

Worksheet 13 (Solutions)

1. Let $X \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$ and $Y \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$ be independent random variables. Find the following two quantities:

$$\mathbb{E}(2X + 5Y) = ?$$

$$\text{Var}(2X + 5Y) = ?$$

We can do this quickly using the rules about expectation, variance, and independence and looking up the means and variance of each known distribution:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{E}(2X + 5Y) &= 2\mathbb{E}X + 5\mathbb{E}Y \\ &= 2np + 5\alpha\beta.\end{aligned}$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Var}(2X + 5Y) &= 2^2\text{Var}(X) + 5^2\text{Var}(Y) \\ &= 4np(1 - p) + 25\alpha\beta^2\end{aligned}$$

2. Let $X_s \sim \text{Geom}(\lambda/s)$ and $Y_s = X_s/s$. Find the moment generating function of Y_s .

The moment generating function of Y_s is, given the rules about additive constants, is just:

$$M_Y(t) = \frac{\lambda/s \cdot e^{t/s}}{1 - (1 - \lambda/s)e^{t/s}}$$

3. Show that if $Y_s \rightarrow Y$, then $Y \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ by evaluating the limit the moment generating function.

We can re-write the moment generating function by multiplying the top and bottom by $s \cdot e^{-t/s}$.

$$\begin{aligned}M_Y(t) &= \frac{\lambda/s \cdot e^{t/s}}{1 - (1 - \lambda/s)e^{t/s}} \times \frac{s \cdot e^{-t/s}}{s \cdot e^{-t/s}} \\ &= \frac{\lambda}{s \cdot e^{-t/s} + \lambda - s} \\ &= \frac{\lambda}{\lambda - s[e^{-t/s} - 1]}\end{aligned}$$

In the limit of $s \rightarrow \infty$, using the result on the worksheet, we then have:

$$M_Y(t) \rightarrow \frac{\lambda}{\lambda - t}$$

This is the moment generating function of the exponential distribution with rate λ , and completes the result.

4. Let the arrival of students to my office hours follow a Poisson distribution with an average of 2 students arriving each hour. What is the probability that nobody comes during the first hour?

The probability that nobody arrives is just the density of the Poisson distribution with rate $\lambda = 2$ at zero:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{P}(X = x) &= \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!} \\ \mathbb{P}(X = 0) &= e^{-\lambda}\end{aligned}$$

So the answer is e^{-2} , or about 13.5%.