## LAW ENFORCEMENT

## divulge /dai'vʌldʒ/

to make something secret known (để lộ, tiết lộ)

Ex: The police didn't **divulge** anything related to the murders.

## retaliate (v) /rɪˈtæl.i.eɪt/

to hurt someone or do something harmful to someone because they have done or said something harmful to you (trả đũa, trả thù)

Ex: The demonstrators threw rocks at the police, who **retaliated** by firing blanks into the crowd.

## comb (v)/kəʊm/

to search a place or an area very carefully in order to find something (lùng suc)

Ex: The police **combed** the whole area for evidence.

### identify (v) /aɪˈden.tɪ.faɪ/

to recognize someone or something and say or prove who or what that person or thing is (nhận dạng)

Ex: The police officer **identified** himself (= gave his name or proved who he was) and asked for our help.

#### cordon (n) /'kɔː.dən/

a line of police, soldiers, vehicles, etc. positioned around a particular area in order to prevent people from entering it (dung hang rao canh sat)

Ex: There was a police **cordon** around the building.

**mob** (n) /mpb/

a large, angry crowd, especially one that could easily become violent (đám đông hỗn tạp, băng nhóm tội phạm)

Ex: The angry **mob** outside the jail was/were ready to riot.

motionless (adj) / məʊ.ʃan.ləs/

without moving (bất động, im lìm)

Ex: The assailant looks made of stone, utterly **motionless**.

repeal (v) /rɪˈpiːl/

the act of removing the legal force of a law (bãi bỏ luật)

Ex: Twenty - nine senators said they opposed **repeal** of the death penalty.

seal off (phrV)

to prevent people from entering an area or building, often because it is dangerous (phong toa)

Ex: Two more bombs have been discovered since the police **sealed off** the area.

siren (n) /ˈsaɪə.rən/

a device for making a loud warning noise (còi báo động)

Ex: When the air raid **siren** went off people ran to their shelters.

### Quiz 1

#### Fill in the blanks with the words from the box

| mob | divulge | cordon | retaliate | repeal |   |
|-----|---------|--------|-----------|--------|---|
|     |         |        |           |        | _ |
|     |         |        |           |        |   |
| 4 4 | 0 10000 | 1 11 0 | 0. 1      |        |   |

- 1. A \_\_\_\_\_ of around 230ft was set up while firefighters were tackling the blaze.
- 2. The Republican-led House voted to \_\_\_\_\_c Obama's signature health-care overhaul.
- 3. We were in Athens just before the mob burned those poor bank employees to death.

| 4. Rather than, ask what you | would need to do to be considered next time. |
|------------------------------|--|
|------------------------------|--|

5. Many identity thieves try this trick to get you to \_\_\_\_\_ personal information.

## patrol (v) /pəˈtrəʊl/

(especially of soldiers or the police) to go around an area or a building to see if there is any trouble or danger (tuần tra)

Ex: The whole town is **patrolled** by police because of the possibility of riots.

convict (v) /kən'vikt/

to decide officially in a law court that someone is guilty of a crime (kết án)

Ex: He has twice been **convicted** of robbery.

felony (n) / fel.ə.ni/

serious crime that can be punished by one or more years in prison (trọng tội)

Ex: He was arrested on suspicion of planning to commit a **felony**.

**firearm** (n) / faiər.a:m/

a gun that can be carried easily (súng cầm tay các loại)

Ex: He was found guilty of possessing an unlicensed **firearm**.

intruder (n) /ɪnˈtruː.də<sup>r</sup>/

someone who enters a place without permission in order to commit a crime (kẻ đột nhập)

Ex: **Intruders** had entered the house through a back window.

scrutinize (v) /'skru:.ti.naiz/

to examine something very carefully in order to discover information (xem xét kĩ lưỡng)

Ex: He **scrutinized** the men's faces closely, trying to work out who was lying.

petty (adj) / pet.i/

not important and not worth giving attention to (lắt vặt, nhỏ nhặt)

Ex: Prisoners complain that they are subjected to too many **petty** rules and restrictions.

inquiry (n) /ınˈkwaɪəri/

question or request for information about someone or something (điều tra, thẩm vấn)

Ex: The **inquiry** found evidence of serious misapplication of funds.

allege (v) /əˈledʒ/

to say that someone has done something illegal or wrong without giving proof (cho là, khẳng đinh)

Ex: The two men allege that the police forced them to make false confessions.

embezzle (v) /ɪmˈbez.<sup>ə</sup>l/

to secretly take money that is in your care or that belongs to an organization or business you work for (tham ô)

Ex: She **embezzled** thousands of dollars from the charity.

