#### **Stata Textbook Examples**

Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach by Jeffrey M. Wooldridge (1st & 2nd eds.)

**Chapter 14 - Advanced Panel Data Methods** 

### Example 14.1: Effect of Job Training on Firm Scrap Rates

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/JTRAIN

```
iis fcode

可以直接用tsset fcode year即可。

tis year
```

#### xtreg lscrap d88 d89 grant grant\_1, fe

Fixed-effects Group variable		ression			of obs	= 162 = 54
	= 0.2010 n = 0.0079 L = 0.0068			Obs per	group: min avg max	= 3.0
corr(u_i, Xb)	= -0.0714			F(4,104) Prob > F		= 6.54 = 0.0001
lscrap	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf	. Interval]
d88 d89 grant grant_1 _cons	2472028 2523149	.150629 .2102	-1.86 -1.68 -2.01	0.066 0.097 0.047	5113797	.016974 .046388 0047551
	1.438982   .4977442   .89313867	(fraction	of variar	nce due to	u_i)	

Change in firm's scrap rate in 1989 if the training grant was received in 1988

Prob > F = 0.0000

display exp(\_b[grant\_1])-1

-.34399671

xtreg lscrap d88 d89 grant, fe

F test that all  $u_i=0$ : F(53, 104) = 24.66

Fixed-effects (within) regression

Group variable	e (i) : fcode			Number c	of groups =	54
	= 0.1701 $= 0.0189$ $= 0.0130$			Obs per	group: min = avg = max =	3.0
corr(u_i, Xb)	= -0.0109			F(3,105) Prob > F		7.18
lscrap	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
d89	0822141	.0999338	-4.27 -0.65	0.000 0.516	6251903	2288897 .1681424
	1.4283441 .50485773 .88894293	(fraction	of varian	ice due to	o u_i)	
F test that al	.l u_i=0:	F(53, 105)	= 23.9	0	Prob >	F = 0.0000

Number of obs

162

# Example 14.2: Has the Return to Education Changed Over Time

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/WAGEPAN

iis nr

tis year

gen edd81 = educ\*d81

gen edd82 = educ\*d82

gen edd83 = educ\*d83

gen edd84 = educ\*d84

gen edd85 = educ\*d85

gen edd86 = educ\*d86

### gen edd87 = educ\*d87

### xtreg lwage expersq union married d81-d87 edd81-edd87, fe

Fixed-effects Group variable	_	ression		Number Number	of obs = of groups =	4360 545
between	= 0.1814 $= 0.0211$ $= 0.0784$			Obs per	group: min = avg = max =	8 8.0 8
corr(u_i, Xb)	= -0.1732			F(17,37 Prob >	·	49.49
lwage	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
expersq	0060437	.0008633	-7.00	0.000	0077362	0043512
union	.0789759	.0193328	4.09	0.000	.0410722	.1168796
married	.0474337	.0183277	2.59	0.010	.0115006	.0833668
d81	.09842	.145999	0.67	0.500	187824	.384664
d82	.2472014	.1493785	1.65	0.098	0456685	.5400712
d83	.4088129	.1557146	2.63	0.009	.1035206	.7141052
d84	.6399246	.1652396	3.87	0.000	.3159577	.9638916
d85	.7729394	.1779911	4.34	0.000	.423972	1.121907
d86	.9699322	.1941747	5.00	0.000	.5892354	1.350629
d87	1.188776	.2135856	5.57	0.000	.7700229	1.60753
edd81	.0049906	.012222	0.41	0.683	0189718	.028953
edd82	.001651	.0123304	0.13	0.893	0225239	.0258259
edd83	0026621	.0125098	-0.21	0.831	0271886	.0218644
edd84	0098257	.0127593	-0.77	0.441	0348414	.01519
edd85	0092145	.0130721	-0.70	0.481	0348436	.0164146
edd86	0121382	.0134419	-0.90	0.367	0384922	.0142159
edd87	0157891	.013868	-1.14	0.255	0429785	.0114002
_cons	1.436283	.0192766 	74.51	0.000	1.398489	1.474076
	.39876324					
sigma_e	.35114511					
rho	.5632436	(fraction 	of variar	nce due t 	o u_i)	
F test that al	.l u_i=0:	F(544, 3798	) = 8	3.25	Prob > 1	F = 0.0000

