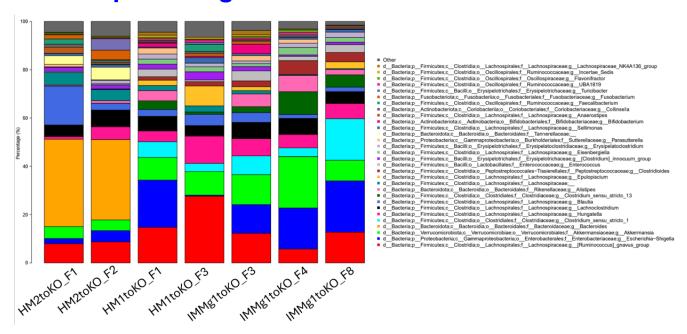
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Aim: Replicate figure



Main Python Methods

```
# Reference: Function "get cov ellipse" was extracted from the following URL:
# https://scipython.com/book/chapter-7-matplotlib/examples/bmi-data-with-confi
dence-ellipses/
# (Learning Scientific Programming with Python by Christian Hill)
def get cov ellipse(cov, centre, nstd, **kwargs):
   Return a matplotlib Ellipse patch representing the covariance matrix
    cov centred at centre and scaled by the factor nstd.
    # Find and sort eigenvalues and eigenvectors into descending order
   eigvals, eigvecs = np.linalg.eigh(cov)
   order = eigvals.argsort()[::-1]
   eigvals, eigvecs = eigvals[order], eigvecs[:, order]
    # The anti-clockwise angle to rotate our ellipse by
   vx, vy = eigvecs[:,0][0], eigvecs[:,0][1]
   theta = np.arctan2(vy, vx)
    # Width and height of ellipse to draw
   width, height = 2 * nstd * np.sqrt(eigvals)
    return Ellipse(xy=centre, width=width, height=height,
                  angle=np.degrees(theta), fill=False, **kwargs)
****
# Get current working directory
current working dir = os.getcwd()
# original counts table file path
feature tbl file path = os.path.join(current working dir, 'feature-table balfo
ur.txt')
# dictionary for two sample groupings
dict metadata = {'129.IL10KO 1':['F1-1', 'F1-2', 'F1-3', 'F1-4', 'F1-5', 'F1-
6'],
                '129.IL10KO 2':['F2-1' ,'F2-2', 'F2-3', 'F2-4', 'F2-5'],
                'hFMT.1.2.3.gtKO 1':['F1-7', 'F1-8', 'F1-9', 'F1-10', 'F1-11',
 'F1-12', 'F1-13', 'F1-14', 'F1-15'],
                'hFMT.1.2.3.gtKO 2':['F3-7', 'F3-8', 'F3-9', 'F3-10', 'F3-11'
, 'F3-12'],
                '1gKOgtKO 1':['F3-1', 'F3-2', 'F3-4', 'F3-5', 'F3-6'],
                '1gKOgtKO 2':['F4-1', 'F4-2', 'F4-3', 'F4-4', 'F4-5'],
                '1gKOgtKO 3':['F8-1', 'F8-2', 'F8-3', 'F8-4', 'F8-5', 'F8-6',
'F8-7', 'F8-8']}
# cross reference for sample grouping names
cross ref dict = {'129.IL10KO 1':'HM2toKO F1',
                 '129.IL10KO 2':'HM2toKO F2',
                 'hFMT.1.2.3.gtKO 1':'HM1toKO F1',
                 'hFMT.1.2.3.gtKO 2':'HM1toKO F3',
                 '1gKOgtKO 1':'IMMg1toKO F3',
                 '1qKOqtKO 2':'IMMg1toKO F4',
                  'lgKOgtKO 3':'IMMg1toKO F8'}
# stacked bar plot colors
colors = ["red","blue","lightgreen","orange" ,"turquoise",
"deeppink", "black", "royalblue", "darkgreen", "hotpink",
"darkcyan", "goldenrod", "brown", "grey", "purple",
"#7FC97F", "#BEAED4", "#FDC086", "#FFFF99", "#386CB0",
"#F0027F", "#BF5B17", "#6666666", "#1B9E77", "#D95F02",
"#7570B3","#E7298A", "#66A61E", "#E6AB02", "#A6761D",
"#666666"1
\# Set parameter for top N most abundant taxa across all sample groups
top most abundant count = 30
```

