Practical Session Instructions

Stefano De Sabbata 24 October 2018

Libraries

This practical session will make use of the "Tidyverse" libraries. If not already installed, please install Tidyverse before cloning the repository, using the command below or via the $Tools > Install \ Packages$ menu in RStudio.

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

Markdown

The main tool used to create this reproducible lecture and practical on reproducibility is RMarkdown That is an R library that allows you to create scripts that mix the Markdown mark-up language and R, to create dynamic documents. RMarkdown script can be compiled, at which point, the Markdown notation is interpreted to create the output files, while the R code is executed and the output incorporated in the document.

The core Markdown notation used in this session is presented below and its interpretation when compiled is further below.

```
# Header 1
## Header 2
### Header 3
#### Header 4
##### Header 5
**bold**
*italics*
[This is a link to the University of Leicester] (http://le.ac.uk)
- Example list
    - Main folder
        - Analysis
        - Data
        - Utils
    - Other bullet poit
- And so on
    - and so forth
```

Header 1

Header 2

Header 3

Header 4

Header 5

bold italics

This is a link to the University of Leicester

- $\bullet \ \ {\bf Example \ list}$
 - Main folder
 - * Analysis
 - * Data
 - * Utils
 - Other bullet point
- And so on
 - and so forth

R Markdown

even

R code can be embedded in RMarkdown documents as in the example below. That will result in the code chunk be displayed within the document (as echo=TRUE is specified), followed by the output from the execution of the same code.

```
```{r, echo=TRUE}
for (i in 1:4) {
 if (i \% 2 == 0){
 cat("even \n")
 } else {
 cat("odd \n")
 }
}
for (i in 1:4) {
 if (i \% 2 == 0){
 cat("even \n")
 } else {
 cat("odd \n")
 }
}
odd
even
odd
```

# Part 1

To create an RMarkdown document in RStudio, select  $File > New\ File > R\ Markdown\ \dots$ . On the RMarkdown document creation menu, specify a title and your name as author, and select PDF as default output format. The new document should contain only the core document information, as in the example below.

```
title: "Practical Session Instructions" author: "Stefano De Sabbata" date: "24 October 2018" output: pdf_document
```

Copy the following text below the document information and the click on the Knit button on the bar above the editor panel (top-left area) in RStudio, on the left side. Check the resulting pdf document. Try add some of your own code (e.g., from previous practical sessions) and Markdown text, and compile the document again.

```
A nice heading
```

```
This is my first [RMarkdown](https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/) document.

The code below will print:
```

```
- "even"
 - if the number is even
- "odd"
 - otherwise

```{r, echo=TRUE}
for (i in 1:4) {
    if (i %% 2 == 0){
        cat("even \n")
    } else {
        cat("odd \n")
    }
}
```

Part 2

Repository

The term "repository" refers to the whole collection of code, data, and other files that compose a project, stored on a version-control system. This project is available on my GitHub ReproducibleResearch repository. Download the zipped repository from BlackBoard or GitHub, or clone the repository using *git* if you are familiar with the tool.

Once downloaded and un-zipped in a folder of your choice, observe the structure structure of the folder and sub-folders. The *Data* folders contains two scripts that will download some data in the same folder. A back-up version of those data can be found in the *Backup* folder. The *Analysis* folder contains a simple analysis of those data. The *Materials* section contains the lecture and practical session materials, and some

additional folders containing the IOSlides templates and the images. The *Utils* folder contains a script to update the git branch connected to the GitHub Pages for this project.

Build

The *Make.R* script in the main folder can be used to "build" all the scripts in the repository in the correct order. The *Make Clean.R* script can be used to delete all the files created by the *Make.R*.

Build the project by running the *Make.R* script. That can be done by loading the file in RStudio and clicking on the *Source* button on bar above the editor panel (top-left area) in RStudio, right side.

Alternatively, you can run the Make.R file using the command below from the RStudio console.

source('Make.R')

Part 3

Once the project has been built, the $Reproducible_analysis_in_R.pdf$ file will be available in the Analysis folder. Open the document, read and complete the exercise.