Reactive apps with shiny

2019-08-29

UI Server

```
sliderInput(
   inputId = "alpha",
   label = "Alpha:",
   min = 0,
   max = 1,
   value = 0.5
)
ggplot(...) +
   geom_point(alpha = input$alpha)
```

Inputs are reactive

```
# in server <- function(input, output) {}
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
    ggplot(
        data = movies,
        aes_string(x = input$x, y = input$y, color = input$z)
    ) +
    geom_point(alpha = input$alpha)
})</pre>
```

Inputs are reactive

```
# in server <- function(input, output) {}
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
    ggplot(
        data = movies,
        aes_string(x = input$x, y = input$y, color = input$z)
    ) +
        geom_point(alpha = input$alpha)
})</pre>
```

When the user changes the alpha slider, input\$alpha changes.

Reactivity

Shiny watches reactive objects like input\$alpha

Reactivity

Shiny watches reactive objects like input\$alpha

Shiny caches and updates reactives

Reactivity

Shiny watches reactive objects like input\$alpha

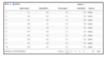
Shiny caches and updates reactives

render*() functions are reactive contexts

Render functions

Outputs - render*() and *Output() functions work together to add R output to the UI

works



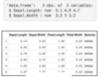
DT::renderDataTable(expr, options, callback, escape, env, quoted)



renderImage(expr, env, quoted,
 deleteFile)



renderPlot(expr, width, height, res, ..., env, quoted, func)



foo



renderPrint(expr, env, quoted, func, width)

renderTable(expr,..., env, quoted, func)

renderText(expr, env, quoted, func)

renderUI(expr, env, quoted, func)

dataTableOutput(outputId, icon, ...)

imageOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, inline, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId)

plotOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, inline, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId)

verbatimTextOutput(outputId)

tableOutput(outputId)

textOutput(outputId, container, inline)

uiOutput(outputId, inline, container, ...)
htmlOutput(outputId, inline, container, ...)

Your Turn 1

Start with movies_05.R

Add a new slider to the UI to select size of the points from 0 to 5

Add the value to geom_point()

Run the app and update the points

Your Turn 1 (solutions in movies_06.R)

```
sliderInput(
  inputId = "size",
  label = "Size:",
  min = 0,
  max = 5,
  value = 2
)
```

```
ggplot(...) +
  geom_point(alpha = input$alpha, size = input$size)
```

```
checkboxGroupInput(
   inputId = "selected_type",
   label = "Select movie type(s)",
   choices = c("Documentary", "Feature Film", "TV Movie"),
   selected = "Feature Film"
)
```

```
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(
    movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type
  )
})</pre>
```

```
movies_subset <- reactive({
    req(input$selected_type)
    filter(
       movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type
    )
})</pre>
```

```
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(
      movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type
   )
})</pre>
```

```
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(
    movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type
   )
})
movies_subset()</pre>
```

```
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(
     movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type
   )
})
movies_subset()
movies_subset()$title_type</pre>
```

```
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
    ggplot(
        data = movies_subset(),
        aes_string(...),
    ) +
    ...
})</pre>
```

```
# in mainPanel()
uiOutput("n")
```

```
# in server
output$n <- renderUI({</pre>
  types <- movies_subset()$title_type %>%
    factor(levels = input$selected_type)
  counts <- table(types)</pre>
  HTML (
    paste(
      "There are",
      counts,
      input$selected_type,
      "movies in this dataset. <br>"
```

```
# in mainPanel()
uiOutput("n")
# in server
output$n <- renderUI({
  types <- movies_subset()$title_type %>%
    factor(levels = input$selected_type)
  counts <- table(types)</pre>
  HTML (
    paste(
      "There are",
      counts,
      input$selected_type,
      "movies in this dataset. <br>"
```

```
# in mainPanel()
uiOutput("n")
# in server
output$n <- renderUI({</pre>
  types <- movies_subset()$title_type %>%
    factor(levels = input$selected_type)
  counts <- table(types)</pre>
  HTML (
    paste(
      "There are",
      counts,
      input$selected_type,
      "movies in this dataset. <br>"
```

Open movies-07.R

Your Turn 2

Update the data table to use the reactive version of the data

Run the app

Your Turn 2 (solution: movies-08.R)

```
# in server
output$moviestable <- DT::renderDataTable({
   DT::datatable(
        data = movies_subset()[, 1:7],
        options = list(pageLength = 10),
        rownames = FALSE
   )
})</pre>
```

Your Turn 3

Create a new reactive data set called movies_sample. Require input\$n_samp. Return a sample of movies_subset() with sample_n()

Use movies_sample() as the data for your plot, table, and UI outputs.

Create the corresponding UI input for input\$n_samp with numericInput(): set min to 1 and max to nrows(movies). Set the default value to 50.

Run the app

Your Turn 3 (solution: movies-09.R)

```
# in ui
numericInput(
  inputId = "n_samp",
  label = "Sample size:",
  min = 1, max = nrow(movies),
  value = 50
)
```

```
# in server
movies_sample <- reactive({
   req(input$n_samp)
   sample_n(movies_subset(), input$n_samp)
})</pre>
```

Your Turn 4

movies-10.R tries to add a dynamic plot title, but it doesn't work. Fix it using reactive().

Your Turn 4 (solution: movies-11.R)

```
# in server
pretty plot title <- reactive({</pre>
  str_to_title(input$plot_title)
})
# in server
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({</pre>
  ggplot(...) +
    labs(
      title = pretty_plot_title()
})
```

Show of hands

Does updating the title update the data sample?

```
# in server
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
movies_sample <- reactive({
  req(input$n_samp)
  sample_n(movies_subset(), input$n_samp)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
pretty_plot_title <- reactive({
   str_to_title(input$plot_title)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
movies_sample <- reactive({
   req(input$n_samp)
   sample_n(movies_subset(), input$n_samp)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
pretty_plot_title <- reactive({
   str_to_title(input$plot_title)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
movies_sample <- reactive({
   req(input$n_samp)
   sample_n(movies_subset(), input$n_samp)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
pretty_plot_title <- reactive({
   str_to_title(input$plot_title)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
movies_subset <- reactive({
   req(input$selected_type)
   filter(movies, title_type %in% input$selected_type)
})

# in server
movies_sample <- reactive({
   req(input$n_samp)
    sample_n(movies_subset(), input$n_samp)
})</pre>
```

```
# in server
pretty_plot_title <- reactive({
    str_to_title(input$plot_title)
})</pre>
```

Resources

Shiny Website: A collection of articles on Shiny

Mastering Shiny: A Work-in-progress book from Hadley Wickham