### test edd81 edd82 edd83 edd84 edd85 edd86 edd87

- $(1) \quad edd81 = 0.0$
- (2) edd82 = 0.0
- (3) edd83 = 0.0
- (4) edd84 = 0.0

## Example 14.3: Effect of Job Training on Firm Scrap Rates

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/JTRAIN

#### iis fcode

### tis year

### xtreg lscrap d88 d89 grant grant\_1 lsales lemploy, fe

Fixed-effects Group variable		ression			of obs = of groups =	= 148 = 51
	= 0.2131 $= 0.0341$ $= 0.0004$			Obs per	group: min = avg = max =	2.9
corr(u_i, Xb)	= -0.2258			F(6,91) Prob > F		4.11 0.0011
lscrap	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf	Interval]
d89   grant   grant_1   lsales   lemploy   _cons   sigma_u   sigma_e	5355783 0868607 0763642 2.115513  1.4415147 .49149052	.1536863 .157086 .224206 .2596993 .3502912 3.108438	-0.86 -1.89 -2.39 -0.33 -0.22 0.68	0.739 0.828 0.498	4374715 6087866 9809359 6027214 7721747 -4.059017	.1730865 .0152777 0902207 .4290001 .6194462
rho	.89585684 	(fraction (	of varian	ice due to	ou_i) 	
F test that al	.l u_i=0:	F(50, 91) =	20.75	,	Prob >	F = 0.0000

# Example 14.4: Has the Return to Education Changed Over Time

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/WAGEPAN

iis nr

tis year

### reg lwage educ black hisp exper expersq married union d81-d87

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs =	4360
					F( 14, 4345)	= 72.46
Model	234.048277	14 16.7	177341		Prob > F	= 0.0000
Residual	1002.48136	4345 .230	720682		R-squared	= 0.1893
					Adj R-squared	= 0.1867
Total	1236.52964	4359 .283	672779		Root MSE	= .48033
lwage	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
educ	.0913498	.0052374	17.44	0.000	.0810819	.1016177
black	1392342	.0235796	-5.90	0.000	1854622	0930062
hisp	.0160195	.0207971	0.77	0.441	0247535	.0567925
exper	.0672345	.0136948	4.91	0.000	.0403856	.0940834
expersq	0024117	.00082	-2.94	0.003	0040192	0008042
married	.1082529	.0156894	6.90	0.000	.0774937	.1390122
union	.1824613	.0171568	10.63	0.000	.1488253	.2160973
d81	.05832	.0303536	1.92	0.055	0011886	.1178286
d82	.0627744	.0332141	1.89	0.059	0023421	.1278909
d83	.0620117	.0366601	1.69	0.091	0098608	.1338843
d84	.0904672	.0400907	2.26	0.024	.011869	.1690654
d85	.1092463	.0433525	2.52	0.012	.0242533	.1942393
d86	.1419596	.046423	3.06	0.002	.0509469	.2329723
d87	.1738334	.049433	3.52	0.000	.0769194	.2707474
_cons	.0920558	.0782701	1.18	0.240	0613935	.2455051

## xtreg lwage educ black hisp exper expersq married union, re

		3	Number of obs Number of groups	=	4360 545
R-sq:	within	= 0.1799	Obs per group: min	ı =	8
	between	= 0.1860	avg	r =	8.0
	overall	= 0 1830	may	· <u>-</u>	8

