


Clark's Method: Problem 1

1



2



The diagram shows two rows of 12 squares each. The top row consists of 3 gray squares, 2 black squares, 3 gray squares, 3 gray squares, and 3 black squares. The bottom row consists of 2 gray squares, 3 black squares, 3 gray squares, 2 gray squares, and 3 black squares.

Diagram illustrating a sequence of 24 squares arranged in two rows of 12 squares each. The top row contains 6 white squares followed by 6 black squares. The bottom row contains 6 black squares followed by 6 white squares. A purple bracket on the left groups the two rows together, with a large number 3 to its left.

List of known haps.