

Intro to Grammar of Graphics (ggplot2)

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ggplot2

ggplot2 (Wickham, 2009) is an R package that implements the *Graammar of Graphics* introduced by Wilkinson (2005).

(Journal of Statistical Software
paper)[<http://www.jstatsoft.org/v17/b03/paper>]

The Lego Package

```
# https://github.com/seankross/lego  
devtools::install_github("seankross/lego")
```

```
library(lego)  
library(psych)
```

The Lego Package

```
data(legosets)
head(legosets, n=3)
```

##	Item_Number	Name	Year	Theme
## 1	10241	Maersk Line Triple-E	2014	Advanced Models
## 2	10242	Mini Cooper MK VII	2014	Advanced Models
## 3	10243	Parisian Restaurant	2014	Advanced Models
##	Subtheme Pieces Minifigures			
## 1	Maersk	1518	NA	
## 2	Vehicles	1077	NA	
## 3	Modular Buildings	2469	5	
##				
##	Image_URL			
## 1	http://www.1000steine.com/brickset/images/10241-1.jpg			
## 2	http://www.1000steine.com/brickset/images/10242-1.jpg			
## 3	http://www.1000steine.com/brickset/images/10243-1.jpg			
##	USD_MSRP	CAD_MSRP	EUR_MSRP	Packaging Availability
## 1	149.99	180	129.99	Box LEGO exclusive
## 2	99.99	120	89.99	Box LEGO exclusive

Parts of a ggplot2 statement

- ▶ Data

```
ggplot(myDataFrame, aes(x=x, y=y))
```

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`facet_wrap(~ cut)`, `facet_grid(~ cut)`
- ▶ Scales
`scale_y_log10()`
- ▶ Other options
`ggtitle('my title')`, `ylim(c(0, 10000))`, `xlab('x-axis label')`

There are Lots of Geoms

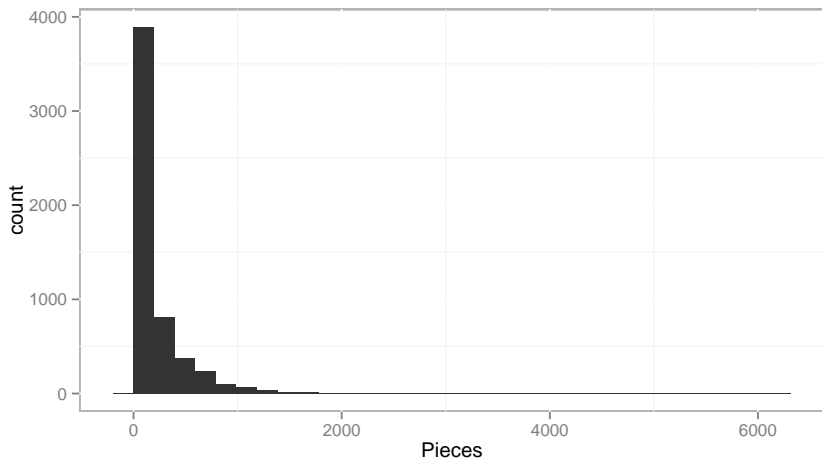
```
ls("package:ggplot2")[substr(ls("package:ggplot2"),  
                              1, 5) == 'geom_']
```

```
## [1] "geom_abline"      "geom_area"        "geom_bar"
## [4] "geom_bin2d"       "geom_blank"       "geom_boxplot"
## [7] "geom_contour"     "geom_crossbar"    "geom_density"
## [10] "geom_density2d"   "geom_dotplot"     "geom_errorbar"
## [13] "geom_errorbarh"   "geom_freqpoly"    "geom_hex"
## [16] "geom_histogram"   "geom_hline"       "geom_jitter"
## [19] "geom_line"        "geom_linerange"   "geom_map"
## [22] "geom_path"        "geom_point"       "geom_pointrange"
## [25] "geom_polygon"     "geom_quantile"    "geom_raster"
## [28] "geom_rect"        "geom_ribbon"      "geom_rug"
## [31] "geom_segment"     "geom_smooth"      "geom_step"
## [34] "geom_text"        "geom_tile"        "geom_violin"
## [37] "geom_vline"
```

