1.3 Meet R - R Practice

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Getting Set Up

Before we begin, start a new file with File \rightarrow New File \rightarrow R Script. As you work through this sheet in the console in R, also add (copy/paste) your commands that work into this new file. At the end, save it, and run to execute all of your commands at once.

Creating Objects

1.

a. Create a vector called **me** with two objects, your first name, and your last name. b. Call the vector to inspect it. c. Confirm it is a character class vector.

- 2. Use R's help functions to determine what the paste() function does. Then paste together your name from me.
- 3. Create a vector called my_vector with all the even integers from 2 to 10.
- 4. Find the mean of x with mean().
- 5. Add up all the numbers from 18 to 763, then get the mean

Playing with Data

For the following questions, we will the diamonds dataset, included as part of ggplot2.

- 6. Install ggplot2.
- 7. Load ggplot2 with the library() command.
- 8. Get the structure of the diamonds data frame. What are the different variables and what kind of data does each contain?
- 9. Get summary statistics separately for carat, depth, table, and price.
- 10. color, cut, and clarity are categorical variables (factors). Use the table() command to generate frequency tables for each.
- 11. Now rerun the summary() command on the entire data frame.
- 12. Now look only at (subset) the first 4 diamonds in the dataset.
- 13. Now look only at (subset) the third and seventh diamond in the dataset.
- 14. Now look only at (subset) the second column of the dataset.
- 15. Do this again, but look using the \$ to pull up the second column by name.
- 16. Now look only at diamonds that have a carat greater than or equal to 1.
- 17. Now look only at diamonds that have a VVS1 clarity.
- 17. Now look only at dimaonds that have a color of E, F, I, and J.
- 18. Now look only at diamonds that have a carat greater than or equal to 1 and a VVS1 clarity.
- 19. Get the average price of diamonds in question 18.
- 20. What is the highest price for a diamond with a 1.0 carat, D color, and VVS1 clarity?

Execute your R Script

Save the R Script you created at the beginning and (hopefully) have been pasting all of your valid commands to. This creates a .R file wherever you choose to save it to. Now looking at the file in the upper left pane of R Studio look for the button in the upper right corner that says Run. Sit back and watch R redo everything you've carefully worked on, all at once.

¹Hints: use your subset command as an argument to the mean function. You will not need a comma here because you are looking for a single row.