Workshop: High-performance computing for economists

Lars Vilhuber¹ John M. Abowd¹ Richard Mansfield¹ Kevin L. McKinney

¹Cornell University, Economics Department,

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What do you learn in a Ph.D. program?

What do you learn in a Ph.D. program? How to learn...

Goal of this class

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To open new doors, to be able to conceive of problems that you didn't think had a feasible solution.

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To broaden your knowledge about what you do NOT know

Day 1

Programming basics (Lars)

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- Subroutines: the example of function programming in R (Lars)

Structure of the class

Teaching...

We'll take you on a 4,000 m flight through topics...

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Teaching...

We'll take you on a 4,000 m flight through topics...

... and practice

... and then swoop in on some examples, leaving ample time to practice it.

Why does choosing editors matter?

The (applied) research process iterates through writing papers and doing estimation. You want to use the appropriate tools for each task.

Integrated or separate

- You can use native tools that come with each word processing facility/programming language/etc.
- Not all of them will have one.
- Not all of them will work on all platforms.
- ► You will likely use multiple tools

Choosing an editor

... or system

Separate editors and systems

- MS Word and math editor (Windows/OSX but compatibility issues)
- LibreOffice (Windows/OSX/Linux but not as good)
- NotePad++ (Windows)
- Gedit, (X)Emacs, Kate (Linux)
- ► ?? (OSX)

LATEX: all platforms, but some GUIs are not cross-platform, ease of use varies:

- TeXstudio (all platforms)
- TeXMaker (all platforms)
- Scientific Workplace (Windows, mythical Linux)
- TeXWorks+Miktex
- TEXnicCenter
- and (many more)

Choosing an editor

... or system

Integrating programming and running

- ▶ IDE (Eclipse, ActiveState Komodo, etc.)
- Native programming GUIs (SAS, Matlab, Stata)
- Gedit, (X)Emacs (with add-on functionality)

Integrating programs and text/results

- SWeave (integrates LATEX and R)
- RStudio (GUI to R and SWeave)
- StatRep (Integrated SAS) and LATEX, Source 1, Source 2)

Easy...

Listing 1: mystuff.sas

```
data "C:\Users\Me\CensusChina.sas7bdat";
    set "C:\Users\Me\CensusChina.sas7bdat";
    earn=log(earn);
run;
proc reg data="C:\Users\Me\CensusChina.sas7bdat";
model earn = sex education experience;
run:
```

What can possibly be wrong about that?

Easier...

Listing 2: mystuff.do

```
use "C:\ Users\Me\ CensusChina. dta"
```

- 2 replace earn=log(earn)
- 3 regress earn sex education experience
- 4 save, replace

What can possibly be wrong about that?

Actually...

Everything!

- ▶ Name of program: uninformative
- Destruction of original data: program cannot be re-run for same results
- No portability: cannot be run anywhere else
- No explanation: why are we doing this?

But of course, nobody does that, right?

Better...?

Listing 3: china-regression.sas

```
data logCensusChina;
    set "C:\Users\Me\CensusChina.sas7bdat";
earn=log(earn);
run;
proc reg data=logCensusChina;
model earn = sex education experience;
run;
```

Better...?

Listing 4: china-regression.sas

```
data logCensusChina;
    set "C:\Users\Me\CensusChina.sas7bdat";
    earn=log(earn);
    run;
    proc reg data=logCensusChina;
    model earn = sex education experience;
    run;
```

Somewhat...

Addressing these issues

- Naming of programs: here
- ▶ Commenting: here
- Versioning: up next
- Portability and Data management: tomorrow

Key notions about naming

Think of yourself as highly amnesiac...

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- The research paper you are writing now will be submitted, rejected, worked on, questioned...
- ... by others and yourself
- ... in intervals of weeks, months, years...
- Your future research assistant and the future YOU will need to understand how to go through it.