Histograms

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Pieces)) +  
  geom_histogram()
```

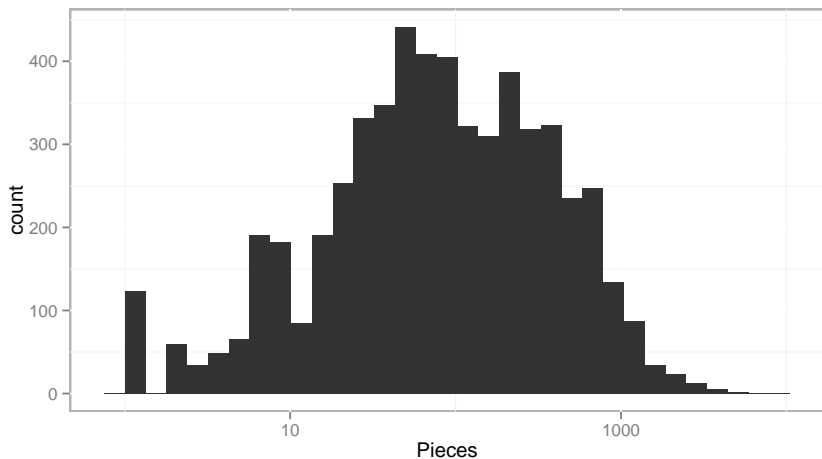
stat_bin: binwidth defaulted to range/30. Use 'binwidth



Log Transformations

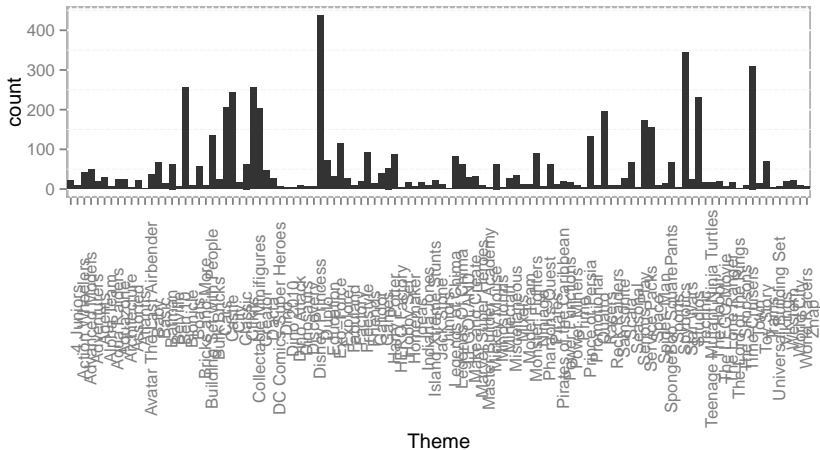
```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Pieces)) +  
  geom_histogram() + scale_x_log10()
```

stat_bin: binwidth defaulted to range/30. Use 'binwidth



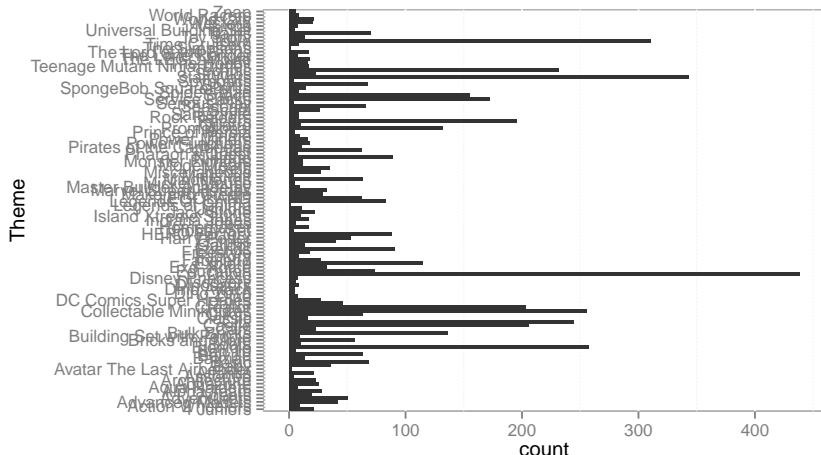
Barplots

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Theme)) + geom_bar() +  
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=90))
```