Data Processing Steps

Step 1: Retrieve source feature counts table

```
In [2]: df_feature_counts = read_csv_file(feature_tbl_file_path, 1)
    df_feature_counts = df_feature_counts.astype({col:'int32' for col in df_feature
    e_counts.columns[1:]})
    df_feature_counts
```

Out[2]:

	#OTU ID	1gKO.1	1gKO.2	1gKO.3	1gWT.1	1gWT.2	1gWT.:
0	d_Bacteria;pVerrucomicrobiota;cVerrucomic	11370	14120	14648	16632	19817	21706
1	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cClostridia;oLac	22545	25836	17048	7547	9272	5996
2	dBacteria;pProteobacteria;cGammaproteoba	5919	6481	6714	31	31	30
3	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cClostridia;oLac	8134	9827	7090	8264	10100	6324
4	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cClostridia;oLac	6280	7649	5719	9715	11851	8047
191	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cClostridia;oPep	0	0	0	0	0	(
192	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cClostridia;oClo	0	0	0	0	0	(
193	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cClostridia;oChr	0	0	0	0	0	(
194	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cIncertae_Sedis;o	0	0	0	0	0	(
195	dBacteria;pFirmicutes;cBacilli;oLactob	0	0	0	0	0	(

196 rows × 111 columns

Step 2: Filter feature counts table with 30 target sample group columns

```
In [3]: target_samples = [ sample for sample_group in list(dict_metadata.values()) for
    sample in sample_group ]
    df_feature_counts_filtered = df_feature_counts[target_samples]
    df_feature_counts_filtered
```

Out[3]:

	F1-1	F1-2	F1-3	F1-4	F1-5	F1-6	F2-1	F2-2	F2-3	F2-4	 F4-4	F4-5	F8-1	
0	10401	2753	7914	2398	6595	2313	8957	10961	344	460	 22240	22298	2627	1
1	7133	7051	3523	26054	524	2105	10749	5732	14621	319	 8085	4026	10750	
2	2132	5867	4116	54	87	284	2194	1425	3296	1071	 19808	23320	30563	2
3	1965	394	779	828	929	1973	4084	39	2827	17547	 3631	7010	1440	
4	4785	1982	3119	2274	41521	49604	3306	3350	3278	2247	 1346	1347	56	
191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	
192	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	
400	0	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	0	^	^	^	^	

193	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	U	U	U
194	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

196 rows × 44 columns

Step 3: Calculate total read counts per sample

```
In [4]: sample count sums = df feature counts filtered.sum(axis=0)
        sample count sums
Out[4]: F1-1
                120620
        F1-2
                89533
        F1-3
                103243
        F1-4
                 92643
        F1-5
               120934
        F1-6
                 98057
        F2-1
                98214
        F2-2
                90013
        F2-3
                 95932
        F2 - 4
               111659
        F2-5
                 87600
               103534
        F1-7
        F1-8
               106286
        F1-9
                 95787
        F1-10
               106356
        F1-11
                61083
        F1-12
               102329
        F1-13
               106433
        F1-14
               101965
        F1-15
                87272
        F3-7
                 99046
        F3-8
                112057
        F3-9
                121801
        F3-10
                 98907
        F3-11
                93879
        F3-12
                100855
        F3-1
                89907
        F3-2
                 95182
        F3-4
               110663
        F3-5
               122538
        F3-6
               107733
                93069
        F4-1
        F4-2
                102268
        F4-3
               106452
        F4 - 4
                102778
        F4-5
                108196
        F8-1
                101846
        F8-2
                103946
        F8-3
                 99383
        F8 - 4
                108840
        F8-5
                19323
        F8-6
                 96062
        F8-7
                102664
        F8-8
                 84853
        dtype: int64
```

