# PRE IELTS LISTENING 2018 UNIT 2: NUMBERS (CARDINALS AND ORDINALS) Cô Vũ Mai Phương

\_\_\_\_\_

#### A. CARDINALS

The numbers used to count the objects in a group are called cardinal numbers: 1, 2, 3, etc.



#### Listen to the following numbers and repeat them after the speaker

13	18	7	20	23	31	54	39
71	14	40	58	60	67	85	97

#### Listen to the following numbers and write them down

You will hear someone reading the numbers in the box. Some of them are correct, and some are not. When the number is correct, put a tick  $(\sqrt{})$  by it. If it's wrong, put a cross  $(\times)$ . Look at the box below and listen to the recording.

5	53	99	
14	27	62	
36	11	74	
52	96	50	
19	88	12	
27	45	33	
78	77	49	

Listen to the recording. When you hear a number that is in the box, draw a cross (×) next to the number. One of the numbers in the box is not in the recording. Which number is it? Now listen to the following numbers.

6	96	49	
11	13	78	
19	18	57	
83	24	75	
64	51	25	
33	22	91	

Put your answer here: .....

# Listen carefully and write the numbers in the blanks. Write the numbers in figures, not words.

1. The sweater costs	pounds.
2. Tom bought	books yesterday.
3. Mary is	_ years old,
4. Janet was	minutes late.
5. There are	students in my class.
6. My grandfather has _	grandchildren.
7. Bill wears size	·
8. The temperature was	°C yesterday.
9. The train arrived at $\_$	o' clock.
10. I got	on my English test.

#### Listen carefully and circle the correct numbers

- 1. The students from New York bought (50/15) new books last week.
- 2. My uncle George lives at (13/30) King's Road.
- 3. Mr. Johnson was (40/14) minutes late for his lecture.
- 4. It took (16 / 60) hours to finish his work.
- 5. Mary finished the test in (17/70) minutes.
- 6. My friend Alan lost (19/90) pounds on the first day of class.
- 7. I paid (80/18) pounds for that coat.
- 8. He lives at (5062/1562) Green Street, York.
- 9. Her address is (3040/1340) Farm Street, Brighton.
- 10. We bought (14/40) CDs last month.

#### \*\*\* Notes

- 100 one hundred, a hundred
- 400 four hundred
- 900 nine hundred
- 212 two hundred and twelve
- 403 four hundred and two
- 999 nine hundred and ninety nine
- 1. In Britain, we use a comma (,), not a point (.) for thousands and millions.
- 2. The numbers 1100, 1200, 1300 ... are sometimes said as eleven hundred, twelve hundred,....

# Listen to the following numbers and repeat them after the speaker

201	324	109	414	240
634	523	744	599	717

# Listen to the following numbers and write them down

### Listen to the recording and write down the numbers in the correct rows

Name	Circulation Feb – July 1994
The Observer	
The Independent	
The Guardian	
Financial Times	
Sunday Express	
Daily Express	
The Sun	
Daily Mirror	

# Listen to the recording and write down the numbers in the correct columns

Airport	Miles	Km	Passenger per year
Heathrow			
Gatwick			

# **Mathematical Equations**

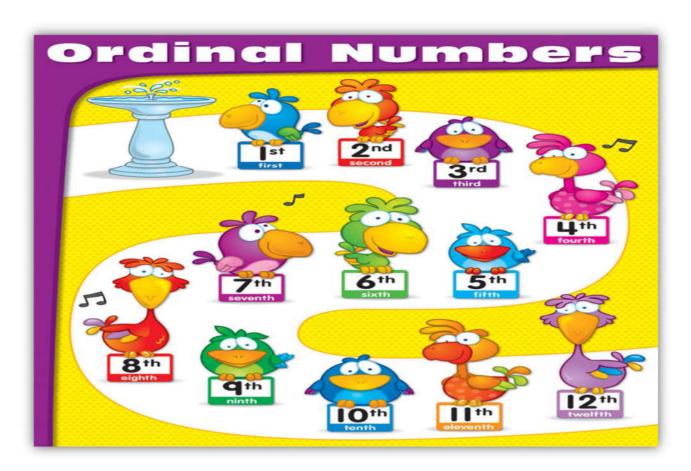
Addition	• 3 + 2 = 5
	• 3 plus 2 is 5
	• 3 and 3 is (makes) 5
Subtraction	• 5-3=2
	• 5 minus 3 is 2
	• Subtract 3 from 5, the difference (answer) is 2
	• Take 3 away from 5, the answer is 2.
Multiplication	• $5 \times 2 = 10$
	• 5 times 2 is 10
	• Multiply 5 by 2, the answer is 10
Division	• 10:2=5
	• 10 divided by 2 is 5

Write the numbers. How fast can you figure out the answers? Try to write the answers before you hear them

1.23 + 47 = 70	5.	9.
2.	6.	10.
3.	7.	11.
4.	8.	12.

#### **B. ORDINALS**

The numbers used to indicate positions or order in a list are called ordinal numbers:  $1^{st}$ ,  $2^{nd}$ ,  $3^{rd}$ ,  $4^{th}$ ,  $5^{th}$ , ......



#### Read the following ordinal numbers after the speaker

First 1st	Twentieth 20 <sup>th</sup>
Second 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Twenty – first 21st
Third 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Twenty – second 22 <sup>nd</sup>
Fourth 4 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – third 23 <sup>rd</sup>
Fifth 5 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – fourth 24 <sup>th</sup>
Sixth 6 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – fifth 25 <sup>th</sup>
Seventh 7 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – sixth 26 <sup>th</sup>
Eighth 8 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – seventh 27 <sup>th</sup>
Ninth 9 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – eighth 28 <sup>th</sup>
Tenth 10 <sup>th</sup>	Twenty – ninth 29 <sup>th</sup>
Eleventh 11 <sup>th</sup>	Thirtieth – 30 <sup>th</sup>
Twelfth 12 <sup>th</sup>	Fortieth – 40 <sup>th</sup>
Thirteenth 13 <sup>th</sup>	Fiftieth – 50 <sup>th</sup>
Fourteenth 14 <sup>th</sup>	Sixtieth – 60 <sup>th</sup>
Fifteenth 15 <sup>th</sup>	Seventieth – 70 <sup>th</sup>
Sixteenth 16 <sup>th</sup>	Eightieth – $80^{th}$
Seventeenth 17 <sup>th</sup>	Ninetieth – 90 <sup>th</sup>
Eighteenth 18 <sup>th</sup>	One hundredth – 100 <sup>th</sup>
Nineteenth 19 <sup>th</sup>	One thousandth – 1000 <sup>th</sup>

# Listen to the recording and write down the numbers you hear. Write the numbers in words

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

# Listen carefully and circle the correct numbers

- 1. My office is on the  $(6^{th} 5^{th})$  floor.
- 2. The team from Shanghai won the  $(1^{st} 4^{th})$  place in the tennis match.
- 3. Jim was the  $(22^{nd} 27^{th})$  in the last marathon race.
- 4. Mary's birthday is on the  $(25^{th} 29^{th})$  of September.

- 5. Our seats are in the  $(21^{st} 23^{rd})$  row.
- 6. The meeting will be on the  $(3^{rd} 1^{st})$  of April.
- 7. The theater is on the  $(15^{th} 50^{th})$  Street,
- 8. People celebrated the  $(45^{th} 55^{th})$  anniversary of the school last year.
- 9. Alaska was the  $(5^{th} 50^{th})$  state in America.
- 10. The final exam is on the  $(25^{th} 26^{th})$  of June.