# Syllabus for Quantitative Political Analysis

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Individuals working in the public and private sectors are often tasked with analyzing quantitative data or making use of analyses performed by others. The purpose of this course is to expand and improve significantly participants' ability to perform quantitative analyses of political science data and, further, to better evaluate the use of quantitative research results. Several advanced statistical and analytic techniques will be introduced and applied to research questions from political science. Participants will leave the course with the ability to better assess published research, better perform their own analyses of quantitative data, and better describe and understand the results of such analyses.

Among others, the course will discuss the following techniques and topics:

- Linear regression analysis
- Interpretation of interactions in regression models
- Regression with binary, categorical, and count outcomes
- Analysis of data gathered over time and across geographies
- Research design for causal inference
- Using Stata for statistical analysis

In addition, topics such as hypothesis generation and research design will be discussed throughout the course. The course does not have a unified theoretical or empirical focus, but we will touch upon and read empirical literature from most areas of political science including comparative politics, public administration, and international relations.

Each week, the course will consist of two sessions:

- Lecture
- Hands-on lab session

### 1 Objectives

The learning objectives for the course are as follows. By the end of the course, students should be able to:

- 1. Describe politically relevant research questions and hypotheses
- 2. Evaluate and deduce observable implications from political science theories
- 3. Explain statistical procedures and their appropriate usages
- 4. Apply statistical procedures to relevant research problems
- 5. Synthesize results from statistical analyses into well-written and well-structured essays
- 6. Demonstrate how to use Stata for statistical analysis

### 2 Exam and Weekly Assignments

### 2.1 Exam (Only for MA/Kandidater)

The final exam is a seven-day written assignment analyzing a topic outlined by the instructors using quantitative data. In addition, the students must write four essays during the course on topics defined by the instructors as a prerequisite for the exam

The essays (3-5 pages) must be written in English and are due via email to the appropriate instructor at 12:00 on the dates listed below. The students will receive feedback on the essays and they must all be approved before taking the final exam.

- 1. Essay 1 due February 27 to David
- 2. Essay 2 due March 20 to Thomas
- 3. Essay 3 due April 10 to David
- 4. Essay 4 due May 1 to Thomas

#### 2.2 For PhD Students

Students can choose from the following course elements:

- 1. "Regression with Matrices and MLE" (1 essay, 2 ECTS)
- 2. Sessions 1–5 (1 essay, 7 ECTS)
- 3. Sessions 1–5, plus one additional session (2 essays, 9 ECTS)
- 4. Sessions 1–5, plus two additional sessions (3 essays, 11 ECTS)
- 5. Sessions 1–5, plus three additional sessions (3 essays, 12 ECTS)
- 6. Entire course (4 essays, 15 ECTS)

PhD students must notify the course instructors of their choice by the end of Session 5.

#### 3 Reading Material

The assigned material for the course includes about 2400 pages including several textbooks and empirical research articles, all of which are available online or in the printed course packet. All readings should be completed for the day they are described. There is reading assigned on the first day. The textbooks for the course are as follows:

PhD students are additionally required to obtain:

#### Course Website 4

All information about the course will be posted on Blackboard. Any changes to the syllabus or additional notes will be made available there.

#### 5 Schedule

The general schedule for the course is as follows. Details on topics covered and the readings for each week are provided on the following pages.

- 5.1 Introduction and Research Design (Week 6)
- 5.2 Research Design for Causal Inference (Week 7)
- 5.3 Ordinary Least Squares Regression (Week 8)
- 5.4 Ordinary Least Squares Regression II (Week 9)
- 5.5 Practical Data Issues (Week 10)
- 5.6 Research Designs for Causal Inference (Week 11)
- 5.7 Panel Analysis for Continuous Outcomes (Week 12)
- 5.8 Multi-level Modeling (Week 13)
- 5.9 Maximum Likelihood Estimation (Week 14 or 15)
- 5.10 Generalized Linear Models (Week 17)
- 5.11 GLMs for Ordered, Multinomial, and Count Outcomes (Week 18)
- 5.12 Survival and Duration Analysis (Week 19)
- 5.13 Panel Analysis for Discrete Outcomes (Week 20)
- 5.14 Conclusion and Wrap-up (Week 21)

### 5.1 Introduction and Research Design (Week 6)

What topics will we cover in this course? How do we think about causality for the purposes of research design? How can experiments help us understand causal relationships?