Step 4: Generate normalized counts feature table (without log10)

```
In [5]: df_feature_counts_filtered_norm = (df_feature_counts_filtered/sample_count_sum
    s)*sample_count_sums.mean()
    df_feature_counts_filtered_norm
```

Out[5]:

	F1-1	F1-2	F1-3	F1-4	F1-5	F1-6	F2-1	
	0 8547.969608	3048.107446	7598.758242	2565.923864	5405.969352	2338.321527	9040.581637	1
	1 5862.192790	7806.830948	3382.666829	27878.473871	429.526602	2128.044450	10849.303564	
	2 1752.165292	6495.912235	3952.045606	57.781438	71.314531	287.109085	2214.473162	
	3 1614.917823	436.234774	747.969759	885.982051	761.508041	1994.599383	4122.109569	
	4 3932.509814	2194.460210	2994.759534	2433.240561	34035.064968	50147.038912	3336.849715	
								
19	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
19	2 0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
19	3 0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
19	4 0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
19	5 0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
19	5 0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	

196 rows × 44 columns

Step 5: Identify top eight most abundant taxa

Out[6]:

```
d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_[Ruminococcus]_gnavus
d_Bacteria;p_Proteobacteria;c_Gammaproteobacteria;o_Enterobacterales;f_Enterobacteriaceae;g_Esch

d_Bacteria;p_Verrucomicrobiota;c_Verrucomicrobiae;o_Verrucomicrobiales;f_Akkermansiaceae;g_Akker

d_Bacteria;p_Bacteroidota;c_Bacteroidia;o_Bacteroidales;f_Bacteroidaceae;g_Bact

d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_Hur

d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_Lachnoclos

d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_

d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_

d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Bacteroidia;o_Bacteroidales;f_Rikenellaceae;g_A
```

```
d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Clostridia;o__Lachnospirales;f__Lachnospira
                   d Bacteria;p Firmicutes;c Clostridia;o Lachnospirales;f Lachnospiraceae;g Epuloi
                                                d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Clostridia;o__Peptostreptocc
                                                         Tissierellales;f__Peptostreptococcaceae;g__Clostri
                      d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Bacilli;o__Lactobacillales;f__Enterococcaceae;g__Entero
 d Bacteria;p Firmicutes;c Bacilli;o Erysipelotrichales;f Erysipelotrichaceae;g [Clostridium] innocuum
                  d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Clostridia;o__Lachnospirales;f__Lachnospiraceae;g__Eisenb
    d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Bacilli;o__Erysipelotrichales;f__Erysipelatoclostridiaceae;g__Erysipelatoclos
     d__Bacteria;p__Proteobacteria;c__Gammaproteobacteria;o__Burkholderiales;f__Sutterellaceae;g__Parası
                                 d__Bacteria;p__Bacteroidota;c__Bacteroidia;o__Bacteroidales;f__Tannerella
                     d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_Sell
    d_Bacteria;p_Actinobacteriota;c_Actinobacteria;o_Bifidobacteriales;f_Bifidobacteriaceae;g_Bifidoba
                   d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_Anaer
          d__Bacteria;p__Actinobacteriota;c__Coriobacteriia;o__Coriobacteriales;f__Coriobacteriaceae;g__Co
               d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Clostridia;o__Oscillospirales;f__Ruminococcaceae;g__Faecaliba
         d__Bacteria;p__Fusobacteriota;c__Fusobacteriia;o__Fusobacteriales;f__Fusobacteriaceae;g__Fusoba
                   d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Erysipelotrichales;f_Erysipelotrichaceae;g_Turic
                      d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Oscillospirales;f_Ruminococcaceae;g_U
                    d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Oscillospirales;f_Oscillospiraceae;g_Flavon
                 d_Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Clostridia;o__Oscillospirales;f__Ruminococcaceae;g__Incertae
d__Bacteria;p__Firmicutes;c__Clostridia;o__Lachnospirales;f__Lachnospiraceae;g__Lachnospiraceae_NK4A13€
```

