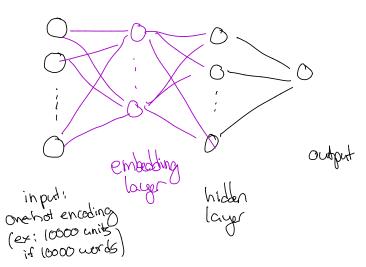
God: Use an embedding matrix to convert a one-hot encoding to an embedding. This is a weight matrix to a layer in a N.N.

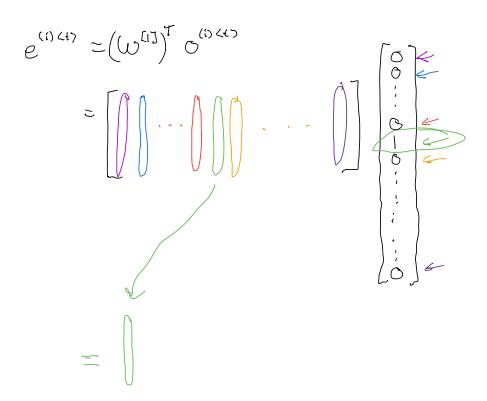


Suppose 0 (i) <+> is one hot encoding of a word (a column vector of length (0000)

Embedding layer gives us $e^{(i)(4)} = (w^{[i]})^T o^{(i)(4)}$ • Test like usual, but: suppose a column vector of length 50 – no bias – no adjustion (linear active tion)

What is the shape of will?

(10000, 50)
units in (# units in prev. layer this layer
(W[17)) T shape (50, 10000)



Each column of $(w^{Er3})^T$ is the embedding for one word.

Each row of will is embedding of one word.