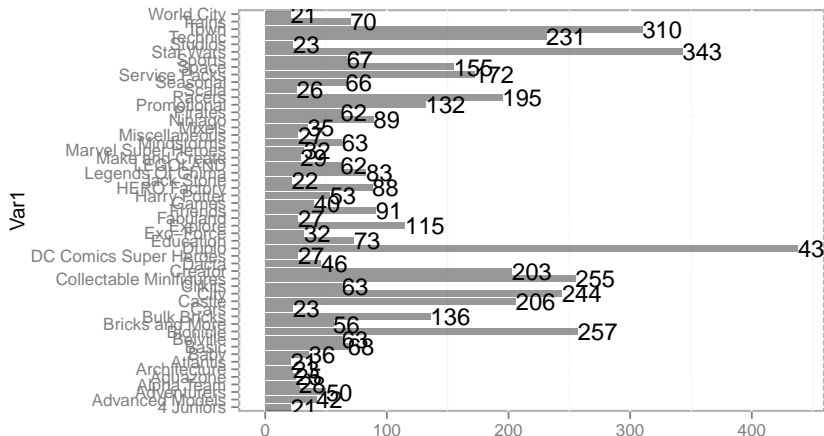
Barplots Flipping Coordinates

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Theme)) + geom_bar() +  
  coord_flip()
```



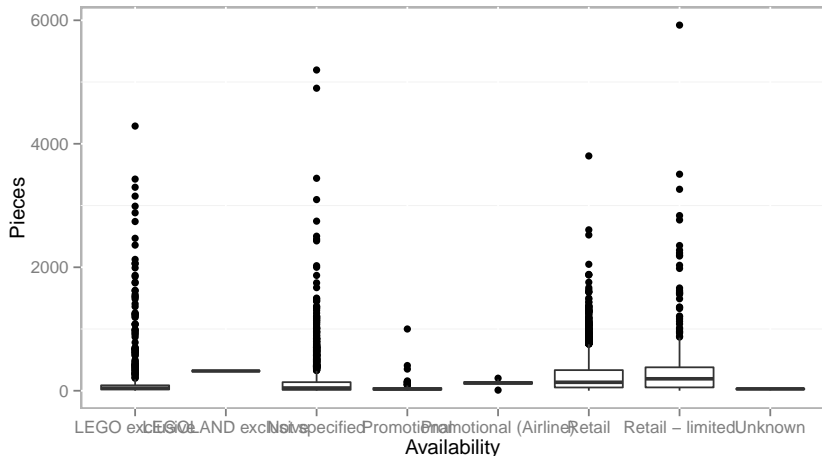
Labeling Barplots

```
df <- as.data.frame(table(legosets$Theme))
df <- df[df$Freq > 20,]
ggplot(df, aes(x=Var1, y=Freq, label=Freq)) +
  geom_bar(stat='identity', alpha=.5) +
  coord_flip() + geom_text(hjust=0)
```



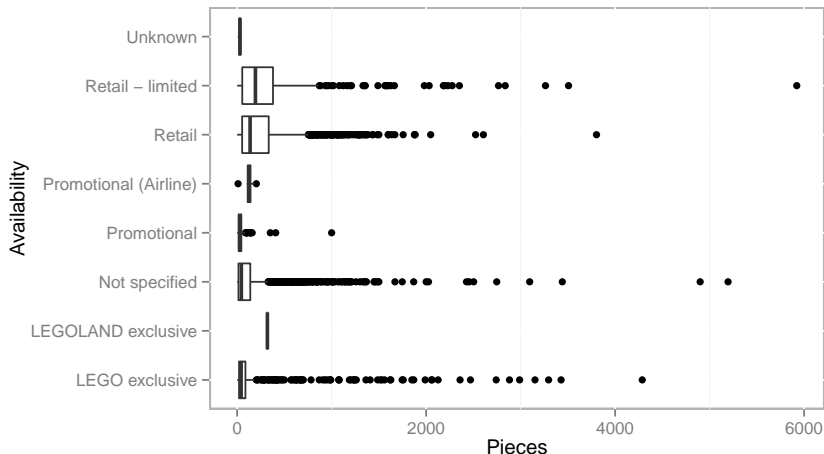
Boxplots

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Availability, Pieces)) +  
  geom_boxplot()
```



