Lab 1

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You should have RStudio installed to edit this file. You will write code in places marked "TO-DO" to complete the problems. Some of this will be a pure programming assignment. The tools for the solutions to these problems can be found in the class practice lectures. I want you to use the methods I taught you, not for you to google and come up with whatever works. You won't learn that way.

To "hand in" the homework, you should compile or publish this file into a PDF that includes output of your code. Once it's done, push by the deadline to your repository in a directory called "labs".

• Print out the numerical constant pi with ten digits after the decimal point using the internal constant pi.

```
options(digits=11)
pi
```

[1] 3.1415926536

• Sum up the first 100 terms of the series $1 + 1/2 + 1/4 + 1/8 + \dots$

```
sum(1 / 2<sup>(0:99)</sup>)
```

[1] 2

• Find the product of the first 20 terms of $1/3 * 1/6 * 1/9 * \dots$

```
prod(1 / seq(3, 60, by = 3))
```

[1] 1.1788275817e-28

• Find the product of the first 500 terms of 1 * 1/2 * 1/4 * 1/8 * ...

```
prod(1 / 2<sup>(0:499)</sup>)
```

[1] 0

Is this answer *exactly* correct?

NO - because of floating point error

• Figure out a means to express the answer more exactly. Not compute exactly, but express more exactly.

```
\exp(\sup(\log(1 / 2^{\circ}(0:499))))
## [1] 0
  • Create the sequence x = [Inf, 20, 18, \ldots, -20].
x = c(Inf, seq(from = 20, to = -20, by = -2))
х
                18
                                                   2
                                                          -2 -4 -6
                                                                      -8 -10 -12 -14
   [1] Inf 20
                             12
                                 10
                                       8
                                           6
                                               4
                                                       0
                     16
                         14
## [20] -16 -18 -20
Create the sequence x = [log_3(Inf), log_3(100), log_3(98), ... log_3(-20)].
x = log(c(Inf, seq(from = 100, to = -20, by = -2)), base = 3)
## Warning: NaNs produced
##
    [1]
                  Inf 4.19180654858 4.17341725189 4.15464876786 4.13548512895
    [6] 4.11590933734 4.09590327429 4.07544759936 4.05452163807 4.03310325630
## [11] 4.01116871959 3.98869253500 3.96564727304 3.94200336639 3.91772888179
## [16] 3.89278926071 3.86714702345 3.84076143031 3.81358809222 3.78557852143
## [21] 3.75667961083 3.72683302786 3.69597450568 3.66403300988 3.63092975357
## [26] 3.59657702662 3.56087679501 3.52371901429 3.48497958377 3.44451784579
## [31] 3.40217350273 3.35776278143 3.31107361282 3.26185950714 3.20983167673
## [36] 3.15464876786 3.09590327429 3.03310325630 2.96564727304 2.89278926071
## [41] 2.81358809222 2.72683302786 2.63092975357 2.52371901429 2.40217350273
## [46] 2.26185950714 2.09590327429 1.89278926071 1.63092975357 1.26185950714
## [51] 0.63092975357
                                -Inf
                                               NaN
                                                              NaN
                                                                            NaN
## [56]
                                 NaN
                                               NaN
                                                              NaN
                                                                            NaN
                  NaN
## [61]
                  NaN
                                 NaN
```

Comment on the appropriateness of the non-numeric values.

NaNs come from log of negative numbers $\log 3$ (-number) and Inf comes from $\log 3$ (Inf) and -Inf comes from $\log 3(0)$

• Create a vector of booleans where the entry is true if x[i] is positive and finite.

```
is_positive_real = (x > 0) & (x != Inf) & (!is.nan(x))
is_positive_real
##
    [1] FALSE
               TRUE
                     TRUE
                            TRUE
                                  TRUE
                                        TRUE
                                               TRUE
                                                     TRUE
                                                           TRUE
                                                                 TRUE
                                                                        TRUE
                                                                              TRUE
                     TRUE
                                                     TRUE
                                                           TRUE
                                                                        TRUE
                                                                              TRUE
  [13]
         TRUE
               TRUE
                            TRUE
                                  TRUE
                                        TRUE
                                               TRUE
                                                                 TRUE
   [25]
         TRUE
               TRUE
                     TRUE
                            TRUE
                                  TRUE
                                        TRUE
                                               TRUE
                                                     TRUE
                                                           TRUE
                                                                  TRUE
                                                                        TRUE
                                                                              TRUE
   [37]
                            TRUE
                                  TRUE
                                        TRUE
                                               TRUE
                                                     TRUE
                                                           TRUE
                                                                 TRUE
                                                                       TRUE
         TRUE
               TRUE
                     TRUE
                                                                              TRUE
## [49]
         TRUE
               TRUE
                     TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [61] FALSE FALSE
```

