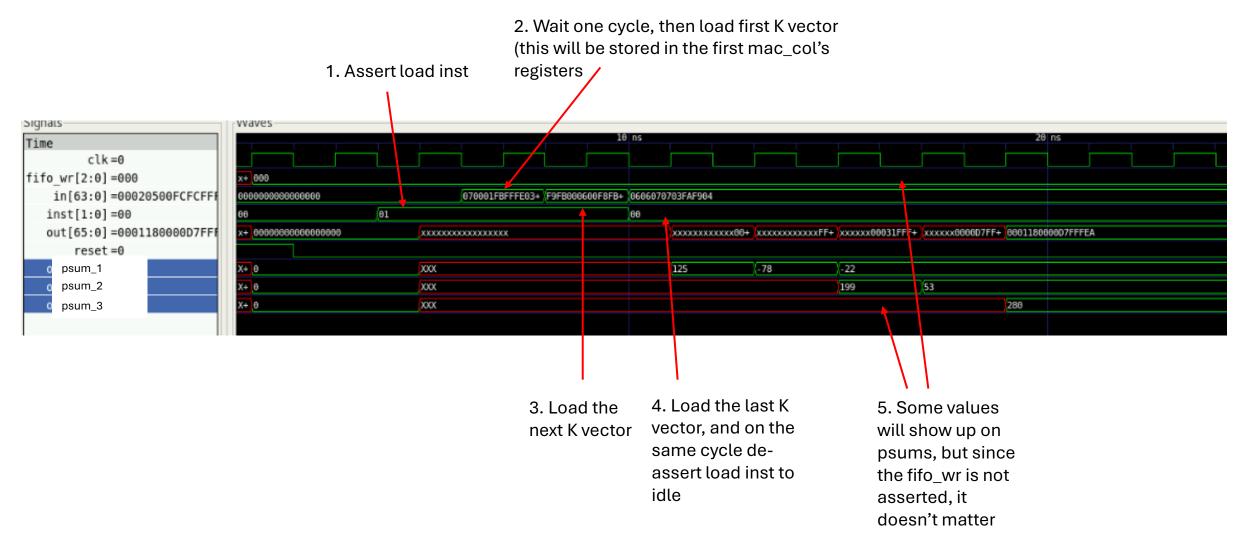


fifo_wr [7:0] Bit index corresponds to index of mac_col's fifo_wr output

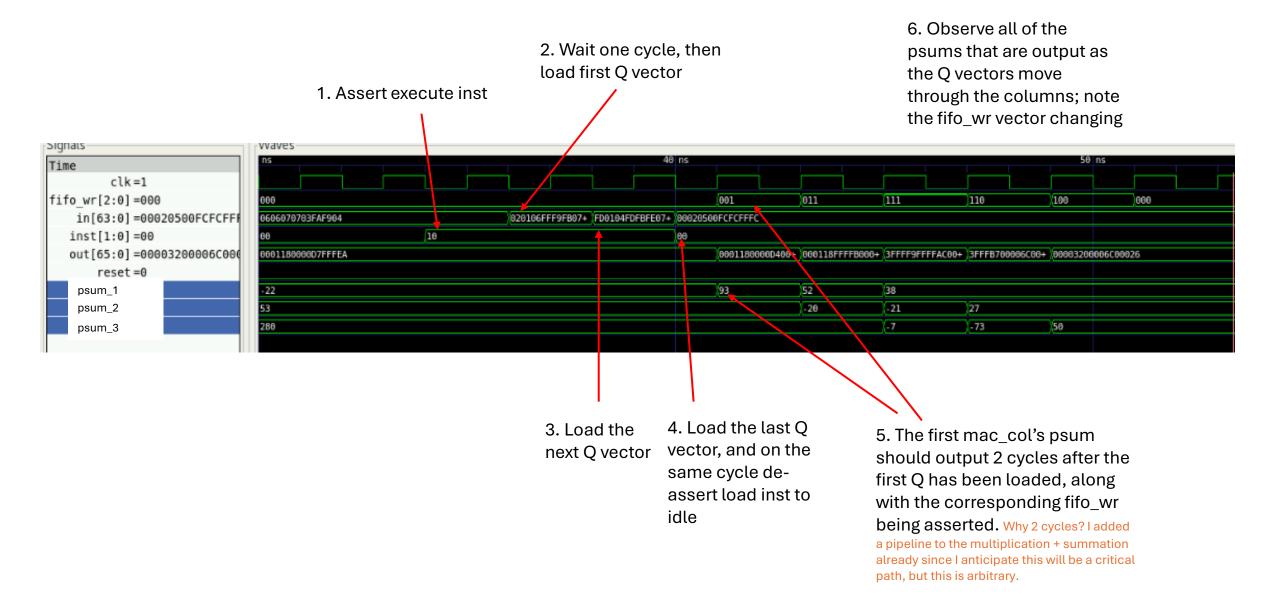
Loading

This example will be for a 3-column mac_array (3 K vectors) and 3 Q vectors

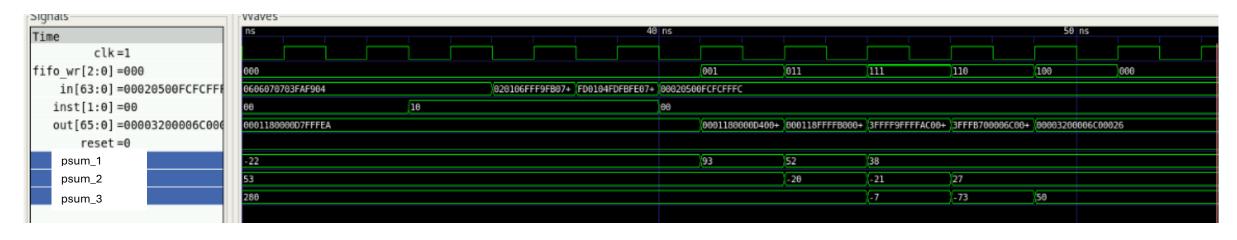
The project requires 8-column mac_array (8 K vectors) and 8 Q vectors



Executing



Verification



Once doing irun on the compiled testbench, the log should print the loaded Q and K values from the .txt files. It should also print the predicted psums.

##### K da K#:	nta txt	reading #	####		
0#:	Θ				
Predicted	psum:	9	3		
0#:	1	_			
Predicted	psum:	5	2	mac col 1	
0#:	2	_	_	mac_cot i	
Predicted	psum:	3	8		
K#:	1				
0#:	Θ				
Predicted	psum:	-2	0		
0#:	1	_	_	man and a	
Predicted	psum:	-2	1	mac_col 2	Outputs look good!
Q#:	2	_	_		Outputs took good:
Predicted	psum:	2	7		
K#:	2	_			
0#:	Θ				
Predicted	psum:	-	7		
0#:	1			maa aal 2	
Predicted	psum:	-7	3	mac_col 3	
0#:	2				
Predicted	psum:	5	0		
Finished.	p				
[h3le@ieng6-ece-01]:mac array:1027\$ wave mac array tb.vcd					
GTKWave Analyzer v3.3.118 (w)1999-2023 BSI					