Package 'argo'

November 16, 2015

Title (ARGO) AutoRegression with GOogle search data - accurate

estimation of influenza epidemics

Type Package

Version 1.0
Date 2015-11-14
Author Shihao Yang
Maintainer Shihao Yang <shihaoyang@g.harvard.edu></shihaoyang@g.harvard.edu>
Description Supplementary R package for PNAS article ``Accurate estimation of influenza epidemics using Google search data via ARGO", by Shihao Yang, Mauricio Santillana, and S. C. Kou.
License GPL-2
LazyData TRUE
Imports xts, glmnet, zoo, boot
Suggests testthat
NeedsCompilation no
R topics documented:
argo
bootstrap_relative_efficiency
heatmap_argo
load_data
logit
logit_inv
plot_argo
summary_argo
Index 7

2 argo

	argo	Construct ARGO object	
--	------	-----------------------	--

Description

Wrapper for ARGO. The real work horse is glmnet package and/or linear model.

Usage

```
argo(data, exogen = xts::xts(NULL), N_lag = 1:52, N_training = 104,
alpha = 1, use_all_previous = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	response variable as xts, last element can be NA	
exogen	exogenous predictors, default is NULL	
N_lag	vector of the AR model lags used, if NULL then no AR lags will be used	
N_training	number of training points, if use_all_previous is true, this is the least number of training points required	
alpha	penalty between lasso and ridge, alpha=1 represents lasso, alpha=0 represent ridge, alpha=NA represents no penalty	
use_all_previou	ıs	
	boolean variable indicating whether to use "all available data" or "a sliding window" for training	

Details

This function takes the time series and exogenous variables (optional) as input, and produces out-of-sample prediction for each time point.

Value

A list of following named objects

- pred An xts object with the same index as input, which contains historical nowcast estimation
- coef A matrix contains historical coefficient values of the predictors.
- parm Parameter values passed to argo function.

References

Yang, S., Santillana, M., & Kou, S. C. (2015). Accurate estimation of influenza epidemics using Google search data via ARGO. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, doi: 10.1073/pnas.1515373112.

bootstrap_relative_efficiency

bootstrap relative efficiency confidence interval

Description

This function is used to reproduce the ARGO bootstrap confidence interval of PNAS paper.

Usage

```
bootstrap_relative_efficiency(pred_data, model_good, model_bench, 1 = 50,
  N = 10000, truth = "CDC.data", sim = "geom", conf = 0.95,
  type = c("mse", "mape", "mae"))
```

Arguments

pred_data	A matrix that contains the truth vector and the predictions. It can be data.frame or xts object		
model_good	The model to evaluate, must be in the column names of pred_data		
model_bench	The model to compare to, must be in the column names of pred_data		
1	stationary bootstrap mean block length		
N	number of bootstrap samples		
truth	the column name of the truth		
sim	simulation method, pass to boot::tsboot		
conf	confidence level		
type	Must be one of "mse" (mean square error), "mape" (mean absolute percentage error), or "mae" (mean absolute error)		

Value

A vector of point estimate and corresponding bootstrap confidence interval

heatmap_argo Heatmap plot of ARGO coefficients applied on CDC's ILI data

Description

This function is only used to reproduce the ARGO plot of PNAS paper. If you use this plotting routine for other dataset, an error is highly likely to occur.

Usage

```
heatmap_argo(argo_coef, lim)
```

Arguments

argo_coef The coefficient matrix

1 im the limit to truncate for large coefficients for better presentation

4 load_data

Value

a graph on the default plot window

load_data

Parsing of raw data

Description

Data related to the PNAS paper. Accessed on Nov 14, 2015.

Usage

load_data()

Details

Parse and load CDC's ILI data, Google Flu Trend data, Google Correlate data trained with ILI as of 2010, Google Correlate data trained with ILI as of 2009, Google Trend data with search terms identified from Google Correlate (2010 version).

Each week ends on the Saturday indicated in the xts object

Google Correlate data is standardized by Google, and we rescale it to 0 - 100 during parsing. Google Trends data is in the scale of 0 - 100.

Value

A list of following named xts objects

- GC10 Google Correlate trained with ILI available as of 2010. Available online at https://www.google.com/trends/correlate/search?e=id:20xKcnNqHrk&t=weekly
- GC09 Google Correlate trained with ILI available as of 2009. Not directly available online, you have to manually input ILI time series at https://www.google.com/trends/correlate
- GT Google Trends data for search queries identified using Google Correlate. Not directly available online, you have to manually input query terms at https://www.google.com/trends
- CDC CDC's ILI dataset. Available online at http://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard.html
- GFT Google Flu Trend (historical predictions). Available online at https://www.google.org/flutrends

References

Yang, S., Santillana, M., & Kou, S. C. (2015). Accurate estimation of influenza epidemics using Google search data via ARGO. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, doi: 10.1073/pnas.1515373112.

Examples

```
system.file("extdata", "correlate-Influenza_like_Illness_h1n1_CDC_.csv", package = "argo")
system.file("extdata", "correlate-Influenza_like_Illness_CDC_.csv", package = "argo")
system.file("extdata", "GFT.csv", package = "argo")
system.file("extdata", "ILINet.csv", package = "argo")
load_data()
```

logit 5

logit	logit function	

Description

logit function

Usage

logit(x)

logit_inv

inverse logit function

Description

inverse logit function

Usage

logit_inv(x)

plot_argo

Time series plot of ARGO applied on CDC's ILI data

Description

This function is only used to reproduce the ARGO plot of PNAS paper. If you use this plotting routine for other dataset, an error is highly likely to occur.

Usage

```
plot_argo(GFT_xts, GC_GT_cut_date, model_names, legend_names, zoom_periods)
```

Value

a graph on the default plot window

6 summary_argo

summary_argo

performance summary of ARGO applied on CDC's ILI data

Description

This function is only used to reproduce the ARGO table of PNAS paper. If you use this summary function for other dataset, an error is highly likely to occur.

Usage

```
summary_argo(GFT_xts, model_names, legend_names, periods,
whole_period = "2009-03/2015-10")
```

Value

A list of summary tables for the inputed periods, including RMSE, MAE, MAPE, corr

Examples

summary_argo

Index

```
argo, 2
bootstrap_relative_efficiency, 3
heatmap_argo, 3
load_data, 4
logit, 5
logit_inv, 5
plot_argo, 5
summary_argo, 6
```