

Lecture notes, Nov 10th, 2020

Numerical Example of CCAPM

$$u(c) = \ln(c) \quad \gamma = (1.5, 1, 0.5) \quad \Pi = \begin{bmatrix} & \\ & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta = 0.96$$

$$\text{SDF?} \quad M_{t,t+1} = \beta \cdot \frac{u'(c')}{u'(c)} = \beta \cdot \frac{c}{c'}$$

$$M_{ij} = \beta \frac{c_i}{c_j}$$

$$P_i = \beta \cdot \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{u'(c')}{u'(c)} (P' + Y') \right] \quad n \text{ states}$$

$$= \beta \cdot \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{u'(c_j)}{u'(c_i)} \cdot (P_j + Y_j) \cdot \Pi_{ij}$$

put all P_i into a vector?

$$\begin{pmatrix} P_1 \\ \vdots \\ P_N \end{pmatrix} = \Pi \circ M \cdot \left[\begin{pmatrix} P_1 \\ \vdots \\ P_N \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} Y_1 \\ \vdots \\ Y_N \end{pmatrix} \right] \quad \text{Denote } \begin{pmatrix} P_1 \\ \vdots \\ P_N \end{pmatrix} = \tilde{P}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Y_1 \\ \vdots \\ Y_N \end{pmatrix} = \tilde{Y}$$

$$\text{where } M_{ij} = \frac{u'(c_j)}{u'(c_i)} \cdot \beta$$

$$\tilde{P} = \Pi \circ M \cdot [\tilde{P} + \tilde{Y}] \Rightarrow (I - \Pi \circ M) \cdot \tilde{P} = \Pi \circ M \cdot \tilde{Y}$$

$$\tilde{P} = (I - \Pi \circ M)^{-1} \cdot \Pi \circ M \cdot \tilde{Y}$$

$$\text{CRRA preference} \quad \frac{c^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma} \quad \text{when } \gamma > 1$$

$$\ln c \quad \gamma = 1$$

$$u'(c) = c^{-\gamma}$$

Linear Price when $\gamma = 1$???

$$\gamma = 1 \Rightarrow u'(c) = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$P = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{Y}{Y'} \cdot (P' + Y') \right] \quad \text{in eqn. } c = Y$$

$$\frac{P}{Y} = \beta \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{P'}{Y'} + 1 \right] \leftarrow \frac{P}{Y} \text{ is linear}$$

Constant if stationary

Household Problem

Endowment Economy

$$\max_{\{c_t\}} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t u(c_t) \right] \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{endowment } Y_t: \text{stochastic} \\ \text{exogenous} \\ \text{asset position } a_t \\ \text{(Gross) return } R \end{array}$$

$$c_t + a_{t+1} = Y_t + R \cdot a_t$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Technical assumption} \\ u \in \text{Idea condition} \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \lim_{c \rightarrow 0} u'(c) = \infty \quad u'(c) < 0 \\ \lim_{c \rightarrow \infty} u'(c) = 0 \quad u'(c) > 0 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\beta R < 1}$$

$$\text{Euler?} \quad \beta \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{u'(c')}{u'(c)} \right] = 1$$

Incomplete market?

$$\max_{\{c_t\}} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t u(c_t) \right]$$

$$\text{s.t. } c_t + a_{t+1} = Y_t + R \cdot a_t$$

$a_0 \geq 0 \leftarrow$ additional constraint
comparing to the model above