• Locate the indices of the non-numbers in this vector. Hint: use the which function.

```
which(!is_positive_real)
```

```
## [1] 1 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62
```

• Locate the indices of the infinite quantities in this vector. Hint: use the which function.

```
which(x == Inf | x == -Inf)
```

```
## [1] 1 52
```

• Locate the indices of the min and max in this vector. Hint: use the which.min and which.max functions.

```
y = x
y[is.infinite(y)] = NA
which.min(y)
```

[1] 51

```
which.max(y)
```

[1] 2

• Count the number of unique values in x.

```
length(unique(x))
```

[1] 53

• Cast x to a factor. Do the number of levels make sense?

factor(x)

```
##
   [1] Inf
                          4.19180654857877
                                             4.1734172518943
                                                               4.15464876785729
##
    [5] 4.13548512895119
                          4.11590933734319
                                             4.09590327428938
                                                               4.07544759935851
   [9] 4.05452163806914
                          4.03310325630434
                                             4.01116871959141
                                                               3.98869253500376
## [13] 3.96564727304425
                          3.94200336638929
                                             3.91772888178973
                                                               3.89278926071437
## [17] 3.86714702345081
                          3.84076143030548
                                             3.81358809221559
                                                               3.78557852142874
## [21] 3.75667961082847
                          3.72683302786084
                                             3.69597450568212
                                                               3.66403300987579
## [25] 3.63092975357146
                          3.59657702661571
                                                               3.52371901428583
                                             3.56087679500731
## [29] 3.48497958377173
                          3.44451784578705
                                             3.40217350273288
                                                               3.3577627814323
## [33] 3.31107361281783
                          3.26185950714291
                                             3.20983167673402
                                                               3.15464876785729
## [37] 3.09590327428938
                          3.03310325630434
                                             2.96564727304425
                                                               2.89278926071437
## [41] 2.8135880922156
                          2.72683302786084
                                             2.63092975357146
                                                               2.52371901428583
## [45] 2.40217350273288
                          2.26185950714291
                                             2.09590327428938
                                                               1.89278926071437
                          1.26185950714291
## [49] 1.63092975357146
                                             0.630929753571457 -Inf
## [53] NaN
                          NaN
                                             NaN
                                                               NaN
## [57] NaN
                          NaN
                                             NaN
                                                               NaN
## [61] NaN
                          NaN
## 53 Levels: -Inf 0.630929753571457 1.26185950714291 ... NaN
```

Casting x to a factor gave each unique number its own level, which does make sense because the numbers are different values, though the usefulness of having similar values be considered different levels would vary on the purpose.

• Cast x to integers. What do we learn about R's infinity representation in the integer data type?

They are converted to NA - they don't exist.

• Use x to create a new vector y containing only real numbers.

```
y <- x[is.finite(x)]

## [1] 4.19180654858 4.17341725189 4.15464876786 4.13548512895 4.11590933734

## [6] 4.09590327429 4.07544759936 4.05452163807 4.03310325630 4.01116871959

## [11] 3.98869253500 3.96564727304 3.94200336639 3.91772888179 3.89278926071

## [16] 3.86714702345 3.84076143031 3.81358809222 3.78557852143 3.75667961083

## [21] 3.72683302786 3.69597450568 3.66403300988 3.63092975357 3.59657702662

## [26] 3.56087679501 3.52371901429 3.48497958377 3.44451784579 3.40217350273

## [31] 3.35776278143 3.31107361282 3.26185950714 3.20983167673 3.15464876786

## [36] 3.09590327429 3.03310325630 2.96564727304 2.89278926071 2.81358809222

## [41] 2.72683302786 2.63092975357 2.52371901429 2.40217350273 2.26185950714

## [46] 2.09590327429 1.89278926071 1.63092975357 1.26185950714 0.63092975357
```

