## **Math Practice Problems**

- 1. Find the derivative of the following functions:
  - a.  $y = 3x^9$
  - b.  $y = 5x^{-2}$
  - c.  $y = 5x + 5x^2$
- 2. If demand is given by

$$P = 80 - Q$$

what is marginal revenue?

3. If a firm's profit function is

$$\Pi = (80 - Q)Q - 10Q$$

what quantity will maximize the firm's profit?

4. Profit is

$$\Pi = TR(Q) - TC(Q)$$
.

What is  $d\Pi/dQ$ ?

5. If the production function is of the Cobb-Douglas form, we write

$$Q = AL^{\alpha}K^{1-\alpha}$$

where A and  $\alpha$  are constants.

What are the marginal products of labor (L) and capital (K)?

6. If demand is P = 50 - 2Q and total cost is  $TC = Q^2 - 10Q + 5$ , profit is

$$\Pi = (50 - 2Q)Q - Q^2 + 10Q - 5$$

- a. What value of Q will maximize profit?
- b. What is the profit maximizing price?
- c. What is the maximum profit?

- 7. If demand is P = 100 0.10Q, what value of Q will maximize total revenue? What will be the price and how much will total revenue be?
- 8. Suppose that the demand for football tickets to the Michigan-Ohio State game is

$$P = 50 - 0.00025Q$$

- a. What price will maximize total revenue?
- b. How many tickets will be sold?
- c. How much will total revenue be?
- 9. Suppose that short-run profit is

$$\Pi = PQ(L) - wL$$
.

and output as a function of labor is given by  $Q(L) = 2L^2$ Find the optimal value for L.