# Quiz 2 Fill in the blanks with the words from the box

| patrol              | allege          | inquiry             | firearm             | intruder          |  |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
|                     |                 |                     |                     |                   |  |
| 1. In addition, the | 15-year-old fac | es a charge of unl  | awful possession    | of a              |  |
| 2. When road        | deputies a      | rrived, they spotte | ed Rutledge sitting | g inside her car. |  |
| 3. Then an          | breaks into Ho  | offman's home and   | l assaults him, inj | uring his head.   |  |
| 4. She is           | to have been at | the centre of an i  | nternational drug   | ring.             |  |
| 5. It is understood | that the        | will focus on the   | police response     | to the call.      |  |

disregard (v) / dis.ri 'ga:d/

the fact of showing no care or respect for something (ngó lơ, coi nhẹ)

Ex: What amazes me is her complete **disregard** for anyone else's opinion.

unanimous (adj) /juːˈnæn.ɪ.məs/

if a decision or an opinion is unanimous, it is agreed or shared by everyone in a group (đồng lòng nhất trí)

Ex: The jury returned a **unanimous** verdict of guilty after a short deliberation.

**arson** (n) /'a:.s<sup>a</sup>n/

the crime of intentionally starting a fire in order to damage or destroy something, especially a building (phóng hỏa)

Ex: A cinema was burned out in north London last night. Police suspect arson.

forfeiture (n) /'fɔ:.fɪ.tʃə<sup>r</sup>/

the loss of rights, property, or money, especially as a result of breaking a legal agreement (sự tước, sự mất)

Ex: I had been told that my client would face 40 years in prison and a **forfeiture** of his assets.

house arrest (n) / haus a rest/

legally forced to stay in your house as if in prison (sự quản thúc tại gia)

Ex: The opposition leader has just been put/placed under house arrest.

the death penalty (n) /'de $\theta$  pen.°l.ti/

the legal punishment of death for a crime (án tử hình)

Ex: She would like to see the return of **the death penalty** in Britain.

**defendant** (n) /dɪˈfen.dənt/

a person in a law case who is accused of having done something illegal (bị can)

Ex: The jury concluded from the evidence that the **defendant** was innocent.

**prosecutor** (n) /'pros.i.kju:.tə<sup>r</sup>/

a legal official who accuses someone of committing a crime, especially in a law court (người khởi tố, bên nguyên, công tố viên)

Ex: The tape recordings provided **prosecutors** with the evidence they needed to prove he'd been involved in the conspiracy.

hearsay (n) / hrə.ser/

information that you have heard but do not know to be true (tin đồn, lời đồn)

Ex: The court cannot accept evidence based on hearsay and rumor.

## rehabilitate (v) / ri:.həˈbɪl.ɪ.teɪt/

to return someone to a good, healthy, or normal life or condition after they have been in prison, been very ill, etc (cåi tạo giáo dục)

Ex: The prison service should try to **rehabilitate** prisoners so that they can lead normal lives when they leave prison.

# Quiz 3 Fill in the blanks with the words from the box

| prosecutors               | arsonists          | defendant              | rehabilitate        | unanimously        |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. The aim is toreleased. | the prisone.       | rs so that they can le | ead productive live | es when they are   |
| 2. The defense and        | agreed to          | recommend a one-y      | year jail sentence. |                    |
| 3. I suppose that it is t | for the jury to d  | etermine whether th    | ne is guilty        | of a crime or not. |
| 4. They ag                | greed that life in | n prison was a harsh   | enough punishme     | ent.               |