Random effects u\_i ~ Gaussian

 $corr(u_i, X) = 0 (assumed)$ 

		·				0.000
lwage	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P>   z	[95% Conf.	Interval]
educ		.0106597	8.62	0.000	.0709836	.1127689
black	1393767	.0477228	-2.92	0.003	2329117	0458417
hisp	.0217317	.0426063	0.51	0.610	0617751	.1052385
exper	.1057545	.0153668	6.88	0.000	.0756361	.1358729
expersq	0047239	.0006895	-6.85	0.000	0060753	0033726
married	.063986	.0167742	3.81	0.000	.0311091	.0968629
union	.1061344	.0178539	5.94	0.000	.0711415	.1411273
d81	.040462	.0246946	1.64	0.101	0079385	.0888626
d82	.0309212	.0323416	0.96	0.339	0324672	.0943096
d83	.0202806	.041582	0.49	0.626	0612186	.1017798
d84	.0431187	.0513163	0.84	0.401	0574595	.1436969
d85	.0578155	.0612323	0.94	0.345	0621977	.1778286
d86	.0919476	.0712293	1.29	0.197	0476592	.2315544
d87	.1349289	.0813135	1.66	0.097	0244427	.2943005
_cons	.0235864	.1506683	0.16	0.876	271718	.3188907
sigma_u	   .32460315					
_	.35099001					
rho	!	(fraction	of variar	nce due t	· ( 11 i )	
	•	,	0 = 101= = 011	ice dae e	20 a_± /	
xtreg lwage ex	kpersq married					
						4360
xtreg lwage ex Fixed-effects Group variable	(within) reg			Number		
Fixed-effects Group variable	(within) regree (i): nr			Number Number	of obs = of groups =	545
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within	(within) regular (i): nr = 0.1806			Number Number	of obs = of groups =	545 8
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between	(within) regree (i): nr = 0.1806 n = 0.0286			Number Number	of obs = of groups = group: min = avg =	545 8 8.0
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between	(within) regular (i): nr = 0.1806			Number Number	of obs = of groups =	545 8
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between	(within) regree (i): nr = 0.1806 n = 0.0286			Number Number Obs per	of obs = of groups = avg = max =	545 8 8.0
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between	(within) regree (i): nr = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888			Number Number Obs per	of obs = of groups = avg = max =	545 8 8.0 8
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall	(within) regree (i): nr = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888			Number Number Obs per	of obs = of groups = avg = max =	545 8 8.0 8
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall	(within) regree (i): nr = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888 = -0.1222	d union d81-	187, fe	Number Number Obs per  F(10,38 Prob >	of obs = of groups = avg = max =	545 8 8.0 8 83.85 0.0000
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall corr(u_i, Xb)	(within) regree (i): nr  = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888  = -0.1222    Coef.	d union d81-cression  Std. Err.	<b>187, fe</b>	Number Number Obs per  F(10,38 Prob >	of obs = of groups = avg = max = [95% Conf.	545 8 8.0 8 83.85 0.0000 Interval]
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall  corr(u_i, Xb)  lwage expersq	(within) regree (i): nr = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888 = -0.1222 Coef.	d union d81-cession  Std. Err.	<b>187, fe</b> t -7.36	Number Number Obs per  F(10,38 Prob >  P> t   0.000	of obs = of groups = avg = max = 05) = [95% Conf0065666	545 8 8.0 8 83.85 0.0000 Interval] 
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall  corr(u_i, Xb)  lwage expersq married	(within) regree (i): nr  = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888  = -0.1222    Coef. +	### distribution description  Std. Err.  .0007044 .0183104	t -7.36 2.55	Number Number Obs per  F(10,38 Prob >  P> t   0.000 0.011	of obs = of groups = avg = max = [95% Conf0065666 .0107811	545 8 8.0 8 83.85 0.0000 Interval] 0038044 .0825796
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall  corr(u_i, Xb)  lwage expersq married union	(within) regree (i): nr  = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888  = -0.1222  Coef0051855 .0466804 .0800019	Std. Err0007044 .0183104 .0193103	t -7.36 2.55 4.14	Number Number Obs per  F(10,38 Prob >  P> t   0.000 0.011 0.000	of obs = of groups = avg = max = (95% Conf.) = (95% Conf.) = (0065666) (.0107811) (.0421423)	545 8 8.0 8 83.85 0.0000 Interval] 0038044 .0825796 .1178614
Fixed-effects Group variable R-sq: within between overall  corr(u_i, Xb)  lwage expersq married	(within) regree (i): nr  = 0.1806 n = 0.0286 l = 0.0888  = -0.1222    Coef. +	tunion d81-0 ression  Std. Err0007044 .0183104 .0193103 .0219489	t -7.36 2.55	Number Number Obs per  F(10,38 Prob >  P> t   0.000 0.011	of obs = of groups = avg = max = [95% Conf0065666 .0107811	545 8 8.0 8 83.85 0.0000 Interval]  0038044 .0825796 .1178614 .194224

Wald chi2(14) = 957.77

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Prob > F = 0.0000

This page prepared by Oleksandr Talavera (revised 8 Nov 2002)

F test that all  $u_i=0$ : F(544, 3805) = 9.16

Send your questions/comments/suggestions to Kit Baum at baum@bc.edu
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