## STATS 202A Fall 2014 Homework 3

## **Output:**

Figure 1: A plot of alt2(n) versus n, for n ranging up to 1 million.

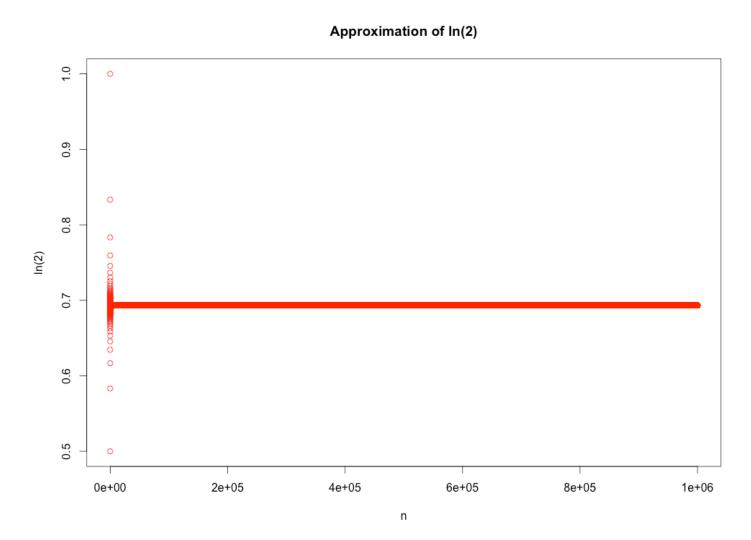
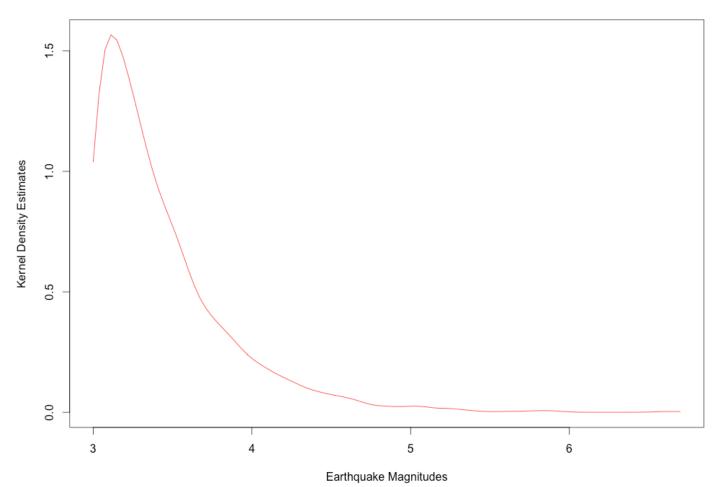


Figure 2: A plot of your kernel density estimates f^ (m1), f^ (m2), ..., f^ (m100) versus m.

## Kernel density Estimates vs Earthquake Magnitudes



## Code:

```
//Question 2:
//======
void kDensity (int *m, int *n, double *g, double *x, double *y, double *bw) {
  double a;
  for(int i=0; i<*m; i++) {
    a = 0.0;
    for(int j=0; j<*n; j++) {
      a += dnorm((x[j]-g[i]) / *bw, 0, 1, 0);
    y[i] = a/(*n * *bw);
  }
}
#Question 1:
system("R CMD SHLIB hw3.c")
dyn.load("hw3.so")
alt2 = function(n) {
      .C("alt2", as.integer(n), y = double(n))
result = alt2(1000000)
x = 1:1000000
plot(x,result$y,xlab="n",ylab="ln(2)",main="Approximation of ln(2)",col="red" )
#Question 2:
dataE = scan("SearchResults.txt", skip=3, nlines=2395, what="char")
dataMatrixE = matrix(dataE, ncol=12, byrow=T)
colNamesE = scan("SearchResults.txt", skip=2, nlines=1, what="char")
colnames(dataMatrixE) = colNamesE
mag_vec = as.numeric(as.vector(dataMatrixE[,'MAG']))
system("R CMD SHLIB hw3.c")
dyn.load("hw3.so")
kDensity = function(mag_vec) {
  bandwidth=bw.nrd(mag vec)
  gridPoints = seq(min(mag vec), max(mag vec), length=100)
  m = length(gridPoints)
  n = length(mag vec)
  .C("kDensity", as.integer(m), as.integer(n), g=as.double(gridPoints),
     as.double(mag_vec), y=double(m), as.double(bandwidth))
}
a = kDensity(mag vec)
plot(a$g,a$y,type="l",xlab="Earthquake Magnitudes",ylab="Kernel Density
Estimates", col="red", main="Kernel density Estimates vs Earthquake Magnitudes")
```