Stata Textbook Examples

Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach by Jeffrey M. Wooldridge (1st & 2d eds.)

Chapter 4 - Multiple Regression Analysis: Inference

Example 4.1: Hourly Wage Equation

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/WAGE1

reg lwage educ exper tenure

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs	
Model Residual	46.8741805 101.455581		247268 359351		F(3,522) Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= 0.0000 = 0.3160
Total	148.329762	525 .28	253288		Root MSE	= .44086
lwage	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
educ	.092029	.0073299	12.555	0.000	.0776292	.1064288
exper	.0041211	.0017233	2.391	0.017	.0007357	.0075065
tenure	.0220672	.0030936	7.133	0.000	.0159897	.0281448
cons	.2843595	.1041904	2.729	0.007	.0796755	.4890435

Inclease in log(wage) if experience increases by 3 years

display _b[exper]*3
.0123

Example 4.2: Student Performance and School Size

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/MEAP93

reg math10 totcomp staff enroll

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	408
	+			F(3, 404) =	7.70
Model	2422.93434	3	807.644779	Prob > F =	0.0001
Residual	42394.2462	404	104.936253	R-squared =	0.0541
	+			Adj R-squared =	0.0470
Total	44817.1805	407	110.115923	Root MSE =	10.244

math10	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
totcomp	.0004586	.0001004	4.570	0.000	.0002613	.0006559
staff	.0479199	.039814	1.204	0.229	0303487	.1261884
enroll	0001976	.0002152	-0.918	0.359	0006207	.0002255
_cons	2.274021	6.113794	0.372	0.710	-9.7448	14.29284

reg math10 ltotcomp lstaff lenroll

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs F(3, 404)	
Model Residual	2930.03231 41887.1482		.677437 3.68106		Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= 0.0000 = 0.0654
Total	44817.1805	407 110	.115923		Root MSE	= 10.182
math10	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
ltotcomp lstaff lenroll _cons	21.15498 3.979981 -1.268042 -207.6645	4.055549 4.189659 .6932037 48.70311	5.216 0.950 -1.829 -4.264	0.000 0.343 0.068 0.000	13.18237 -4.256274 -2.630778 -303.4077	29.1276 12.21624 .094695 -111.9213

Change in math10 if enrollment increases by 1 percent

display _b[lenrol]/100
-.013

Example 4.3: Determinants of College GPA

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/GPA1

reg colGPA hsGPA ACT skipped

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	141
	+			F(3, 137) = 1	3.92
Model	4.53313314	3	1.51104438	Prob > F = 0.	0000
Residual	14.8729663	137	.108561798	R-squared = 0.	2336
	+			Adj R -squared = 0.	2168
Total	19.4060994	140	.138614996	Root MSE $= .3$	2949

colGPA	Coef.	Std. Err.	t 	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
hsGPA ACT	.4118162 .0147202	.0936742 .0105649	4.396 1.393	0.000 0.166	.2265819 0061711	.5970505 .0356115
skipped	0831131	.0259985	-3.197	0.002	1345234	0317028
_cons	1.389554	.3315535	4.191	0.000	.7339295	2.045178

Example 4.4: Campus Crime and Enrollment

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/campus

reg lcrime lenroll

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs		97
Model Residual	107.083654 76.0358244		107.083654 .800377098		F(1, 95) Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= =	133.79 0.0000 0.5848 0.5804
Total	183.119479	96 1	1.90749457		Root MSE	=	.89464
lcrime	Coef.	Std. E1	 rr. t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Int	cerval]
lenroll _cons	1.26976 -6.63137	.10977		0.000	1.051827 -8.683206		. 487693 . 579533

T-statistics for testing the coefficient on lenrol equal to 1

```
scalar tvalue=(_b[lenrol]-1)/_se[lenrol]
```

scalar pvalue=ttail(120,tvalue)

display "T-value: " tvalue ", P=value: " pvalue

T-statistics: 2.45737, P=value: .00771259

test lenroll=1

$$(1)$$
 lenroll = 1.0

$$F(1, 95) = 6.04$$

 $Prob > F = 0.0158$

Example 4.5: Housing Prices and Air Pollution

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/HPRICE2

gen ldist=log(dist)

reg lprice lnox ldist rooms stratio

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs	
Model Residual	49.3987735 35.1834974		2.3496934 070226542		Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= 0.0000 = 0.5840
Total	84.5822709	505 .1	L67489645		Root MSE	= .265
lprice	Coef.	Std. Eri	c. t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
lnox ldist rooms stratio _cons	95354 1343401 .2545271 0524512 11.08387	.1167418 .0431032 .0185303 .0058972 .3181115	2 -3.11 3 13.73 L -8.89	7 0.002 6 0.000 4 0.000	-1.182904 2190255 .2181203 0640373 10.45887	7241762 0496548 .2909338 0408651 11.70886

Example 4.6: Participation Rates in 401K Plans

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/401K

reg prate mrate age totemp

Source	SS S	df	MS		Number of obs $F(3, 1530)$	
Model Residual	42666.5732 385718.966		4222.1911 52.103899		Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= 0.0000 = 0.0996
Total	428385.539	1533 2	79.442622		Root MSE	= 15.878
prate	Coef.	Std. Er	c. t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
mrate age	 5.441433 .2694073	.5244086		0.000	4.412797 .1808477	6.470068

totemp	0001298	.0000367	-3.535	0.000	0002018	0000578
_cons	80.29429	.7776952	103.246	0.000	78.76882	81.81975

Change in participation rate if total employment increases by 10,000

display _b[totemp]*10000
-1.2978125

Example 4.7: Effect of Job Training Grants on Firm Scrap Rates

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/JTRAIN

summ hrsemp sales employ

Variable	0bs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
hrsemp	390	14.96754	25.71064	0	163.9167
sales	373	6116327	7912603	110000	5.40e+07
employ	440	59.31591	74.12378	4	525

reg lscrap hrsemp lsales lemploy

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs	=	135
	+			-	F(3, 131)	=	4.66
Model	27.3075334	3	9.10251115	5	Prob > F	=	0.0040
Residual	256.148694	131	1.95533354	1	R-squared	=	0.0963
	+			-	Adj R-squared	=	0.0756
Total	283.456227	134	2.11534498	3	Root MSE	=	1.3983
lscrap	Coef.	Std.	Err.	t P> t	[95% Conf.	Int	cerval]

lscrap	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
hrsemp	0031172	.0045738	-0.682	0.497	0121651	.0059308
lsales	7265661	.2169671	-3.349	0.001	-1.155779	2973534
lemploy	.7457646	.2090992	3.567	0.001	.3321164	1.159413
_cons	8.800996	2.716819	3.239	0.002	3.42648	14.17551

Change in Firm Scrap Rates if training per employee increases by 1 hour

display _b[hrsemp]*1

-.00311716

Change in Firm Scrap Rates if training per employee increases by 5 hour

display _b[hrsemp]*5

-.01558579

Note: the textbook example is based on an undocumented subset of this dataset.

Example 4.8: Hedonic Price Model for Houses

Dataset is not available

Example 4.9: Parents Education in a Birth Weight Equation

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/BWGHT

reg bwght cigs parity faminc motheduc fatheduc

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs	=	1191
	+				F(5, 1185)	=	9.55
Model	18705.5567	5 3741	.11135		Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	464041.135	1185 391.	595895		R-squared	=	0.0387
	+				Adj R-squared	=	0.0347
Total	482746.692	1190 405.	669489		Root MSE	=	19.789
bwght	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	In	terval]
	+						
cigs	5959362	.1103479	-5.401	0.000	8124352		3794373
parity	1.787603	.6594055	2.711	0.007	.493871	3	.081336
faminc	.0560414	.0365616	1.533	0.126	0156913		1277742
motheduc	3704503	.3198551	-1.158	0.247	9979957		2570951
fatheduc	.4723944	.2826433	1.671	0.095	0821426	1	.026931
_cons	114.5243	3.728453	30.716	0.000	107.2092	1	21.8394

Test for joint significance of motheduc and fatheduc

test motheduc fatheduc

- (1) motheduc = 0.0
- (2) fatheduc = 0.0

$$F(2, 1185) = 1.44$$

 $Prob > F = 0.2380$

reg bwght cigs parity faminc if e(sample)

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs		1191
Model Residual	17579.8997 465166.792	3 1187	5859.96658 391.884408		F(3, 1187) Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= =	14.95 0.0000 0.0364 0.0340
Total	482746.692	1190	405.669489		Root MSE	=	19.796
bwght	Coef.	Std.	Err. t	P> t	[95% Conf.	In	terval]
bwght 	Coef. 5978519	Std. 1			[95% Conf. 		terval] 3844489
+			701 -5.50	0.000		 	
cigs	5978519	.1087	701 -5.50 402 2.79	0.000	8112549	 3	3844489
cigs parity	 5978519 1.832274	.1087	701 -5.50 402 2.79 938 2.07	0.000 0.005 0.039		 3	3844489 .122345

Example 4.10: Salary-Pension Tradeoff for Teachers

use http://fmwww.bc.edu/ec-p/data/wooldridge/MEAP93

reg lsalary bensal lenrol lstaff droprate gradrate

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs	=	408
	+				F(5, 402)	=	45.43
Model	3.49912092	5 .6998	324185		Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	6.19292056	402 .015	405275		R-squared	=	0.3610
	+				Adj R-squared	=	0.3531
Total	9.69204149	407 .02	381337		Root MSE	=	.12412
lsalary	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	In	terval]
	+						
bensal	5893175	.1648739	-3.574	0.000	9134402	:	2651948
lenroll	.0881206	.007324	12.032	0.000	.0737224	•	1025187
lstaff	2182771	.0499504	-4.370	0.000	3164737		1200806
droprate	0002826	.0016145	-0.175	0.861	0034565	. (0028913
gradrate	.0009674	.0006625	1.460	0.145	0003351	. (0022699
_cons	10.73846	.2582652	41.579	0.000	10.23074	1	1.24618
	•						

reg lsalary bensal lenrol lstaff

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs $F(3, 404)$	
Model Residual					Prob > F R-squared Adj R-squared	= 0.0000 = 0.3527
Total	9.69204149	407 .0	2381337		Root MSE	
lsalary	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
bensal lenroll lstaff _cons	6047698 .0873968 2220324 10.84383	.1653685 .0073462 .0500774 .2516434	-3.657 11.897 -4.434 43.092		3204773	2796797 .1018385 1235875 11.33853
reg lsalar	ry bensal	df			Number of obs	= 408

Source	SS	df	MS		Number of obs $=$	408
	+				F(1, 406) =	17.05
Model	.390608607	1 .390	608607		Prob > F =	0.0000
Residual	9.30143288	406 .022	909933		R-squared =	0.0403
	+				Adj R-squared =	0.0379
Total	9.69204149	407 .02	381337		Root MSE =	.15136
lsalary	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. I	nterval]
	+					
bensal	8253933	.199895	-4.129	0.000	-1.218352 -	.4324349
_cons	10.52318	.0415602	253.203	0.000	10.44148	10.60488

This page prepared by Oleksandr Talavera (revised 8 Nov 2002)

Send your questions/comments/suggestions to Kit Baum at baum@bc.edu These pages are maintained by the Faculty Micro Resource Center's GSA Program, a unit of Boston College Academic Technology Services