Naming

The really bad

mystuff.R read.R version2.R ols.sas

The really bad

mystuff.R read.R version2.R ols.sas

The bad

readCensus.R readBLS.R prepareCensus.R runOLS.sas

Better

```
01_readBLS.R
02_readCensus.R
03_prepareCensus.R
04_create_analysis_data.R
05_runOLS.sas
```

Better

```
01_readBLS.R
02_readCensus.R
03_prepareCensus.R
04_create_analysis_data.R
05_runOLS.sas
```

Even better

```
01_01_readBLS.R
02_01_readCensus.R
02_02_prepareCensus.R
03_01_create_analysis_data.R
04_01_runOLS.sas
README.txt
```

Going overboard?

```
icf/ctrlprogs/control_icf.sas
icf/ctrlprogs/parameters_icf.sas
icf/library/macros/icf_cleanup.sas
icf/library/macros/icf_impute_county_res.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_findnum.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_proxy.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_stars1.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_tgrlatlongs.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/01_icfqa.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/01_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/02_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/02_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/03_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/03_icf.sas
[snip]
icf/library/sasprogs/19_icf.sas
```

Going overboard?

```
icf/ctrlprogs/control_icf.sas
icf/ctrlprogs/parameters_icf.sas
icf/library/macros/icf_cleanup.sas
icf/library/macros/icf_impute_county_res.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_findnum.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_proxy.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_stars1.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_tgrlatlongs.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/01_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/01_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/02_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/02_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/03_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/03_icf.sas
[snip]
icf/library/sasprogs/19_icf.sas
ehf/ctrlprogs/control_ehf.sas
ehf/library/macros/read_bls.sas
ehf/library/sasprogs/01_ehf.sas
[snip]
```

With minor modification

```
icf/ctrlprogs/control_icf.sas
icf/ctrlprogs/parameters_icf.sas
icf/library/macros/icf_cleanup.sas
icf/library/macros/icf_impute_county_res.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_findnum.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_proxy.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_stars1.sas
icf/library/macros/licf_tgrlatlongs.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/01_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/02_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/03_icf.sas
[snip]
icf/library/sasprogs/19_icf.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/01_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/02_icfga.sas
icf/library/sasprogs/03_icfqa.sas
```

Can you figure out in what sequence to run them?

Basic Linux, basic scripting

Linux

- used on most compute clusters
- used on very few desktop computers
- ▶ but...

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Bash

- bash is a "shell" a text interface command interpreter
- bash or ksh (Korn shell) or csh (C-shell) are the most common
- bash is available on Linux and

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- bash is available on Linux and OSX
- you can also download Cygwin, getting bash for Windows

Why worry?

You will end up doing something on the command line

Launch a program from a compute-cluster job

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You will end up doing something on the command line

- Launch a program from a compute-cluster job
- Launch a job submission

Why worry?

You will end up doing something on the command line

- Launch a program from a compute-cluster job
- ► Launch a job submission
- Basic scripting

Linux in 2 minutes

- Is will list the contents of a directory
- cd will "change directory"
- cd .. (note the spaces) will go up a directory
- cd (name) will go into the directory (name)
- rm (name) will delete
- mkdir (name) will create a directory called (name)
- vi (name) will open a venerable command line editor for file (name)

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Basic scripting in Linux

A basic loop on the command line

```
1 | for i in 1 3 7 99 | do | echo $i | done | for (( i; i < 10; i++ )) | do | echo $i | done | for (( i done | don
```

Source: [1]

Capturing output

You can capture the output from a command

```
> seq 1 3
1
2
3
Now let's use that:
for i in $(seq 1 3)
do
    echo $i
done
```

Basic scripting in Linux

Use for practical things

Remember that ICF program sequence? How would we go about starting 19 programs in sequence?

```
for program in $(ls *_icf.sas)
do
    sas $program
done
```

Advanced linux in 2 minutes

The gateway to everything

man

or try http://www.linuxmanpages.com or http://linux.die.net/man/

The toolkit

- sed
- grep
- awk
- regex (regular expressions)

Advanced scripting in Linux

Use for practical things

What if I'm running 100s of programs, and trying to figure out if any of them have errors?

```
for logfiles in $(ls *_icf.log)
do
  grep ERROR $logfiles
done
```

Now let's try it out

Next section

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