Instructor: Thomas

#### Lecture

- Course overview
  - Readings and textbooks
  - Exam
  - Four essays
  - Plan for the course
- Asking good research questions
- Research design
- Philosophies of causality
- Experiments and matching

#### Readings

- Angrist and Pischke, Ch. 2.

See Also:

#### Lab

• Basics in Stata

#### Readings for lab

– Sønderskov, Ch. 1–3.

# 5.2 Research Design for Causal Inference (Week 7)

 $motivating\ puzzles$ 

Instructor: David

### Lecture

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### Readings

 $See\ Also:$ 

#### Lab

• Further basics in Stata

### Readings for lab

– Sønderskov, Ch. 4–6.

### 5.3 Ordinary Least Squares Regression (Week 8)

How do we estimate causal effects using regression analysis? How do we interpret linear regression coefficients for different types of variables? What do goodness-of-fit measures tell us?

Instructor: Thomas

#### Lecture

- OLS method
- ullet Interpretation of coefficients
- Standard errors, t-tests, and p-values
- Goodness-of-fit measures

#### Readings

See Also:

#### Lab

- OLS in Stata
- Reporting regression results

#### Readings for lab

– Sønderskov, Ch. 8–9.

### 5.4 Ordinary Least Squares Regression II (Week 9)

How do state and test hypotheses about heterogeneous effects? How do we interpret those effects in OLS interaction terms? When do we need to estimate alternative standard errors for OLS estimates?

Instructor: David

#### Lecture

- Effect heterogeneity and interaction terms
- Standard errors
- Heteroskedasticity
- Clustered standard errors

#### Readings

- Angrist and Pischke, 293-315.

See Also:

#### Lab

- Estimating and interpreting interaction terms
- Heteroskedasticity-consistent standard errors
- Clustered standard errors
- Stata factor variables
- The margins command

#### Readings for lab

- Sønderskov, Ch. 10.

### 5.5 Practical Data Issues (Week 10)

Instructor: Thomas

#### Lecture

- Multivariate scaling and reliability
- ullet Variable transformations
- Missing data, case deletion, and imputation

### Readings

See Also:

#### Lab

- Scaling and reliability
- $\bullet$  Variable transformations and regression interpretation
- Missing data imputation

# 5.6 Research Designs for Causal Inference (Week 11)

Instructor: Thomas

### Lecture

- $\bullet$  Instrumental Variables
- Regression Discontinuity Designs
- Difference-in-Differences

### Readings

See Also:

#### Lab

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# 5.7 Panel Analysis for Continuous Outcomes (Week 12)

Instructor: David

#### Lecture

- Difference-in-differences, continued
- First-differences and fixed effects

### Readings

See Also:

### Lab

- Data in "wide" and "long" formats
- Panel regression

# 5.8 Multi-level Modeling (Week 13)

Instructor: David

### Lecture

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# Readings

See Also:

### Lab

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# 5.9 Maximum Likelihood Estimation (Week 14 or 15)

Instructor: David

### Lecture

- Maximum Likelihood Estimation
- $\bullet$  Generalized Linear Models
- ullet Logistic regression

### Readings

See Also:

#### Lab

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No class (Week 16)

## 5.10 Generalized Linear Models (Week 17)

Instructor: Thomas

#### Lecture

- Logit versus Probit
- $\bullet$  Heterogeneous effects and interaction terms
- Interpretation in Generalized Linear Models

### Readings

See Also:

### Lab

- margins for generalized linear models
- marginsplot

## 5.11 GLMs for Ordered, Multinomial, and Count Outcomes (Week 18)

Instructor: David

#### Lecture

- Ordered logit and probit
- Multinomial logit
- Count outcomes
  - Poisson regression
  - Dispersion and alternative count models

### Readings

See Also:

### Lab

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# 5.12 Survival and Duration Analysis (Week 19)

Instructor: David

### Lecture

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## Readings

See Also:

### Lab

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# 5.13 Panel Analysis for Discrete Outcomes (Week 20)

Instructor: Thomas

### Lecture

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## Readings

See Also:

### Lab for lab

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Readings

# 5.14 Conclusion and Wrap-up (Week 21)

What have we learned? What didn't we learn?

Instructor: David

Instructor: Thomas

#### Lecture

- $\bullet$  Wrap-up
- Course evaluations
- Questions about the exam

### Readings

See Also: