Homework 3 APPM 7400 Spr 2020 Theoretical ML

Theme: Rademacher complexity

Instructions Collaboration with your fellow students is OK and in fact recommended, although direct copying is not allowed. The internet is allowed for basic tasks (e.g., looking up definitions on wikipedia) but it is not permissible to search for proofs or to *post* requests for help on forums such as http://math.stackexchange.com/or to look at solution manuals. Please write down the names of the students that you worked with.

An arbitrary subset of these questions will be graded.

Reading You are responsible for reading chapter 3.1 (about Rademacher complexity) in Foundations of Machine Learning, 2nd edition, by Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, and Ameet Talwalkar (MIT Press, 2018, ISBN-13: 978-0262039406, \$50 on Amazon). The authors host a free PDF of the book at their website.

Problem 1: Let $\mathcal{H} = \{\mathbf{x} \mapsto \langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x} \rangle \mid \|\mathbf{w}\|_2 \leq 1\}$ be a set of linear classifiers. Let $S_x = (\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_m) \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be a collection of vectors, and define the Frobenius norm of this set as $\|S_x\|_F^2 = \sum_{i=1}^m \|\mathbf{x}_i\|_2^2$.

a) Show the (empirical) Rademacher complexity is bounded as follows:

$$\widehat{\mathfrak{R}}(\mathcal{H} \circ S_x) \leq \frac{1}{m} \mathbb{E}_{\sigma} \left\| \sum_{i=1}^m \sigma_i \mathbf{x}_i \right\|_2$$

b) Simplify the bound to the following:

$$\widehat{\mathfrak{R}}(\mathcal{H} \circ S_x) \le \frac{1}{m} \|S_x\|_F$$

(Hint: use Jensen's inequality)

c) Suppose \mathcal{D} is the multivariate normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(0, I_{n \times n})$ on \mathbb{R}^n . Building on your work from part (b), compute a bound on the (expected) Rademacher complexity $\mathfrak{R}_m(\mathcal{H}) = \mathbb{E}_{S_x \sim \mathcal{D}^m} \widehat{\mathfrak{R}}(\mathcal{H} \circ S_x)$.

Note: It is not straightforward to compute $\widehat{\mathfrak{R}}(\ell \circ \mathcal{H} \circ S_x)$ where ℓ is the 0-1 loss function composed with a thresholding function, since ℓ is not Lipschitz continuous.