STAT 344 Project

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages --------------------------------------- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.4.2     v purrr   1.0.1
## v tibble  3.2.1     v dplyr   1.1.1
## v tidyr   1.3.0     v stringr 1.5.0
## v readr   2.1.4     v forcats 0.5.2
## -- Conflicts ------------------------------------------ tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
dat <- read.csv('crimedata_csv_AllNeighbourhoods_2022.csv')
summary(dat)
```

```
##      TYPE                YEAR          MONTH            DAY
##  Length:34279       Min.   :2022   Min.   : 1.000   Min.   : 1.00
##  Class :character   1st Qu.:2022   1st Qu.: 4.000   1st Qu.: 8.00
##  Mode  :character   Median :2022   Median : 7.000   Median :15.00
##                     Mean   :2022   Mean   : 6.476   Mean   :15.28
##                     3rd Qu.:2022   3rd Qu.: 9.000   3rd Qu.:22.00
##                     Max.   :2022   Max.   :12.000   Max.   :31.00
##
##       HOUR           MINUTE      HUNDRED_BLOCK      NEIGHBOURHOOD
##  Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.00   Length:34279       Length:34279
##  1st Qu.: 4.00   1st Qu.: 0.00   Class :character   Class :character
##  Median :13.00   Median :10.00   Mode  :character   Mode  :character
##  Mean   :11.49   Mean   :17.23
##  3rd Qu.:18.00   3rd Qu.:30.00
##  Max.   :23.00   Max.   :59.00
##
##        X                Y
##  Min.   :     0   Min.   :      0
##  1st Qu.:490358   1st Qu.:5453670
##  Median :491641   Median :5457123
##  Mean   :436022   Mean   :4831996
##  3rd Qu.:493147   3rd Qu.:5458733
##  Max.   :498296   Max.   :5462300
##  NA's   :1        NA's   :1
```

```
#Convert categorical attributes into factor
dat[c('TYPE','HUNDRED_BLOCK','NEIGHBOURHOOD')] <- lapply(dat[c('TYPE','HUNDRED_BLOCK','NEIGHBOURHOOD')]
dat <- dat[dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD!="",]
( unique(dat$TYPE) )
```

```
##  [1] Break and Enter Commercial
##  [2] Break and Enter Residential/Other
##  [3] Homicide
##  [4] Mischief
```

```
##  [5] Offence Against a Person
##  [6] Other Theft
##  [7] Theft from Vehicle
##  [8] Theft of Bicycle
##  [9] Theft of Vehicle
## [10] Vehicle Collision or Pedestrian Struck (with Fatality)
## [11] Vehicle Collision or Pedestrian Struck (with Injury)
## 11 Levels: Break and Enter Commercial ... Vehicle Collision or Pedestrian Struck (with Injury)
```

```
( unique(dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD))
```

```
##  [1] West End                   Shaughnessy
##  [3] Central Business District Grandview-Woodland
##  [5] Mount Pleasant             Sunset
##  [7] Kensington-Cedar Cottage   Strathcona
##  [9] Fairview                   Oakridge
## [11] Marpole                    Kitsilano
## [13] West Point Grey            Victoria-Fraserview
## [15] Hastings-Sunrise           Kerrisdale
## [17] Riley Park                 Arbutus Ridge
## [19] Renfrew-Collingwood        Killarney
## [21] South Cambie               Dunbar-Southlands
## [23] Stanley Park               Musqueam
## 25 Levels:  Arbutus Ridge Central Business District ... West Point Grey
```

```
#H <- length(unique(dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD))
summary(dat$TYPE)
```

```
##                              Break and Enter Commercial
##                                                    1984
##                         Break and Enter Residential/Other
##                                                    1266
##                                                Homicide
##                                                      11
##                                                Mischief
##                                                    5613
##                                 Offence Against a Person
##                                                    3911
##                                             Other Theft
##                                                   10749
##                                       Theft from Vehicle
##                                                    7273
##                                         Theft of Bicycle
##                                                    1528
##                                         Theft of Vehicle
##                                                     910
## Vehicle Collision or Pedestrian Struck (with Fatality)
##                                                      19
##   Vehicle Collision or Pedestrian Struck (with Injury)
##                                                    1010
```

Population and taking sample

```
N <- nrow(dat) #Population size
n <- 1000 # Sample size
set.seed(344)
```

```r
library(sampling)
#Stratified sample by neighborhood
dat <- dat[order(dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD),]
dat <- dat[-(1:5),] #Drop first 5 rows where the neighborhood name is blank space
#freq <- table(dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD)/nrow(dat)
#freq <- as.vector(freq[-1])
#n.h <- round(freq*n) #Each stratum sample size
#strt <- strata(dat, stratanames = 'NEIGHBOURHOOD', size=n.h, method = 'srswr')