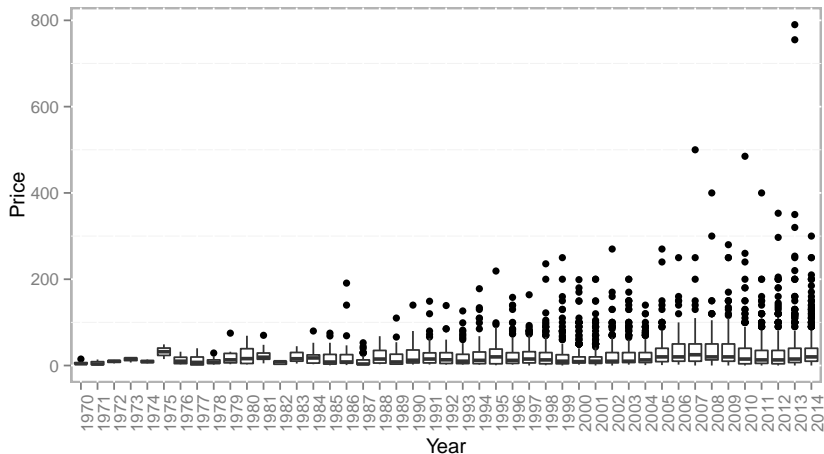
Boxplots Flipping Coordinates

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Availability, Pieces)) +  
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```



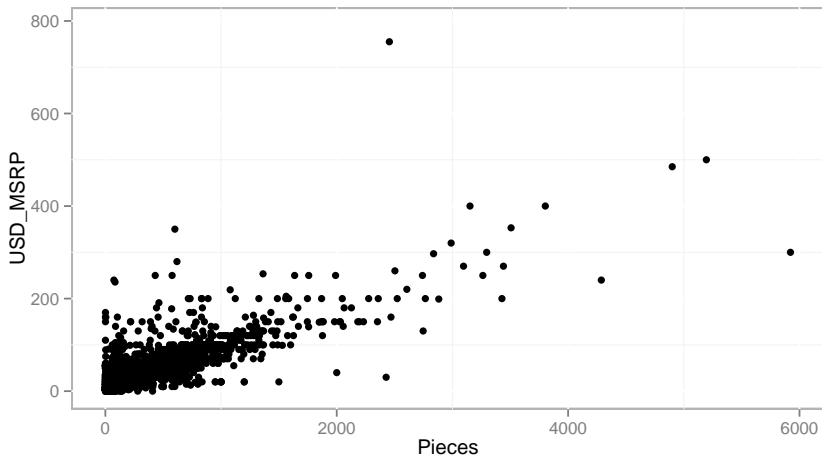
Boxplots for Longitudinal Data

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=factor(Year), y=USD_MSRP)) +  
  geom_boxplot() + theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=90,  
  xlab('Year') + ylab('Price'))
```



Scatterplots

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Pieces, y=USD_MSRP)) +  
  geom_point(alpha=.5)
```



Scatterplots with Loess Plots

```
ggplot(legosets, aes(x=Pieces, y=USD_MSRP)) +  
  geom_point(alpha=.5) + geom_smooth()
```

`## geom_smooth: method="auto" and size of largest group is`

