STAC32: Applications of Statistical Methods

Lecture notes

Numerical summaries: more detailed

Section 1

Numerical summaries: more detailed

Summarizing data in R

- Have seen summary (5-number summary of each column). But what if we want:
 - a summary or two of just one column
 - a count of observations in each category of a categorical variable
 - summaries by group
 - a different summary of all columns (eg. SD)
- To do this, meet pipe operator %>%. This takes input data frame, does something to it, and outputs result. (Learn: Ctrl-Shift-M.)
- Output from a pipe can be used as input to something else, so can have a sequence of pipes.
- Summaries include: mean, median, min, max, sd, IQR, quantile (for obtaining quartiles or any percentile), n (for counting observations).
- Use our Australian athletes data again.

Packages for this section

library(tidyverse)

View(athletes)

Summarizing one column

Mean height:

```
athletes %>% summarize(m=mean(Ht))
```

m 180.104

or to get mean and SD of BMI:

m s 22.95589 2.863933

Quartiles

• quantile calculates percentiles ("fractiles"), so we want the 25th and 75th percentiles:

```
athletes %>% summarize( Q1=quantile(Wt, 0.25), Q3=quantile(Wt, 0.75))
```

Q1	Q3		
66.525	84.125		

Creating new columns

- These weights are in kilograms. Maybe we want to summarize the weights in pounds.
- Convert kg to lb by multiplying by 2.2.
- Create new column and summarize that:

```
athletes %>% mutate(wt_lb=Wt*2.2) %>% summarize(Q1_lb=quantile(wt_lb, 0.25), Q3_lb=quantile(wt_lb, 0.75))
```

Q1_lb	Q3_lb
146.355	185.075

Counting how many

for example, number of athletes in each sport:

athletes %>% count(Sport)

Sport	n
BBall	25
Field	19
Gym	4
Netball	23
Row	37
Swim	22
T400m	29
Tennis	11
TSprnt	15
WPolo	17

Counting how many, variation 2:

Another way (which will make sense in a moment):

```
athletes %>% group_by(Sport) %>%
summarize(count=n())
```

`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argumen

Sport	count
BBall	25
Field	19
Gym	4
Netball	23
Row	37
Swim	22
T400m	29
Tennis	11
TSprnt	15
WPolo	17

Summaries by group

 Might want separate summaries for each "group", eg. mean and SD of height for males and females. Strategy is group_by (to define the groups) and then summarize:

```
athletes %>% group_by(Sex) %>%
summarize(m=mean(Ht), s=sd(Ht))
```

Sex	m	S
emale	174.5940	8.242203
nale	185.5059	7.903487

If you want number of observations per group plus some stats, you need to go the ${\tt n()}$ way:

Summarizing several columns

Standard deviation of each (numeric) column:

```
athletes %>% summarize if(is.numeric, sd)
```

RCC	WCC	Нс	Hg	Ferr	BMI	SSF
0.4579764	1.800549	3.662989	1.362451	47.50124	2.863933	32.56533

Median and IQR of all columns whose name starts with H:

Hc_med	Hg_med	Ht_med	Hc_iqr	Hg_iqr	Ht_iqr
43.5	14.7	179.7	4.975	2.075	12.175