#Grouping of neighborhoods into larger areas
D1 <- c('West End', 'Yaletown', 'Coal Harbour','Central Business District','Stanley Park')
D2 <- c('Strathcona', 'Grandview-Woodland', 'Hastings-Sunrise','Downtown Eastside')
D3 <- c('Sunset', 'Renfrew-Collingwood', 'Mount Pleasant', 'Killarney', 'Victoria-Fraserview', 'Kensing
D4 <- c('West Point Grey', 'Kitsilano', 'Fairview', 'Dunbar-Southlands', 'Arbutus Ridge', 'Shaughnessy'
dat$DISTRICT[dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD %in% D1] = 'D1'
dat$DISTRICT[dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD %in% D2] = 'D2'
dat$DISTRICT[dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD %in% D3] = 'D3'
dat$DISTRICT[dat$NEIGHBOURHOOD %in% D4] = 'D4'
freq <- table(dat$DISTRICT)/nrow(dat)
freq <- as.vector(freq)
n.h <- round(freq*n)
strt <-  strata(dat, stratanames = 'DISTRICT', size=n.h, method = 'srswr')
H <- 4 #4 districts as strata
sample.strt <- dat[strt$ID_unit,]
```

```r
#Taking an SRS of size n=1000 from the population
set.seed(344)
SRS.index <- sample.int(N, n, replace = FALSE)
SRS <- dat[SRS.index,]
```

Now, we will estimate the total number of crimes that happen during the summer months (July-August) using two samples above. We first use the SRS estimate and report both the estimated value as well as the standard error.

```r
SRS$u <- ifelse(SRS$MONTH %in% c(7,8),1,0) #Create dummy for if the month is in summer
tot.hat.SRS <- N*mean(SRS$u)
#Standard error of the estimator, including FPC
se.SRS <- N*sqrt(var(SRS$u)/n)
( summer.SRS.results <- c(tot.hat.SRS, se.SRS) )
```

```
## [1] 5758.0320  405.4136
```

```r
#95% CI
(ci.summer.SRS <- c(tot.hat.SRS-1.96*se.SRS,tot.hat.SRS+1.96*se.SRS))
```

```
## [1] 4963.421 6552.643
```

Next, we will find the stratification estimator:

```r
sample.strt$summer <- ifelse(sample.strt$MONTH %in% c(7,8),1,0) #Create dummy for if the month is in su
N.h <- dat %>% group_by(DISTRICT) %>% count() #population size for the strata

mu.h.str <- sample.strt %>%  #number of crimes in summer for each strata
  group_by(DISTRICT) %>%
  summarise(mu.h = mean(summer))
mu.hat <- mean(mu.h.str$mu.h*N.h$n)
tot.hat.str <- H*mu.hat #Estimated value
```

```r
#Standard error
se.str <- H*sqrt(var(mu.h.str$mu.h*N.h$n)/n)
( summer.str.results <- c(tot.hat.str,se.str) )
```

```
## [1] 6542.2938  110.7486
```

```r
#95% CI
( ci.summer.str <- c(tot.hat.str-1.96*se.str,tot.hat.str+1.96*se.str))
```

```
## [1] 6325.227 6759.361
```

We will now move on to the second parameter of interest, which is the proportion of Theft of Bicycle out of all crimes in 2022. We will use the same SRS and stratified sample as given above.

```r
#Estimator from SRS
bike_theft <- SRS[SRS$TYPE=='Theft of Bicycle',]
p.hat.SRS_bike <- nrow(bike_theft)/n
#Standard error of the estimator, including FPC
se.SRS_bike <- sqrt((1-n/N)*p.hat.SRS_bike*(1-p.hat.SRS_bike)/n)
( bike_theft.SRS.results <- c(p.hat.SRS_bike, se.SRS_bike) )
```

```
## [1] 0.037000000 0.005881446
```

```r
#95% CI
( ci.bike.SRS <- c(p.hat.SRS_bike-1.96*se.SRS_bike,p.hat.SRS_bike+1.96*se.SRS_bike))
```

```
## [1] 0.02547237 0.04852763
```

```r
#Estimator from stratified sample
sample.strt$bike_theft <- ifelse(sample.strt$TYPE=='Theft of Bicycle',1,0) #Create dummy for if the cri
p.hat.h_bike <- sample.strt %>%  #proportion for each strata
  group_by(DISTRICT) %>%
  summarise(p.hat.h = mean(bike_theft))
p.hat.str_bike <- sum(N.h$n/N*p.hat.h_bike$p.hat.h) #Estimated value
#Standard error
se.h_bike <- sqrt((1 - n.h / N.h$n) * p.hat.h_bike$p.hat.h*(1-p.hat.h_bike$p.hat.h) / n.h)
se.str_bike <- sqrt(sum((N.h$n / N)^2 * se.h_bike^2))
( bike_theft.str.results <- c(p.hat.str_bike,se.str_bike) )
```

```
## [1] 0.060576467 0.007412189
```

```r
#95% CI
( ci.bike.str <- c(p.hat.str_bike-1.96*se.str_bike, p.hat.str_bike+1.96*se.str_bike) )
```

```
## [1] 0.04604858 0.07510436
```