Step 6: Calculate proportional taxa abundance for each sample group

```
In [7]:
       # Initialize dictionary to store proportional abundances for each sample group
        taxa_dict = {}
        for taxa in df top eight genera.index:
            taxa dict[taxa] = []
        taxa dict['Other'] = []
        sample group list = []
        # Populate dictionary for sample groups
        for sample group in dict metadata:
            cross ref dict[sample group]
            sample group list.append(cross ref dict[sample group])
            # For a given sample group, calculate the sum of the normalized counts for
         each taxa
            ser = df feature counts filtered norm[dict metadata[sample group]].sum(axi
        s=1)
            # For a given sample group, calculate the proportion for each taxa
            ser prop = ser/ser.sum()
            # For a given sample group, verify that the sum of all taxa proportions is
         equal to zero
            assert np.isclose(ser prop.sum(), 1.0)
            # Filter out top eight most abundant taxa previously identified in step 5
            ser prop top eight = ser prop[df top eight genera.index]
            # Calculate and store the sum of proportions for all other taxa
```

```
# that are not in the set of the top eight taxa
other = 1.0 - ser_prop_top_eight.sum()
taxa_dict['Other'].append(other)
# Store the proportions for the top eight most abundant taxa
for item in ser_prop_top_eight.items():
    taxa_dict[item[0]].append(item[1])

# Save data to a dataframe to plot during the following step
df_taxa = pd.DataFrame(taxa_dict)
df_taxa.index = sample_group_list
# Multiply by 100 to convert to percentage
df_taxa = df_taxa * 100
df_taxa
```

Out[7]:

```
d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Clostridia;o_Lachnospirales;f_Lachnospiraceae;g_[Ruminoc
```

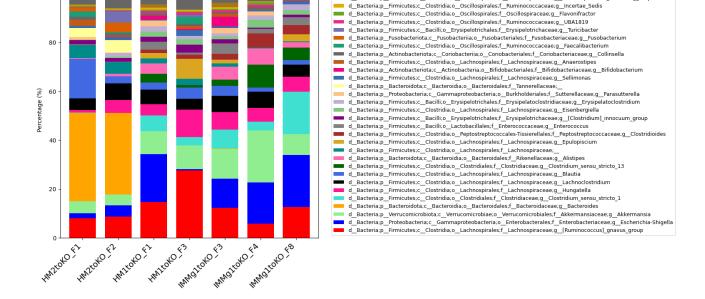
```
HM2toKO_F1
HM2toKO_F2
HM1toKO_F1
HM1toKO_F3
IMMg1toKO_F3
IMMg1toKO_F4
IMMg1toKO_F8
```

7 rows × 31 columns

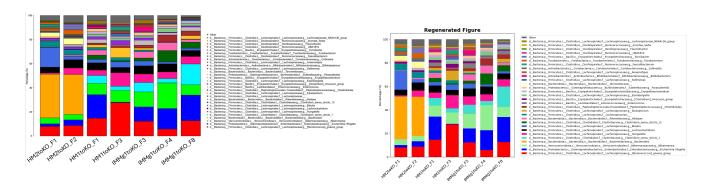
Step 7: Plot stacked bar plot results for each sample group

```
In [8]: df_taxa.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, color=colors, width=0.75, figsize=(8,8))
    plt.title('Regenerated Figure', fontsize=18, fontweight='bold')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right', fontsize=14)
    plt.legend(loc=(1.05, 0.01), prop={'size': 9}, reverse=True)
    plt.ylabel('Percentage (%)')
    plt.show()
```

100



Step 8: Compare original and regenerated figures



In []: