PLSC 503: "Multivariate Analysis for Political Research" Exercise Three

February 17, 2018

Introduction

In this exercise, you'll use linear/matrix algebra software (that is, the matrix algebra operators in R and/or Stata's mata or matrix commands) to estimate a linear regression, and then cross-check those results using 1m or regress. The point is to demonstrate both a basic grasp of the software and your understanding of the matrix-algebra representation of the classical linear regression model. The data consist of the following:

Observation	Y	X_1	X_2	X_3
1	39	0.3	8	0
2	-18	0.1	111	1
3	13	0.7	79	1
4	19	1.1	13	1
5	6	0	91	0
6	-2	0.1	43	1
7	15	1.5	52	0
8	-11	0	98	1

Exercise

Using either the linear algebra functions in R or the mata/matrix commands in Stata, do the following:

- 1. Estimate the $\hat{\beta}$ s for the OLS equation $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{1i} + \beta_2 X_{2i} + \beta_3 X_{3i} + u_i$.
- 2. Calculate the predicted \hat{Y}_i s, and the estimated residuals (the \hat{u}_i s).
- 3. Calculate the estimated root mean squared error (RMSE), the R^2 , and the R^2_{adj} .
- 4. Calculate the standard errors of the estimated $\hat{\beta}$ s, as well as their covariances.
- 5. Calculate a t-test for the hypothesis that $\beta_2 = 0$.
- 6. Calculate an F-test for the joint hypothesis that $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$.
- 7. Calculate an F-test for the hypothesis that $\beta_1 = \beta_3$.
- 8. Check your results by entering the data into R (or Stata, etc.) and using the lm (or regress, etc.) command.

Be sure to include all code that you used to complete the various steps above.

This homework is worth 50 points, and will be due in electronic form (PDF format) at or before 5:00 p.m. EST on Friday, February 23, 2018.