|         |  |  |                     | NGOAINGUZ-II.                 |
|---------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 5. Poli | ce are blaming   | for the sp   | ate of fires in the | e Greenfields housing estate. |
| Vocab   | oulary highligh  | ts   |                     |                               |
| A A A   | divulge (v): để retaliate (v): tr comb (v): lùng identify (v): nh          | ả đũa<br>sục<br>ận dạng                                  |                     |                               |
| >       | mob (n): đám o   | j): bất động, im lìm                                     | t                   |                               |
| ><br>>  | seal off (phrV)<br>siren (n): còi b<br>patrol (v): tuần<br>convict(v): kết | áo động<br>tra   |                     |                               |
| ><br>>  | felony (n): tron<br>firearm (n): sú<br>intruder (n): ké                    | ng tội<br>ng cầm tay các loại                            |                     |                               |
| A A     | petty (adj): lặt<br>inquiry (n): điể<br>allege (v): cho                    | vặt, nhỏ nhặt<br>cu tra, thẩm vấn<br>là, khẳng định      | f Phar              | UZ4H                          |
| ><br>>  | _  | pất chấp, coi nhẹ<br>j): đồng lòng nhất ti               | í                   |                               |
| >       |  | ): sự quản thúc tại g<br>lty (n): án tử hình             | ia                  |                               |
| >       | hearsay (n): tir   | bên nguyên, công t<br>đồn, lời đồn<br>: cải tạo giáo dục | ố viên              |                               |
| PRAC    | CTICE  |  |                     |                               |
| 1. The  | unrulyv  | as broken up by the                                      | e police            |                               |
| A. col  | lection  | B. congregation  | C. group            | D. mob                        |

given by the witness.

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2. The police arrested the wrong man mainly because they \_\_\_\_\_ the names they had been

| A. confused  | B. bewildered                 | C. merged                               | D. puzzled                          |  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| 3. The detective stood   | d behind the doc              | or waiting for the assail               | ant.                                |  |
| A. immovable   | B. motionless                 | C. lifeless                             | D. static                           |  |
| 4. The police  | off the street where the      | bomb had gone off.                      |                                     |  |
| A. battened  | B. cordoned                   | C. fastened                             | D. shuttered                        |  |
| 5. The police asked if photos.   | I thought I could             | _ the man who stole n                   | ny car if I looked at some          |  |
| A. certify   | B. verify                     | C. justify                              | D. identify                         |  |
| 6. The police are  | the town for the mis          | ssing vehicle.                          |                                     |  |
| A. investigating   | B. combing                    | C. looking                              | D. seeking                          |  |
| 7. The boy had a histo   | ory of theft but l            | nad never been accused                  | d of a serious crime.               |  |
| A. little  | B. small                      | C. petty                                | D. unimportant                      |  |
| 8. The law proved so   | unpopular that it was _       | by the Governm                          | ent a year later.                   |  |
| A. repelled  | B. repulsed                   | C. repealed                             | D. taken back                       |  |
| <ul><li>9. The police have as escaped convict.</li><li>A. partnership</li></ul>                            | ked for the of th B. alliance | e public in tracing the  C. association | whereabouts of the  D. co-operation |  |
| 10. The police promis  | sed him from pr               | osecution if he co – op                 | erated with them fully              |  |
| A. absolution  | B. protection                 | C. safety                               | D. immunity                         |  |
| 11. Policeman are sometimes on at night.   |                               |   |                                     |  |
| A. force   | B. cover                      | C. patrol                               | D. alert                            |  |
| 12. Since the police could not get a(n) from the suspect, they had to find enough evidence to convict him. |                               |   |                                     |  |
| A. interference  | B. allowance                  | C. principle                            | D. confession                       |  |
| 13. The police car raced down the street with the blaring.   |                               |   |                                     |  |
| A. gong  | B. bell                       | C. siren                                | D. alarm                            |  |
| 14. Kindlon argued it was testimony and shouldn't have been allowed at trial.                              |                               |   |                                     |  |
| A. rehabilitation  | B. hearsay                    | C. comb                                 | D. defendant                        |  |

| 15. The purpose of th  | ie hearing was to read t   | to the the ch   | arges against him.      |  |  |  |
|--|--|-----------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| A. house arrest  | B. siren   | C. defendant    | D. forfeiture           |  |  |  |
| 16. Kitty's father was placed house arrest.                      |  |                 |                         |  |  |  |
| A. for   | B. in  | C. against      | D. under                |  |  |  |
| 17. The judge said the thief had shown complete for the law.     |  |                 |                         |  |  |  |
| A. ignorance   | B. negligence  | C. disobedience | D. disregard            |  |  |  |
| 18. After considering  | 18. After considering the evidence for a few hours, the jury came to a(n) verdict. |                 |                         |  |  |  |
| A. unambiguous   | B. united  | C. undivided    | D. unanimous            |  |  |  |
| 19. A 41-year-old Su   | n Valley man was char  | ged with in a   | West Hills fire Friday. |  |  |  |
| A. arson   | B. disregard   | C. siren        | D. rehabilitation       |  |  |  |
| 20. It took 15 years for the criminals to prove their innocence. |  |                 |                         |  |  |  |
| A. embezzle  | B. alleged   | C. inquiry      | D. prosecutor           |  |  |  |