• Use the left rectangle method to numerically integrate x^2 from 0 to 1 with rectangle size 1e-6.

```
sum(seq(0, 1 - 1e-6, by = 1e-6)^2) * 1e-6
```

```
## [1] 0.33333283333
```

• Calculate the average of 100 realizations of standard Bernoullis in one line using the sample function.

```
mean(sample(c(0,1), size = 100, replace = TRUE))
```

```
## [1] 0.6
```

• Calculate the average of 500 realizations of Bernoullis with p=0.9 in one line using the sample function.

```
mean(sample(c(0,1), size = 500, replace = TRUE, prob = c(.1, .9)))
```

[1] 0.9

• In class we considered a variable x_3 which measured "criminality". We imagined L = 4 levels "none", "infraction", "misdimeanor" and "felony". Create a variable x3 here with 100 random elements (equally probable). Create it as a nominal (i.e. unordered) factor.

```
x_3 = factor(sample(1:4, 100, replace = TRUE), labels = c("none", "infraction", "misdimeanor", "felony"
x_3
```

```
##
     [1] infraction felony
                                misdimeanor felony
                                                        felony
                                                                    infraction
    [7] infraction felony
##
                                none
                                            none
                                                        felony
                                                                    infraction
##
    [13] misdimeanor felony
                                infraction infraction none
                                                                    none
   [19] infraction none
                                infraction infraction none
                                                                    infraction
##
   [25] infraction misdimeanor misdimeanor none
                                                        felony
                                                                    felony
   [31] misdimeanor infraction misdimeanor felony
                                                        misdimeanor none
##
   [37] felony
                                misdimeanor infraction felony
                    none
                                                                    felony
##
   [43] none
                    misdimeanor infraction none
                                                        misdimeanor none
   [49] misdimeanor infraction felony
##
                                            infraction felony
                                                                    infraction
                                                        none
   [55] misdimeanor felony
                                felony
                                            felony
                                                                    misdimeanor
##
   [61] infraction none
                                none
                                            misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor
   [67] felony
                    infraction infraction infraction misdimeanor
##
   [73] none
                    infraction none
                                            infraction infraction misdimeanor
##
   [79] felony
                    misdimeanor infraction infraction infraction infraction
  [85] infraction
                   infraction felony
                                            none
                                                        misdimeanor felony
   [91] infraction misdimeanor none
                                                        none
                                                                    misdimeanor
                                            none
   [97] none
                    misdimeanor felony
                                            none
## Levels: none infraction misdimeanor felony
```

• Use x_3 to create x_3_bin, a binary feature where 0 is no crime and 1 is any crime.

```
x_3_bin = as.numeric( x_3 != "none")
x_3_bin
```

• Use x_3 to create x_3_ord, an ordered, nominal factor variable. Ensure the proper ordinal ordering.

```
x_3_ord = sort(x_3)
x_3_ord
```

```
[1] none
##
                    none
                                none
                                            none
                                                        none
                                                                    none
##
    [7] none
                    none
                                            none
                                                        none
                                                                    none
                                none
##
    [13] none
                    none
                                none
                                            none
                                                        none
                                                                    none
##
   [19] none
                    none
                                none
                                            none
                                                        none
                                                                    infraction
   [25] infraction infraction
                                infraction
                                            infraction infraction
                                                                   infraction
   [31] infraction infraction infraction infraction infraction
```

```
## [37] infraction infraction infraction infraction infraction
##
   [43] infraction infraction infraction infraction infraction
##
  [49] infraction infraction infraction infraction infraction
  [55] infraction misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor
##
## [61] misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor
##
  [67] misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor
  [73] misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor misdimeanor
##
## [79] felony
                  felony
                            felony
                                       felony
                                                  felony
                                                            felony
##
   [85] felony
                  felony
                             felony
                                       felony
                                                  felony
                                                            felony
##
  [91] felony
                  felony
                             felony
                                       felony
                                                  felony
                                                            felony
## [97] felony
                  felony
                             felony
                                       felony
## Levels: none infraction misdimeanor felony
```